

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY SHEET

Tracking No. 0201-20

DATE: August 19, 2020

TITLE OF RESOLUTION: AN ACTION RELATING TO HEALTH EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, BUDGET AND FINANCE, AND NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEES, AND THE NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL; ADDING ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY-FIVE MILLION DOLLARS (\$175,000,000) TO THE CARES FUND HARDSHIP ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURE PLAN ENACTED BY CJY-67-20

PURPOSE: This resolution, if approved, will add \$175,000,000 to the CARES Fund Hardship Assistance Expenditure Plan adopted by CJY-67-20.


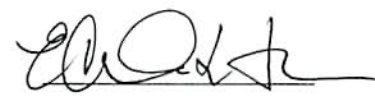
This written summary does not address recommended amendments as may be provided by the standing committee. The Office of Legislative Counsel requests each committee member to review the proposed resolution in detail.

5-DAY BILL HOLD PERIOD: Johnson
Website Posting Time/Date: 6:11pm 08-20-20
Posting End Date: 08-25-20
Eligible for Action: 08-26-20

Health Education & Human Services Committee
Thence
Budget & Finance Committee
Thence
Naabik'iyáti' Committee
Thence
Navajo Nation Council

PROPOSED NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL RESOLUTION
24th NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL -- Second Year, 2020

INTRODUCED BY



(Prime Sponsor)

TRACKING NO. 0201-20

AN ACTION

RELATING TO HEALTH EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, BUDGET
AND FINANCE, AND NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEES, AND THE NAVAJO
NATION COUNCIL; ADDING ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY-FIVE MILLION
DOLLARS (\$175,000,000) TO THE CARES FUND HARDSHIP ASSISTANCE
EXPENDITURE PLAN ENACTED BY CJY-67-20

BE IT ENACTED:

SECTION ONE. AUTHORITY

- A. The Navajo Nation Council is the governing body of the Navajo Nation. 2 N.N.C. § 102(A).
- B. The Naabik'iyáti' Committee is a standing committee of the Navajo Nation Council with the responsibility to hear proposed resolution(s) that require final action by the Navajo Nation Council. 2 N.N.C. § 164(A)(9).
- C. The Budget and Finance Committee is a standing committee of the Navajo Nation Council with the enumerated powers to review and recommend to the Navajo Nation Council the budgeting, appropriation, investment and management of all funds and to promulgate rules and regulations related to contracting and financial matters. 2 N.N.C. §§ 300(B)(1) and (2).

1 D. The Health Education and Human Services Committee is a standing committee of the
2 Navajo Nation Council empowered to provide legislative oversight on matters
3 involving health, social services, and education. 2 N.N.C. § 400(C)(1)fi.
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5 **SECTION TWO. FINDINGS**

6 A. The World Health Organization (WHO) declared a Public Health Emergency of
7 International Concern related to the outbreak of coronavirus (COVID-19), a highly
8 contagious and sometimes fatal respiratory virus, on January 30, 2020; the U.S.
9 Department of Health and Human Services declared a Public Health Emergency related
10 to the COVID-19 outbreak on January 31, 2020; and the WHO declared a global
11 pandemic due to COVID-19 on March 11, 2020.

12 B. The Navajo Nation Commission on Emergency Management, with the concurrence of
13 Navajo Nation President Jonathan Nez, declared a Public Health State of Emergency
14 on the Navajo Nation on March 11, 2020 due to COVID-19. Resolution No. CEM 20-
15 03-11. The Navajo Nation Department of Health subsequently issued numerous Public
16 Health Emergency Orders. Public Health Orders 2020-001 through 2020-014 are
17 incorporated by reference into this resolution.

18 C. As of August 18, 2020, the Navajo Nation Health Command Operations Center has
19 confirmed 9,486 COVID-19 cases and 484 COVID-related deaths on the Navajo
20 Nation.

21 D. The U.S. Congress on March 27, 2020, enacted the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and
22 Economic Security Act, Pub. L. No. 116-136, 134 Stat. 281 (2020) (the "CARES Act"),
23 which, at Title V, §5001, entitled "Coronavirus Relief Funds," attached as **Exhibit 1-**
24 **A**, sets aside \$8 billion in emergency aid for Tribal governments for the COVID-19
25 pandemic.

26 E. The CARES Act provides the Coronavirus Relief Fund shall be used to cover only
27 those costs that:

- 28 a. are necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency
29 with respect to COVID-19;
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- 1 b. are not accounted for in the Tribal budget most recently approved as of
2 March 27, 2020; and
- 3 c. are incurred from March 1, 2020 through December 30, 2020.
- 4 F. The U.S. Treasury on April 22, 2020 issued "Coronavirus Relief Fund Guidance for
5 State, Territorial, Local, and Tribal Governments" ("Treasury Guidance") related to the
6 permissible uses of the Coronavirus Relief Fund. **Exhibit 1-B.**
- 7 G. On May 28, 2020, the U.S. Treasury issued "Coronavirus Relief Fund Frequently
8 Asked Questions" ("Treasury FAQ"), attached as **Exhibit 1-C.**
- 9 H. As of June 30, 2020, the Navajo Nation has received seven hundred fourteen million
10 one hundred eighty-nine thousand six hundred thirty-one dollars and forty-seven cents
11 (\$714,189,631.47) as the Nation's share of the U.S. Treasury's initial distributions of
12 the Coronavirus Relief Fund.
- 13 I. The Navajo Nation has determined that immediately providing financial assistance to
14 Navajo individuals and families who have are facing financial hardship due to the
15 COVID-19 pandemic and attendant public health orders is necessary to
16 comprehensively combat the devastating effects of COVID-19 and mitigate the future
17 spread of the virus at the family and community level.
- 18 J. The purpose of the Navajo Nation CARES Fund Hardship Assistance Expenditure Plan
19 enacted through Navajo Nation Council Resolution No. CJY-67-20, was to
20 immediately provide emergency financial assistance to Navajo tribal members for
21 purchasing Personal Protective Equipment, paying past due utility bills, rent,
22 mortgages, isolation expenses, livestock-related expenses, education-related expenses
23 and other financial burdens created by the COVID-19 pandemic and the public health
24 emergency orders.
- 25 K. Resolution No. CJY-67-20 allocated only one thousand dollars (\$1,000) to the
26 Hardship Assistance Expenditure Plan; Navajo Nation leadership has determined that
27 amount of funding is woefully inadequate to address the COVID-19 caused financial
28 devastation faced by Navajo families and individuals and believes it is necessary to
29 increase that funding by one hundred seventy-five million dollars (\$175,000,000) as
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1 set forth in the revised and amended Hardship Assistance Expenditure Plan set forth in
2 **Exhibit 2.**

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4 **SECTION THREE. APPROVAL AND ADOPTION OF THE REVISED CARES**
5 **FUND HARDSHIP ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURE PLAN**

- 6 A. The Navajo Nation hereby revises and amends the Navajo Nation CARES Fund
7 Hardship Assistance Expenditure Plan enacted by Resolution No. CJY-67-20 as set
8 forth in **Exhibit 2** and hereby approves an additional allocation of one hundred seventy-
9 five million dollars (\$175,000,000) of Navajo Nation CARES Fund to the Hardship
10 Assistance Plan as set forth in **Exhibit 2.**
- 11 B. The Coronavirus Relief Funds are externally restricted funds and the Navajo Nation
12 Appropriations Act, 12 N.N.C. §§ 800 *et seq.*, as applicable to externally restricted
13 funds, shall apply to the Expenditure Plans set forth herein; detailed Expenditure Plan
14 budgets shall not be subject to further legislative approval and shall, instead, be
15 developed and implemented through expedited budget procedures. The Office of
16 Management and Budget shall process the detailed budgets in the most expeditious
17 manner available to ensure that the funds are distributed within fifteen (15) days after
18 enactment of this resolution.

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20 **SECTION FOUR. APPROVAL AND ADOPTION OF THE HARDSHIP**
21 **ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURE PLAN ADMINISTRATION**

- 22 A. All entities receiving Navajo Nation CARES Fund funding herein shall ensure that all
23 funds allocated under the Hardship Assistance Expenditure Plan are only expended for
24 the purposes set forth in **Exhibit 2.**
- 25 B. All entities receiving Navajo Nation CARES Fund funding herein shall ensure that all
26 funds allocated under their respective Expenditure Plans shall be incurred and
27 expended by no later than December 30, 2020.
- 28 C. All entities receiving Navajo Nation CARES Fund funding herein shall ensure that no
29 funds allocated under their respective Expenditure Plans are incurred or expended for
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costs accounted for in the approved Fiscal Year 2020 Navajo Nation Comprehensive Budget approved by Navajo Nation Council Resolution No. CS-30-19.

D. The Office of the Controller shall release the funding allocated under the respective Expenditure Plans as soon as the expedited budget procedures are completed.

E. The CARES Fund Expedited Procurement Rules and Procedures, enacted through CJY-67-20, shall apply to procurement activities for the Expenditure Plan set forth herein.

F. The funds allocated under the Navajo Nation CARES Fund Expenditure Plan set forth herein shall be used exclusively and only for the permissible uses set forth in the following:

1. This Resolution approving the Navajo Nation CARES Fund Chapter Distribution s Expenditure Plan.

3. The Coronavirus Relief Fund which allows only those costs that:

a. are necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency with respect to COVID-19;

b. are not accounted for in the Navajo Nation Fiscal Year 2020 Comprehensive Budget.

c. are incurred from March 1, 2020 through December 30, 2020;

4. Consistent with the eligible uses described in the Treasury Guidance which includes the following guidance:

a. expenditures must be incurred “due to” the public health emergency which means that expenditures must be used for actions taken to respond to the public health emergency; these expenditures may include expenditures incurred to allow the Tribal government to respond directly to the emergency, such as by addressing medical or public health needs, as well as expenditures incurred to respond to second-order effects of the emergency, such as by providing economic support to those suffering from employment or business interruptions due to COVID-19-related business closures;

b. expenditures must be “necessary”; the Department of the Treasury interprets this term broadly to mean that the expenditure is reasonably necessary for its

- intended use in the reasonable judgment of the government officials responsible for spending Coronavirus Relief Fund payments;
- c. expenditures may only be made to cover costs that were not accounted for in the budget most recently approved as of March 27, 2020. A cost meets this requirement if either (a) the cost cannot lawfully be funded using a line item, allotment, or allocation with the budget; *or* (b) the cost is for a substantially different use from any expected use of funds in such a line item, allotment, or allocation; and
 - d. expenditures must be for costs incurred during the period that begins on March 1, 2020, and ends on December 30, 2020. A cost is “incurred” when the responsible unit of government has expended funds to cover the cost.
- 5. Consistent with the eligible uses described in the U.S. Treasury Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ).
 - 6. Consistent with the eligible uses as may be described in any and all future guidance, rules, or regulations of the Department of the Treasury or the Department of the Interior related to the Coronavirus Relief Fund pursuant to Title V of the CARES Act.
 - 7. Consistent with Navajo Nation laws, rules and regulations.
- G. All entities receiving Navajo Nation CARES Act Expenditure Plan funding herein expressly agree and affirm that by drawing down or receiving any of the funds allocated under their respective Expenditure Plan:
- a. the requested funds shall only be used for the purposes specified in Title V of the federal CARES Act and the Navajo Nation CARES Fund Act;
 - b. the administration, management, and implementation of this Expenditure Plan shall be consistent with the Navajo Nation CARES Fund Act, this legislation, and other applicable laws and regulations of the Navajo Nation; and
 - c. the costs to be covered under this Expenditure Plan are not included in the Navajo Nation Fiscal Year 2020 Comprehensive Budget, approved by Navajo Nation Council Resolution No. CS-30-19.

- 1 I. All entity recipients of Navajo Nation funds from the Navajo Nation CARES Fund
2 must follow and apply Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), as
3 established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for
4 governmental entities, and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) for
5 public and private companies and non-profits.
- 6 J. If the Department of Justice, Office of the Controller, and Office of Management and
7 Budget concur that a proposed expenditure in the Expenditure Plan included herein is
8 an ineligible cost under the Navajo Nation CARES Fund, Coronavirus Relief Fund or
9 U.S. Treasury guidance, the amount of such proposed expenditure shall be returned to
10 the Navajo Nation CARES Fund after written notice, including analysis, to the Office
11 of the President and Vice-President and Naabik'iyáti' Committee.
- 12 K. The Budget and Finance Committee and Health Education and Human Services
13 Committee of the Navajo Nation Council shall serve as the oversight committees for
14 the Navajo Nation Cares Fund Chapter Distribution Expenditure Plan.
- 15 L. The Hardship Assistance Expenditure Plan and expenditures made there under shall be
16 governed by and construed in accordance with the laws and regulations of the Navajo
17 Nation.

18 19 **SECTION FIVE. AMENDMENT**

20 This Resolution may be amended by a two-thirds majority vote of the Navajo Nation
21 Council subject to action of the President of the Navajo Nation under 2 N.N.C. § 221 (B)
22 and the budget line-item veto authority delegated to the President by vote of the Navajo
23 People in 2009.

24 25 **SECTION SIX. EFFECTIVE DATE**

26 This Resolution is effective upon its approval pursuant to 2 N.N.C. § 221(B) and the budget
27 line-item veto authority delegated to the President by vote of the Navajo People in 2009.

28 29 **SECTION SEVEN. SAVING CLAUSE**

1 Should any provision of this legislation be determined invalid by the Navajo Nation
2 Supreme Court, or a District Court of the Navajo Nation without appeal to the Navajo
3 Nation Supreme Court, those portions of the legislation which are not determined invalid
4 shall remain the law of the Navajo Nation.
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maximum total compensation received by the officer or employee from the air carrier or contractor in calendar year 2019; and

(3) no officer or employee of the eligible business whose total compensation exceeded \$3,000,000 in calendar year 2019 may receive during any 12 consecutive months of such period total compensation in excess of the sum of—

(A) \$3,000,000; and

(B) 50 percent of the excess over \$3,000,000 of the total compensation received by the officer or employee from the eligible business in calendar year 2019.

(b) **TOTAL COMPENSATION DEFINED.**—In this section, the term "total compensation" includes salary, bonuses, awards of stock, and other financial benefits provided by an air carrier or contractor to an officer or employee of the air carrier or contractor.

SEC. 4117. TAX PAYER PROTECTION.

The Secretary may receive warrants, options, preferred stock, debt securities, notes, or other financial instruments issued by recipients of financial assistance under this subtitle which, in the sole determination of the Secretary, provide appropriate compensation to the Federal Government for the provision of the financial assistance.

SEC. 4118. REPORTS.

(a) **REPORT.**—Not later than November 1, 2020, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure and the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate a report on the financial assistance provided to air carriers and contractors under this subtitle, including a description of any financial assistance provided.

