RESOLUTION OF THE NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEE OF THE NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL

23RD NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL - First Year, 2015

AN ACTION

RELATING TO NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEE; SUPPORTING U.S. SENATE BILL S. 152 AND U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES BILL H.R. 308, "KEEP THE PROMISE ACT OF 2015," REGARDING THE ARIZONA TRIBAL-STATE GAMING COMPACT

Whereas:

- A. The Navajo Nation established the Naabik'íyáti' Committee as a Navajo Nation Council standing committee and as such empowered the Naabik'íyáti' Committee to address statements of policy and to coordinate with federal programs. 2 N.N.C. §§ 164(A),(A)(9),701(A)(4)(2012).
- B. The Indian Gaming Regulatory Act was developed to structure compacts and jurisdictional powers between Tribes and states encouraging gaming by tribes for economic development.
- C. In 2002, the State of Arizona and Tribes within Arizona negotiated a State-Tribal gaming compact and agreed to a state-wide ballot measure (Proposition 202) whereby Arizona citizens approved for casino gaming rights exclusively for the Tribes.
- D. The Tribes in Arizona agreed to a State-Tribal compact in 2002 providing for casino gaming rights exclusively for Tribes.
- E. Included in the 2002 Arizona compacts was a market parity agreement, developed by a consensus of the Tribes, to limit casinos in Maricopa County to seven. This market parity agreement preserved market demand for gaming outside of Maricopa County.

- F. The Tohono O'odham Tribe proposed a project in Glendale, Arizona referred to as the Tohono O'odham Glendale Casino Development. The Tohono O'odham Glendale Casino Development is not in conformance with the agreements made by Tribes in 2002. Map of proposed project site, Exhibit A.
- G. The Twin Arrows Casino and Resort is important to the Navajo Nation for jobs, income and for its long term development opportunities. It was developed on the premise that the 2002 Compact would protect Twin Arrows from unexpected casino developments within the metropolitan Phoenix area and would prohibit race track and commercial casino development in the Flagstaff area. Loss of these protections will have significant negative impacts to Twin Arrows revenues.
- H. Tohono O'odham Glendale Casino Development poses a danger to Navajo's Twin Arrows project by:
 - 1. Negatively impacting Twin Arrow's revenues from casino patrons from the Phoenix area which have been projected by market studies to be 10% to 20% of Twin Arrows' revenues.
 - 2. Encouraging major commercial gaming and race track interests to move aggressively to obtain casino gaming as a result of Tohono O'odham Glendale casino opening. The casino opening will add an additional rational for expanded gaming into urban areas, risking Navajo's gaming market in the future from Phoenix and Flagstaff.
 - 3. If commercial and track interests entering casino gaming they will become a significant political power, compromising Tribal interests as they promote their interests in the Arizona political system related to gaming.
- I. U.S. Senate Bill S.152 and U.S. House of Representatives Bill H.R. 308, "Keep the Promise Act of 2015," are identical bills in Congress that prohibit casinos in the Phoenix metropolitan area. These bills do not affect land into trust applications but only restrict the use of the trust land in the Phoenix urban area to other than casino gaming until 2027, the expiration of the last current

State-Tribal compact. Bill Summary, Exhibit B. S. 152, Exhibit C. H.R. 308, Exhibit D.

J. The Keep the Promise Act of 2015 enforces the promise imbedded in the compact made by Tohono O'odham Nation to all other Tribes in Arizona and do not assert any restriction for the Navajo Nation in law or in precedent, related to Navajo lands or land acquisitions outside of the Phoenix metropolitan area.

Therefore Be It Resolved

The Navajo Nation supports U.S. Senate Bill S.152 and U.S. House of Representative Bill H.R.308, now being considered in Congress, in order to maintain the integrity of the Arizona's Indian gaming industry and to protect Navajo's gaming market from commercial or race track intrusion into it; and which will prohibit additional Tribal casinos in the Phoenix area until 2027.

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was duly considered by the Naabik'íyáti' Committee of the 23rd Navajo Nation (Arizona), at which a quorum was present and that the same was passed by a vote of 18 in favor and 0 opposed, this 11th day of June, 2015.

LoRenzo C. Bates, Chairperson Naabik'íyáti' Committee

Motion : Honorable Jonathan L. Hale Second : Honorable Tuchoney Slim, Jr.

