LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY SHEET

Tracking No. <u>0104-16</u>

DATE: April 1, 2016

TITLE OF RESOLUTION: AN ACTION RELATING TO LAW AND ORDER, RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEES AND NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL; AMENDING NAVAJO NATION CODE, TITLE 19: NAVAJO NATION CULTURAL RESOURCES PROTECTION ACT

PURPOSE: The resolution's purpose is to amend Navajo Nation Code, Title 19: Navajo Nation Cultural Resources Protection Act.

This written summary does not address recommended amendments as may be provided by the standing committees. The Office of Legislative Counsel requests each Council Delegate to review each proposed resolution in detail.

	LD PERIOD: Law & Order C	ommittee
	g Time/Date: 10 35pm 441110	THENCE
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Lingibile for Activ	PROPOSED NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL RESOLUTION	THENCE
2	23rd NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL Second Year, 2016	
3	INTRODUCED BY	Committee THENCE
4		
5	fonthe Littale Navajo Nat	ion Council
6	(Prime Sponsor)	
7	l l	
8	TRACKING NO. DIOY-14	
9		
10	AN ACT	
11	RELATING TO LAW AND ORDER, RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT,	
12	NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEES AND NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL; AMENDING	
13	NAVAJO NATION CODE, TITLE 19; NAVAJO NATION CULTURAL RESOURCES	
14	PROTECTION ACT	
15		
16	BE IT ENACTED:	
17	Section One. Authority.	
18	A. The Law and Order Committee of the Navajo Nation Council reviews and makes	
19	recommendations to the Navajo Nation Council proposed amendments to the Navajo	
20	Nation Code. 2 N.N.C. § 601(B)(14) (2012).	
21	B. The Resources and Development Committee of the Navajo Nation Council exercises	
22	oversight authority over cultural resources and reviews and makes recommendations to	
23	the Navajo Nation Council for final approval of all other resolutions requiring Navajo	
24	Nation Council approval to accomplish or impact the Committees purposes. Id. at §§	
25	500(C) and 501(B)(4)(f).	
26	C. The Naabik'íyáti' Committee of the Navajo Nation Council reviews proposed legislation	
27	which requires final action by the Navajo Nation Council. Id. at § 164(A)(9)	
28	D. Enactments of positive law must be reviewed and approved by resolution by the Navajo	
29	Nation Council. Id. at § 164(A).	
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1	Se	ction Two. Findings.
2	A.	Diné Traditional Law declares and teaches that the Legislative Branch leaders shall enact
3		policies and laws to address the immediate and future needs of the Navajo Nation. 1.
4		N.N.C. §203(D) (2009).
5	В.	Diné Traditional Law declares and teaches that the Executive Branch leaders shall
6		implement the policies and laws enacted by the legislative branch. Id. at §203(C).
7	C.	Diné Customary Law declares and teaches that it is the right and freedom of. Id. at
8		§204(E).
9	D.	In addressing the immediate and future needs, the Navajo Nation identified nine priorities
10		for the Nation, which is in no particular order: infrastructure development and
11		improvement, economy, water rights, housing and public facility, education, human
12		services, governance, public safety and judicial, and natural resources. Navajo Nation
13		Three Branch Agreement, One Nation One Voice (July 20, 2015).
14	E.	Specifically a goal through Education is Diné Language and Cultural Preservation. Id.
15	F.	Native American tribal cultural items in the United States of American include ancestral
16		remains, funerary objects, sacred objects, and objects of cultural patrimony (hereinafter
17		"tribal cultural items"), these objects have ongoing historical, traditional, and/or cultural
18		importance central to a Native American group or culture itself, and therefore, cannot be
19		alienated, appropriated, or conveyed by any individual. PROTECT Patrimony
20		Resolution, H. Con. Res. 122, 114 th Cong. (2 nd Sess. 2016).
21	G.	Tribal cultural items are vital to tribal cultural survival and the maintenance of tribal
22		ways of life. Id.
23	H.	The nature and the description of tribal cultural items are sensitive and need to be treated
24		with respect and confidentiality. Id.
25	I.	Violators often export tribal cultural items overseas with the intent of evading Federal
26		and tribal laws. Id.
27	J.	In December 2014, the Naabik'íyáti' Committee Sacred Sites Sub-Committee decided to
28		send a delegation to Paris, France to retrieve seven Yei'bi'chei masks from Eve Auction
29		House in Paris, France. Alastair L. Bitsoi, Navajo delegation brings back Yei Bi Chei
30		masks from Paris, Navajo Times, Dec. 15, 2014, at navajotimes.