(b) **UPDATE.**—Not later than the last day of the 1-year period following the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall update and submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate the report described in subsection (a).

SEC. 4119. COORDINATION.

In implementing this subtitle the Secretary shall coordinate with the Secretary of Transportation.

SEC. 4120. DIRECT APPROPRIATION.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is appropriated, out of amounts in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$32,000,000,000 to carry out this subtitle.

TITLE V—CORONAVIRUS RELIEF FUNDS

SEC. 5001. CORONAVIRUS RELIEF FUND.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 301 et seq.) is amended by inserting after title V the following:

"TITLE VI—CORONAVIRUS RELIEF FUND

"SEC. 601. CORONAVIRUS RELIEF FUND.

"(a) **APPROPRIATION.**—

"(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Out of any money in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, there are appropriated for making payments to States, Tribal governments, and units of local government under this section, \$150,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2020.

"(2) **RESERVATION OF FUNDS.**—Of the amount appropriated under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall reserve—

"(A) \$3,000,000,000 of such amount for making payments to the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and American Samoa; and

"(B) \$8,000,000,000 of such amount for making payments to Tribal governments.

"(b) **AUTHORITY TO MAKE PAYMENTS.**—

"(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Subject to paragraph (2), not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall pay each State and Tribal government, and each unit of local government that meets the condition described in paragraph (2), the amount determined for the State, Tribal government, or unit of local government, for fiscal year 2020 under subsection (c).

"(2) **DIRECT PAYMENTS TO UNITS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.**—If a unit of local government of a State submits the certification required by subsection (e) for purposes of receiving a direct payment from the Secretary under the authority of this paragraph, the Secretary shall reduce the amount determined for that State by the relative unit of local government population proportion amount described in subsection (c)(5) and pay such amount directly to such unit of local government.

"(c) **PAYMENT AMOUNTS.**—

"(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Subject to paragraph (2), the amount paid under this section for fiscal year 2020 to a State that is 1 of the 50 States shall be the amount equal to the relative population proportion amount determined for the State under paragraph (3) for such fiscal year.

"(2) **MINIMUM PAYMENT.**—

"(A) **IN GENERAL.**—No State that is 1 of the 50 States shall receive a payment under this section for fiscal year 2020 that is less than \$1,250,000,000.

"(B) **PRO RATA ADJUSTMENTS.**—The Secretary shall adjust on a pro rata basis the amount of the payments for each of the 50 States determined under this subsection without regard to this subparagraph to the extent necessary to comply with the requirements of subparagraph (A).

"(3) **RELATIVE POPULATION PROPORTION AMOUNT.**—For purposes of paragraph (1), the relative population proportion amount determined under this paragraph for a State for fiscal year 2020 is the product of—

"(A) the amount appropriated under paragraph (1) of subsection (a) for fiscal year 2020 that remains after the application of paragraph (2) of that subsection; and

"(B) the relative State population proportion (as defined in paragraph (4)).

"(4) **RELATIVE STATE POPULATION PROPORTION DEFINED.**—For purposes of paragraph (3)(B), the term "relative State population proportion" means, with respect to a State, the quotient of—

"(A) the population of the State; and

"(B) the total population of all States (excluding the District of Columbia and territories specified in subsection (a)(2)(A)).

"(5) **RELATIVE UNIT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT POPULATION PROPORTION AMOUNT.**—For purposes of subsection (b)(2), the term "relative unit of local government population proportion amount" means, with respect to a unit of local government and a State, the amount equal to the product of—

"(A) 45 percent of the amount of the payment determined for the State under this subsection (without regard to this paragraph); and

"(B) the amount equal to the quotient of—

"(1) the population of the unit of local government; and

"(2) the total population of the State in which the unit of local government is located.

"(6) **DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA AND TERRITORIES.**—The amount paid under this section for fiscal year 2020 to a State that is the District of Columbia or a territory specified in subsection (a)(2)(A) shall be the amount equal to the product of—

"(A) the amount set aside under subsection (a)(2)(A) for such fiscal year; and

"(B) each such District's and territory's share of the combined total population of the District of Columbia and all such territories, as determined by the Secretary.

"(7) **TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS.**—From the amount set aside under subsection (a)(2)(B) for fiscal year 2020, the amount paid under this section for fiscal year 2020 to a Tribal government shall be the amount the Secretary shall determine, in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior and Indian Tribes, that is based on increased expenditures of each such Tribal government (or a tribally-owned entity of such Tribal government) relative to aggregate expenditures in fiscal year 2019 by the Tribal government (or tribally-owned entity) and determined in such manner as the Secretary determines appropriate to ensure that all amounts available under subsection (a)(2)(B) for fiscal year 2020 are distributed to Tribal governments.

"(8) **DATA.**—For purposes of this subsection, the population of States and units of local governments shall be determined based on the most recent year for which data are available from the Bureau of the Census.

"(d) **USE OF FUNDS.**—A State, Tribal government, and unit of local government shall use the funds provided under a payment made under this section to cover only those costs of the State, Tribal government, or unit of local government that—

"(1) are necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency with respect to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19);

"(2) were not accounted for in the budget most recently approved as of the date of enactment of this section for the State or government; and

"(3) were incurred during the period that begins on March 1, 2020, and ends on December 30, 2020.

"(e) **CERTIFICATION.**—In order to receive a payment under this section, a unit of local government shall provide the Secretary with a certification signed by the Chief Executive for the unit of local government that the local government's proposed uses of the funds are consistent with subsection (d).

"(f) **INSPECTOR GENERAL OVERSIGHT: RECOUPMENT.**—

"(1) **OVERSIGHT AUTHORITY.**—The Inspector General of the Department of the Treasury shall conduct monitoring and oversight of the receipt, disbursement, and use of funds made available under this section.

"(2) **RECOUPMENT.**—If the Inspector General of the Department of the Treasury determines that a State, Tribal government, or unit of local government has failed to comply with subsection (d), the amount equal to the amount of funds used in violation of such subsection shall be booked as a debt of such entity owed to the Federal Government. Amounts recovered under this subsection shall be deposited into the general fund of the Treasury.

"(3) **APPROPRIATION.**—Out of any money in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, there are appropriated to the Office of the Inspector General of the Department of the Treasury, \$35,000,000 to carry out oversight and recoupment activities under this subsection. Amounts appropriated under the preceding sentence shall remain available until expended.

"(4) **AUTHORITY OF INSPECTOR GENERAL.**—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to diminish the authority of any Inspector General, including such authority as provided in the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.).

"(g) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

"(1) **INDIAN TRIBE.**—The term "Indian Tribe" has the meaning given that term in section

4(e) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304(e)).

"(2) LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—The term 'unit of local government' means a county, municipality, town, township, village, parish, borough, or other unit of general government below the State level with a population that exceeds 500,000.

"(3) SECRETARY.—The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of the Treasury.

"(4) STATE.—The term 'State' means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and American Samoa.

"(5) TRIBAL GOVERNMENT.—The term 'Tribal government' means the recognized governing body of an Indian Tribe."

(b) APPLICATION OF PROVISIONS.—Amounts appropriated for fiscal year 2020 under section 601(a)(1) of the Social Security Act (as added by subsection (a)) shall be subject to the requirements contained in Public Law 116-94 for funds for programs authorized under sections 330 through 340 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254 through 259).

TITLE VI—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SEC. 0001. COVID-19 BORROWING AUTHORITY FOR THE UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

(1) the term "COVID-19 emergency" means the emergency involving Federal primary responsibility determined to exist by the President under section 501(b) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5191(b)) with respect to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19); and

(2) the term "Postal Service" means the United States Postal Service.

(b) ADDITIONAL BORROWING AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding section 2005 of title 39, United States Code, or any other provision of law, if the Postal Service determines that, due to the COVID-19 emergency, the Postal Service will not be able to fund operating expenses without borrowing money—

(1) the Postal Service may borrow money from the Treasury in an amount not to exceed \$10,000,000,000—

(A) to be used for such operating expenses; and

(B) which may not be used to pay any outstanding debt of the Postal Service; and

(2) the Secretary of the Treasury may lend up to the amount described in paragraph (1) at the request of the Postal Service, upon terms and conditions mutually agreed upon by the Secretary and the Postal Service.

(c) PRIORITIZATION OF DELIVERY FOR MEDICAL PURPOSES DURING COVID-19 EMERGENCY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, during the COVID-19 emergency, the Postal Service—

(1) shall prioritize delivery of postal products for medical purposes; and

(2) may establish temporary delivery points, in such form and manner as the Postal Service determines necessary, to protect employees of the Postal Service and individuals receiving deliveries from the Postal Service.

SEC. 0002. EMERGENCY DESIGNATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The amounts provided under this division are designated as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 4(g) of the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010 (2 U.S.C. 933(g)).

(b) DESIGNATION IN SENATE.—In the Senate, this division is designated as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 4112(a) of H. Con. Res. 71 (115th Congress), the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2018.

DIVISION B—EMERGENCY APPROPRIATIONS FOR CORONAVIRUS HEALTH RESPONSE AND AGENCY OPERATIONS

The following sums are hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I AGRICULTURAL PROGRAMS

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

For an additional amount for the "Office of the Secretary", \$9,500,000,000, to remain available until expended, to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus by providing support for agricultural producers impacted by coronavirus, including producers of specialty crops, producers that supply local food systems, including farmers markets, restaurants, and schools, and livestock producers, including dairy producers: *Provided*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

For an additional amount for "Office of Inspector General", \$750,000, to remain available until September 30, 2021, to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, domestically or internationally: *Provided*, That the funding made available under this heading in this Act shall be used for conducting audits and investigations of projects and activities carried out with funds made available in this Act to the Department of Agriculture to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, domestically or internationally: *Provided further*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and Expenses", \$55,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2021, to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, domestically or internationally, including for necessary expenses for salary costs associated with the Agriculture Quarantine and Inspection Program: *Provided*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

MARKETING SERVICES

For an additional amount for "Marketing Services", \$45,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2021, to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, domestically or internationally, including necessary expenses for salary costs associated with commodity grading, inspection, and audit activities: *Provided*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

FOOD SAFETY AND INSPECTION SERVICE

For an additional amount for "Food Safety and Inspection Service", \$33,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2021, to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, domestically or internationally, including for support of temporary and intermittent workers, relocation of inspectors, and, notwithstanding 21 U.S.C. 468, 695 and 1053 and 7 U.S.C. 2219a, costs of overtime inspectors under the Federal Meat Inspec-

tion Act, the Poultry Products Inspection Act, and the Egg Products Inspection Act: *Provided*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

FARM PRODUCTION AND CONSERVATION PROGRAMS

FARM SERVICE AGENCY

For an additional amount for "Salaries and Expenses", \$3,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2021, to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, domestically or internationally, including necessary expenses to hire temporary staff and overtime expenses: *Provided*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS

RURAL BUSINESS—COOPERATIVE SERVICE

RURAL BUSINESS PROGRAM ACCOUNT

For an additional amount for "Rural Business Program Account", \$20,500,000, to remain available until September 30, 2021, to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, for the cost of loans for rural business development programs authorized by section 310B and described in subsection (g) of section 310B of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act: *Provided*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

RURAL UTILITIES SERVICE

DISTANCE LEARNING, TELEMEDICINE, AND BROADBAND PROGRAM

For an additional amount for "Distance Learning, Telemedicine, and Broadband Program", \$25,000,000, to remain available until expended, to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, domestically or internationally, for telemedicine and distance learning services in rural areas, as authorized by 7 U.S.C. 950aaa et seq.: *Provided*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

DOMESTIC FOOD PROGRAMS

FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE

CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAMS

For an additional amount for "Child Nutrition Programs", \$8,800,000,000 to remain available until September 30, 2021, to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, domestically or internationally: *Provided*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

For an additional amount for "Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program", \$15,810,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2021, to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, domestically or internationally: *Provided*, That of the amount provided under this heading in this Act, \$15,510,000,000 shall be placed in a contingency reserve to be allocated as the Secretary deems necessary to support participation should cost or participation exceed budget estimation to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus: *Provided further*, That of the amount provided under this

maximum total compensation received by the officer or employee from the air carrier or contractor in calendar year 2019; and

(3) no officer or employee of the eligible business whose total compensation exceeded \$3,000,000 in calendar year 2019 may receive during any 12 consecutive months of such period total compensation in excess of the sum of—

(A) \$3,000,000; and

(B) 50 percent of the excess over \$3,000,000 of the total compensation received by the officer or employee from the eligible business in calendar year 2019.

(b) **TOTAL COMPENSATION DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “total compensation” includes salary, bonuses, awards of stock, and other financial benefits provided by an air carrier or contractor to an officer or employee of the air carrier or contractor.

SEC. 4117. TAX PAYER PROTECTION.

The Secretary may receive warrants, options, preferred stock, debt securities, notes, or other financial instruments issued by recipients of financial assistance under this subtitle which, in the sole determination of the Secretary, provide appropriate compensation to the Federal Government for the provision of the financial assistance.

SEC. 4118. REPORTS.

(a) **REPORT.**—Not later than November 1, 2020, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure and the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate a report on the financial assistance provided to air carriers and contractors under this subtitle, including a description of any financial assistance provided.

(b) **UPDATE.**—Not later than the last day of the 1-year period following the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall update and submit to the Committee on Transportation and the Committee on Financial Services and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate the report described in subsection (a).

SEC. 4119. COORDINATION.

In implementing this subtitle the Secretary shall coordinate with the Secretary of Transportation.

SEC. 4120. DIRECT APPROPRIATION.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, there is appropriated, out of amounts in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$32,000,000,000 to carry out this subtitle.

TITLE V—CORONAVIRUS RELIEF FUNDS

SEC. 5001. CORONAVIRUS RELIEF FUND.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 301 et seq.) is amended by inserting after title V the following:

“TITLE VI—CORONAVIRUS RELIEF FUND

“SEC. 501. CORONAVIRUS RELIEF FUND.

“(a) **APPROPRIATION.**—

“(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Out of any money in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, there are appropriated for making payments to States, Tribal governments, and units of local government under this section, \$150,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2020.

“(2) **RESERVATION OF FUNDS.**—Of the amount appropriated under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall reserve—

“(A) \$3,000,000,000 of such amount for making payments to the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and American Samoa; and

“(B) \$8,000,000,000 of such amount for making payments to Tribal governments.

“(b) **AUTHORITY TO MAKE PAYMENTS.**—

“(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Subject to paragraph (2), not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall pay each State and Tribal government, and each unit of local government that meets the condition described in paragraph (2), the amount determined for the State, Tribal government, or unit of local government, for fiscal year 2020 under subsection (c).