22nd Navajo Nation Council - Naabik'iyati' Committee Naabik'iyati' Committee Thursday, June 11, 2015

Legislation #137-15 - Main Motion

ALL DELEGATES:			BY COMMITTEE:			
	Yea	Nay		Yea	Nay	TOTAL
BATES, LoRenzo			BFC:			
BEGAY, Kee Allen Jr.	1		BEGAY, Mel R.	1	0	
BEGAY, Mel R.	1		CHEE, Tom T.	1	0	
BEGAY, Norman M.			DAMON, Seth	1	0	
BEGAYE, Nelson	1	- 1	JACK, Lee Sr.	1	0	
BENNETT, Benjamin L.	1		WITHERSPOON, Dwight	1	0	5
BROWN, Nathaniel			HEHSC:			
CHEE, Tom T.	1		BEGAY, Norman M.	0	0	
CROTTY, Amber K.	1		BEGAYE, Nelson	1	0	ř.
DAMON, Seth	1		BROWN, Nathaniel	0	0	
FILFRED, Davis			CROTTY, Amber K.	1	0	
HALE, Jonathan L.	1		HALE, Jonathan L.	1	0	
JACK, Lee Sr.	1		SLIM, Tuchoney Jr.	1	0	4
PERRY, Jonathan	1		LOC:			
PETE, Leonard H.			BEGAY, Kee Allen Jr.	1	0	
PHELPS, Walter	1		PERRY, Jonathan	1	0	
SHEPHERD, Alton Joe	1		SMITH, Raymond Jr.	1	0	
SLIM, Tuchoney Jr.	1		TSO, Otto	1	0	
SMITH, Raymond Jr.	1		YAZZIE, Edmund	1	0	5
TSO, Otto	1		RDC:			
TSOSIE, Leonard	1		BENNETT, Benjamin L.	1	0	
WITHERSPOON, Dwight	1		FILFRED, Davis	0	0	
YAZZIE, Edmund	1		PETE, Leonard H.	0	0	
			PHELPS, Walter	1	0	
		-	SHEPHERD, Alton Joe	1	0	
			TSOSIE, Leonard	1	0	4
			SPEAKER:			
			BATES, LoRenzo	0	0	
GRAND TOTAL	18	0		18	0	

CERTIFICATION:

Honorable LoRenzo Bates

Speaker

Motion: Jonathan Hale

Second: Tuchoney Slim

22nd Navajo Nation Council - Naabik'iyati' Committee Naabik'iyati' Committee Thursday, June 11, 2015

Legislation #137-15 - Amendment #1

ALL DELEGATES:			BY COMMITTEE:				
	Yea	Nay		Yea	Ν	ay	TOTAL
BATES, LoRenzo	3827		BFC:				
BEGAY, Kee Allen Jr.	The State of		BEGAY, Mel R.	77	0	0	
BEGAY, Mel R.	100		CHEE, Tom T.	230	0	0	
BEGAY, Norman M.			DAMON, Seth	23	0	0	
BEGAYE, Nelson	133		JACK, Lee Sr.	100	0	0	
BENNETT, Benjamin L.	2.00		WITHERSPOON, Dwight		0	0	0
BROWN, Nathaniel			HEHSC:				
CHEE, Tom T.	1000		BEGAY, Norman M.		0	0	
CROTTY, Amber K.	15.5		BEGAYE, Nelson		0	0	
DAMON, Seth	100		BROWN, Nathaniel	100	0	0	
FILFRED, Davis	150		CROTTY, Amber K.	37	0	0	
HALE, Jonathan L.	100		HALE, Jonathan L.	1000	0	0	
JACK, Lee Sr.	1000		SLIM, Tuchoney Jr.		0	0	0
PERRY, Jonathan	150		LOC:				
PETE, Leonard H.	STATE OF THE STATE		BEGAY, Kee Allen Jr.	1	0	0	
PHELPS, Walter			PERRY, Jonathan		0	0	
SHEPHERD, Alton Joe	1000		SMITH, Raymond Jr.	- 33	0	0	
SLIM, Tuchoney Jr.			TSO, Otto		0	0	
SMITH, Raymond Jr.			YAZZIE, Edmund	HITE	0	0	0
TSO, Otto		- 1	RDC:				
TSOSIE, Leonard	1000		BENNETT, Benjamin L.		0	0	
WITHERSPOON, Dwight	1872		FILFRED, Davis	7/23	0	0	
YAZZIE, Edmund	100		PETE, Leonard H.	80	0	0	
			PHELPS, Walter	188	0	0	
			SHEPHERD, Alton Joe		0	0	
			TSOSIE, Leonard		0	0	0
			SPEAKER:				
			BATES, LoRenzo	530	0	0	
GRAND TOTAL	0	0		Elia.	0	0	