1	K. On March 22, 2016, the International Repatriation Project Director notified the Navajo
2	Nation that Eve Auction House in Paris, France will be having an auction on May 30,
3	2016 on American Indian, Pre-Columbian items. This is the same auction house that sold
4	the Yei'bi'chei masks in Dec. 2014. The auction catalog is not up on their website but the
5	Project Director suggests checking the site daily. Email from Honor Keeler, International
6	Repatriation Project Director, to listservs (March 22, 2016).
7	L. To protect the Navajo Nation's cultural resources, amending the Navajo Nation Cultural
8	Resources Act is in the Navajo Nation's best interest.
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10	Section Three. Amending Navajo Nation Code Title 19
11	The Navajo Nation amends the Navajo Nation Code, Title 19 as follows:
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14	Title 19. Parks and Monuments
15	Chapter 11. Navajo Nation Cultural Resources Act
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17	***
18	§ 1003. Definitions
19	As used throughout this Act, the term:
20	A. "Archaeology Department" means the Navajo Nation Archaeology Department.
21	B. "Building" means any structure made by man primarily to provide shelter.
22	C. "Cultural patrimony" means an object having ongoing historical, traditional, or cultural
23	importance central to the Navajo Nation, rather than property owned by an individual Navajo
24	member, and which therefore, cannot be alienated, appropriated, or conveyed by any individual
25	regardless of whether or not the individual is a member of the Navajo Nation and such object
26	shall have been considered inalienable by the Navajo Nation at the time the object was separated
27	from the Nation.
28	<u>GD.</u> "Cultural property" means any cultural resource deemed to be important enough
29	to warrant listing in the Navajo Register.
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1	\underline{DE} . "Cultural resource" means any product of human activity, or any object or place given
2	significance by human action or belief.
3	E-F. "Department" means the Navajo Nation Historic Preservation Department.
4	FG. "District" means any discrete area comprising buildings, objects, sites or structures that
5	forms a recognizable, unified whole.
6	<u>GH</u> . "Indian" or "Indian person" means any enrolled member of an Indian Tribe recognized
7	by the Secretary of the Interior.
8	HI. "Lands in which the Navajo People have a historical interest" means all lands historically
9	or traditionally used by the Navajo People.
10	<u>IJ</u> . "Navajo Lands" means those lands held in Trust for the benefit of the Navajo Nation and
11	those lands which the Navajo Nation holds in fee simple or in which it has a legal interest.
12	$J\underline{K}$. "Navajo Landmarks" means those cultural properties that are of significance to the entire
12	Navajo Nation.
14	<u>KL</u> . "Navajo Register" means the Navajo Nation Register of Cultural Properties.
15	<u>LM</u> . "Object" means a product of human activity or an item given significance or meaning by
16	human activity or belief.
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	MN. "Place" refers to an identifiable location at which an event occurred or a location given
18	significance by human action or belief.
19	NO. "Preservation Officer" means the Navajo Nation Historic Preservation Officer, who is
20	the Director of the Navajo Nation Historic Preservation Department.
21	P. "Sacred objects" means specific ceremonial objects which are needed by traditional
22	medicine practitioners for the practice of traditional ceremonies by their present day adherents.
23	ΘQ . "Site" means the location of the physical remains of human activity.
24	$P\underline{R}$. "Sponsor" means the agency official or the official in a private capacity who has
25	decision-making authority over a particular undertaking.
26	QS. "Structure" means construction resulting from human activity, the primary purpose of
27	which is other than to provide shelter.
28	RT. "Tribal Archaeologist" means the Navajo Nation Archaeologist, who is the director of
29	the Archaeology Department.
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OLC No. 16-061-1

<u>SU</u>. "Undertaking" means any project, activity or program that can result in changes in the character or use of cultural properties, if any such cultural properties are located in the area of potential effects. The project, activity or program must be under the direct or indirect jurisdiction of a Sponsor. Undertakings include new and continuing projects, activities or programs not previously considered under the authority of this Act.