“(2) **DIRECT PAYMENTS TO UNITS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.**—If a unit of local government of a State submits the certification required by subsection (e) for purposes of receiving a direct payment from the Secretary under the authority of this paragraph, the Secretary shall reduce the amount determined for that State by the relative unit of local government population proportion amount described in subsection (c)(5) and pay such amount directly to such unit of local government.

“(c) **PAYMENT AMOUNTS.**—

“(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Subject to paragraph (2), the amount paid under this section for fiscal year 2020 to a State that is 1 of the 50 States shall be the amount equal to the relative population proportion amount determined for the State under paragraph (3) for such fiscal year.

“(2) **MINIMUM PAYMENT.**—

“(A) **IN GENERAL.**—No State that is 1 of the 50 States shall receive a payment under this section for fiscal year 2020 that is less than \$1,250,000,000.

“(B) **PRO RATA ADJUSTMENTS.**—The Secretary shall adjust on a pro rata basis the amount of the payments for each of the 50 States determined under this subsection without regard to this subparagraph to the extent necessary to comply with the requirements of subparagraph (A).

“(3) **RELATIVE POPULATION PROPORTION AMOUNT.**—For purposes of paragraph (1), the relative population proportion amount determined under this paragraph for a State for fiscal year 2020 is the product of—

“(A) the amount appropriated under paragraph (1) of subsection (a) for fiscal year 2020 that remains after the application of paragraph (2) of that subsection; and

“(B) the relative State population proportion (as defined in paragraph (4)).

“(4) **RELATIVE STATE POPULATION PROPORTION DEFINED.**—For purposes of paragraph (3)(B), the term “relative State population proportion” means, with respect to a State, the quotient of—

“(A) the population of the State; and

“(B) the total population of all States (excluding the District of Columbia and territories specified in subsection (a)(2)(A)).

“(5) **RELATIVE UNIT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT POPULATION PROPORTION AMOUNT.**—For purposes of subsection (b)(2), the term “relative unit of local government population proportion amount” means, with respect to a unit of local government and a State, the amount equal to the product of—

“(A) 45 percent of the amount of the payment determined for the State under this subsection (without regard to this paragraph); and

“(B) the amount equal to the quotient of—

“(1) the population of the unit of local government; and

“(2) the total population of the State in which the unit of local government is located.

“(6) **DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA AND TERRITORIES.**—The amount paid under this section for fiscal year 2020 to a State that is the District of Columbia or a territory specified in subsection (a)(2)(A) shall be the amount equal to the product of—

“(A) the amount set aside under subsection (a)(2)(A) for such fiscal year; and

“(B) each such District’s and territory’s share of the combined total population of the District of Columbia and all such territories, as determined by the Secretary.

“(7) **TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS.**—From the amount set aside under subsection (a)(2)(B) for fiscal year 2020, the amount paid under this section for fiscal year 2020 to a Tribal government shall be the amount the Secretary shall determine, in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior and Indian Tribes, that is based on increased expenditures of each such Tribal government (or a tribally-owned entity of such Tribal government) relative to aggregate expenditures in fiscal year 2019 by the Tribal government (or tribally-owned entity) and determined in such manner as the Secretary determines appropriate to ensure that all amounts available under subsection (a)(2)(B) for fiscal year 2020 are distributed to Tribal governments.

“(8) **DATA.**—For purposes of this subsection, the population of States and units of local governments shall be determined based on the most recent year for which data are available from the Bureau of the Census.

“(d) **USE OF FUNDS.**—A State, Tribal government, and unit of local government shall use the funds provided under a payment made under this section to cover only those costs of the State, Tribal government, or unit of local government that—

“(1) are necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency with respect to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19);

“(2) were not accounted for in the budget most recently approved as of the date of enactment of this section for the State or government; and

“(3) were incurred during the period that begins on March 1, 2020, and ends on December 30, 2020.

“(e) **CERTIFICATION.**—In order to receive a payment under this section, a unit of local government shall provide the Secretary with a certification signed by the Chief Executive for the unit of local government that the local government’s proposed uses of the funds are consistent with subsection (d).

“(f) **INSPECTOR GENERAL OVERSIGHT; RECOUPMENT.**—

“(1) **OVERSIGHT AUTHORITY.**—The Inspector General of the Department of the Treasury shall conduct monitoring and oversight of the receipt, disbursement, and use of funds made available under this section.

“(2) **RECOUPMENT.**—If the Inspector General of the Department of the Treasury determines that a State, Tribal government, or unit of local government has failed to comply with subsection (d), the amount equal to the amount of funds used in violation of such subsection shall be booked as a debt of such entity owed to the Federal Government. Amounts recovered under this subsection shall be deposited into the general fund of the Treasury.

“(3) **APPROPRIATION.**—Out of any money in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, there are appropriated to the Office of the Inspector General of the Department of the Treasury, \$35,000,000 to carry out oversight and recoupment activities under this subsection. Amounts appropriated under the preceding sentence shall remain available until expended.

“(4) **AUTHORITY OF INSPECTOR GENERAL.**—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to diminish the authority of any Inspector General, including such authority as provided in the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.).

“(g) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

“(1) **INDIAN TRIBE.**—The term “Indian Tribe” has the meaning given that term in section

4(e) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304(e)).

"(2) LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—The term 'unit of local government' means a county, municipality, town, township, village, parish, borough, or other unit of general government below the State level with a population that exceeds 500,000.

"(3) SECRETARY.—The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of the Treasury.

"(4) STATE.—The term 'State' means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and American Samoa.

"(5) TRIBAL GOVERNMENT.—The term 'Tribal government' means the recognized governing body of an Indian Tribe."

(b) APPLICATION OF PROVISIONS.—Amounts appropriated for fiscal year 2020 under section 601(a)(1) of the Social Security Act (as added by subsection (a)) shall be subject to the requirements contained in Public Law 116-94 for funds for programs authorized under sections 330 through 340 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254 through 256).

TITLE VI—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SEC. 6001. COVID-19 BORROWING AUTHORITY FOR THE UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

(1) the term "COVID-19 emergency" means the emergency involving Federal primary responsibility determined to exist by the President under section 601(b) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5191(b)) with respect to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19); and

(2) the term "Postal Service" means the United States Postal Service.

(b) ADDITIONAL BORROWING AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding section 2005 of title 39, United States Code, or any other provision of law, if the Postal Service determines that, due to the COVID-19 emergency, the Postal Service will not be able to fund operating expenses without borrowing money—

(1) the Postal Service may borrow money from the Treasury in an amount not to exceed \$10,000,000,000—

(A) to be used for such operating expenses; and

(B) which may not be used to pay any outstanding debt of the Postal Service; and

(2) the Secretary of the Treasury may lend up to the amount described in paragraph (1) at the request of the Postal Service, upon terms and conditions mutually agreed upon by the Secretary and the Postal Service.

(c) PRIORITIZATION OF DELIVERY FOR MEDICAL PURPOSES DURING COVID-19 EMERGENCY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, during the COVID-19 emergency, the Postal Service—

(1) shall prioritize delivery of postal products for medical purposes; and

(2) may establish temporary delivery points, in such form and manner as the Postal Service determines necessary, to protect employees of the Postal Service and individuals receiving deliveries from the Postal Service.

SEC. 6002. EMERGENCY DESIGNATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The amounts provided under this division are designated as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 41(g) of the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010 (2 U.S.C. 933(g)).

(b) DESIGNATION IN SENATE.—In the Senate, this division is designated as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 4112(a) of H. Con. Res. 71 (115th Congress), the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2018.

DIVISION B—EMERGENCY APPROPRIATIONS FOR CORONAVIRUS HEALTH RESPONSE AND AGENCY OPERATIONS

The following sums are hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I AGRICULTURAL PROGRAMS

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

For an additional amount for the "Office of the Secretary", \$9,500,000,000, to remain available until expended, to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus by providing support for agricultural producers impacted by coronavirus, including producers of specialty crops, producers that supply local food systems, including farmers markets, restaurants, and schools, and livestock producers, including dairy producers: *Provided*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

For an additional amount for "Office of Inspector General", \$750,000, to remain available until September 30, 2021, to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, domestically or internationally: *Provided*, That the funding made available under this heading in this Act shall be used for conducting audits and investigations of projects and activities carried out with funds made available in this Act to the Department of Agriculture to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, domestically or internationally: *Provided further*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and Expenses", \$35,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2021, to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, domestically or internationally, including for necessary expenses for salary costs associated with the Agriculture Quarantine and Inspection Program: *Provided*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

MARKETING SERVICES

For an additional amount for "Marketing Services", \$45,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2021, to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, domestically or internationally, including necessary expenses for salary costs associated with commodity grading, inspection, and audit activities: *Provided*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

FOOD SAFETY AND INSPECTION SERVICE

For an additional amount for "Food Safety and Inspection Service", \$33,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2021, to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, domestically or internationally, including for support of temporary and intermittent workers, relocation of inspectors, and, notwithstanding 21 U.S.C. 468, 695 and 1053 and 7 U.S.C. 2219a, costs of overtime inspectors under the Federal Meat Inspec-

tion Act, the Poultry Products Inspection Act, and the Egg Products Inspection Act: *Provided*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

FARM PRODUCTION AND CONSERVATION PROGRAMS

FARM SERVICE AGENCY

For an additional amount for "Salaries and Expenses", \$3,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2021, to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, domestically or internationally, including necessary expenses to hire temporary staff and overtime expenses: *Provided*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS

RURAL BUSINESS—COOPERATIVE SERVICE

RURAL BUSINESS PROGRAM ACCOUNT

For an additional amount for "Rural Business Program Account", \$20,500,000, to remain available until September 30, 2021, to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, for the cost of loans for rural business development programs authorized by section 310B and described in subsection (g) of section 310B of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act: *Provided*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

RURAL UTILITIES SERVICE

DISTANCE LEARNING, TELEMEDICINE, AND BROADBAND PROGRAM

For an additional amount for "Distance Learning, Telemedicine, and Broadband Program", \$25,000,000, to remain available until expended, to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, domestically or internationally, for telemedicine and distance learning services in rural areas, as authorized by 7 U.S.C. 950aaa et seq.: *Provided*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

DOMESTIC FOOD PROGRAMS

FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE

CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAMS

For an additional amount for "Child Nutrition Programs", \$8,800,000,000 to remain available until September 30, 2021, to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, domestically or internationally: *Provided*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

For an additional amount for "Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program", \$15,810,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2021, to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, domestically or internationally: *Provided*, That of the amount provided under this heading in this Act, \$15,510,000,000 shall be placed in a contingency reserve to be allocated as the Secretary deems necessary to support participation should cost or participation exceed budget estimates to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus: *Provided further*, That of the amount provided under this



Coronavirus Relief Fund
Guidance for State, Territorial, Local, and Tribal Governments
April 22, 2020

The purpose of this document is to provide guidance to recipients of the funding available under section 601(a) of the Social Security Act, as added by section 5001 of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"). The CARES Act established the Coronavirus Relief Fund (the "Fund") and appropriated \$150 billion to the Fund. Under the CARES Act, the Fund is to be used to make payments for specified uses to States and certain local governments; the District of Columbia and U.S. Territories (consisting of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands); and Tribal governments.

The CARES Act provides that payments from the Fund may only be used to cover costs that—

1. are necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency with respect to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19);
2. were not accounted for in the budget most recently approved as of March 27, 2020 (the date of enactment of the CARES Act) for the State or government; and
3. were incurred during the period that begins on March 1, 2020, and ends on December 30, 2020.¹

The guidance that follows sets forth the Department of the Treasury's interpretation of these limitations on the permissible use of Fund payments.

Necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency

The requirement that expenditures be incurred "due to" the public health emergency means that expenditures must be used for actions taken to respond to the public health emergency. These may include expenditures incurred to allow the State, territorial, local, or Tribal government to respond directly to the emergency, such as by addressing medical or public health needs, as well as expenditures incurred to respond to second-order effects of the emergency, such as by providing economic support to those suffering from employment or business interruptions due to COVID-19-related business closures.

Funds may not be used to fill shortfalls in government revenue to cover expenditures that would not otherwise qualify under the statute. Although a broad range of uses is allowed, revenue replacement is not a permissible use of Fund payments.

The statute also specifies that expenditures using Fund payments must be "necessary." The Department of the Treasury understands this term broadly to mean that the expenditure is reasonably necessary for its intended use in the reasonable judgment of the government officials responsible for spending Fund payments.

Costs not accounted for in the budget most recently approved as of March 27, 2020

The CARES Act also requires that payments be used only to cover costs that were not accounted for in the budget most recently approved as of March 27, 2020. A cost meets this requirement if either (a) the cost cannot lawfully be funded using a line item, allotment, or allocation within that budget or (b) the cost

¹ See Section 601(d) of the Social Security Act, as added by section 5001 of the CARES Act.

is for a substantially different use from any expected use of funds in such a line item, allotment, or allocation.

The “most recently approved” budget refers to the enacted budget for the relevant fiscal period for the particular government, without taking into account subsequent supplemental appropriations enacted or other budgetary adjustments made by that government in response to the COVID-19 public health emergency. A cost is not considered to have been accounted for in a budget merely because it could be met using a budgetary stabilization fund, rainy day fund, or similar reserve account.

Costs incurred during the period that begins on March 1, 2020, and ends on December 30, 2020

A cost is “incurred” when the responsible unit of government has expended funds to cover the cost.

Nonexclusive examples of eligible expenditures

Eligible expenditures include, but are not limited to, payment for:

1. Medical expenses such as:
 - COVID-19-related expenses of public hospitals, clinics, and similar facilities.
 - Expenses of establishing temporary public medical facilities and other measures to increase COVID-19 treatment capacity, including related construction costs.
 - Costs of providing COVID-19 testing, including serological testing.
 - Emergency medical response expenses, including emergency medical transportation, related to COVID-19.
 - Expenses for establishing and operating public telemedicine capabilities for COVID-19-related treatment.
2. Public health expenses such as:
 - Expenses for communication and enforcement by State, territorial, local, and Tribal governments of public health orders related to COVID-19.
 - Expenses for acquisition and distribution of medical and protective supplies, including sanitizing products and personal protective equipment, for medical personnel, police officers, social workers, child protection services, and child welfare officers, direct service providers for older adults and individuals with disabilities in community settings, and other public health or safety workers in connection with the COVID-19 public health emergency.
 - Expenses for disinfection of public areas and other facilities, e.g., nursing homes, in response to the COVID-19 public health emergency.
 - Expenses for technical assistance to local authorities or other entities on mitigation of COVID-19-related threats to public health and safety.
 - Expenses for public safety measures undertaken in response to COVID-19.
 - Expenses for quarantining individuals.
3. Payroll expenses for public safety, public health, health care, human services, and similar employees whose services are substantially dedicated to mitigating or responding to the COVID-19 public health emergency.

