RESOLUTION OF THE RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE 24th Navajo Nation Council --- Second Year, 2020

AN ACTION

RELATING TO RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE, CERTIFYING TORREON/STAR LAKE CHAPTER GOVERNANCE COMMUNITY-BASED LAND USE PLAN WHICH HAS REEVALUATED AND READJUSTED TORREON/STAR LAKE CHAPTER'S PREVIOUS COMMUNITY-BASED LAND USE PLAN

BE IT ENACTED:

SECTION ONE. AUTHORITY

- A. The Resources and Development Committee, pursuant to 26 N.N.C. \S 2004(D)(2) shall certify community-based land use plans.
- B. Pursuant to 26 N.N.C. § 2004(D)(2), "Every five years the plan shall be reevaluated and readjusted to meet the needs of the changing community" and such readjustment is subject to the certification of the Resources and Development Committee of the Navajo Nation Council.
- Pursuant to 26 N.N.C. § 2004 (B), "Community Based Land Use C. Plan. The chapter, at a duly-called chapter meeting shall by resolution, vote to implement a community based land use plan, after the CLUPC has educated the community on the concepts, needs, and process for planning and implementing a community based land use plan. The community based land use plan shall project future community land needs, shown by location and extent, of areas identified for residential, commercial, industrial, and public purposes. The land use plan shall be based upon the guiding principles and vision as articulated by the community; along with information revealed in inventories and assessments of the natural, cultural, human resources, and community infrastructure; and, finally with consideration for the land-carrying capacity. Such a plan may also include the following: 1. An open space plan which preserves for the people certain areas to be retained in their natural state or developed for recreational purposes. 2. A thoroughfare plan which provides information about the existing and proposed road network in relation to the land use of the surrounding area. 3. A community facilities plan

which shows the location, type, capacity, and area served, of present and projected or required community facilities including, but not limited to, recreation areas, schools, libraries, and other public buildings. It will also show related public utilities and services and indicate how these services are associated with future land use."

SECTION TWO. FINDINGS

Pursuant to Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Resolution TSL-0912019-68, attached as **Exhibit B**, the Torreon/Star Lake Chapter approved the Community-Based Land Use Plan which is attached as **Exhibit A**.

SECTION THREE. CERTIFICATION OF TORREON/STAR LAKE CHAPTER REEVALUATED AND READJUSTED COMMUNITY-BASED LAND USE PLAN

- A. The Resources and Development Committee of the Navajo Nation Council hereby certifies the reevaluated and readjusted Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Community-Based Land Use Plan, attached hereto as Exhibit A.
- B. Certification of this Community-Based Land Use Plan shall not delineate adjacent chapter boundaries. Any chapter disputes rest solely with the Courts of the Navajo Nation.

CERTIFICATION

I, hereby, certify that the following resolution was duly considered by the Resources and Development Committee of the $24^{\rm th}$ Navajo Nation Council at a duly called meeting at the Budget and Finance Conference Room, Window Rock, Navajo Nation (Arizona), at which a quorum was present and that same was passed by a vote of 5 in favor, and 0 opposed, on this $25^{\rm th}$ day of March 2020.

Rickie Nez, Chairperson Resources and Development Committee of the 24th Navajo Nation Council

Motion: Honorable Mark A. Freeland Second: Honorable Kee Allen Begay, Jr.

Chairperson Rickie Nez not voting.



Land Use Plan For Na'Neel'Zhiin Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Final Report



2020-2025



Torreon/Star Lake Community Land Use Plan

Table of Content

1.	Introduction	8
2.	Community Assessment	
	2.0 Chapter Background	25
	2.1 History	25
	2.2 Chapter Government	33
	2.3 Land Status.	37
	2.4 Community Demographic Data	40
	2.5 Tribal Enrollment.	47
	2.6 Housing Information	50
	2.7 Education.	56
	2.8 Visioning Process.	57
	2.9 Chapter Planning Goals	60
	2.10 Grazing & Agriculture	.62
	2.11 Commercial and Industrial Development	64
	2.12 Tourism	76
	2.13 Community Facilities	.78
	2.14 Public Safety.	82
	2.15 Education.	.84
	2.16 Health Care.	89
	2.17 Community Centers	.93
	2.18 Cultural Facilities	.96
	2.19 Recreation Facilities	7
	2.20 Other Community Uses and Programs.	99
	2.21 Community Cemetery	00
	2.22 Community Churches	104

3. Land Site Analysis	
3.0 Overview of Resources	112
4. Infrastructure Analysis	
4.1 Transportation & Roads	150
5. Land Use Plan	
5.1 Recommendations	188
6. Implementation Recommendations	
6.1 Policies	201
7. Appendices	213
8. Homesite Lease Regulations (2016)	217
9. Navajo Nation Code: Title 26	248
10. Infrastructure Capital Improvement Plan (ICIP)	263

Plan Disclaimer:

All efforts were made to ensure that data presented in our plan is as accurate as possible and is meant for general planning purposes. The author and Torreon/Star Lake Chapter (or related entities) make no guarantee as to the accuracy of this data. Most data in this report is based from public data sources. There is no guarantee of the accuracy of any data within this report. Data reverification is advised for project specific planning. The author and Torreon/Star Lake Chapter (or related entities) are not responsible for any impacts arising from any data or synthesis inaccuracies in this plan.

List of Exhibits

Exhibit 1 : Land Use Planning Process	13
Exhibit 2 : CLUP Committee Meeting Schedule	15
Exhibit 3: Torreon/Star Lake Chapter CLUP Committee Resolution	16
Exhibit 4: Land Use Plan Adoption Resolution	23
Exhibit 5 : Navajo Nation Location Map	27
Exhibit 6 : Torreon/Star Lake Chapter House Area.	35
Exhibit 7: Land Status Map (checkerboard)	38
Exhibit 8 : Land Buy Back (2016) Map	39
Exhibit 9 : Population Map	42
Exhibit 10 : Existing Addressable Structures	51
Exhibit 11 : South Water Extension.	53
Exhibit 12 : Sustainable Community Plan.	55
Exhibit 13 : TSLC-Project List	61
Exhibit 14 : Environmental Sensitive Zone	63
Exhibit 15 : Subsurface Minerals Map	65
Exhibit 16: Last Year of Coal Production.	66
Exhibit 17: Well Status	68
Exhibit 18 : Active Well Locations	69
Exhibit 19 : BLM Mineral Ownership.	70
Exhibit 20 : Surface Ownership.	71
Exhibit 21 : BLM-Fluid Mineral Potential.	72
Exhibit 22 : BLM-Major Land Resource Areas	73
Exhibit 23 : BLM-ACECs	74
Exhibit 24 : BLM Wilderness Study Areas.	75
Exhibit 25 : Nearest Law Enforcment.	82
Exhibit 26: Library Location Map	88
Exhibit 27: EMS Landing Zones Map	90
Exhibit 28 : EMS Improvements Map	92
Exhibit 29: Multi-Use Center Proposed Location	95