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§ 1031. Prohibited activities

8 No cultural property may be visited or investigated on Navajo lands, except those cultural properties designated as open to the public within the boundaries of a Navajo Nation Park or a 9 10 National Park or Monument; nor may any person alter, damage, excavate, deface, destroy or remove, any cultural properties on Navajo lands. No person may sell, purchase, exchange or 11 12 transport cultural resources from Navajo lands. No person may engage in ethnographic research on Navajo lands, except that such activities may be conducted under the authority of and in 13 14 accordance with the stipulations of a valid Navajo Nation Cultural Resources Permit issued by the Preservation Officer under the authority of § 1032. 15

<u>Violations of this section may subject an individual to either criminal penalties or civil</u> assessments in accordance with 19 N.N.C. §§1037 and 1038 respectfully.

A. No cultural property shall be visited or investigated on Navajo lands, except those cultural properties designated as open to the public within the boundaries of a Navajo Nation Park or a National Park or Monument.

B. No person shall alter, damage, excavate, deface, destroy or remove, any cultural properties, cultural resource, cultural patrimony, or sacred objects on Navajo lands.

C. No person shall engage in ethnographic research on Navajo lands, except that such activities may be conducted under the authority of and in accordance with the stipulations of a valid Navajo Nation Cultural Resources Permit issued by the Preservation Officer under the authority of § 1032.

D. No person shall sell, purchase, exchange or transport cultural property, cultural resource, cultural patrimony, or sacred objects from Navajo lands.

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1	E. No person shall transport, transmit, or transfer in interstate or foreign commerce any
2	cultural property, cultural resource, cultural patrimony, or sacred objects, knowing the same to
3	have been stolen, converted or taken by fraud.
4	F. No person shall receive, possess, conceal, store, barter, sell or dispose of any cultural
5	property, cultural resource, cultural patrimony, or sacred objects, or pledges to accept as security
6	for a loan any cultural property, cultural resource, cultural patrimony, or sacred objects, which
7	have crossed Navajo Lands boundary after being stolen, unlawfully converted, or taken, knowing
8	the same to have been stolen unlawfully converted, or taken.
9	F. No person shall fail to obtain the necessary permits in accordance with 19 N.N.C. § 1032.
10	* * *
11	§ 1037. Criminal penalties
12	Any Indian person violating the provisions of § 1031 of this Act shall be subject to the
13	following criminal penalties and all provision in the Navajo Nation Code Title 17, Law and
14	Order.
15	A. Any Indian person who commits:
16	(1) Engages in cultural resources inventory activities except under the authority of
17	a Class B permit, or trespass if he or she enters upon, visits, or investigates on Navajo
18	lands cultural property, not open to the public and without a Class A permit as set forth
19	<u>in 19 N.N.C. §1032(A)(1).</u>
20	(a) Each visit to or inspection of a cultural resource on Navajo lands shall
21	be considered a separate offense.
22	(b) Sentence. Any Indian person found guilty of trespass under this Act
23	may be sentenced to imprisonment for a term not to exceed three hundred sixty-
24	five (365) calendar days, and/or pay a find not to exceed five thousand dollars
25	<u>(\$5,000).</u>
26	(2) Who alters, collects, damages, destroys, excavates or removes cultural
27	resources except under the authority of a Class C permit or under the exception provided
28	by §-1033 of this Act, shall upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to
29	punishment of up to one year in jail and a fine of up to one thousand dollars (\$1000).
30	Criminal damage if he or she intentionally or recklessly alters, damages,