4. Expenses of actions to facilitate compliance with COVID-19-related public health measures, such as:
 - Expenses for food delivery to residents, including, for example, senior citizens and other vulnerable populations, to enable compliance with COVID-19 public health precautions.
 - Expenses to facilitate distance learning, including technological improvements, in connection with school closings to enable compliance with COVID-19 precautions.
 - Expenses to improve telework capabilities for public employees to enable compliance with COVID-19 public health precautions.
 - Expenses of providing paid sick and paid family and medical leave to public employees to enable compliance with COVID-19 public health precautions.
 - COVID-19-related expenses of maintaining state prisons and county jails, including as relates to sanitation and improvement of social distancing measures, to enable compliance with COVID-19 public health precautions.
 - Expenses for care for homeless populations provided to mitigate COVID-19 effects and enable compliance with COVID-19 public health precautions.
5. Expenses associated with the provision of economic support in connection with the COVID-19 public health emergency, such as:
 - Expenditures related to the provision of grants to small businesses to reimburse the costs of business interruption caused by required closures.
 - Expenditures related to a State, territorial, local, or Tribal government payroll support program.
 - Unemployment insurance costs related to the COVID-19 public health emergency if such costs will not be reimbursed by the federal government pursuant to the CARES Act or otherwise.
6. Any other COVID-19-related expenses reasonably necessary to the function of government that satisfy the Fund's eligibility criteria.

Nonexclusive examples of ineligible expenditures²

The following is a list of examples of costs that would *not* be eligible expenditures of payments from the Fund.

1. Expenses for the State share of Medicaid.³
2. Damages covered by insurance.
3. Payroll or benefits expenses for employees whose work duties are not substantially dedicated to mitigating or responding to the COVID-19 public health emergency.

² In addition, pursuant to section 5001(b) of the CARES Act, payments from the Fund may not be expended for an elective abortion or on research in which a human embryo is destroyed, discarded, or knowingly subjected to risk of injury or death. The prohibition on payment for abortions does not apply to an abortion if the pregnancy is the result of an act of rape or incest; or in the case where a woman suffers from a physical disorder, physical injury, or physical illness, including a life-endangering physical condition caused by or arising from the pregnancy itself, that would, as certified by a physician, place the woman in danger of death unless an abortion is performed. Furthermore, no government which receives payments from the Fund may discriminate against a health care entity on the basis that the entity does not provide, pay for, provide coverage of, or refer for abortions.

³ See 42 C.F.R. § 433.51 and 45 C.F.R. § 75.306.

4. Expenses of actions to facilitate compliance with COVID-19-related public health measures, such as:
 - Expenses for food delivery to residents, including, for example, senior citizens and other vulnerable populations, to enable compliance with COVID-19 public health precautions.
 - Expenses to facilitate distance learning, including technological improvements, in connection with school closings to enable compliance with COVID-19 precautions.
 - Expenses to improve telework capabilities for public employees to enable compliance with COVID-19 public health precautions.
 - Expenses of providing paid sick and paid family and medical leave to public employees to enable compliance with COVID-19 public health precautions.
 - COVID-19-related expenses of maintaining state prisons and county jails, including as relates to sanitation and improvement of social distancing measures, to enable compliance with COVID-19 public health precautions.
 - Expenses for care for homeless populations provided to mitigate COVID-19 effects and enable compliance with COVID-19 public health precautions.
5. Expenses associated with the provision of economic support in connection with the COVID-19 public health emergency, such as:
 - Expenditures related to the provision of grants to small businesses to reimburse the costs of business interruption caused by required closures.
 - Expenditures related to a State, territorial, local, or Tribal government payroll support program.
 - Unemployment insurance costs related to the COVID-19 public health emergency if such costs will not be reimbursed by the federal government pursuant to the CARES Act or otherwise.
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Nonexclusive examples of ineligible expenditures²

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³ See 42 C.F.R. § 433.51 and 45 C.F.R. § 75.306.

4. Expenses that have been or will be reimbursed under any federal program, such as the reimbursement by the federal government pursuant to the CARES Act of contributions by States to State unemployment funds.
5. Reimbursement to donors for donated items or services.
6. Workforce bonuses other than hazard pay or overtime.
7. Severance pay.
8. Legal settlements.

**Coronavirus Relief Fund
Frequently Asked Questions
Updated as of May 28, 2020**

The following answers to frequently asked questions supplement Treasury's Coronavirus Relief Fund ("Fund") Guidance for State, Territorial, Local, and Tribal Governments, dated April 22, 2020, ("Guidance").¹ Amounts paid from the Fund are subject to the restrictions outlined in the Guidance and set forth in section 601(d) of the Social Security Act, as added by section 5001 of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act").

Eligible Expenditures

Are governments required to submit proposed expenditures to Treasury for approval?

No. Governments are responsible for making determinations as to what expenditures are necessary due to the public health emergency with respect to COVID-19 and do not need to submit any proposed expenditures to Treasury.

The Guidance says that funding can be used to meet payroll expenses for public safety, public health, health care, human services, and similar employees whose services are substantially dedicated to mitigating or responding to the COVID-19 public health emergency. How does a government determine whether payroll expenses for a given employee satisfy the "substantially dedicated" condition?

The Fund is designed to provide ready funding to address unforeseen financial needs and risks created by the COVID-19 public health emergency. For this reason, and as a matter of administrative convenience in light of the emergency nature of this program, a State, territorial, local, or Tribal government may presume that payroll costs for public health and public safety employees are payments for services substantially dedicated to mitigating or responding to the COVID-19 public health emergency, unless the chief executive (or equivalent) of the relevant government determines that specific circumstances indicate otherwise.

The Guidance says that a cost was not accounted for in the most recently approved budget if the cost is for a substantially different use from any expected use of funds in such a line item, allotment, or allocation. What would qualify as a "substantially different use" for purposes of the Fund eligibility?

Costs incurred for a "substantially different use" include, but are not necessarily limited to, costs of personnel and services that were budgeted for in the most recently approved budget but which, due entirely to the COVID-19 public health emergency, have been diverted to substantially different functions. This would include, for example, the costs of redeploying corrections facility staff to enable compliance with COVID-19 public health precautions through work such as enhanced sanitation or enforcing social distancing measures; the costs of redeploying police to support management and enforcement of stay-at-home orders; or the costs of diverting educational support staff or faculty to develop online learning capabilities, such as through providing information technology support that is not part of the staff or faculty's ordinary responsibilities.

Note that a public function does not become a "substantially different use" merely because it is provided from a different location or through a different manner. For example, although developing online instruction capabilities may be a substantially different use of funds, online instruction itself is not a substantially different use of public funds than classroom instruction.

¹ The Guidance is available at <https://home.treasury.gov/system/files/136/Coronavirus-Relief-Fund-Guidance-for-State-Territorial-Local-and-Tribal-Governments.pdf>.

May a State receiving a payment transfer funds to a local government?

Yes, provided that the transfer qualifies as a necessary expenditure incurred due to the public health emergency and meets the other criteria of section 601(d) of the Social Security Act. Such funds would be subject to recoupment by the Treasury Department if they have not been used in a manner consistent with section 601(d) of the Social Security Act.

May a unit of local government receiving a Fund payment transfer funds to another unit of government?

Yes. For example, a county may transfer funds to a city, town, or school district within the county and a county or city may transfer funds to its State, provided that the transfer qualifies as a necessary expenditure incurred due to the public health emergency and meets the other criteria of section 601(d) of the Social Security Act outlined in the Guidance. For example, a transfer from a county to a constituent city would not be permissible if the funds were intended to be used simply to fill shortfalls in government revenue to cover expenditures that would not otherwise qualify as an eligible expenditure.

Is a Fund payment recipient required to transfer funds to a smaller, constituent unit of government within its borders?

No. For example, a county recipient is not required to transfer funds to smaller cities within the county's borders.

Are recipients required to use other federal funds or seek reimbursement under other federal programs before using Fund payments to satisfy eligible expenses?

No. Recipients may use Fund payments for any expenses eligible under section 601(d) of the Social Security Act outlined in the Guidance. Fund payments are not required to be used as the source of funding of last resort. However, as noted below, recipients may not use payments from the Fund to cover expenditures for which they will receive reimbursement.

Are there prohibitions on combining a transaction supported with Fund payments with other CARES Act funding or COVID-19 relief Federal funding?

Recipients will need to consider the applicable restrictions and limitations of such other sources of funding. In addition, expenses that have been or will be reimbursed under any federal program, such as the reimbursement by the federal government pursuant to the CARES Act of contributions by States to State unemployment funds, are not eligible uses of Fund payments.

Are States permitted to use Fund payments to support state unemployment insurance funds generally?

To the extent that the costs incurred by a state unemployment insurance fund are incurred due to the COVID-19 public health emergency, a State may use Fund payments to make payments to its respective state unemployment insurance fund, separate and apart from such State's obligation to the unemployment insurance fund as an employer. This will permit States to use Fund payments to prevent expenses related to the public health emergency from causing their state unemployment insurance funds to become insolvent.

Are recipients permitted to use Fund payments to pay for unemployment insurance costs incurred by the recipient as an employer?

Yes, Fund payments may be used for unemployment insurance costs incurred by the recipient as an employer (for example, as a reimbursing employer) related to the COVID-19 public health emergency if such costs will not be reimbursed by the federal government pursuant to the CARES Act or otherwise.

The Guidance states that the Fund may support a "broad range of uses" including payroll expenses for several classes of employees whose services are "substantially dedicated to mitigating or responding to the COVID-19 public health emergency." What are some examples of types of covered employees?

The Guidance provides examples of broad classes of employees whose payroll expenses would be eligible expenses under the Fund. These classes of employees include public safety, public health, health care, human services, and similar employees whose services are substantially dedicated to mitigating or responding to the COVID-19 public health emergency. Payroll and benefit costs associated with public employees who could have been furloughed or otherwise laid off but who were instead repurposed to perform previously unbudgeted functions substantially dedicated to mitigating or responding to the COVID-19 public health emergency are also covered. Other eligible expenditures include payroll and benefit costs of educational support staff or faculty responsible for developing online learning capabilities necessary to continue educational instruction in response to COVID-19-related school closures. Please see the Guidance for a discussion of what is meant by an expense that was not accounted for in the budget most recently approved as of March 27, 2020.

In some cases, first responders and critical health care workers that contract COVID-19 are eligible for workers' compensation coverage. Is the cost of this expanded workers compensation coverage eligible?

Increased workers compensation cost to the government due to the COVID-19 public health emergency incurred during the period beginning March 1, 2020, and ending December 30, 2020, is an eligible expense.

If a recipient would have decommissioned equipment or not renewed a lease on particular office space or equipment but decides to continue to use the equipment or to renew the lease in order to respond to the public health emergency, are the costs associated with continuing to operate the equipment or the ongoing lease payments eligible expenses?

Yes. To the extent the expenses were previously unbudgeted and are otherwise consistent with section 601(d) of the Social Security Act outlined in the Guidance, such expenses would be eligible.

May recipients provide stipends to employees for eligible expenses (for example, a stipend to employees to improve telework capabilities) rather than require employees to incur the eligible cost and submit for reimbursement?

Expenditures paid for with payments from the Fund must be limited to those that are necessary due to the public health emergency. As such, unless the government were to determine that providing assistance in the form of a stipend is an administrative necessity, the government should provide such assistance on a reimbursement basis to ensure as much as possible that funds are used to cover only eligible expenses.

May Fund payments be used for COVID-19 public health emergency recovery planning?

Yes. Expenses associated with conducting a recovery planning project or operating a recovery coordination office would be eligible, if the expenses otherwise meet the criteria set forth in section 601(d) of the Social Security Act outlined in the Guidance.

Are expenses associated with contact tracing eligible?

Yes, expenses associated with contract tracing are eligible.

To what extent may a government use Fund payments to support the operations of private hospitals?

Governments may use Fund payments to support public or private hospitals to the extent that the costs are necessary expenditures incurred due to the COVID-19 public health emergency, but the form such assistance would take may differ. In particular, financial assistance to private hospitals could take the form of a grant or a short-term loan.

May payments from the Fund be used to assist individuals with enrolling in a government benefit program for those who have been laid off due to COVID-19 and thereby lost health insurance?

Yes. To the extent that the relevant government official determines that these expenses are necessary and they meet the other requirements set forth in section 601(d) of the Social Security Act outlined in the Guidance, these expenses are eligible.

May recipients use Fund payments to facilitate livestock depopulation incurred by producers due to supply chain disruptions?

Yes, to the extent these efforts are deemed necessary for public health reasons or as a form of economic support as a result of the COVID-19 health emergency.

Would providing a consumer grant program to prevent eviction and assist in preventing homelessness be considered an eligible expense?

Yes, assuming that the recipient considers the grants to be a necessary expense incurred due to the COVID-19 public health emergency and the grants meet the other requirements for the use of Fund payments under section 601(d) of the Social Security Act outlined in the Guidance. As a general matter, providing assistance to recipients to enable them to meet property tax requirements would not be an eligible use of funds, but exceptions may be made in the case of assistance designed to prevent foreclosures.

May recipients create a "payroll support program" for public employees?

Use of payments from the Fund to cover payroll or benefits expenses of public employees are limited to those employees whose work duties are substantially dedicated to mitigating or responding to the COVID-19 public health emergency.

May recipients use Fund payments to cover employment and training programs for employees that have been furloughed due to the public health emergency?

Yes, this would be an eligible expense if the government determined that the costs of such employment and training programs would be necessary due to the public health emergency.

May recipients use Fund payments to provide emergency financial assistance to individuals and families directly impacted by a loss of income due to the COVID-19 public health emergency?

Yes, if a government determines such assistance to be a necessary expenditure. Such assistance could include, for example, a program to assist individuals with payment of overdue rent or mortgage payments to avoid eviction or foreclosure or unforeseen financial costs for funerals and other emergency individual needs. Such assistance should be structured in a manner to ensure as much as possible, within the realm of what is administratively feasible, that such assistance is necessary.

The Guidance provides that eligible expenditures may include expenditures related to the provision of grants to small businesses to reimburse the costs of business interruption caused by required closures. What is meant by a "small business," and is the Guidance intended to refer only to expenditures to cover administrative expenses of such a grant program?

Governments have discretion to determine what payments are necessary. A program that is aimed at assisting small businesses with the costs of business interruption caused by required closures should be tailored to assist those businesses in need of such assistance. The amount of a grant to a small business to reimburse the costs of business interruption caused by required closures would also be an eligible expenditure under section 601(d) of the Social Security Act, as outlined in the Guidance.