Exhibit 30 : Recreation Development	98
Exhibit 31 : Cemetery Tract.	100
Exhibit 32: Existing Cemetery locations map	101
Exhibit 33: Pipeline on Cemetery Tract	102
Exhibit 34: Proposed Cemetery Locations	103
Exhibit 35 : Church locations	104
Exhibit 36 : Existing Land Use Plan Map	108
Exhibit 37 : Proposed Land Use Plan.	109
Exhibit 38 : Navajo Nation General Location Map	110
Exhibit 39 : TSLC- Local Geology.	113
Exhibit 40: SSURGO: Soil Data	114
Exhibit 41: Colorado Plateaus Aquifers	118
Exhibit 42: Navajo Nation Well Data	119
Exhibit 43: Navajo Nation Hydrologic Data	120
Exhibit 44: USGS- Groundwater Locations	121
Exhibit 45: Mancos C thermal Maturity	122
Exhibit 46: TSLC- Water Impoundment Locations	125
Exhibit 47: Wash and Watershed map	126
Exhibit 48 : SSURGO: Flood Data	127
Exhibit 49 : SSURGO: Water Storage Data	128
Exhibit 50 : SSURGO: Annual Precipitation Data	129
Exhibit 51: Vegetation Density Analysis(2016)	131
Exhibit 52 : Big Game Hunting Units Map	132
Exhibit 53 : Development site 1-40Ac	139
Exhibit 54: Development site 2 -160Ac	142
Exhibit 55 :Development site 3 -40Ac	145
Exhibit 56 : Development site 4 -160Ac	148
Exhibit 57 : Route Information Map	151
Exhibit 58 : Proposed/Established Street Names	153

Exhibit 59: Route Priority Location Map
Exhibit 60 : Thoroughfare Plan Map
Exhibit 61: NJO Bus Routes (2018-19)
Exhibit 62 : Tse'Yi'Gei #88 Bus Route (2018-19)
Exhibit 63 : Existing Airstrip Map161
Exhibit 64 : Abandoned Airstrip Locations Map
Exhibit 65 : Three Phase Needs
Exhibit 66 : Proposed Three Phase Site
Exhibit 67: Waterline infrastructure Map
Exhibit 68: Water Demand Map168
Exhibit 69: Buildings Benefitting from Cutter Lateral
Exhibit 70: Cutter Lateral Infrastructure
Exhibit 71 : Cutter Lateral Map
Exhibit 72 : Proposed Waterline upgrade Map
Exhibit 73: Illegal Dumping Locations
Exhibit 74: Development Site1 Utilities Map:
Exhibit 75 : Development Site 2 Utilities Map
Exhibit 76 : Development Site 3 Utilities Map
Exhibit 77 : Development Site 4 Utilities Map
Exhibit 78 : Elevation Map
Exhibit 79 : Development Sites
Exhibit 80 : Site 1 Map
Exhibit 81 : Site 2 Map
Exhibit 82 : Site 3 Map194
Exhibit 83 : Site 4 Map
Exhibit 84 :Future Land Use Plan
Exhibit 85 : Sacred Sites
Exhibit 86: TSLC-AFC

Chapter Land Use Plan Torreon/Star Lake Chapter

Chapter 1

Introduction



1.0 Purpose of Chapter Planning Initiative

The purpose of the Land Use Plan for Economic Development is to provide a guide for future Infrastructure and other development in the Torreon/Star Lake Chapter. This document will provide long-range guidance to the Chapter through the identification of the most suitable sites for Economic development, as well as sites for other community needs.

The recommendations provided in this document are based on a careful assessment of the housing, community development, and facility needs of the Chapter, an assessment of infrastructure needs and capabilities and the suitability of the sites for development. It is intended to function as a working resource for the Chapter Land Use Planning Committee in their efforts to plan effectively and appropriately for the future. While future development of housing and commercial activities should comply with the recommendations of the plan, the nature of this document is one of flexibility and adaptability to local and regional changes.

The development of the Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Land Use Plan for Economic Development is driven by the 1996 Native American Housing Assistance and Self-Determination Act (NAHASDA) legislation. This Act provides the funding for this plan for housing, and by the Local Governance Act (LGA), which sets forth a process by which local chapters are given authority to administer their land with the development of a land use plan.

1.1 Local Governance Act

The Navajo Nation Local Governance Act (LGA) strengthens local government accountability and is required to be adopted and operate a five management system which includes accounting, procurement, filing, personal and property. Title 26 N.N.C. § 102 mandated the office of the Auditor General to review the Chapter's five management system policies and procedures. This review includes obtaining an understanding of the internal control policies and procedures established by the chapter's five management system, evaluating the design effectiveness of the internal control procedures and determining whether such procedures have been placed in operation.

The 1998 Navajo Nation LGA grants chapters authority over local issues relating to economic development, taxation and revenue generation, infrastructure development, and land use planning. By assisting chapters to become self-governing entities, the LGA creates opportunities for the improvement of the chapter members' quality of life by:

- · developing opportunities for economic development
- Conservation of natural resources and preservation of Navajo heritage and culture
- · ensuring government accountability
- creating an atmosphere of experimentation and learning
- developing experienced, professional administrators

The Local Governance Act of 1998 contains explicit authorities scheduled to be granted to governance-certified Navajo Chapters to "do for themselves". These provisions include:

Subchapter 1 B. Purpose

- The purpose of the Local Governance Act is to recognize governance at the local level. Through adoption of this Act, the Navajo Nation Council delegates to Chapters Governmental authority with respect to local matters consistent with Navajo law, including custom and tradition.
- 2. Enactment of the Local Governance Act allows Chapters to make decisions over local matters. This authority, in the long run, will improve community decision making, allow communities to excel and flourish, enable Navajo leaders to lead towards a prosperous future, and improve the strength and sovereignty of the Navajo Nation

The Local Governance Act provides specific authorities that give governance-certified Chapters the means to exercise decision-making powers on the following elements that pertain to the regulation and planning-in-general of land. The Chapters would enact ordinances via Chapter resolution to affect these authorities.

Subchapter 3, section 103, Chapter Authority

- 1. To issue home and business site leases or permits.
- 2. To amend the land use plan to meet changing needs of the community.
- 3. To acquire property by eminent domain
- 4. To adopt zoning ordinances consistent with land use plan.

The Local Governance Act further provides the following authorities for governance-certified Chapters to maintain a Comprehensive Land Use Plan.

Subsection 7, Section 2004; Zoning, Comprehensive Land Use Plans, Land Use Variations.

- 1. Chapters may enact zoning ordinances.
- 2. Chapters shall enforce zoning ordinances.
- 3. Chapters can approve land use variations

The Land Use Plan was developed by the Chapter appointed Chapter Land use Planning Committee (CLUPC) and the CLUP recommends the Plan for consideration and adoption by Chapter resolution.

The LGA sets forth a process by which local chapters are granted power over local issues. As part of this process, chapters must adopt a *Five Management System*, which sets up policies and procedures for chapter administration of 1) personnel, 2) property, 3) procurement, 4) accounting, and 5) record keeping.

Chapters must also develop and adopt a Community, community-based land use plan, which provides local chapters the tools to administer their land on a local level. This Community plan, according to the LGA, section 2004 (B), is based on "the guiding principles and vision as articulated by the community; along with information revealed in inventories and assessments of the natural, cultural, human resources, and community infrastructure."

The LGA also states that such a plan shall include "a land use plan which projects future community needs, shown by location and extent, areas to be used for residential, commercial, industrial and public purposes." While the main intention of this plan is to develop a land use plan specific to housing, the information presented in this plan will also provide technical and informational support to the Torreon/Star Lake Chapter in the development of their Community land use plan.

For More Information Visit:

http://www.ongd.navajo-nsn.gov/LGA

1.2 NAHASDA

The Native American Housing Assistance and Self Determination Act of 1996 (NAHASDA) reorganized the system of housing assistance provided to Native Americans through the Department of Housing and Urban Development by eliminating several separate programs of assistance and replacing them with a block grant program. The two programs authorized for Indian tribes under NAHASDA are the Indian Housing Block Grant (IHBG) which is a formula based grant program and Title VI Loan Guarantee which provides financing guarantees to Indian tribes for private market loans to develop affordable housing. Regulations are published at 24 CFR Part 1000.