1	excavates, defaces, destroys or removes, any cultural properties, cultural resource,	
2	cultural patrimony, or sacred objects on Navajo lands without a Class C permit.	
3	(a) Sentence. Any Indian person found guilty of criminal damage under	
4	this Act may be sentenced to imprisonment for a term not to exceed three hundred	
5	sixty-five (365) calendar days, pay a find not to exceed five thousand dollars	
6	(\$5,000), and/or restitution.	
7	(3) Unlawful research if he or she engages in ethnographic research on Navajo	
8	lands, without a Class C permit.	
9	(a) Sentence. Any Indian person found guilty of unlawful research under	
10	this Act may be sentenced to imprisonment for a term not to exceed three hundred	
11	sixty-five (365) calendar days and/or pay a find not to exceed five thousand	
12	<u>dollars (\$5,000).</u>	
13	(4) Selling, purchasing, exchanging or transporting cultural property, cultural	
14	resources, cultural patrimony or sacred objects if he or she intentionally sells, purchases,	
15	exchanges, or transports cultural property, cultural resources, cultural patrimony or	
16	sacred objects on Navajo lands.	
17	(a) Sentence. Any Indian person found guilty of selling, purchasing,	
18	exchanging or transporting cultural property, cultural resources, cultural	
19	patrimony or sacred objects under this Act may be sentenced to imprisonment for	
20	a term not to exceed three hundred sixty-five (365) calendar days, pay a find not	
21	to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000), and/or restitution.	
22	(5) Transporting, transmitting, or transferring cultural property, cultural	
23	resources, cultural patrimony or sacred objects if he or she transports, transmits, or	
24	transfers in interstate or foreign commerce any cultural property, cultural resources,	
25	cultural patrimony or sacred objects knowing the same to have been stolen, converted or	
26	taken by fraud.	
27	(a) Sentence. Any Indian person found guilty of transporting, transmitting,	
28	or transferring cultural property, cultural resources, cultural patrimony or sacred	
29	objects under this Act may be sentenced to imprisonment for a term not to exceed	
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three hundred sixty-five (365) calendar days, pay a find not to exceed five 1 thousand dollars (\$5,000), and/or restitution. 2 3 (6) Possessing, concealing, storing, bartering, selling, or disposing of any cultural property, cultural resources, cultural patrimony or sacred objects if he or she conceals, 4 stores, barters, sells, or disposes of any cultural property, cultural resources, cultural 5 patrimony or sacred objects, or pledges to accept as security for a loan any cultural 6 property, cultural resources, cultural patrimony or sacred objects, which crossed Navajo 7 8 lands boundary after being stolen, unlawfully converted, or taken, knowing the same to 9 have been stolen, unlawfully converted, or taken. 10 (a) Sentence. Any Indian person found guilty of possessing, concealing, storing, bartering, selling, or disposing of any cultural property, cultural 11 12 resources, cultural patrimony or sacred objects under this Act may be sentenced to 13 imprisonment for a term not to exceed three hundred sixty-five (365) calendar 14 days, pay a find not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000), and/or restitution. 15 (7) Failure to obtain the necessary permits if he or she intentionally or recklessly fails to obtain the necessary permits in accordance with 19 N.N.C. § 1032. 16 17 (a) Sentence. Any Indian person found guilty of failure to obtain the 18 necessary permits under this Act may be sentenced to imprisonment for a term not 19 to exceed three hundred sixty-five (365) calendar days and/or pay a find not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000). 20 21 § 1038. Civil assessments 22 Individuals violating the prohibitions in § 1031 or § 1037 of this Act shall be subject to civil 23 assessments. Civil assessments shall be imposed by the Resources and Development Committee 24 of the Navajo Nation Council (hereafter referred to as the "Resources and Development

Committee"), in accordance with procedures adopted by the Resources and Development
Committee expressly for this purpose. The Resources and Development Committee shall adopt
such procedures within 90 days of the adoption of this Act.

A. Violation of the provisions of § 1031 or § 1037 of this Act by any person who does
business on the Navajo Nation shall be grounds for withdrawal of the privilege of doing business
within the Navajo Nation. The Resources and Development Committee shall consider whether or

not to recommend to the Navajo Nation Council that any individual found to have violated §
 1031 or § 1037 shall lose the privilege of doing business within the Navajo Nation.