The Guidance provides that expenses associated with the provision of economic support in connection with the public health emergency, such as expenditures related to the provision of grants to small businesses to reimburse the costs of business interruption caused by required closures, would constitute eligible expenditures of Fund payments. Would such expenditures be eligible in the absence of a stay-at-home order?

Fund payments may be used for economic support in the absence of a stay-at-home order if such expenditures are determined by the government to be necessary. This may include, for example, a grant program to benefit small businesses that close voluntarily to promote social distancing measures or that are affected by decreased customer demand as a result of the COVID-19 public health emergency.

May Fund payments be used to assist impacted property owners with the payment of their property taxes?

Fund payments may not be used for government revenue replacement, including the provision of assistance to meet tax obligations.

May Fund payments be used to replace foregone utility fees? If not, can Fund payments be used as a direct subsidy payment to all utility account holders?

Fund payments may not be used for government revenue replacement, including the replacement of unpaid utility fees. Fund payments may be used for subsidy payments to electricity account holders to the extent that the subsidy payments are deemed by the recipient to be necessary expenditures incurred due to the COVID-19 public health emergency and meet the other criteria of section 601(d) of the Social Security Act outlined in the Guidance. For example, if determined to be a necessary expenditure, a government could provide grants to individuals facing economic hardship to allow them to pay their utility fees and thereby continue to receive essential services.

Could Fund payments be used for capital improvement projects that broadly provide potential economic development in a community?

In general, no. If capital improvement projects are not necessary expenditures incurred due to the COVID-19 public health emergency, then Fund payments may not be used for such projects.

However, Fund payments may be used for the expenses of, for example, establishing temporary public medical facilities and other measures to increase COVID-19 treatment capacity or improve mitigation measures, including related construction costs.

The Guidance includes workforce bonuses as an example of ineligible expenses but provides that hazard pay would be eligible if otherwise determined to be a necessary expense. Is there a specific definition of "hazard pay"?

Hazard pay means additional pay for performing hazardous duty or work involving physical hardship, in each case that is related to COVID-19.

The Guidance provides that ineligible expenditures include "[p]ayroll or benefits expenses for employees whose work duties are not substantially dedicated to mitigating or responding to the COVID-19 public health emergency." Is this intended to relate only to public employees?

Yes. This particular nonexclusive example of an ineligible expenditure relates to public employees. A recipient would not be permitted to pay for payroll or benefit expenses of private employees and any financial assistance (such as grants or short-term loans) to private employers are not subject to the restriction that the private employers' employees must be substantially dedicated to mitigating or responding to the COVID-19 public health emergency.

May counties pre-pay with CARES Act funds for expenses such as a one or two-year facility lease, such as to house staff hired in response to COVID-19?

A government should not make prepayments on contracts using payments from the Fund to the extent that doing so would not be consistent with its ordinary course policies and procedures.

Must a stay-at-home order or other public health mandate be in effect in order for a government to provide assistance to small businesses using payments from the Fund?

No. The Guidance provides, as an example of an eligible use of payments from the Fund, expenditures related to the provision of grants to small businesses to reimburse the costs of business interruption caused by required closures. Such assistance may be provided using amounts received from the Fund in the absence of a requirement to close businesses if the relevant government determines that such expenditures are necessary in response to the public health emergency.

Should States receiving a payment transfer funds to local governments that did not receive payments directly from Treasury?

Yes, provided that the transferred funds are used by the local government for eligible expenditures under the statute. To facilitate prompt distribution of Title V funds, the CARES Act authorized Treasury to make direct payments to local governments with populations in excess of 500,000, in amounts equal to 45% of the local government's per capita share of the statewide allocation. This statutory structure was based on a recognition that it is more administratively feasible to rely on States, rather than the federal government, to manage the transfer of funds to smaller local governments. Consistent with the needs of all local governments for funding to address the public health emergency, States should transfer funds to local governments with populations of 500,000 or less, using as a benchmark the per capita allocation formula that governs payments to larger local governments. This approach will ensure equitable treatment among local governments of all sizes.

For example, a State received the minimum \$1.25 billion allocation and had one county with a population over 500,000 that received \$250 million directly. The State should distribute 45 percent of the \$1 billion it received, or \$450 million, to local governments within the State with a population of 500,000 or less.

May a State impose restrictions on transfers of funds to local governments?

Yes, to the extent that the restrictions facilitate the State's compliance with the requirements set forth in section 601(d) of the Social Security Act outlined in the Guidance and other applicable requirements such as the Single Audit Act, discussed below. Other restrictions are not permissible.

If a recipient must issue tax anticipation notes (TANs) to make up for tax due date deferrals or revenue shortfalls, are the expenses associated with the issuance eligible uses of Fund payments?

If a government determines that the issuance of TANs is necessary due to the COVID-19 public health emergency, the government may expend payments from the Fund on the accrued interest expense on TANs and unbudgeted administrative and transactional costs, such as necessary payments to advisors and underwriters, associated with the issuance of the TANs.

May recipients use Fund payments to expand rural broadband capacity to assist with distance learning and telework?

Such expenditures would only be permissible if they are necessary for the public health emergency. The cost of projects that would not be expected to increase capacity to a significant extent until the need for distance learning and telework have passed due to this public health emergency would not be necessary due to the public health emergency and thus would not be eligible uses of Fund payments.

Are costs associated with increased solid waste capacity an eligible use of payments from the Fund?

Yes, costs to address increase in solid waste as a result of the public health emergency, such as relates to the disposal of used personal protective equipment, would be an eligible expenditure.

May payments from the Fund be used to cover across-the-board hazard pay for employees working during a state of emergency?

No. The Guidance says that funding may be used to meet payroll expenses for public safety, public health, health care, human services, and similar employees whose services are substantially dedicated to mitigating or responding to the COVID-19 public health emergency. Hazard pay is a form of payroll expense and is subject to this limitation, so Fund payments may only be used to cover hazard pay for such individuals.

**NAVAJO NATION CARES FUND
HARDSHIP ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURE PLAN
[Revised]**

I. PURPOSE:

The purpose of the Hardship Assistance Expenditure Plan is to allow for the use and expenditure of ~~one thousand dollars (\$1,000)~~ one hundred seventy-five million one thousand dollars (\$175,001,000) of Navajo Nation CARES Funds for emergency financial assistance to Navajo tribal members for purchasing Personal Protective Equipment, paying past due utility bills, rent, mortgages, isolation expenses, livestock- related expenses, education-related expenses incurred due to the COVID 19 pandemic, and other financial burdens caused by the COVID-19 pandemic and incurred since March 1, 2020. The expenditures set forth in this Expenditure Plan are necessary in order to relieve the financial burdens imposed on Navajo households, students, participants in the informal economy, and dependents by the pandemic and public health orders, but shall not exceed fifteen hundred dollars (\$1500) per person.

The federal CARES Act, Title V, 5001, entitled "Coronavirus Relief Funds" requires these funds be used to 1) cover costs that are necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency with respect to the COVID-19; 2) were not accounted for in the budget most recently approved, as of March 27, 2020; and 3) incurred during the period that begins on March 1, 2020 and ends on December 30, 2020. Per the U.S. Department of Treasury's (Treasury) Guidance, dated May 4, 2020, eligible expenditures include expenses for general assistance for, including but not limited to, purchasing PPE, past due utilities, rent, isolation expenses and other financial burdens caused by COVID-19.

II. AFFIRMATION OF FUND USE

Any program, department, office or other entity receiving funding hereunder affirms that they will use these funds in accordance with the purposes set forth in Title V of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (the "federal CARES Act") as enacted by the United States Congress and found in Public Law 116-136 (2020).

IV. ADMINISTRATOR OF FUNDS

The Executive Branch, through the Office of the President and Vice-President, is responsible for administering the Expenditure Plan and shall develop eligibility criteria and

an application and approval process ensuring that any funds disbursed comply with Title V of the CARES Act and Treasury guidance.

The Health, Education, and Human Services Committee (HEHSC) shall review, and if necessary, amend, then approve the eligibility criteria and approval process plan after its submission to the Committee Chair for resolution sponsorship.

III. MONITORING

The Office of the President and Vice-President shall be responsible for overseeing and monitoring the expenditure of these funds.

V. MEANS OF FUNDING

The Expenditure Plan funds shall be released to the designated Executive Branch division once the Expenditure Plan is duly adopted and expedited budgets are implemented.

VI. ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Title V CARES Act Funds, as appropriated by Congress and received by the Nation, are considered federal financial assistance received by the Navajo Nation for specified uses; and are subject to the restrictions outlined in the Treasury Guidance and as set forth in section 601(d) of the Social Security Act, as added by section 5001 of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act. The CARES Act has a CFDA No. 21.019; therefore, the funding received by the Nation is subject to GASB, Uniform Guidance/Super Circular guidelines, and the Single Audit Act and any other applicable rules, regulations, and guidance.

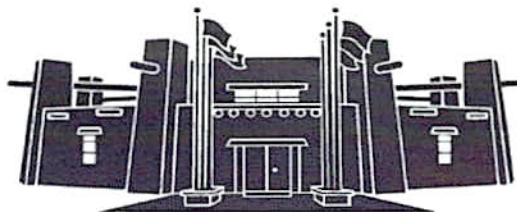
VII. OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE

The Health, Education, and Human Services Committee (HEHSC) and the Budget and Finance Committee (BFC) shall provide oversight as HEHSC has oversight over social services matters and BFC has oversight over externally restricted funding.

IX. AFFIRMATION OF ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT

The Executive Branch and any entity receiving funding thereunder affirms it will administer, manage, and implement the funds allocated to it in this expenditure plan consistent with the federal CARES Act, the Treasury Guidance, as well as other applicable laws and regulations of the Navajo Nation.

EXHIBIT 2



MEMORANDUM

TO: Honorable Chairwoman Eugenia Charles-Newton
Law and Order Committee
24th Navajo Nation Council

FROM:

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Dana Bobroff".

Dana L. Bobroff, Chief Legislative Counsel
Office of Legislative Counsel

DATE: August 19, 2020

SUBJECT: **AN ACTION RELATING TO HEALTH EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, BUDGET AND FINANCE, AND NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEES, AND THE NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL; ADDING ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY-FIVE MILLION DOLLARS (\$175,000,000) TO THE CARES FUND HARDSHIP ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURE PLAN ENACTED BY CJY-67-20**

I have prepared the above-referenced proposed resolution and associated legislative summary sheet pursuant to your request for legislative drafting. Based on existing law and review of documents submitted, the resolution as drafted is legally sufficient. As with any action of government however, it can be subject to review by the courts in the event of proper challenge.

The Office of Legislative Counsel confirms the appropriate standing committee(s) based on the standing committees powers outlined in 2 N.N.C. §§301, 401, 501, 601 and 701. Nevertheless, "the Speaker of the Navajo Nation Council shall introduce [the proposed resolution] into the legislative process by assigning it to the respective oversight committee(s) of the Navajo Nation Council having authority over the matters for proper consideration." 2 N.N.C. §164(A)(5).

Please ensure that his particular resolution request is precisely what you want. You are encouraged to review the proposed resolution to ensure that it is drafted to your satisfaction.

THE NAVAJO NATION
LEGISLATIVE BRANCH
INTERNET PUBLIC REVIEW PUBLICATION



LEGISLATION NO: _0201-20__

SPONSOR: Eugenia Charles-Newton

TITLE: An Action Relating To Health Education And Human Services, Budget And Finance, And Naabik'iyáti' Committees, And The Navajo Nation Council; Adding One Hundred Seventy-Five Million Dollars (\$175,000,000) To The CARES Fund Hardship Assistance Expenditure Plan Enacted By CJY-67-20

Date posted: August 20, 2020 at 6:11 PM

Digital comments may be e-mailed to comments@navajo-nsn.gov

Written comments may be mailed to:

Executive Director
Office of Legislative Services
P.O. Box 3390
Window Rock, AZ 86515
(928) 871-7586

Comments may be made in the form of chapter resolutions, letters, position papers, etc. Please include your name, position title, address for written comments; a valid e-mail address is required. Anonymous comments will not be included in the Legislation packet.

Please note: This digital copy is being provided for the benefit of the Navajo Nation chapters and public use. Any political use is prohibited. All written comments received become the property of the Navajo Nation and will be forwarded to the assigned Navajo Nation Council standing committee(s) and/or the Navajo Nation Council for review. Any tampering with public records are punishable by Navajo Nation law pursuant to 17 N.N.C. §374 *et. seq.*

THE NAVAJO NATION
LEGISLATIVE BRANCH
INTERNET PUBLIC REVIEW SUMMARY

LEGISLATION NO.: 0201-20

SPONSOR: Honorable Eugenia Charles-Newton

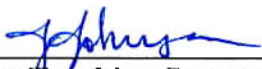
TITLE: An Action Relating To Health Education And Human Services, Budget And Finance, And Naabik'iyáti' Committees, And The Navajo Nation Council; Adding One Hundred Seventy-Five Million Dollars (\$175,000,000) To The CARES Fund Hardship Assistance Expenditure Plan Enacted By CJY-67-20

Posted: August 20, 2020 at 6:11 PM

5 DAY Comment Period Ended: August 25, 2020

Digital Comments received:

Comments Supporting	<i>None</i>
Comments Opposing	<i>None</i>
Inconclusive Comments	<i>None</i>



Legislative Tracking Secretary
Office of Legislative Services

08/26/20 8:25AM

Date/Time

Committee Report

THE HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE OF THE NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL to whom has been assigned;

LEGISLATION NO. 0201-20

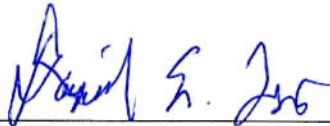
AN ACTION RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, BUDGET AND FINANCE, AND NAABIK'IYATI' COMMITTEES, AND NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL; ADDING ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY-FIVE MILLION DOLLARS (\$175,000,000) TO THE CARES FUND HARDSHIP ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURE PLAN ENACTED BY CJY-67-20

(Note: Eligible for Committee Action August 26, 2020)

Sponsor: Honorable Eugenia Charles-Newton; Co-Sponsor: Honorable Vince James

Has had under consideration and report the same with the recommendation that Legislation 01201-20 had NO SECOND VOTE FOR THE MAIN MOTION VOTE and No Amendment and No Directive; and therefore referred the same to the BUDGET AND FINANCE COMMITTEE OF THE NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL

Respectfully Submitted,



Daniel E. Tso, Chairperson
Health, Education and Human Services Committee

September 02, 2020 - Main Motion

Motion by: Honorable Carl R. Slater

Seconded by: No Second

Vote: _ in favor; _ Opposed; Chairperson Not Voting

Yeas:

Nays:

Not Voting:

Absent (excused):

HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE
Special Meeting
September 02, 2020

Roll Call
Vote Tally Sheet

THE HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE OF THE NAVAJO NATION
COUNCIL to whom has been assigned;

LEGISLATION NO. 0201-20

AN ACTION RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, BUDGET AND FINANCE,
AND NAABIK'IYATI' COMMITTEES, AND NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL; ADDING ONE HUNDRED
SEVENTY-FIVE MILLION DOLLARS (\$175,000,000) TO THE CARES FUND HARSHIP
ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURE PLAN ENACTED BY CJY-67-20

(Note: Eligible for Committee Action August 26, 2020)

Sponsor: Honorable Eugenia Charles-Newton; Co-Sponsor: Honorable Vince James

Has had under consideration and report the same with the recommendation that
Legislation 01201-20 had **NO SECOND VOTE FOR THE MAIN MOTION VOTE** and No Amendment
and No Directive; and therefore referred the same to the **BUDGET AND FINANCE**
COMMITTEE OF THE NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL

September 02, 2020 - Main Motion

Motion by: Honorable Carl R. Slater

Seconded by: No Second

Vote: _ in favor; _ Opposed; Chairperson Not Voting

Yeas:


Nays:

Not Voting:

Absent (excused):



Daniel Tso, Chairperson
Health, Education and Human Services Committee



Beverly Martinez, Legislative Advisor
Health, Education and Human Services Committee

THE NAVAJO NATION
LEGISLATIVE BRANCH
INTERNET PUBLIC REVIEW SUMMARY

LEGISLATION NO.: 0201-20

SPONSOR: Honorable Eugenia Charles-Newton

TITLE: An Action Relating To Health Education And Human Services, Budget And Finance, And Naabik'iyáti' Committees, And The Navajo Nation Council; Adding One Hundred Seventy-Five Million Dollars (\$175,000,000) To The CARES Fund Hardship Assistance Expenditure Plan Enacted By CJY-67-20

Posted: August 20, 2020 at 6:11 PM

5 DAY Comment Period Ended: August 25, 2020

Digital Comments received:

Comments Supporting	1) Dilkon Chapter
Comments Opposing	<i>None</i>
Inconclusive Comments	<i>None</i>



Legislative Tracking Secretary
Office of Legislative Services

09/04/20 7:39pm

Date/Time




August 28, 2020

MEMORANDUM

TO : Navajo Nation Office of President and Vice-President
Nez-Lizer Administration
100 Parkway
Post Office Box 7440
Window Rock, AZ 86515

Navajo Nation Council - Office of the Speaker
Honorable Speaker Seth Damon
P.O. Box 3390
Window Rock, Arizona 86515

FROM : 
Elmer P. Begay, Council Delegate
Teesto, Dilkon, Indian Wells, White Cone, and Greasewood Springs
24th Navajo Nation Council
PO Box 3390
Window Rock, Arizona 86515

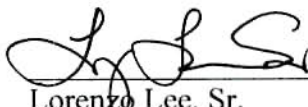
SUBJECT : Dilkon Chapter resolutions for the revised COVID-19 expenditure plan.

Dear Nez-Lizer Administration and Honorable Speaker Seth Damon,

The Dilkon Chapter government recently approved, adopted, and passed the following support Resolution, #DIL-2020-08-002, at Dilkon Chapter's duly called chapter meeting on August 24, 2020. Dilkon Chapter government submits these support resolutions to you.

Please accept these resolutions from Dilkon Chapter, so they can be added on to revised COVID-19 expenditure plan. Dilkon Chapter, and other Chapters across Navajo Nation, are in dire need of these CARES Act funding to help fulfill the urgent needs of our communities. If you should have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact to me.

Concurred by:


Lorenzo Lee, Sr.
Dilkon Chapter President

xc: Christopher Bahe, OP/VP

Elmer F. Begay, Council Delegate
Lorenzo Lee, Sr., President
Felix Tsinjinnie, Vice President
Elizabeth Yazzie, Secretary Treasurer
Jonathan Manygoats, Grazing Committee Officer
Marge Barton, Chapter Manager
Charmayne Billie, Administrative Assistant

DILKON CHAPTER

HCR 63 BOX E • WINSLOW, AZ • 86047

August 21, 2020

THE NAVAJO NATION

Jonathan Nez
PRESIDENT

Myron Lizer
VICE PRESIDENT

Navajo Nation Office of the President and Vice-President
24th Navajo Nation Council & Department of Community Development
RE: Cares Fund Act Expenditure Plan Fund Request

Dear Honorable Leaders,

The Dilkon Chapter respectfully submits the attached resolution and attachments for your review and approval. This is also per request by Dr. Pearl Yellowman, Executive Director of the Division of Community Development during the District 7 Chapters Coordination Meeting on August 20, 2020.

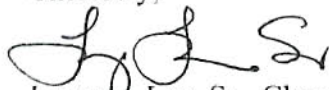
The John's Draw Electrical Extension Project has 24 families who are listed to receive power to their homes. Dilkon Chapter was successful in obtaining funds for the planning and Right of Way (ROW) clearances. We were again successful in obtaining construction funds from the State of Arizona Indian Community Development Block Grant. This project is ready for construction by the Navajo Tribal Utility Authority (NTUA).

During the declared state of emergency on the Navajo Nation, the leadership of Dilkon Chapter completed home visit to help community members. All homes were visited and extra help was provided to families who were suffering from the effects of COVID-19. Food, water, bottled water, cleaning supplies, sanitizers, firewood and filled propane bottles were distributed by Dilkon Chapter.

The John's Draw area of Dilkon Chapter was in tremendous need due to lack of running water, waste water disposal and electricity. This need caused cases of COVID-19 within the area. The Dilkon Chapter and Navajo Nation Community Health Representatives worked cooperatively to assist the families providing temporary solutions, such as: supplying 275 gallon water tanks and water so the families would be able to wash their hands, clean and sanitize their homes. It is unfortunate that 71% of the families are low income and unable to repair or rehab their homes. 60% are unemployed and 25% are elders who are vulnerable and high risk to combat the virus.

The Dilkon Chapter completed home assessments of the 24 homes with the assistance of a local general contractor, Barton Southwest Builders, Inc. There are several local electricians and plumbers available as well as carpenters and laborers to develop several teams to work simultaneously. Concrete workers are available to complete concrete floor for modular homes and carpenters to finish them up. Dilkon is not without skilled craftsmen. A scope of work and cost estimates were determined and attached to our request. Dilkon Chapter discussed the project schedule with the contractor and confident the plans will be completed by December 31, 2020.

Sincerely,



Lorenzo Lee, Sr., Chapter President

RESOLUTION NUMBER: DIL-2020-08-001

RESOLUTION OF THE DILKON CHAPTER OF THE NAVAJO NATION

APPROVING AND REQUESTING THE OFFICE OF THE NAVAJO NATION PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT, THE NAVAJO NATION 24TH COUNCIL AND THE NAVAJO NATION DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT TO FUND THE HOME RENOVATION, HOME REHABILITATION, HOUSE WIRING, INSTALLATION OF CISTERNS AND SEPTIC TANKS, AND NEW HOME CONSTRUCTION COST FOR FAMILIES LIVING WITHIN THE JOHN'S DRAW AREA OF DILKON CHAPTER FROM THE NAVAJO NATION CARES FUND ACT EXPENDITURE PLAN, IN THE AMOUNT OF THREE MILLION, THREE HUNDRED THIRTY-NINE THOUSAND DOLLARS (\$3,339,000.00)

WHEREAS:

1. Pursuant to 26 N.N.C. Section 3 (A) the Dilkon Chapter is a duly recognized certified chapter of the Navajo Nation Government, as listed at 11 N.N.C., part 1, section 10; and
2. Pursuant to 26 N.N.C. Section 1 (B) Dilkon Chapter is vested with the authority to review all matters affecting the community and make appropriate requests to the Navajo Nation and other agencies for appropriate actions; and
3. The Dilkon Chapter John's Draw area do not have infrastructure for water, waste water and electricity; and
4. There are 24 families who are part of the John's Draw Powerline Extension Project. The Dilkon Chapter obtained a planning grant from the Sihasin Funds and construction funds from the State of Arizona Community Development Block Grant (CDBG); and
5. The Navajo Tribal Utility Authority (NTUA) is in the process of securing the funds to start the construction of the powerline extension; and
6. The CDBG provides funds to expand public utility services to low income families, which include the Navajo Nation. The majority of the families residing within the John's Draw area of Dilkon Chapter are of low to no income status; and
7. The Dilkon Chapter does not have funds to assist and the families have received little to no housing assistance for the past 50 years to prepare their homes for electrical connection; and
8. 9 homes are in desperate need of rehabilitation, 6 families are living in overcrowded conditions in aged small sheds, trailers, houses and hogans that are old or dilapidated and need replacement. 9 homes are in need of bathroom addition, cistern & septic installation and NTUA requirements however in better good condition for electrical connections at this time; and
9. There are 16 families residing within the John's Draw area that are not on the Powerline Extension Project who are also in need of housing repair and rehabilitation. 10 families live with family members in overcrowded or unsafe and unsanitary conditions who need complete homes. The cost of these homes are not included in this cost.

THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED THAT:

Dilkon Chapter approves and request the Office of the Navajo Nation President and Vice-President, the Navajo Nation 24th Council and the Navajo Nation Department of Community Development to fund the home rehabilitation, bathroom addition, house wiring, installation of cisterns and septic tanks, and new home construction cost for families living within the John's Draw area of Dilkon Chapter from the Navajo Nation Cares Fund Act Expenditure Plan, in the amount of One Million, Three Hundred Thirty-Nine Dollars (\$1,339,000.00)

CERTIFICATION

The Dilkon Chapter hereby approves the foregoing resolution was considered by the Dilkon Chapter at a duly called meeting in Dilkon, Navajo Nation, Arizona at which a quorum was present and that the same was passed by a vote of 3 in favor, 0 opposed, and 1 abstained, the 13th day of August, 2020.

Motion By: Felix Tsinijinnie

Second By: Elizabeth Yazzie

Lorenzo Lee, Sr., Chapter President, Presiding Official

JOHN'S DRAW POWERLINE EXTENSION PROJECT HOUSING NEEDS ASSESSMENT FOR REHAB WORK

1. – Widowed elderly parent living with two daughters and their children. Home is 40 years old with a cistern and septic system that no longer work. Home needs renovation to repair their bathroom and kitchen, replace cistern and septic systems and install service box on home. It also needs complete house wiring and plumbing work. The ADA bathroom renovation will include moving of wall to accommodate elder. Kitchen needs to be upgraded and appliances installed. Upgrade doors and windows.
2. – Young couple with child living in a small framed home with incomplete porch. Complete interior and exterior renovation to add bathroom and bedroom. Complete house wiring and plumbing work needed. Upgrade windows, complete fascia and porch area. Septic and cistern systems and service box needed.
3. – Young couple with child living in small shed home with no insulation, bathroom, or bedroom. Home needs wiring and plumbing, insulation, tape & texture, paint, bathroom addition, septic and cistern installation. NTUA says home is unfeasible for electrical connection. Recommend new home construction however can be completed as stated.
4. – Elderly couple living in 50 year old home that was renovated before however still needs complete house wiring and plumbing work. Interior renovation work to upgrade windows, doors and ADA bathroom addition. Kitchen needs to be upgraded to include appliances. Cistern & septic installation and meter loop needs to be upgraded per NTUA.
5. – Grandmother and grandchildren living in an unfinished home that needs tape & texture, paint and finish work, bathroom addition, wiring and plumbing, cistern and septic installation needed. NTUA is requiring a service pole.
6. – Elderly male with medical condition and under doctor's care. His sister helps him with household work and cooks for him. The home needs complete house wiring, plumbing work, ADA bathroom addition and kitchen upgrade. Needs cistern & septic installation and service pole per NTUA.
7. – Elderly female living with daughter and her family in unfinished home. Complete house wiring and plumbing work needed. Renovation of home to include ceiling repair, upgrade windows and doors, replace floor, roofing, shingles, siding, ADA bathroom addition and appliances. Cistern & septic installation and service box needed.

8. _____ – Adult couple and her brother living in Hogan that was recently renovated yet needs complete bathroom addition, cistern & septic installation and service pole.
9. _____ – Recently widowed female living in incomplete home that needs complete interior work to include: tape & texture work, painting, finish work, and flooring. Complete exterior work to include painting, porch and concrete work. NTUA states 100 amp and meter loop however may need 200 amp due to size.

Cost - \$1,364,000.00

JOHN'S DRAW POWERLINE EXTENSION PROJECT
HOUSING NEEDS ASSESSMENT FOR NEW HOME CONSTRUCTION

1. – Young couple with 3 children living in unfinished shed with no permanent foundation. Bathroom and bedroom addition, cistern and septic installation needed. NTUA considers unfeasible. New home construction (3 br) is recommended.
2. – Mother, 2 sons and their spouses and children live in old trailer in an overcrowded unsafe and unsanitary condition. Some electrical work to repair shortage in home and service pole required by NTUA. Bathroom addition, cistern & septic installation needed. New home construction (3 br) is recommended.
3. – Elderly man with medical conditions and uses wheel chair or cane to get around. Home is a dilapidated railroad ties constructed small building. Highly recommend new home construction (2 br). NTUA considers home is unfeasible for electrical connection.
4. – Adult parents living with two adult children and their grandchildren in an old dilapidated home. Floor is sinking and separating the wall from the ceiling showing a 6" gap. 8 living in this overcrowded and unsafe home. NTUA states circuit breakers need upgrading. Highly recommend new home construction (3 br).
5. – Recently widowed mother with medical conditions living with her 3 children in a dilapidated home. NTUA states home is unfeasible to connect for electricity. Highly recommend new home construction (3 br).
6. – Adult couple living with their 2 adult children and grandchildren in an overcrowded mobile home. Electrical shortage in the back room needs work, cistern & septic installation and service pole required by NTUA. Recommending new home construction (3 br).