NAHASDA was amended in 2000 to add Title VIII-Housing Assistance for Native Hawaiians. The amendment to NAHASDA adds similar programs for Native Hawaiians who reside on Hawaiian Home Lands. Regulations for implementing Native Hawaiian Housing Block Grant (NHHBG) programs are published at 24 CFR Part 1006.

For More Information Visit:

http://www.navajohousingauthority.org/nahasda/

1.3 Summary

The Torreon/Star Lake Chapter and community has a Unique opportunity that community members Updated the CLUP manual. The communities Members are the one that understand this community from the ground up. The ability to Call upon both our Chapter Leaders and its members to work together to build towards a sustainable community Land Use Plan is often difficult.

The updating of the Land Use Plan has increased in Community Involvement in community planning. The CLUPC leadership, along with Chapter support and the Community input recognize that despite the lack of development, there is potential in the community to develop a sustainable community.

The Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Land Use Plan is to be regarded as a tool in the planning and development process of the community. It is understood that the Land Use Plan is intended to provide general guidance in the planning process. It is accepted that the LUP is a living document, such that it should not be stagnant, but ever changing and growing as the community continues to refine the document by working with it. It is further accepted that the Land Use Plan is intended to provide General community planning and development guidance through the year 2025, at which time there needs to be a critical review and updating of the Plan.

The Torreon/Star Lake CLUP Committee, the Chapter leadership and community membership appreciate that the developed Land Use Plan represents a crucial element in the satisfaction of the requirements to attain Chapter governance certification under the Local Governance Act. The Torreon/Star Lake Chapter leadership and community membership believe that there aspirations and hopes for development and progress has been enhanced through the community building and community empowerment that is made evident through participation in the updating of the Chapter Land Use Plan.

PLAN AMENDMENT AND UPDATE PROCESS

Plan may be amended by the Torreon/Star Lake Community Land Use Planning Committee (CLUPC) as needed with an approved by Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Resolution. The Manual is updated and recertified every five years.

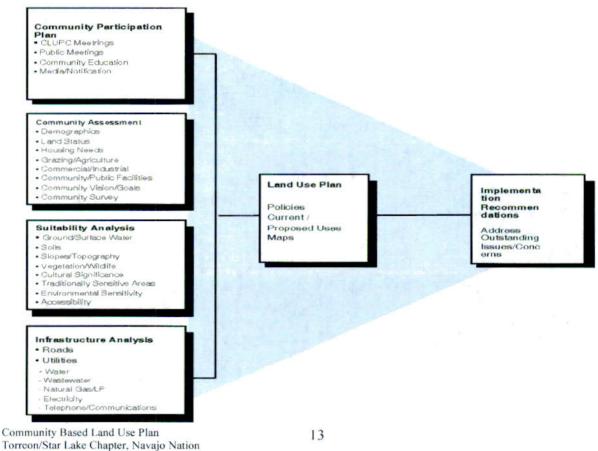
1.4 Chapter Planning Process

There are five phases involved in the chapter land use planning process. The first phase is the development of a community participation plan. The community participation plan specifies the plan of operation, committee meeting schedule, the methods to educate and involve community members in the planning process.

The second phase is community assessment; this assessment examines chapter needs such as housing, economic development and community facilities. The third phase of the planning process is a suitability analysis of sites that are considered for housing. The suitability analysis examines the natural and cultural resources and environmental constraints affecting development on specific sites.

The fourth phase is an infrastructure analysis. The infrastructure analysis considers roads and utilities needed for development to occur. The final product is a Land Use Plan that identifies the most suitable housing development sites, as well as sites for other community needs. It also includes policies and maps. Appendices of useful information are included at the end of the document.

Exhibit 1: Land Use Planning Process



1.5 Mission Statement

We consistently strive to improve the quality of life for all chapter members through excellence in education, beneficial long term economic and land use developments to aid in providing families and individuals with new opportunities to live, work, learn, and retire in a healthy, safe, constructive, and resourceful community.

1.6 Vision Statement

A collective singular vision of all community members requires the ability of the community to collectively established goals and objectives with majority participation in all aspects of community development. The Torreon/Star Lake Chapter, The Community Land Use Planning Committee, and the Chapter Planning Committee realize that any planning in the community requires a oneness of vision that enables goals and objectives to be set and implemented. And that priority established creates a oneness of minds, thought of development, planning, and actual accomplishment of the plan created.



Exhibit 2: CLUP Meeting Schedule

In addition to monthly CLUP Committee meetings, the CLUPC held a couple community (public) meetings on the land use plan on the following dates;

- 1. March 12, 2018(Public Data Gathering)
- 2. March 24, 2018(Public Hearing)
- 3. April 16, 2019 (Public Hearing)
- 4. July 21,2019 (Public Hearing)

With the retaining of The CLUPC Planner to do an update of the Torreon/ Star Lake Chapter Community-Based Land Use Plan, the following meetings were held by the CLUP Committee with CLUPC Planner.

- 1. December 14, 2017
- 2. January 18, 2018
- 3. February 26, 2018
- 4. March 30, 2018
- May 11, 2018
- 6. December 11, 2018
- 7. January 25, 2019
- 8. March 6, 2019
- 9. April 1, 2019
- 10. June 6, 2019
- 11. July 13, 2019

Exhibit 3: Torreon/Star Lake CLUP Committee Resolution



THE NAVAJO NATION

TORREON/STAR LAKE CHAPTER

P.O. BOX 1024 * CUBA, NEW MEXICO 87013 * (505) 731-2336 - Fax# 505-731-1514

Dave B Russ

Richard Montoyn St.

Shorry W. Bogger Secretary-Tenusiere Nies Sandeval Wally Tolesto

Lineralination

Acresed Mantenance Security

RESOLUTION OF THE TORREON STAR LAKE CHAPTER

TSL-1/2018-059- 05

Amending and approving the Establishment of the Torreon Star Lake Chapter Community Land Use Planning Committee and Plan of Operation for Fiscal Year 2018

WHLRLAS

- 1. Pursuant to 26 NNC, Section 3 (A) the Forreon/Star Lake Chapter is a duly recognized certified chapter of the Navajo Nation Government, as listed in 11NNC, part 1, section 10- and
- Pursuant to 26 NNC. Section 1 (B) Torreon/Star Lake Chapter is vested with the authority to review all matters. affecting the community and to make appropriate correction when necessary and make recommendation to the Navajo Nation and other local agencies for appropriate action, and
- 3. Pursuant to Resolution No. CAP-34-98, the Navajo Nation Council adopted the Navajo Nation Local Governance Act ("LGA"), Title 26 of the Navajo Nation Code
- 4. Consistent with the LGA, and to accommodate the short and long-term basis needs of the Chapter relating to community, economic, and infrastructure development, and to preserve grazing and culturally significant areas. the Forreon Star Lake Chapter determines that, in the best interest of the community, the establishment of a Community Land Use Planning Committee (CLUPC) is necessary to continue the planning process

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED THAT

than a mew

- The Torreon Star Lake Chapter supports the Land Use Planning Project and hereby approves the establishment of the Torreon Star Lake Chapter Community Land Use Planning Committee. The Torreon Star Lake Chapter further hereby selects the following individuals to serve on the CLUPC. The list is attached herein as Exhibit "A"
- 2. The Forreon Star Lake Chapter further hereby approves the Community Land Use Planning Committee Plan of Operation attached hereto as Exhibit "B"

CERTIFICATION

We hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was duly considered by the Torreon Star Lake Chapter at a duly called meeting in Torroon, New Mexico at which a quorum was present and that the same was passed by a vote of 52 in favor Topposed, and Tabstamed, this 79 day of January 2018

Dave Rico, President

Torreon Star Lake Chapter

Richard Montoya Sr., Vice President

Torreon Star Lake Chapter

my W. Begaye, Secretary/Treasurer

Tofreon Star Lake Chapter

Alex Sandoval, Land Board Member

Torreon/Star Lake



THE NAVAJO NATION

TORREON/STAR LAKE CHAPTER

P.O. BOX 1024 * CUBA, NEW MEXICO 87013 * (505) 731-2336 - Fax# 505-731-1514

Richard Mostova St.