B. Any non-Indian who visits or inspects cultural resources on Navajo lands without a valid 3 Class A permit shall be committing trespass. Such individuals determined to be in trespass after a 4 hearing before the Resources Committee of the Navajo Nation Council, shall be assessed a civil 5 forfeiture of not more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) for the first offense and not more than 6 five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for each subsequent offense. For the purposes of this part, each 7 visit to or inspection of a cultural resource on Navajo lands shall be considered a separate 8 offense. The Resources Committee may, at its discretion, recommend to the Navajo Nation 9 Council that any person found to be in trespass be excluded from the Navajo Nation. 10

Any non-Indian alleged to have committed any offense enumerated in 19 N.N.C. §1037
 shall be subject to civil assessments administered by the Resources and Development
 Committee. In no event shall such a civil assessment permit incarceration of a non-Indian or
 permit the imposition of a criminal fine against a non-Indian.

C. Any non-Indian who engages in cultural resources inventory activities on Navajo lands, 15 except under the authority of a valid Class B permit shall be committing trespass. Any individual 16 determined to be in trespass after a hearing before the Resources Committee, shall be assessed a 17 eivil forfeiture of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1000) for each offense. For the purposes 18 19 of this part, each inventory on Navajo lands shall be considered a separate offense. The Resources Committee shall consider whether or not to recommend to the Navajo Nation Council 20 that any individual found to have violated this prohibition be excluded from the Navajo Nation. 21 Procedure. Civil assessments under this section shall be conducted in accordance with the 22 Resources and Development Committee's procedures for civil assessments. The non-Indian civil 23 24 defendant shall be afforded all the heightened protections available to a criminal defendant under those rules including, but not limited to, the more stringent burden of proof beyond a reasonable 25

26 doubt.

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D. Any individual within Navajo lands who alters, collects, damages, defaces, destroys, excavates, removes or sells cultural resources or who collects ethnographic data without a valid Class C permit, or as permitted under the exceptions detailed in § 1033, or who engages in activities in violation of the terms and conditions of a valid permit shall be liable, after a hearing before the Resources Committee, to the Navajo Nation for civil damages as determined by the
 Resources Committee as follows:

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Nothing in this section shall be deemed to preclude exercise of criminal jurisdiction over any person who, by reason of assuming tribal relations with the Navajo people or being an "in law" or hadane or relative as defined by Navajo common law, custom, or tradition, submits himself or herself to the criminal jurisdiction of the Navajo Nation.

E. Civil Assessments. Upon a finding that a non-Indian committed any of the enumerated
offenses in §1037, the Resources and Development Committee may impose any of the following
civil assessments in any combination deemed appropriate by the committee:

 Assessment of Actual Damages. The Resources and Development Committee shall impose the civil assessments based upon actual damages in accordance with "Standards for Assessing Damages to Cultural Properties" that the Resources and <u>Development</u> Committee shall adopt expressly for this purpose. The "Standards for Assessing Damages to Cultural Resources" shall include, but need not necessarily limit consideration to:

a. Full costs of restoration of the cultural resource;

b. Enforcement and administrative costs associated with the civil action;

c. Costs of disposition of cultural resources, including as appropriate, costs of curation in perpetuity;

d. Costs associated with documentation, testing and evaluation of the cultural resource in order to assess the characteristics of the cultural resource and plan for its restoration; and

e. Costs of any additional mitigation measures the Resources <u>and</u> <u>Development</u> Committee deems appropriate to implement.

2. Assessment of Treble Damages. In addition to the actual damages, the Resources <u>and Development</u> Committee may, at its discretion, assess damages of up to three (3) times the amount of the actual damages.