New Home Cost (3 bedroom)	$\$255,000 \times 5 = \$1,275,000.00$
New Home Cost (2 bedroom)	$\$190,000 \times 1 = \$190,000.00$
Total	$\$1,465,000.00$

JOHN'S DRAW POWERLINE EXTENSION PROJECT
HOUSING NEEDS ASSESSMENT FOR BATHROOM ADDITION & NTUA
REQUIREMENTS

1. – Adult couple living in Hogan that is house wired. Bathroom addition and plumbing, cistern and septic installation and service pole needed per NTUA.
2. – Family living in Hogan that needs bathroom addition, wiring and plumbing, cistern and septic installation needed. NTUA requiring a service pole.
3. – Recently widowed grandmother living with son, his wife and children in a mobile home that is in good condition. Cistern & septic installation, 200 amp and service pole needed per NTUA.
4. – Young couple living in shed that is renovated and wired. Bathroom addition, cistern & septic installation and service pole needed.
5. – Family living in framed home that needs bathroom addition, cistern & septic installation and service pole per NTUA.
6. – Mother and son living in small trailer. Bathroom addition, cistern & septic installation needed. NTUA requires a service pole.
7. – Adult couple living in Hogan that is wired but needs plumbing, bathroom addition, cistern & septic installation, painting work and move meter loop to service pole per NTUA.
8. – Adult couple living in home that needs plumbing work, roofing and painting. Cistern & septic and NTUA is requiring 200 amp service box.
9. – Adult couple living in home that needs plumbing work, painting and skirting of home. NTUA states home is ready for connection.

Cost: \$510,000.00

Date: January 9, 2020

[illegible]

RESOLUTION NUMBER: DIL-2020-08-002

RESOLUTION OF THE DILKON CHAPTER OF THE NAVAJO NATION

APPROVING AND REQUESTING THE OFFICE OF THE NAVAJO NATION PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT, THE NAVAJO NATION 24TH COUNCIL AND THE NAVAJO NATION DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT TO FUND THE HOME REHABILITATION, HOUSE WIRING, INSTALLATION OF CISTERNS AND SEPTIC TANKS, AND NEW HOME CONSTRUCTION COST FOR FAMILIES LIVING WITHIN THE JOHN'S DRAW AREA OF DILKON CHAPTER FROM THE NAVAJO NATION CARES FUND ACT EXPENDITURE PLAN, IN THE AMOUNT OF THREE MILLION, THREE HUNDRED THIRTY-NINE THOUSAND DOLLARS (\$3,339,000.00)

+

WHEREAS:

1. Pursuant to 26 N.N.C. Section 3 (A) the Dilkon Chapter is a duly recognized certified chapter of the Navajo Nation Government, as listed at 11 N.N.C., part 1, section 10; and
2. Pursuant to 26 N.N.C. Section 1 (B) Dilkon Chapter is vested with the authority to review all matters affecting the community and make appropriate requests to the Navajo Nation and other agencies for appropriate actions; and
3. The World Health Organization (WHO) declared a public health emergency of international concern related to the outbreak of the coronavirus (COVID-19), a highly contagious and fatal respiratory virus on January 30, 2020. The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services declared a public health emergency related to COVID-19 outbreak on January 31, 2020. The WHO declared a global pandemic due to COVID-19 on March 11, 2020; and
4. Navajo Nation President Jonathan Nez declared a Public Health State of Emergency on the Navajo Nation on March 11, 2020 due to COVID-19 and since have 9,519 confirmed COVID-19 cases and 487 COVID-related deaths on the Navajo Nation; and
5. The Southwest Navajo Nation is served by the Winslow Indian Health Services who reports 454 confirmed COVID-19 cases, 21% of the total Navajo Nation cases. The death rate calculated at 19% is 92 deaths; and
6. The Dilkon Chapter John's Draw area have confirmed cases however do not have infrastructure for water, waste water and electricity to follow the Center for Disease Control (CDC) requirements to wash hands often, to clean and disinfect frequently is difficult when you have no clean water or waste water systems; and
7. 24 families are part of the John's Draw Powerline Extension Project. The Dilkon Chapter obtained a planning grant from the Sihasin Funds and construction funds from the State of Arizona Indian Community Development Block Grant (ICDBG) to bring electricity to the homes however the lack of water infrastructure, safe and sanitary homes has become a health concern for the 24 families since the declaration of the public health emergency to prevent the increase of COVID-19 within Southwest Navajo Nation and the community of Dilkon; and
8. 71% of the 24 families are low income, 60% are unemployed, 25% are headed by elderly head of household, 13% are considered handicapped and 13% are

- Veterans. The data show the families are in the high risk category and vulnerable to Covid-19; and
9. There are 28 school children who attend schools in the local school districts that need infrastructure to aid their education. None of the families have received housing assistance to prepare their homes for electrical connection; and
 10. 9 homes are in desperate need of housing rehabilitation, cistern & septic installation, 6 families are living in overcrowded conditions in aged small sheds, trailers, houses and Hogan that are old or dilapidated and need replacement with cistern & septic installation. 9 homes are in need of bathroom additions, cistern & septic installation and NTUA requirements however in better condition for electrical connections; and
 11. The expenditures are necessary due to the public health emergency with respect to COVID-19; and
 12. The expenditures are not accounted for in the tribal budget most recently approved as of March 27, 2020; and
 13. The expenditures will be incurred from March 1, 2020 through December 30, 2020.

THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED THAT:

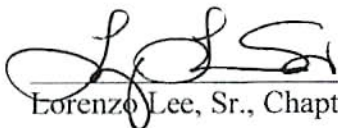
Dilkon Chapter approves and request the Office of the Navajo Nation President and Vice-President, the Navajo Nation 24th Council and the Navajo Nation Department of Community Development to fund the home rehabilitation, bathroom addition, house wiring, installation of cisterns and septic tanks, and new home construction cost for families living within the John's Draw area of Dilkon Chapter from the Navajo Nation Cares Fund Act Expenditure Plan, in the amount of Three Million, Three Hundred Thirty-Nine Dollars (\$3,339,000.00)

CERTIFICATION

The Dilkon Chapter hereby approves the foregoing resolution was considered by the Dilkon Chapter at a duly called meeting in Dilkon, Navajo Nation, Arizona at which a quorum was present and that the same was passed by a vote of 3 in favor, 0 opposed, and 1 abstained, the 13th day of August, 2020.

Motion By: Felix Tsinijinnie

Second By: Elizabeth Yazzie



Lorenzo Lee, Sr., Chapter President, Presiding Official

JOHN'S DRAW POWERLINE EXTENSION PROJECT HOUSING NEEDS ASSESSMENT FOR REHAB WORK

1. – Widowed elderly parent living with two daughters and their children. Home is 40 years old with a cistern and septic system that no longer work. Home needs renovation to repair their bathroom and kitchen, replace cistern and septic systems and install service box on home. It also needs complete house wiring and plumbing work. The ADA bathroom renovation will include moving of wall to accommodate elder. Kitchen needs to be upgraded and appliances installed. Upgrade doors and windows.
2. – Young couple with child living in a small framed home with incomplete porch. Complete interior and exterior renovation to add bathroom and bedroom. Complete house wiring and plumbing work needed. Upgrade windows, complete fascia and porch area. Septic and cistern systems and service box needed.
3. – Young couple with child living in small shed home with no insulation, bathroom, or bedroom. Home needs wiring and plumbing, insulation, tape & texture, paint, bathroom addition, septic and cistern installation. NTUA says home is unfeasible for electrical connection. Recommend new home construction however can be completed as stated.
4. – Elderly couple living in 50 year old home that was renovated before however still needs complete house wiring and plumbing work. Interior renovation work to upgrade windows, doors and ADA bathroom addition. Kitchen needs to be upgraded to include appliances. Cistern & septic installation and meter loop needs to be upgraded per NTUA.
5. – Grandmother and grandchildren living in an unfinished home that needs tape & texture, paint and finish work, bathroom addition, wiring and plumbing, cistern and septic installation needed. NTUA is requiring a service pole.
6. – Single elderly male with medical condition and under doctor's care lives alone in small wood framed house. His sister helps him with household work and cooks for him. The home needs complete house wiring, plumbing work, ADA bathroom addition and kitchen upgrade. Needs cistern & septic installation and service pole per NTUA.
7. – Elderly female living with daughter and her family in unfinished home. Complete house wiring and plumbing work needed. Renovation of home to include ceiling repair, upgrade windows and doors, replace floor, roofing, shingles, siding, ADA bathroom addition and appliances. Cistern & septic installation and service box needed.

8. – Adult couple and her brother living in Hogan that was recently renovated yet needs complete bathroom addition, cistern & septic installation and service pole.
9. – Recently widowed female living in incomplete home that needs complete interior work to include: tape & texture work, painting, finish work, and flooring. Complete exterior work to include painting, porch and concrete work. NTUA states 100 amp and meter loop however may need 200 amp due to size.

Cost - \$1,314,000.00

JOHN'S DRAW POWERLINE EXTENSION PROJECT HOUSING NEEDS ASSESSMENT FOR NEW HOME CONSTRUCTION

1. – Young couple with 3 children living in unfinished shed with no permanent foundation, insulation and finish work. Needs bathroom and bedroom addition, cistern and septic installation and complete wiring & plumbing. NTUA considers unfeasible. New home construction (3 br) is recommended.
2. – Elderly mother other, 2 sons and their spouses and children live in old trailer in an overcrowded unsafe and unsanitary condition. Some electrical work to repair shortage in home and service pole required by NTUA. Bathroom addition, cistern & septic installation needed. New home construction (3 br) is recommended.
3. – Elderly man with medical conditions and uses wheel chair or cane to get around. Home is a dilapidated railroad ties constructed small building. Highly recommend new home construction (2 br). NTUA considers home is unfeasible for electrical connection.
4. – Adult parents living with two adult children and their grandchildren in an old 50 year old dilapidated home. Floor is sinking and wall is separating from the ceiling showing a 6" gap. 8 family members living in this overcrowded and unsafe home. NTUA states circuit breakers need upgrading. Highly recommend new home construction (3 br).
5. – Recently widowed mother with medical conditions living with her 3 children in a dilapidated home, made of railroad ties and logs. Home has low ceiling and patched on the inside with cardboard. NTUA states home is unfeasible to connect for electricity. Highly recommend new home construction (3 br).
6. – Adult couple living with their 2 adult children and grandchildren in an overcrowded small mobile home. Electrical shortage in the back room needs work, cistern & septic installation and service pole required by NTUA. Recommending new home construction (3 br).

New Home Cost (3 bedroom)	$\$280,000 \times 5 = \$1,400,000.00$
New Home Cost (2 bedroom)	$\$215,000 \times 1 = \$215,000.00$
Total	$\$1,615,000.00$

Cost includes cistern & septic installation and NTUA requirements

**JOHN'S DRAW POWERLINE EXTENSION PROJECT
HOUSING NEEDS ASSESSMENT FOR BATHROOM ADDITION & NTUA
REQUIREMENTS**

1. – Adult couple living in Hogan that is house wired. Bathroom addition and plumbing, cistern and septic installation and service pole needed per NTUA.
2. – Family living in Hogan that needs bathroom addition, wiring and plumbing, cistern and septic installation needed. NTUA requiring a service pole.
3. – Recently widowed grandmother living with son, his wife and children in a mobile home that is in good condition. Cistern & septic installation, 200 amp and service pole needed per NTUA.
4. – Young couple living in shed that is renovated and wired. Bathroom addition, cistern & septic installation and service pole needed.
5. – Family living in framed home that needs bathroom addition, cistern & septic installation and service pole per NTUA.
6. – Mother and son living in small trailer. Bathroom addition, cistern & septic installation needed. NTUA requires a service pole.
7. – Adult couple living in Hogan that is wired but needs plumbing work, bathroom addition, cistern & septic installation, painting work and to move meter loop to service pole per NTUA.
8. – Adult couple living in home that needs plumbing work, roofing repair and painting. Cistern & septic and NTUA is requiring 200 amp service box.
9. – Adult couple living in home that needs plumbing work, painting and skirting of home. NTUA states home is ready for connection.

Cost: \$410,000.00

24th NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL

Second Year 2020

Mr. Speaker:

The **BUDGET & FINANCE COMMITTEE** to whom has been assigned

NAVAJO LEGISLATIVE BILL # 0201-20:

An Action Relating to Health, Education and Human Services, Budget and Finance, and Naabikiyati Committees, and the Navajo Nation Council; Adding One Hundred Seventy-five Million Dollars (\$175,000,000) to the CARES Fund Hardship Assistance Expenditure Plan Enacted by CJY-67-20 *Sponsored by Eugenia Charles-Newton and Vince James, Council Delegates*

has had it under consideration and reports the same with the recommendation that It **Do Pass** with 3 amendments.

1. Exhibit 2, page 1: at the end of the first full paragraph, after “person” insert over the age of 18 years as of March 1, 2020 and five hundred dollars (\$500) per person under the age of 18 years as of March 1, 2020.

Amendment 1 Motion: Amber K. Crotty Second: Jimmy Yellowhair Vote: 4-0 Yeas: Jimmy Yellowhair, Amber K. Crotty, Nathaniel Brown, Raymond Smith, Jr.; Elmer P. Begay not voting

2. Exhibit 2, page 1, 1st paragraph, line 4: delete ~~Navajo tribal members~~ and insert enrolled Navajo tribal members
Exhibit 2, page 1: at the end of the first full paragraph, insert Emergency financial assistance under this Expenditure Plan shall not be income based or restricted.

Amendment 2 Motion: Amber K. Crotty Second: Jimmy Yellowhair Vote 4-0 Yeas: Jimmy Yellowhair, Raymond Smith, Amber K. Crotty, Nathaniel Brown; Elmer P. Begay not voting

3. On page 4, line 8, after “Exhibit 2” insert, , including the clarification that the Executive Branch entity receiving the funding and administration responsibilities through the Office of the President and Vice-President shall be the Office of the Controller

[technical amendment] On page 7, line 14, delete ~~Chapter Distribution~~ and insert Hardship Assistance

Exhibit 2, page 1: under the section labeled ADMINISTRATOR OF FUNDS, delete ~~Office of the President and Vice-President~~ and insert Office of the Controller;

Exhibit 2, page 2, first full paragraph: delete ~~Health, Education, and Human Services Committee (HEHSC)~~ and insert Budget and Finance Committee (BFC); delete its submission to the Committee Chair for resolution sponsorship and insert recommendation of Health, Education and Human Services Committee.

Exhibit 2, page 2: under the section labeled MONITORING, delete ~~Office of the President and Vice-President~~ and insert Office of the Controller

Exhibit 2, page 2: under the section labeled MEANS OF FUNDING, delete ~~designated Executive Branch division~~ and insert Office of the Controller

Exhibit 2, page 2, under the section labeled AFFIRMATION OF ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT, delete ~~Executive Branch~~ and insert Office of the Controller

The Office of the Legislative Counsel and Office of Legislative Services shall revise Exhibit 2 and the Hardship Assistance Expenditure Plan as necessary to account for the amendments made

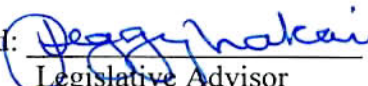
The Office of Legislative Services shall re-number and re-letter as necessary.