Sharry W. Buggeyt

Landboord

Alex Sandoval - Wally Totedo

The Torreon Star Lake Chapter Community Land Use Plan Committee Members Fiscal Year 2018

> Leo Charley, President Willis Castillo, Vice President Richelle Montoya, Secretary Richard Montoya Sr., Member Dave Rico, Member Daniel Tso, Member Jeremy Charley, Planner Wally Toledo, CSC



THE NAVAJO NATION

TORREON/STAR LAKE CHAPTER

P.O. BOX 1024 * CUBA, NEW MEXICO 87013 * (505) 731-2336 - Fax# 505-731-1514

Dave 18 Rico

Richard Montova Sr. First Prevalent

Aira Sandowal - Walls Toledo

Alberta Hallard

Accessed Mannagement Spraintfull

The Torreon Star Lake Chapter Community Land Use Plan Committee Plan of Operation

Section 1

Establishment

There is hereby established the Torreon Star Lake Chapter Community Land Use Planning Committee (CEUPC) and take action to protect the life and property of the members of the Chapter in case of emergency or other crisis

Section 2 Purpose

The purpose of the CLUPC is to approve the processes for local land use planning, oversee land use planning activities, and, after thorough review and analysis, present a community land use plan to the Torreon Star Lake Chapter membership for consideration.

The L.R.A.C (Local Rural Addressing Committee) member selected will assist in planning, coordinating and maintaining local rural addressing system in coordination with the Chapter officials and membership

Committee Duties and Responsibilities

The CLUPC shall exercise the following duties and responsibilities consistent with the Navajo Nation Local Governance Act, 26 N.N.C. Section 2004

- A. I ducating the community on the concepts, needs, and process for planning and implementing a land use plan.
- B. Attempt to ensure that the development of the community land use plan is based upon the guiding principles, priorities, goals and vision as articulated by the community and approve a public participation plan
- Shall work closely with the community membership, the Chapter administration staff, the Land Board and the Chapter officials.
- D. Upon approval of the community land use plan by the Chapter membership, the CLUPC shall seek approval of the plan from the Transportation and Community Development Committee, pursuant to 26 N.N.C. Section 102
- Upon approval of the community land use plan by the Chapter membership and by the Transportation and Community Development Committee, the CLUPC shall develop recommendation for the implementation of the land use plan
- The L.R.A.C. member is to assist with the Torreon Star Lake Chapter's rural addressing system to accomplish the Navajo Nation E911 initiative in saving lives and property

Section 4 Committee Selection, Membership

- A. The selection of members to the CLUPC shall be by the Chapter membership at a duly called Chapter meeting at which a quorum is present. The selection of the members shall be set forth in a certified written resolution
- B. The members of the CLUPC shall be comprised of three (3) voting members of the Chapter that have expertise to provide valuable contribution to the overall land use planning process. Subcommittees such as technical and public advisory committees, comprising of voting and non-voting members of the Chapter may be established to assist the CLUPC

Exhibit "B"

Page 1



THE NAVAJO NATION

TORREON/STAR LAKE CHAPTER

P.O. BOX 1024 * CUBA, NEW MEXICO 87013 * (505) 731-2336 - Fax# 505-731-1514

Contard Turks

Dave N. Rase Terrandose Richard Montova St

Shorry W. Begave ... Secretary Traumrer New Sandoval

Walls Literals

Alberta Rallard

The Torreon Star Lake Chapter Community Land Use Plan Committee Plan of Operation

Section 5. Meetings and Compensation

- A. The CLUPC shall hold a sufficient number of meetings to accomplish the overall purpose of the committee
- B. Contingent upon the availability of funds and the annual Chapter budget, each member of the CLUPC may receive one hundred and twenty five (\$125.00) dollars per meeting.
- C. The L.R.A.C. member will be compensated if there are funds available and to work with the Chapter

Section 6 Selection of and Duties and Responsibilities of Committee Officers

- A. The members of the CLUPC shall, at their first duly called meeting, elect a President, Vice President and Secretary/Treasurer of the committee
- B. The duties of the Committee President are to preside over duly called meetings and sign documents on behalf of the CLUPC.
- C. In the absence of the President, the Vice President shall assume the duties and responsibilities of the President, for meeting purposes only, or as may be duly assigned.
- D. The Secretary/Treasurer shall take roll call, keep minutes of committee meetings and maintain all records and documentation of the CLUPC.
- E. The L.R.A.C member responsibilities are attached on a separate sheet of paper

Section 7 Quorum

At any official meeting of the CLUPC, a quorum shall consist of two (2) members.

Section 8 Lechnical Assistance

The CTUPC may seek technical assistance from the Navajo Nation, Federal, State and County governments, or others as needed

Section 9 Ethics

Members of the CLUPC are required to comply with the Navajo Nation Ethics and Government Law

Section 11 Amendments

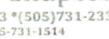
The CLUPC Plan of Operation may be amended from time to time, as needed, by the Torreon Star Lake Chapter membership



Torreon/Star Lake Chapter

P.O. Box 1024 * Cuba, New Mexico 87013 *(505)731-2336







David Rico · President

Richard Montoya Sr.

Sherry Begaye Vice President Secretary/Treusurer

Alex Sandoval Land board

Wally Toledo Coordinator

Carlandra Tolado Office Specialist

RESOLUTION OF THE TORREON/STAR LAKE CHAPTER TSL - 6/19 - 40

Amending and approving the Establishment of the Forreon Star Lake Chapter Community Land Use Planning Committee and Plan of Operations for Fiscal Year 2019.

WHEREAS:

- Pursuant to 26 NNC, Section 3 (A) the Torreon Star Lake Chapter is a duly recognized certified. chapter of the Navajo Nation Government, as listed in 11NNC, Part 1, Section 10; and
- 2. Pursuant to 26 NNC, Section 1 (B) Torreon Star Lake Chapter is vested with the authority to review all matters affecting the community and to make appropriate correction when necessary and make recommendation to the Navajo Nation and other local agencies for appropriate actions;
- 3. Pursuant to Resolution No. CAP-34-98, the Navajo Nation Council adopted the Navajo Nation Governance Act ("LGA"), Litle 26 of the Navajo Nation Code.
- 4. Consistent with the LGA, and to accommodate the short and long-term basis needsa of the Chapter relating to the community, economic, and infrastructure development, and to preserve grazing and culturally significant areas, the Torreon/Star Lake Chapter determines that, in the best interest of the community, the establishment of a Community Land Use Planning Committee (CLUPC) is necessary to continie the planning process.