3. Seizure of Equipment and Cultural Resources. The citing resource enforcement officer shall seize all cultural resources in the possession of any individual cited under §

1	1031 of this Act, together with any other property used for or related to the violation in		
2	the possession of the individual cited, as the officer may deem necessary to obtain		
3	payment of any civil assessment.		
4	4. Forfeiture of Cultural Resources and Property. After hearing before the		
5	Resources and Development Committee:		
6	a. Any cultural resources obtained in violation of this Act shall be		
7	forfeited to the Navajo Nation;		
8	b. Any other property seized in accordance with § 1038(D)(3), shall be		
9	released to the owner upon timely payment of any related civil assessments; and		
10	c. Any seized property shall be forfeited to the Navajo Nation if the		
11	assessment has not been paid within 15 days of the hearing at which the civil		
12	assessment was levied or pursuant to this Act, whichever is later. Any such		
13	forfeiture shall be limited to the amount of the civil assessment. Any property		
14	remaining after forfeiture of property up to the value of the assessment shall be		
15	returned to the owner.		
16	5. Exclusion. The Resources and Development Committee may file for an		
17	exclusion order in accordance with 17 N.N.C. § 1901(B).		
18	<u>6. A civil fine.</u>		
19	7. Civil forfeiture for specific violations:		
20	a. Trespass as defined in 19 N.N.C. §1037(A)(1). Any non-Indian		
21	convicted of trespass shall be assessed the following:		
22	i. First Offense. Civil forfeiture of not more than one hundred		
23	<u>dollars (\$100).</u>		
24	ii. Second or subsequent offense. Civil forfeiture of not more		
25	than five hundred dollars (\$500).		
26	iii. Exclusion. The Resources and Development Committee		
27	may file for an exclusion order in accordance with 17		
28	<u>N.N.C. § 1901(B).</u>		
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1	b. Failure to obtain the necessary permits as defined in 19 N.N.C.		
2	§1037(A)(7). Any non-Indian convicted of trespass shall be assessed the		
3	following:		
4	i. Civil forfeiture of not more than one thousand dollars		
5	(\$1000) for each offense.		
6	ii. Exclusion. The Resources and Development Committee		
7	may file for an exclusion order in accordance with 17		
8	<u>N.N.C. § 1901(B).</u>		
9	\underline{EF} . Civil assessments imposed under this part shall be reserved solely for the purposes of		
10	restoring damaged cultural resources and for meeting the purposes of this Act and shall be		
11	deposited in the Historic Preservation Fund Management Plan Revolving Account for		
12	disbursement in accordance with Navajo Nation budgetary procedures.		
13	FG. Any individual assessed by the Resources and Development Committee pursuant to §		
14	1038 of this Act shall have the right to appeal the decision of the Resources and Development		
15	Committee to the Navajo Nation District Court as follows:		
16	1. Any appeal must be filed in writing with the Navajo Nation District Court		
17	within 30 days of notification of the action of the Resources and Development		
18	Committee;		
19	2. The review by the Navajo Nation District Court shall be limited to:		
20	a. Ensuring that the appellant received due process of law; and		
21	b. Ensuring that any rights the individual may have under the Navajo		
22	Nation Bill of Rights and the Indian Civil Rights Act (25 U.S.C. §1301-		
23	1341 1304) were observed; and		
24	3. Consideration by the Navajo Nation District Court shall be limited to review of		
25	the administrative record created before the Resources and Development Committee		
26	during the hearing before it.		
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28	[Intentionally left blank]		
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1	Section Four. Historic Preservation Fund Management Plan		
2	The Navajo Nation Historic Preservation Department shall develop a Historic Preservation		
3	Fund Management Plan. The Navajo Nation Historical Preservation Department shall submit the		
4	Historic Preservation Fund Management Plan to the Resources and Development Committee and		
5	the Budget and Finance Committee for approval within six months of enactment.		
6	Section Five. Codification		
7	The provisions of the Act which amend or adopt new sections of the Navajo Nation Code		
8	shall be codified by the Office of Legislative Counsel. The Office of Legislative Counsel shall		
9	incorporate such amended provisions in the next codification of the Navajo Nation Code.		
10	Section Six. Savings Clause		
11	Should any provision of this Act be determined invalid by the Navajo Nation Supreme Court		
12	or the District Courts of the Navajo Nation, without appeal to the Navajo Nation Supreme Court,		
13	the remainder of the Act shall remain the law of the Navajo Nation.		
14	Section Seven. Effective Date		
15	The provisions of this Act shall become effective in accordance with 2 N.N.C. § 221(B).		
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Office of Legislative Counsel Telephone: (928) 871-7166 Fax # (928) 871-7576