Amendment 3 Motion: Amber K. Crotty Second: Jimmy Yellowhair Vote: 4-0 Yeas: Jimmy Yellowhair, Raymond Smith, Jr., Amber K. Crotty, Nathaniel Brown; Elmer P. Begay not voting

And, therefore referred to the **NAABIKIYATI** Committee

Respectfully submitted,


Jamie Henio, Chairman

Adopted:  Legislative Advisor Not Adopted: _____
Legislative Advisor Legislative Advisor

15 September 2020

The vote was **4** in favor **0** opposed yeas :Jimmy Yellowhair, Raymond Smith, Jr., Amber K. Crotty, Nathaniel Brown; Elmer P. Begay not voting:
Main Motion: Jimmy Yellowhair
Second: Nathaniel Brown

BUDGET AND FINANCE COMMITTEE

15 September 2020

Regular Meeting

VOTE TALLY SHEET:

Legislation No. 0201-20: An Action Relating to Health, Education and Human Services, Budget and Finance, and Naabikiyati Committees, and the Navajo Nation Council; Adding One Hundred Seventy-five Million Dollars (\$175,000,000) to the CARES Fund Hardship Assistance Expenditure Plan Enacted by CJY-67-20 Sponsored by Eugenia Charles-Newton and Vince James, Council Delegates

Motion: Jimmy Yellowhair


Second: Nathaniel Brown

Vote: 4-0, Chairman and Elmer P. Begay not voting with 3 amendments

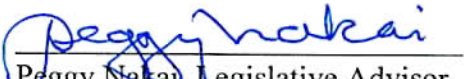
Final Vote Tally:

Jamie Henio		
Jimmy Yellowhair	yea	
Raymond Smith Jr.	yea	
Elmer P. Begay		
Amber K. Crotty	yea	
Nathaniel Brown	yea	

Absent: Elmer P. Begay



Jamie Henio, Chairman
Budget & Finance Committee



Peggy Nakai, Legislative Advisor
Budget & Finance Committee

THE NAVAJO NATION
LEGISLATIVE BRANCH
INTERNET PUBLIC REVIEW SUMMARY

LEGISLATION NO.: 0201-20

SPONSOR: Honorable Eugenia Charles-Newton

TITLE: An Action Relating To Health Education And Human Services, Budget And Finance, And Naabik'iyáti' Committees, And The Navajo Nation Council; Adding One Hundred Seventy-Five Million Dollars (\$175,000,000) To The CARES Fund Hardship Assitance Expenditure Plan Enacted By CJY-67-20

Posted: August 20, 2020 at 6:11 PM

5 DAY Comment Period Ended: August 25, 2020

Digital Comments received:

Comments Supporting	1) Ganado Chapter
Comments Opposing	<i>None</i>
Inconclusive Comments	1) Fort Defiance Agency Council



Legislative Tracking Secretary
Office of Legislative Services

09/22/20 6:35pm
Date/Time

GANADO CHAPTER

Willie Tracey Jr., Chapter Manager
Cindy L. James, Administrative Assistant
Larry Tsoisic, Projects Supervisor
Esther Kirk, Office Assistant



Marcarlo Roanhorse, President
Walter Jones, Vice-President
Richie Nez, Sr., Secretary/Treasurer
Vince R. James, Council Delegate
Dickerson Smith, Grazing Official

Post Office Box 188 Ganado, Arizona 86505

Telephone: (928) 755-5920

Facsimile: (928) 755-5927

Email: ganado@navajochapter.org

RESOLUTION No. GAN-243-2020

RESOLUTION OF THE GANADO CHAPTER

Respectfully Supporting the Proposed Navajo Nation Council Resolution, Tracking No. 0201-20 AN ACTION RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEES, AND THE NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL; ADDING ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY-FIVE MILLION DOLLARS (\$175,000,000) TO THE CARES FUND HARDSHIP ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURE PLAN ENACTED BY CJY-67-20

WHEREAS;

1. The Ganado Chapter is a duly certified local governing entity recognized by the Navajo Nation Council through 11 N.N.C. § 10(A), to advocate and address the needs and development of the local people to interact with other departments of the Navajo Nation, federal and local agencies which serve and affect the Navajo Nation; and
2. The Ganado Chapter is a Governance Certified Chapter of the Navajo Nation vested authority under 26 N.N.C. § 101 et. seq; and
3. Ganado Chapter is aware that World Health Organization (WHO) declared a Public Health Emergency of International Concern related to the outbreak of coronavirus (COVID-19), a highly contagious and sometimes fatal respiratory virus, on January 30, 2020; the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services declared a Public Health Emergency related to the COVID-19 outbreak on January 31, 2020; and the WHO declared a global pandemic due to COVID-19 on March 11, 2020; and
4. Ganado Chapter is aware that the Navajo Nation Commission on Emergency Management with the concurrence of the Navajo Nation President declared a Public Health State of Emergency on the Navajo Nation on March 11, 2020 due to COVID-19., Resolution No. CEM 20-03-11. The Navajo Nation Department of Health subsequently issued numerous Public Health Emergency Orders. Public Health Orders 2020-001 through 2020-014 are incorporated by reference into this resolution; and
5. Ganado Chapter has been informed that as of August 18, 2020, the Navajo Nation Health Command Operations Center has confirmed 9,486 COVID-19 cases and 484 COVID-related deaths on the Navajo Nation; and

RESOLUTION GAN-243-2020

Page 2

6. Ganado Chapter has aware that U.S. Congress on March 27, 2020 enacted the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, Public Law No. 116-136, 134 Stat. 283 (2020)(the "CARES Act"), which at Title V, §5001, entitled "Coronavirus Relief Funds", attached as Exhibit 1-A, sets aside \$8 billion in emergency aid for Tribal governments for the COVID-19 pandemic, and

7. Ganado Chapter has been informed that CARES Act provides the Coronavirus Relief Fund shall be used to cover only those costs that;

- a. Are necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency with respect to COVID-19;
- b. Are not accounted for in the Tribal budget most recently approved as of March 27, 2020; and
- c. Are incurred from march 1, 2020 through December 30, 2020.

8. Ganado Chapter is aware that as of June 30, 2020, the Navajo Nation has received \$714,189,631.47 as the Navajo Nation's share of the U.S. Treasury's initial distributions of the Coronavirus Relief Fund; and

9. Ganado Chapter has been informed that the Navajo Nation has determined that immediately providing funding to Navajo Nation Chapters to combat the effects of COVID-19 and mitigate the future spread at the community level is vital in sustaining a comprehensive response to the COVID-19 public health emergency and mitigating the effects of the pandemic; and

10. Ganado Chapter recognizes the purpose of the Navajo Nation CARES Hardship Assistance Expenditure Plan enacted through Navajo Nation Council Resolution CJY-67-20, was to immediately provide emergency financial assistance to Navajo tribal members for purchasing Personal Protective Equipment, paying past due utility bills, rent, mortgages, isolation expenses, livestock-related expenses, education-related expenses and other financial burdens created by the COVID-19 pandemic and public health emergency orders; and

11. Ganado Chapter has been informed that CJY-67-20 allocated only \$1,000 to the Hardship Assistance Expenditure Plan; Navajo Nation Leadership has determined that amount of funding is inadequate to address caused financial devastation faced by Navajo families and individuals and believes it is necessary to increase that funding to \$175,000,000.

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED THAT;

1. Ganado Chapter is respectfully supporting the proposed Navajo Nation Council Resolution, Tracking No. 0201-20 AN ACTION RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEES, AND THE NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL; ADDING ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY-FIVE MILLION DOLLARS (\$175,000,000) TO THE CARES FUND HARDSHIP ASSISTANCE EXPENDITURE PLAN ENACTED BY CJY-67-20; and

GANADO CHAPTER

Willie Tracey Jr., Chapter Manager
Cindy L. James, Administrative Assistant
Larry T sosie, Projects Supervisor
Esther Kirk, Office Assistant



Marcarlo Roanhorse, President
Walter Jones, Vice-President
Richie Nez, Sr., Secretary/Treasurer
Vince R. James, Council Delegate
Dickerson Smith, Grazing Official

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Email: ganado@navajochapter.org

RESOLUTION GAN-243-2020

Page 3

2. Ganado Chapter also is hereby respectfully requesting Hon. Jonathan Nez, President of the Navajo Nation to endorse this initiative to accommodate the survival needs of the Navajo People; and

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was duly considered by the Ganado Chapter at a duly called meeting at Ganado, Navajo Nation, Arizona, at which a quorum was present and that same passed by a vote of 17 in favor, 0 opposed and 1 abstained on this 15th day of September, 2020.

MOTION by: Steven Kee

SECOND by: Richie Nez, Sr.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Marcarlo Roanhorse".

Marcarlo Roanhorse, Chapter President
GANADO CHAPTER

ATTEST:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Richie Nez".
Richie Nez Sr., Secretary/Treasurer
GANADO CHAPTER

FORT DEFIANCE AGENCY COUNCIL
NAVAJO NATION

Linda Youvella, President
Shawnevan Dale, Vice President
Francis Lester, Secretary
(Host), Sergeant-At-Arm



District 17 Council
District 17 Council
District 07 Council
Chapter President

RESOLUTION OF THE FORT DEFIANCE AGENCY COUNCIL

Resolution No: FDAC-09-20-

Respectfully Supporting the Ganado Fire District in Requesting the 24th Navajo Nation Council to Appropriate \$3 Million from the CARES Act Fund for First Responders Operations, Maintenance & Management During the COVID-19 Uncertainty Times

WHEREAS;

1. The Fort Defiance Agency Council encompass twenty-seven (27) of 110 Chapters officially recognized Navajo Nation communities, they are Cornfields, Coyote Canyon, Crystal, Dilkon, Fort Defiance, Ganado, Houck, Indian Wells, Jeddito, Kinlichee, Klagetoh, Low Mountain, Lower Greasewood, Lupton, Mexican Springs, Naschitti, Nahata Dzil, Oak Springs, Red Lake #18, Sawmill, St. Michaels, Steamboat, Teesto, Tohatchi, Twin Lakes, Whitecone and Wide Ruins; and

2. The Fort Defiance Agency Council serves as a local governing body to address local community needs, analyze, and recommend consensus effective and efficient plan of ~~action(s) to the Navajo Nation, County, State and/or Federal government; and~~

3. The Fort Defiance Agency Council comprise of elected Chapter Officials, Governance Commissioners, Grazing Officials, Land / Farm Board, School Board Members and Board of Election Supervisors; and

4. The Fort Defiance Agency Council is aware that the Navajo Nation Commission on Emergency Management with the concurrence of the Navajo Nation President declared a Public Health State of Emergency on March 11, 2020 (CEM-20-03-11 attached); and

5. The Fort Defiance Agency Council is aware that this COVID-19 pandemic certainly has brought much concerns with a heavy heart and mind amongst our community membership unexpectedly, many of our family members, relatives, and neighbors have parish which causes a financial burden; and

6. The Fort Defiance Agency Council on numerous times has observed sincere empathy and compassion by the Ganado Fire District personnel in always being first responders during emergency times of uncertainty, they are the first on site to address local urgencies whether it's an elderly that has slip off a porch, an unforeseen vehicle accident, a home that caught on fire unexpectedly; and

7. The Fort Defiance Agency Council has witness the local small unit of Fire Fighters who were the first on site to combat the Wood Springs Fire, and continued to assist as deem necessary; and

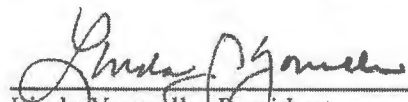
8. Ultimately, Ganado Fire District personnel has been overwhelm while constantly helping those that have been exposed to this COVID-19 pandemic virus, they put their own lives on the line while saving a life, without doubt District 17 Council hereby pleads with the 24th Navajo Nation Council to appropriate funds so they can continue to serve our people.

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED THAT:

The Fort Defiance Agency Council is respectfully supporting the Ganado Fire District in requesting the 24th Navajo Nation Council to appropriate \$3 Million from the CARES Act Fund for First Responders Operations, Maintenance & Management during the COVID-19 uncertainty times.

CERTIFICATION

We, hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was duly considered by and moved for adoption by Louise Nelson, Second by Sharon Smith, the Fort Defiance Agency Council at a duly called telecommunications meeting in accordance to Navajo Nation Council resolution CJY-66-20 Action Relating to an Emergency, Approving Meetings Through Telecommunications for Chapter subcommittees, Community Land Use Planning Committees, Agency, Regional and District Councils, Navajo Nation, Arizona, at which a quorum was present and that same passed by a vote of 16 in favor, 01 opposed and 01 abstained on this 12th day of September, 2020.


Linda Youvella, President
Fort Defiance Agency Council

Francis Lester (electronic signature)
Francis K. Lester, Secretary
Fort Defiance Agency Council

ABSENT

Shawnevan Dale, Presiding Chair/Vice-President
Fort Defiance Agency Council

24th NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEE REPORT Second Year 2020

The **NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEE** to whom has been assigned:

NAVAJO LEGISLATIVE BILL #0201-20

An Action Relating to Health Education and Human Services, Budget and Finance, and Naabik'íyáti' Committees, and the Navajo Nation Council; Adding One Hundred Seventy-Five Million Dollars (\$175,000,000) to the CARES Fund Hardship Assistance Expenditure Plan Enacted by CJY-67-20

Sponsored by: Honorable Eugenia Charles-Newton

Co-Sponsored by: Honorable Vince R. James

Has had it under consideration and reports the same that the legislation **PASSED AND IS REFERRED TO THE NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL.**

Respectfully Submitted,



*Honorable Seth Damon, Chairman
NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEE*

17 September 2020

MAIN MOTION

Motioned by: Honorable Otto Tso

Seconded by: Honorable Edmund Yazzie

Vote: 14 in Favor, 01 Opposed (Chairman Damon Not Voting)

NAVAJO NATION

664

Navajo Nation Naabikiyati Special Meeting

9/17/2020

07:30:50 PM

Amd# to Amd#	Legislation 0201-20: Adding One	PASSED
MOT Tso, O	Hundred Seventy-Five Million	
SEC Yazzie	Dollars (\$175,000,000) to the	
	CARES Fund Hardship Assistance..	

Yeas : 14

Nays : 1

Excused : 0

Not Voting : 8

Yea : 14

Begay, K	Freeland, M	Stewart, W	Tso, O
Begay, P	Halona, P	Tso, D	Wauneka, E
Charles-Newton	James, V	Tso, E	Yazzie
Crotty	Nez, R		

Nay : 1

Daniels

Excused : 0

Not Voting : 8

Begay, E	Henio, J	Smith	Walker, T
Brown	Slater, C	Tso, C	Yellowhair

Presiding Speaker: Damon