NOW THEREFORE BE IS RESOLVED THAT:

- 1. The Torreon/Star Lake Chapter supports the Land Use Planning Project and herby approves the establishment of the Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Community Land Use Planning Committee. The Torreon/Star Lake Chapter further hereby selects the following individuals to serve in the CLUPC. The list is attached herein as "Exhibit A"
- 2. The Torreon/Star Lake Chapter further hereby approves the Community Land Use Planning Committee Plan of Operations attached herein as "Exhibit B"

CERTIFICATION

We are to certify that the foregoing resolution was duly considered by the Forreon/Star Lake Chapter at a duly called meeting in Torroon, New Mexico at which a quorum was present and that the same was passed by a vote of 32 in favor. Popposed, 3 abstained, this 9th day of June 2019.

David Rico, Chapter President

Sherry Begaye, Secretary Treasurer

Second: Namu Castillo

Richard Montoya Sr., Vieb President

Alex Sandoval, Land Board Member



Torreon/Star Lake Chapter

P.O. Box 1024 * Cuba, New Mexico 87013 *(505)731-2336

Forregnation value hapters, ang-Fax# 505-731-1514



David Roca President.

Richard Montoya Sr. Sherry Begaye Secretary, Treasurer

Asser Sundays Land board

Wally Tolledo Coordinated

Lariendre Toledo Office Specialist

The Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Community Land Use Plan Committee Members Fiscal Year 2018

> Lea Charley, President Willis Castillo, Vice President Richelle Montoya, Secretary Richard Montova Sr., Member David Rico, Member Daniel Tso, Member Jeremy Charley, Planner Wally Toledo, CSC



Torreon/Star Lake Chapter

P.O. Box 1024 * Cuba, New Mexico 87013 *(505)731-2336

1 mr. mintellman absoluptes + to 2-Paxel 505-731-1514



Owejel Rays. President Richard Montaga Sc Fice President Secretary/Trenduces

элесту ведауе

Agent Stateshoval

Wally Inledu Courdinactor arbudra Torra Office Specialities

The Torreon Star Lake Chapter Community Land Use Plan Committee Plan of Operation

SCALINGE!

Establishment

There is hereby established the Torseon Star Lake Chapter Community Land Use Planning Committee (ULL PC) and take action to protect the life and property of the members of the Chapter in case of emergency is other crisis

Section 2

The purpose of the CLUPC is to approve the processes for local land use planning oversee land use planning activities, and, after thorough review and analysis, present a constitution land use plan to the Torreon Star Lake s hapter membership for consideration

The L.R.A.C. Local Rural Addressing Committee i member selected will assist in planning, coordinating and maintaining local rural addressing system in coordination with the chapter officials and membership

Committee Duties and Responsibilities

The CLUPC shall exercise the following dates and responsibilities consistent with the Nevajo Nation Local Governance Act. 26 N N C Section 2004

- 5. If docuting the community on the concepts, needs, and process for planning and implementing a and use
- Attempt to ensure that the development of the community land use plan is based upon the guiding principles, priorities, goals and vision as afficialisted by the community and approve a public participation
- Shall work closely with the community membership, the Chapter administration staff, the Land Board and the Chapter Officials
- D. Upon approval of the community land use plan by the Chapter membership. The CLUPE shall seek approval of the plan from the Transportation and Community Development Committee, pursuant to 25 N.V.L. Section 102
- A poor approval of the land use plan by the Chapter membership and by the Transportation and Community Development Committee, the CEUPC shall develop recommendation for the implementation of the land use plan
- The L.R.A.C. member is to assist with the Torreon Star Lake Chapter's rural addressing system to accomplish the Navajo Nation L9. Unitrative in saving lives and properties

Section 1 Committee Selection Membership

- The selection of embers to the CTTPL shall be by the Chapter membership at a duly called Chapter meeting at which a quorum is present. The selection of the member, shall be set forth in a certified written news at home
- B. The members of the CLL PC shall be compromised of three CLL voting members of the Chapter than have expertise to provide valuable contribution to the overall land use planning process. Subcommittees such as technical and public advisory committees, comprising of voting and non-voting members of the Chapter may be established to assist the CTTPC

Exhibit "B"

Page 1

Exhibit 4: Torreon/Star Lake Land Use Plan Adopting & Approving Resolution



Torreon/Star Lake Chapter

P.O. Box 1024 * Cuba, New Mexico 87013 *(505)731-2336

Torresponduavajochapters.org-Fax# 505-731-1514



David Rico President

Richard Montoya Sr. Sherry Begaye Alex Sandoval Wally Toledo Vice President

Secretary/Treasurer

Land board

CSC

Cecelia Toledo

Carlandra Toledo Accts. Maintenance Specialist Office Specialist

RESOLUTION OF THE TORREON/STAR LAKE CHAPTER

TSL-09/2019. UB.

APPROVING AND ADOPTING THE RECERTIFICATION OF THE TORREON/STAR LAKE CHAPTER'S

COMMUNITY LAND USE PLAN MANUAL AND COMMITTEE.

WHEREAS:

- 1. The Torreon/Star Lake Chapter is a duly certified chapter under the Navajo Nation Government pursuant to the 26 NNC, Section 33 and is recognized as one of the 110 Navajo Nation Chapters certified and enumerated in 11 NNC section 10; and
- 2. Pursuant to the Navajo Nation Code, Section 1 (B) the Torreon/Star Lake Chapter is delegated, the governmental authority to make decisions over local matter with Navajo Law, Customs, and Traditions; and
- 3. The Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Community Land Use Planning Committee(CLUPC) was re-established in January of 2018 by Resolution TSL-1/2018-059-05; and
- 4. Pursuant to Resolution No. CAP-34-98, the Navajo Nation adopted the Navajo Nation Local Governance Act "LGA", Title 26 of the Navajo Nation Code; and
- 5. To accommodate the short and long-term basic needs of the Chapter relating to community, economic, and infrastructure development and to preserve grazing and culturally significant areas, the Torreon/Star Lake Chapter determined that in the best interest of the community the recertification of the CLUPC manual is necessary to continue the planning process of Torreon/Star Lake Chapter.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED THAT:

- 1. The Torreon/Star Lake Chapter's Administration, Chapter Officials' and its membership approve and adopt the recertification of the Community Land Use Planning Committee and its Manual.
- 2. Torreon/Star Lake Chapter's CLUPC is comprised of eight local individuals that advocate for economic and infrastructure development as well the preservation of the Community's cultural area, Land Use, and grazing comprised of the following.

1.Leo Charley-CLUPC President	S.Daniel E. Tso-Council Delegate
2. Willis Castillo-CLUPC Vice Pres.	6. David Rico-Chapter President
3.Richelle Montoya-CLUPC Sec.	7. Richard Montoya SrChapter Vice Pres.
4.Jeremy Charley- CLUPC Planner	8.Sherry W. Begaye- Chapter Sec./Treasurer

Certification

We Hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was duly considered by the Torreon/Star Lake Chapter at a duly called meeting in Torreon, New Mexico at which a quorum was present and that the same was 24n favor, O opposed, and abstained, the 8th day of September 2019. passed by a vote of

President(TSLC)

Sherry W. Begaye, Secretary/Treasurer(TSLC)

Second: Williamo Cashillo

President(TSLC)

Alex Sandoval, Land Board Member (TSLC)

Chapter Land Use Plan Torreon/Star Lake Chapter

Chapter 2

Community History



2. Community Assessment

2.0 Chapter Background

2.1 History

Torreon/Star Lake Chapter (Na'Neel'Zhiin) is located in the far eastern part of the Navajo Nation. Parts of the chapter lie in Sandoval County, with the rest in McKinley Counties, New Mexico. It is approximately 25 miles southwest of Cuba, NM along State Route 197 (see Exhibit 5).