CERTIFICATION:

Honorable LoRenzo Bates

Speaker

Motion: Jonathan Hale

Second: Jonathan Perry

WITHDRAWN BY Jonathan Hale

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY SHEET Tracking No. 0\37-\5

DATE: April 23, 2015

TITLE OF RESOLUTION: AN ACTION RELATING TO NAA'BIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEE; SUPPORTING U.S. SENATE BILL S. 152 AND U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES BILL H.R. 308, "KEEP THE PROMISE ACT OF 2015," REGARDING THE ARIZONA TRIBAL-STATE GAMING COMPACT

PURPOSE: This resolution, if approved, will support Congressional bills S.152 and H.R. 308, Keep the Promise Act, relating to the promises made by Arizona Tribes in the Tribal-State Gaming Compact in 2002 and to protect the interest of Navajo gaming at Twin Arrows.

This written summary does not address recommended amendments as may be provided by the standing committee. The Office of Legislative Counsel requests each committee member to review the proposed resolution in detail.

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	g Time/Date: 7: perm 4/23/15	
osting End Da ligible for Act	1 1 20 16	N
2	23 rd NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL First Year, 201	- •
3	INTRODUCED BY	13
4	And the second of the second o	
5	Alton Joe Snepherd	
6	(Prime Sponsor)	
7		
8	TRACKING NO. 0137-15	
9		
10	AN ACTION	
11	RELATING TO NAA'BIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEE; SUPPORTING U.S	S. SENATE BILL
12	S. 152 AND U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES BILL H.R. 308	B, "KEEP THE
13	PROMISE ACT OF 2015," REGARDING THE ARIZONA TRIBAL-S	STATE GAMING
14	COMPACT	
15		
16		
17	Whereas:	
18		
19	A. The Navajo Nation established the Naabik'íyáti' Committee as a Na	vajo Nation Council
20	standing committee and as such empowered the Naabik'íyáti' Comn	nittee to address
21	statements of policy and to coordinate with federal programs. 2 N.N	.C. §§ 164
22	(A),(A)(9), 701 (A)(4) (2012).	
23		
24	B. The Indian Gaming Regulatory Act was developed to structure comp	pacts and
25	jurisdictional powers between Tribes and states encouraging gaming	by tribes for
26	economic development.	
27 28		
2 8 29	C. In 2002, the State of Arizona and Tribes within Arizona negotiated a	•
30	compact and agreed to a state-wide ballot measure (Proposition 202) citizens approved for casino gaming rights exclusively for the Tribes	-
	Page 1 of 3	15-374-1

30

- D. The Tribes in Arizona agreed to a State-Tribal compact in 2002 providing for casino
- E. Included in the 2002 Arizona compacts was a market parity agreement, developed by a consensus of the Tribes, to limit casinos in Maricopa County to seven. This market parity agreement preserved market demand for gaming outside of Maricopa County.
- F. The Tohono O'odham Tribe proposed a project in Glendale, Arizona referred to as the Tohono O'odham Glendale Casino Development. The Tohono O'odham Glendale Casino Development is not in conformance with the agreements made by Tribes in 2002.
- G. The Twin Arrows Casino and Resort is important to the Navajo Nation for jobs, income and for its long term development opportunities. It was developed on the premise that the 2002 Compact would protect Twin Arrows from unexpected casino developments within the metropolitan Phoenix area and would prohibit race track and commercial casino development in the Flagstaff area. Loss of these protections will have significant
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areas, risking Navajo's gaming market in the future from Phoenix and Flagstaff.

- 3. If commercial and track interests entering casino gaming they will become a significant political power, compromising Tribal interests as they promote their interests in the Arizona political system related to gaming.
- I. U.S. Senate Bill S.152 and U.S. House of Representatives Bill H.R. 308, "Keep the Promise Act of 2015," are identical bills in Congress that prohibit casinos in the Phoenix metropolitan area. These bills do not affect land into trust applications but only restrict the use of the trust land in the Phoenix urban area to other than casino gaming until 2027, the expiration of the last current State-Tribal compact. Bill Summary, Exhibit B. S. 152, Exhibit C. H.R. 308, Exhibit D.
- J. The Keep the Promise Act of 2015 enforces the promise imbedded in the compact made by Tohono O'odham Nation to all other Tribes in Arizona and do not assert any restriction for the Navajo Nation in law or in precedent, related to Navajo lands or land acquisitions outside of the Phoenix metropolitan area.