Honorable LoRenzo Bates Speaker 23rd Navajo Nation Council

MEMORANDUM

TO: Chairman Jonathan Hale 23rd Navajo Nation Council Delegate

FROM:

Carolyn R. West, Attorney Office of Legislative Counsel

DATE: April 1, 2016

SUBJECT: OLC Service Request Number 16-061-1: An Action Relating to Law and Order, Resources and Development, Naabik'íyáti' Committees and Navajo Nation Council; Amending Navajo Nation Code, Title 19: Navajo Nation Cultural Resources Protection Act

As requested, I prepared the above-reference proposed resolution and associated legislative summary sheet. Based on existing law, the resolution drafted is legally sufficient. However, as with all legislation, the proposed resolution is subject to review by the courts in the event of a challenge. You are encouraged to review the proposed resolution to ensure this is drafted to your satisfaction.

The Office of Legislative Council recommends the appropriate standing committee(s) reviews based on the standing committees powers outlined in 2 N.N.C. §§ 301, 401, 501, 601 and 701. Nevertheless, "the Speaker of the Navajo Nation Council shall introduce [the proposed resolution] into the legislative process by assigning it to the respective oversight committee(s) of the Navajo Nation Council having authority over the matters for proper consideration. 2 N.N.C. § 164(A)(5).

If you are satisfied with the proposed resolution, please sign as "Primary Sponsor" and submit to the Office of Legislative Services where the proposed resolution will be given a tracking number and sent to the Office of the Speaker for assignment.

If the proposed legislation is unacceptable to you, please contact me at the Office of Legislative Counsel and advise me of the changes you would like to make.

THE NAVAJO NATION LEGISLATIVE BRANCH INTERNET PUBLIC REVIEW PUBLICATION



LEGISLATION NO: _0104-16__

SPONSOR: Jonathan L. Hale

<u>TITLE: An Action Relating To Law And Order, Resources And Development,</u> <u>NAABIK'IYATI' Committees And Navajo Nation Council; Amending Navajo</u> <u>Nation Code, Title 19; Navajo Nation Cultural Resources Protection Act</u>

Date posted: April 1, 2016 at 6:25 PM

Digital comments may be e-mailed to comments@navajo-nsn.gov

Written comments may be mailed to:

Executive Director Office of Legislative Services P.O. Box 3390 Window Rock, AZ 86515 (928) 871-7586

Comments may be made in the form of chapter resolutions, letters, position papers, etc. Please include your name, position title, address for written comments; a valid e-mail address is required. Anonymous comments will not be included in the Legislation packet.

Please note: This digital copy is being provided for the benefit of the Navajo Nation chapters and public use. Any political use is prohibited. All written comments received become the property of the Navajo Nation and will be forwarded to the assigned Navajo Nation Council standing committee(s) and/or the Navajo Nation Council for review. Any tampering with public records are punishable by Navajo Nation law pursuant to 17 N.N.C. \$374 et. seq.

THE NAVAJO NATION LEGISLATIVE BRANCH INTERNET PUBLIC REVIEW SUMMARY

LEGISLATION NO.: 0104-16

SPONSOR: Honorable Jonathan L. Hale

TITLE: An Action Relating To Law And Order, Resources And Development, Naabik'iyati' Committees And Navajo Nation Council; Amending Navajo Nation Code, Title 19; Navajo Nation Cultural Resources Protection Act.

Posted: April 1, 2016 at 6:25PM

5 DAY Comment Period Ended: April 6, 2016

Digital Comments received:

Comments Supporting	None
Comments Opposing	None
Inclusive Comments	None

Policy Analyst Office of Legislative Services

4-7-10 8:35am Date/Time

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