The Spanish word is 'Torreon' is 'tower' and refers to a tower as the light reflected off the structure at a sheep camp that from a distance. Na'neel'zhiin is the Navajo name for the community is derived from the area of one flat-topped mesas with black horizontal streaks that was used to trap antelope/deer. Hunters built corrals of high fences of large rocks and branches called 'Na'neel'zhiin'. (Note: Not to be confused with the word Ya'neel'zhiin).

Navajo people have been in the area for hundreds of years. The Spanish drove them away from the Rio Puerco area in the 17th and 18th centuries. During the 19th century from 1863 to 1868, the Navajo people endured the hardships of the Long Walk and were confined at Ft. Sumner. Some returned to the Torreon area with the signing of the Treaty of June 1, 1868, which freed the people and established the Navajo Reservation.

The Local Chapter started in a building located in Star Lake, NM along route 0091. It later moved to the old boarding school located on State highway 197 by the Bus depot. The Chapter then relocated to the old trading post, located next to the Torreon Store. After Many Years of using other buildings, the Chapter got their own meeting hall and established the now Chapter compound. With the hard work of all our past officials and dedicated members of the community. The Compound now houses a clinic, preschool, library, and Cellular Tower.



"Na'neel'zhiin was used for hunting of Deer and Pronghorn. Depicted above, is a short story about The Mesa."

Farming and Ranching

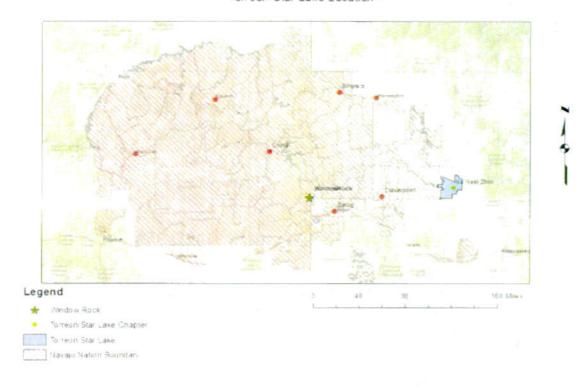
Farming used to take place along the Vicente, Wolfstand, and Torreon Washes when they were not yet eroded and rainfall was more abundant. Community members grew corn and melons. For instance, in the 1940's, 100,000 pounds of corn was grown at Torreon annually. Residents kept livestock away from the fields until after the harvest.

A drought started in the 1930s and continues to this day. Farming has since ceased and only a few gardens remain. Lower rainfall, general assistance programs, and boarding schools (farming was not passed down to children) all contributed to loss of community farming.

The families used to migrate by wagon between summer and winter camps, with their livestock. They combined their livestock among families and together traveled to where water and grassland were best. In 1910, grazing was so well established at Torreon that it had a sheep dipping plant where 36,700 sheep were dipped annually. Today, although grazing continues, rangeland conditions have deteriorated.

Exhibit 5: Navajo Nation Location Map

Torreon/Star Lake Location



NAVAJO NATION: TORREON/STAR LAKE CHAPTER

In the 1930s, the Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) built tanks for erosion control and irrigation. These were primary sources of water. Residents filtered the water out for drinking with flour sacks. The tanks caught the summer rainfall and held water all year long; there were also springs, such as at Johnson's Corner that were water sources. Community members dug wells by hand, built them up with rocks, and installed hand pumps, these wells can still be seen. The first windmill in the community was built in 1936, to the west of the chapter house.

The CCC dammed Vicente Wash and created a reservoir called Big Cornfield Tank for irrigation. People used to swim in the reservoir during the summers. Because of the silt buildup, it is no longer used.

In 1934, the First Boarding school was established. The School Taught grades 1-4. Iola T. and others taught many students throughout the years. In 1954, the Torreon Mission was established by Dunkards Brethren Church. The church dug a well for livestock, built a community laundry and shower. In 1965, the mission established a clinic. It was staffed by a nurse from Crownpoint, who came out to Torreon twice a week. Other denominations are also represented in the community by Pentecostal churches, Southern Baptist, Holiness Church, Native American Church, and Diné traditional religion.

Trade

Early wagon trails facilitated trade in the Rio Puerco area. Travel from Cuba to Crownpoint was by a dirt road until the late 1960s. Torreon community members have always traded with the area Spanish communities, such as Cabezon and San Luis, and with Jemez and other nearby pueblos, learning to speak their languages. The community traded rugs, jewelry, sheep, and goats for vegetables and fruits from pueblos. There used to be a San Luis trader who regularly brought a wagonload of merchandise and furniture to Torreon.

The original Torreon Trading Post was established in 1928 by Hooch Graham, it bought and sold various goods and merchandise, including wagons. In 1953, it was burned down by Navajo vigilantes, reportedly due to Graham's mistreatment of community seniors. Graham's Son was killed because of a dispute over royalty checks between the mission and trading post. Graham and his family escaped back to Mexico.

The trading post was bought and rebuilt by Mr. James Brownson. It was later sold to Shelby Johnson, then to Morris Tanner and then subsequently sold to Giant Industries. Prior to the Torreon Trading Post, residents endured long wagon trips to Star Lake Trading Post or to Ojo Encino and Cabezon.

The first job opportunities were with the railroads, particularly with the Union Pacific, Rio Grande, and Santa Fe Railroads. Community members had to be at least age 14 to be hired. They traveled all across the U.S. and lived in abandoned boxcars.

Schooling

In 1935, local masons built a boarding school, which housed grades one through three. The BIA-operated school had two Hogan dorms -

one for boys and one for girls. Torreon had its own Native teachers. Early well-known teachers were Lola Tsinnajinnie and Sarah Showwalter. Eleanor Tso was head cook and Mary Jane Trujillo was the dorm counselor.

Children also attended the boarding schools in Crownpoint, Ft. Wingate, Albuquerque, Santa Fe, All Tribes Indian School in Bernalillo, as well as schools in California, Utah, Arizona, and Oklahoma. For many years, the children were required to stay the entire school year and were not allowed to speak Navajo.

The area's first public school was located in San Luis. Nearby schools were also located in Cuba. Cuba High School was built in 1956. Young people usually entered the military upon graduation.

The Laws Governing education Changed whereby the students within one mile of a public highway had to attend the local school mainly Cuba public School.

Military Service





For More Information: https://www.abajournal.com/887174/were-navajo-women-first-gi-janes.html

The earliest American GI Janes possibly come from Torreon/Star Lake Community in Sandoval County. A Local Historian named David C'de Baca found Two Navajo Women during his compilation of information on Sandoval County Veterans. The Two Navajo Women served as Scouts in the Army's 20th Regiment in the summer of 1886. Their Names were Mexicana Chiquito (whose given name was Nal-Kai) who was 24 years old and Muchacha who was 21 years old.(Displayed at

Sandoval County Administrative Offices in Bernalillo). Community members have also served in World War I, II, Korean, Vietnam, Desert Storm, Operations Iraqi Freedom, and Enduring Freedom. In addition, residents have served in the National Guard. The main recruiting office was in Crownpoint, New Mexico.



Private First Class Preston Toledo and Private First Class Frank Toledo, cousins and full-blocd Navajo Indians, relay orders over a field radio in their native tongue, Ballarat, July 7, 1943.