Therefore Be It Resolved

The Navajo Nation supports U.S. Senate Bill S.152 and U.S. House of Representative Bill H.R.308, now being considered in Congress, in order to maintain the integrity of the Arizona's Indian gaming industry and to protect Navajo's gaming market from commercial or race track intrusion into it; and which will prohibit additional Tribal casinos in the Phoenix area until 2027.

Current Satt River Community Boundary Original Boundary of Salt River Indian Reservation: Executive Order January 10th, 1879; Salt River Boundary January 1979 Public Land Survey Sections ✓ US Interstates
■ Lakes with revised June 14th, 1879 Executive Order Boundary Salt River Land Area Estimates January 10th 1879 E. O. Boundary 1064 Square Miles +/-Current Land Area: 85.5 Square Miles +/-

The Keep the Promise Act Protects Tribal Gaming



H.R. 308, the Keep the Promise Act of 2015, is necessary to protect the current system of Indian gaming in Arizona and prevent the proliferation of off-reservation gaming. The bill temporarily prohibits any additional casinos from being built in the Phoenix metropolitan area until 2027. This prohibition on additional casinos was agreed to by the tribes, State leadership and voters in 2002. In exchange for this prohibition, the voters granted tribes exclusive authority to conduct gaming in Arizona. The bill has strong bipartisan support and passed the House of Representatives by voice vote in the 113th Congress. It is supported by a dozen tribes in Arizona, the Governor, the State Legislature and numerous communities.

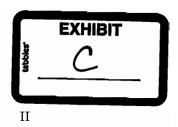
The bill is needed because one tribe located in the Tucson-area of the State (the Tohono O'odham Nation) is attempting to build a Las Vegas-style casino within the Phoenix suburb of Glendale across the street from a new public high school. These efforts are contrary to promises and commitments made by the Tohono O'odham Nation, and other tribes, to the State leaders and voters in 2002 that there would be no additional casinos within the Phoenix metropolitan area until 2027. The voters specifically granted tribes exclusive authority to conduct gaming within the State based upon these promises. More, other tribes gave up important rights (such as the rights to build additional casinos) based upon these promises and commitments.

When negotiating new gaming compacts in the early 2000s, the Governor, State Legislature and voters made clear that they did not want any more casinos built in the State. At the time, there were already 7 tribal casinos in the Phoenix metropolitan area. In the Tucson metro area, the Tohono O'odham Nation was already operating 3 casinos. In order to continue to have the exclusive right to conduct gaming within the State, the Phoenix-area tribes (and many rural tribes) agreed to give up rights to build additional casinos and agreed to caps on the number of gaming machines they could operate. The only metro-area tribe that did not give up a right to build an additional casino was the Tohono O'odham Nation. The State and other tribes decided to allow the Tohono O'odham Nation to keep its right to build a 4th casino because the Tohono O'odham agreed that it would build this casino on or near its reservation in the Tucson-area. Once this agreement was reached, the Governor and tribes, including the Tohono O'odham, ran an extensive campaign to garner the support of the voters to approve the new gaming compacts. The campaign materials, and public statements made by the Governor and tribes (including Tohono O'odham) focused on the fact that tribal gaming would be limited, that there would be no casinos in neighborhoods, no additional casinos in the Phoenix area, and only one additional casino in the Tucson-area.

The voters of the State narrowly approved the new gaming compacts in 2002, but 7 years later the Tohono O'odham Nation announced that it found a legal loophole in the compacts that it would use to build its 4th casino in the Phoenix area rather than in Tucson. When the State and a few tribes tried to sue the Tohono O'odham to enforce its promises, the Tribe raised sovereign immunity as a defense. Even though the court found that the evidence supported the claims of fraud and wrongful inducement, the judge held that sovereign immunity prevented him from adjudicating the merits of the claims. This attempt to break the promises made to the other tribes, the State and voters will have devastating impacts on the long-term viability of tribal gaming in Arizona. When the time comes for the voters to consider whether to approve tribal gaming again in 2027, there will be no trust with the tribes and there are already attempts to destroy the exclusive right that tribes have to game within the State.

More, the Tohono O'odham Nation's proposed casino is within the former reservation boundaries of the Salt River Pima Maricopa Indian Community, and almost 100 miles from the Tohono O'odham's main reservation lands. Allowing a tribe to go so far from their reservation and into another tribe's aboriginal territory would be precedential and violate the policy adopted by a majority of gaming tribes within the country that tribes should stay within their aboriginal territory when building casinos and not negatively impact other tribes. Congress needs to pass this bill to preserve the integrity of tribal gaming.





114TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S. 152

To prohibit gaming activities on certain Indian land in Arizona until the expiration of certain gaming compacts.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JANUARY 13, 2015

Mr. McCain (for himself and Mr. Flake) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs

A BILL

To prohibit gaming activities on certain Indian land in Arizona until the expiration of certain gaming compacts.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Keep the Promise Act
- 5 of 2015".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds that—
- 8 (1) in 2002, the voters in the State of Arizona
- 9 approved Proposition 202, the Indian Gaming Pres-
- 10 ervation and Self-Reliance Act;

- 1 (2) to obtain the support of Arizona voters to
 2 approve Proposition 202, the Indian tribes within
 3 Arizona agreed to limit the number of casinos within
 4 the State and in particular within the Phoenix met5 ropolitan area; and
 6 (3) this Act preserves the agreement made be-
- 6 (3) this Act preserves the agreement made be-7 tween the Indian tribes and the Arizona voters until 8 the expiration of the gaming compacts authorized by 9 Proposition 202.

10 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

11 In this Act:

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- (1) Indian tribe; class II Gaming; class III Gaming.—The terms "Indian tribe", "class II gaming", and "class III gaming" have the meanings given those terms in section 4 of the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act (25 U.S.C. 2703).
 - (2) Phoenix metropolitan area" means land within Maricopa County and Pinal County, Arizona, that is north of latitude 33 degrees, 5 minutes, 13 seconds north, east of longitude 113 degrees, 20 minutes, 0 seconds west, and west of longitude 110 degrees, 50 minutes, 45 seconds west, using the NED 1983 State Plane Arizona FOPS 0202 coordinate system.

SEC. 4. GAMING CLARIFICATION.

- 2 (a) Prohibition.—Class II gaming and class III
- 3 gaming are prohibited on land within the Phoenix metro-
- 4 politan area acquired by the Secretary of the Interior in
- 5 trust for the benefit of an Indian tribe after April 9, 2013.
- 6 (b) Expiration.—The prohibition in subsection (a)
- 7 shall expire on January 1, 2027.

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114TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H.R.308

To prohibit gaming activities on certain Indian lands in Arizona until the expiration of certain gaming compacts.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 13, 2015

Mr. Franks of Arizona (for himself, Mrs. Kirkpatrick, Mr. Gosar, Mr. Schweikert, and Mr. Salmon) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Natural Resources

A BILL

To prohibit gaming activities on certain Indian lands in Arizona until the expiration of certain gaming compacts.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Keep the Promise Act
- 5 of 2015".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 The Congress finds as follows:
- 8 (1) In 2002, the voters in the State of Arizona
- 9 approved Proposition 202, the Indian Gaming Pres-
- 10 ervation and Self-Reliance Act.

1	(2) To obtain the support of Arizona voters to
2	approve Proposition 202, the Indian tribes within
3	Arizona agreed to limit the number of casinos within
4	the State and in particular within the Phoenix met-
5	ropolitan area.
6	(3) This Act preserves the agreement made be-
7	tween the tribes and the Arizona voters until the ex-
8	piration of the gaming compacts authorized by Prop-
9	osition 202.
10	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
11	For the purposes of this Act—
12	(1) the terms "Indian tribe", "class II gam-
13	ing", and "class III gaming" have the meanings
14	given those terms in section 4 of the Indian Gaming
15	Regulatory Act (25 U.S.C. 2703); and
16	(2) the term "Phoenix metropolitan area"
17	means land within Maricopa County and Pina
18	County, Arizona, that is north of latitude 33 de-
19	grees, 5 minutes, 13 seconds north, east of longitude
20	113 degrees, 20 minutes, 0 seconds west, and west
21	of longitude 110 degrees, 50 minutes, 45 seconds
22	west, using the NED 1983 State Plane Arizona
23	FOPS 0202 coordinate system.

1 SEC. 4. GAMING CLARIFICATION.

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- 5 trust for the benefit of an Indian tribe after April 9, 2013.
- 6 (b) Expiration.—The prohibition in subsection (a)
- 7 shall expire on January 1, 2027.