During World War II, many community members were stationed at Fort Wingate where they loaded ammunition. Four Code Talkers were from Torreon: Frank Toledo, Bill Toledo, Preston Toledo, and Tom Otero. Albert Harold was a community member reported missing in action during WWII. Montoya Trujillo Served in the United States Army, he served as security for General James McArthur, who was the commander of the Pacific theatre of World War II. He witnessed the signing of the peace treaty between the United States and Japan. Three days after that signing he was discharged from the U.S Army.

For More Information: https://www.cnn.com/2017/11/28/us/navajo-code-talkers-trump-who/index.html

Frank and Bill Toledo witnessed the flag raising of Iwo Jima at Mount Suribachi in the Pacific.

Another veteran from Torreon served as a model for the Vietnam Veteran's memorial in the mall of Washington D.C.(Marshall Castillo)

Torreon recognizes community veterans with an annual Veteran's Day parade, where residents bring flags to bless and acknowledge the 'gold star' mothers and the widows of deceased veterans. A memorial has been constructed in front of the chapter house. A memorial center is also planned.

For More Information: https://www.nativevillage.org/Inspiration-/List%20of%20Names%20of%20Navajo%20Codetalkers.htm



"Were it not for the Navajos," said Maj. Howard Connor, the signal officer of the Navajos, "the Marines would never have taken Iwo Jima."

Early Community Life

Originally, houses were hogans made of fieldstones, logs, and mud. There were two types of hogans: 'male' mud and stick house and 'female' five-sided house. They had one room with one door facing east. Housing was also built on the hilltops with stone, similar to the Anasazi ruins, with narrow, low doors and windows.

In the early 1900s, the community began building adobe houses, learned from the Spanish when they helped them herd their sheep. The houses were not level but were 'eye-balled.' Modern-type houses were not built until the 1960s and bathrooms were not added to many homes until the 1970s.

Before any health care clinics were built, Torreon residents went to the local medicine men for treatment. When a road was built, they went to Crownpoint for medical care. In 1956, a clinic was established at Torreon Mission. In the 1970s, a clinic was built by the Torreon chapter house. Torreon Chapter voted to join Presbyterian Medical Services and the system was subsequently named the Checkerboard Health System. This included Counselor Chapter, Ojo Encino, and Torreon/Star Lake Chapter. The Torreon/Star Lake decided to join the Presbyterian Medical Services(PMS) and the system was subsequently was the checkerboard health system. This included Counselor, Ojo Encino, and Torreon/Star Lake.

In the 1950s, through Federal law the Navajo people began getting assistance for roads, waterlines, schools, police protection, health care and housing. These laws required more regulations that community members had to abide by. Federal assistance for construction projects also led to greater involvement by the Navajo Tribe at the local level.

2.2 Chapter Government

John Conley, Agency Superintendent, is credited with helping to get the chapters started. In 1952, Torreon chapter meetings originally took place in Star Lake. By 1958, meetings were held at the Torreon Trading Post. In 1964, the first Chapter House was built next to the trading post.



Finally, in 1966, the current Chapter House was built. Until the 1980s, the Navajo Nation had two branches of government, led by a Tribal Chairman. Chapters had very limited functions. When the executive branch was formed, with the new office of President, the powers of chapter governments also began to be expanded.

For More Information Visit:

https://torreon.navajochapters.org/

Some of the leaders in the community, included:

Year	Council Delegate	President	Vice-President	Secretary/Treasurer
1955	James Sandoval	Heronimo Castillo	Jose Antonio	Frank Otero
	George Toledo	Miles Tso	Elsie R. Juan	
1959	James Sandoval	George Toledo	Augustine Sandoval	Elsie R. Juan
1963	Joe Domingo	George Toledo	Jeffery Toledo	Ray Yazzie
1967	Joe Domingo	George Toledo	Jeffery Toledo	Ray Yazzie
1971	Joe Domingo	Charlie Toledo	Sam Castillo	Annie Gordo
1975	Joe Domingo	Charlie Toledo	Richard Montoya	Annie Gordo
1979	Joe Domingo	Charlie Toledo	Richard Montoya	Annie Gordo
	Mae E. Toledo	Tony Trujillo	Annie Gordo	
1983	Charlie Toledo	Henry Toledo	Danny M. Sandoval	Richard Montoya
1987	Daniel E. Tso	James H. Gordo	Dave Rico	Marlena S. Waukazoo
1992	Daniel E. Tso	Ben Toledo	Dave Rico	Wallace Toledo
1996	Harry Jackson	David B. Rico	Joe L. Cayaditto, Jr.	Rena S. Roan
2000	Frank C. Willeto, Sr.	David B. Rico	Joe L. Cayaditto, Jr.	Marlene Waukazoo
2002	David B. Rico Lavern A. Wagner	Leo L. Charley	Joe L. Cayaditto, Jr.	Marlene Waukazoo
2004	David B. Rico	Joe L. Cayaditto,Jr	Leo L. Charley	Evangeline Tachine
2006	David B. Rico			
2008	David B. Rico	Joe L. Cayaditto,Jr	Marlene Waukazoo	Evangeline Tachine
	Leonard Tsosie			
2010	Leonard Tsosie	NOTE: Beginning	24 NNC Delegate appor	tionment
2012	Leonard Tsosie	David B. Rico	Joe L. Cayaditto, Jr.	Evangeline Tachine
2014	Leonard Tsosie			
2016	Leonard Tsosie	David B. Rico	Richard Montoya	Sherry Begaye
2018	Daniel E. Tso	David B. Rico	Richard Montoya	Sherry Begaye

Current Chapter Officials:

- · David B. Rico, President
- · Richard Montoya, Vice President
- · Sherry Begay, Secretary/Treasurer
- · Daniel E. Tso, Council Delegate
- · Alex Sandoval, Land Board
- · Wally Toledo, Chapter Coordinator
- · Cecelia Toledo, Account Maintenance Specialist

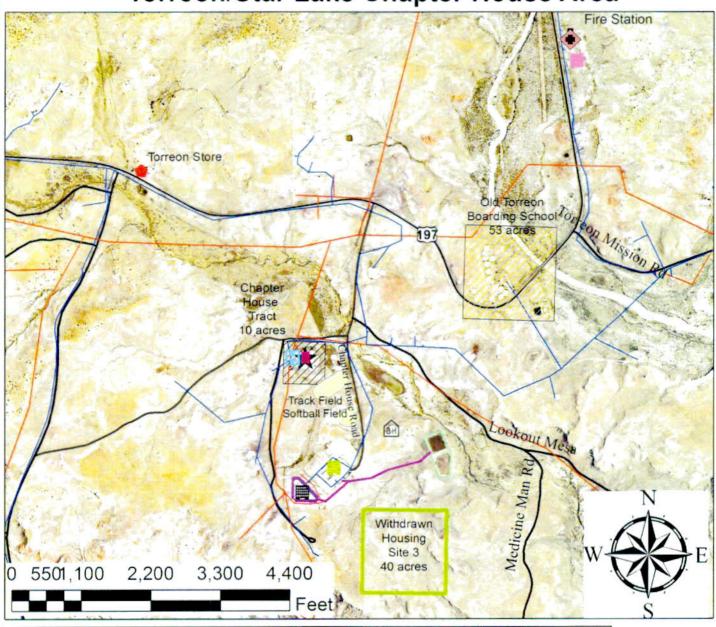
CLUP Committee:

- · Leo Charley, President
- · Willis Castillo, Vice President
- · Richelle Montoya, Secretary
- · Richard Montoya Sr., Member
- · David Rico, Member
- · Daniel Tso, Member
- · Jeremy Charley, Planner
- Wally Toledo, CSC

For More Information Visit:

http://www.navajoelections.navajo-nsn.gov/chapter_history.html







SOURCES; NN Land Dept, NNDOT, ESRI, DEM-RGIS-NM, TSLC, ARC

DISCLAIMER; Maps are for information purposes and may not be suitable for legal, enginerring, or surveying purposes.