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Office of Legislative Counsel Telephone: (928) 871-7166 Fax # (928) 871-7576



Honorable LoRenzo Bates Speaker 23rd Navajo Nation Council

MEMORANDUM

TO: Honorable LoRenzo C. Bates

Speaker, Navajo Nation Council

FROM:

Levon B. Henry, Chief Legislative Counsel

Office of Legislative Counsel

DATE: April 23, 2015

SUBJECT: AN ACTION RELATING TO NAA'BIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEE;

SUPPORTING U.S. SENATE BILL S. 152 AND U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES BILL H.R. 308, "KEEP THE PROMISE ACT OF

2015," REGARDING THE ARIZONA TRIBAL-STATE GAMING

COMPACT

Pursuant to your request, attached is the above-referenced proposed resolution and associated legislative summary sheet. Based on existing law and review of the documents submitted, the resolution as drafted is legally sufficient. However, as with all legislation, it is subject to review by the courts in the event of a challenge.

Please review the proposed resolution to ensure it is drafted to your satisfaction. If this proposed resolution is acceptable to you, please sign it where it indicates "Prime Sponsor", and submit it to the Office of Legislative Services for the assignment of a tracking number and referral to the Speaker.

If the proposed resolution is unacceptable to you, or if you have further questions, please contact me at the Office of Legislative Counsel and advise me of changes you would like made to the proposed resolution. You may contact me at (928) 871-7166. Thank you.

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH NAVAJO NATION



HONORABLE LORENZO BATES Speaker, 23rd Navajo Nation Council

April 23, 2015

MEMORANDUM

TO

Honorable Members Naa'bik'iyati' Committee

FROM:

Hon. LoRenzo C. Bates, Speaker 23rd Navajo Nation Council

SUBJECT

ASSIGNMENT OF LEGISLATION

Pursuant to 2 N.N.C § 164 (A)(4), this memorandum serves to inform and advise you that I assign the following legislation to the Naa'bik'iyati' Committee;

Legislation No. 0137-15

RELATING TO NAA'BIK'IYATI' COMMITTEE; SUPPORTING U.S. SENATE BILL S. 152 AND U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES BILL H.R. 308, "KEEP THE PROMISE ACT OF 2015," REGARDING THE ARIZONA TRIBAL-STATE GAMING COMPACT.

As the Committee assigned to consider the legislation, Legislation No. 0137-15 must be placed on the Resources and Naa'bik'iyati' Committee's agenda at the next regular meeting for final consideration.

ATTACHMENT: Legislation No. 0137-15

xc:

Hon. Ben Shelly, *President*The Navajo Nation

Harrison Tsosie, Attorney General

Robert Willie, Controller

Dominic Beyal, Executive Director, OMB

Honorable Alton Joe Shepherd, Council Delegate (Prime Sponsor)

THE NAVAJO NATION LEGISLATIVE BRANCH INTERNET PUBLIC REVIEW PUBLICATION

LEGISLATION NO: _0137-15____ SPONSOR: <u>Alton Joe Shepherd</u>

TITLE: An Action Relating To Naabik'iyati' Committee Supporting U.S. Senate Bill S.152

And U.S. House Of Representatives Bill H.R. 308, "Keep The Promise Act Of 2015,"

Regarding The Arizona Tribal-State Gaming Compact

Date posted: April 23, 2015 at 7:06pm

Digital comments may be e-mailed to comments@navajo-nsn.gov

Written comments may be mailed to:

Executive Director
Office of Legislative Services
P.O. Box 3390
Window Rock, AZ 86515
(928) 871-7590

Comments may be made in the form of chapter resolutions, letters, position papers, etc. Please include your name, position title, address for written comments; a valid e-mail address is required. Anonymous comments will not be included in the Legislation packet.

Please note: This digital copy is being provided for the benefit of the Navajo Nation chapters and public use. Any political use is prohibited. All written comments received become the property of the Navajo Nation and will be forwarded to the assigned Navajo Nation Council standing committee(s) and/or the Navajo Nation Council for review. Any tampering with public records are punishable by Navajo Nation law pursuant to 17 N.N.C. §374 et. seq.

THE NAVAJO NATION LEGISLATIVE BRANCH INTERNET PUBLIC REVIEW SUMMARY

LEGISLATION NO.: <u>0137-15</u>

SPONSOR: Honorable Alton Joe Shepherd

TITLE: Relating To Naa'bik'iyati' Committee; Supporting U.S. Senate Bill S. 152 And U.S. House Of Representatives Bill H.R. 308, "Keep The Promise Act Of 2015," Regarding The Arizona Tribal-State Gaming Compact.

Posted: April 23, 2015 at 7:06 pm

5 DAY Comment Period Ended: April 28, 2015

Digital Comments received: No comments were received.

Policy Analyst
Office of Legislative Services

Date/Time