Community Based Land Use Plan Torreon/Star Lake Chapter, Navajo Nation

Chapter House

Store (25%), for senior programs (21.3%) and social services (22.8%). Another 7% attend Veterans Group, 6% Most respondents said they visit the chapter house (81.9%). Respondents said they use the chapter house for the health clinic (79.5%), to vote (64.6%), attend chapter meetings (45.7%), social events (45.7%), for the Thrift to get water, 4.7% to use the computer, and 12% for project planning. About 14.2% said they use the chapter house for 'other' reasons.

Use of Chapter House at Torreon:

8 N

Yes

		ъı	0
	ents	Other	14.2%
	Social Event	Project Planning	11.8%
	Vote 64.6%	Health Clinic	79.5%
	Chapter Meetings 45.7%	Thrift Store	25.2%
	Social Services 22.8%	To Use A Computer	4.7%
. 11.8%	Youth Programs 0.8%	For Water	6.3%
81.9% 6.3%	Senior Programs 21.3%	Veterans Group	7.1%
Do you go to the Chapter House?	Why do you go to the chapter house?		

2.3 Land Status

The Torreon/Star Lake Chapter shares its borders with the Whitehorse Lake, Pueblo Pintado, Counselor, and the Ojo Encino Chapters and its eastern border is New Mexico State land. The Torreon Chapter is located in the Checkerboard Area of the Navajo Nation. The total area of the chapter is 115,239.44 acres (Exhibit 7 and 8). The different land status classifications include:

- Tribal Trust 13,213.21 acres
- Tribal Fee 9.301.92 acres
- · Allotted 34,008.26 acres
- Bureau of Land Management 48,864.46 acres
- State of New Mexico 4,530.51 acres
- · Private 840 acres
- Public Land Order (PLO) 2198 4,481.08 acres

Nine allotments are located south/southeast of the Chapter House, outside of the boundaries. Chapter officials would like to incorporate these lands into the Chapter area.

For More Information:

http://www.dinehbikeyah.org/crownpoint/index

2.3.1 Land Buy Back Program (2016)

The Land Buy-Back Program for the Navajo Nation works to unify fractionated tribal land bases that resulted from the failed historical policy of allotment. Fractionation affects approximately 150 locations and results in tracts of land with potentially hundreds of owners. Over the Next decade, the Program and various Tribes will partner to help communities consolidate these lands across Indian Country.

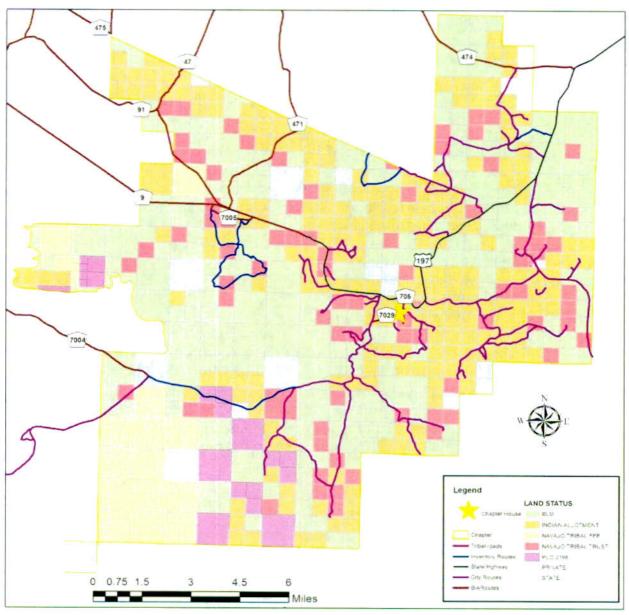
-Navajo BBP

For more Information: http://www.bbp.navajo-nsn.gov/

Also See Policy 10f. of the Land use Plan

Exhibit 7: Land Status Map (checkerboard)

Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Land Status Map

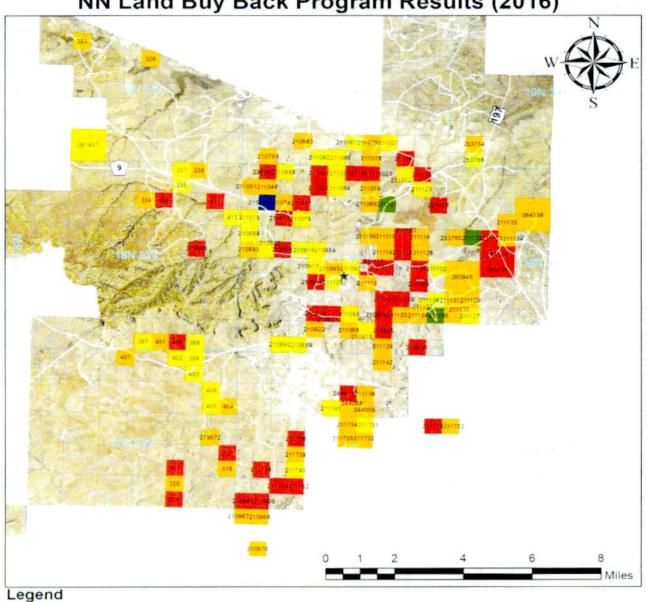


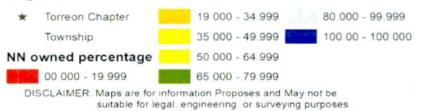
SOURCES; NN Land Dept, NNDOT, ESRI Shaded Relief

DISCLAIMER; Maps are for information purposes and may not be suitable for legal, enginerring, or surveying purposes.

Exhibit 8: Land Buy Back (2016)

Torreon/Star Lake Chapter
NN Land Buy Back Program Results (2016)





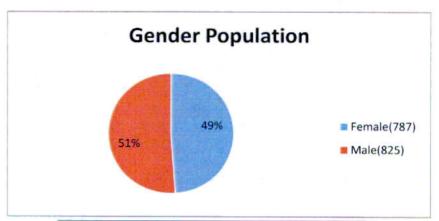


2.4 Community Demographic Data

This section describes population, demographic and economic trends in the Torreon community; future housing and other community needs are determined by these factors. The following data was extracted from the 2010 Census.

2.4.1 Population

The Torreon/Star Lake Chapter population in 2010 was 1,612 according to the U.S. 2010 Census. There are 677 males and 638 females for an approximate 51/49% gender representation.



CHAPTER	STATE	COUNTY	Navajo in Comb* pop	Navajo alone pop†	All race
ALAMO	MM	SOCORRO/CIBOLA	1,873	1,826	2,006
HACA	NM	MckINLFY/CIBOLA	731	725	789
BECENTI	NM	MICKINLEY	377	ln.7	401
BREAD SPRINGS	NM	MickINLEY	850	841	908
CANONCITO	MM	CIBOLA/BERNALLILO/SANDOVAL	1.423	1.389	1,591
LASAMERU LAKE	Patha	McKINLEY	464	460	518
CHICHITAH	hitel	Mickinsky	1.334	1.333	1.443
CHURCH ROCK	Pathot	McKINLEY	2,654	2,626	2.868
COUNSELOR	NM	SANDOVAL/RIO ARRIBA/SAN JUAN	721	708	870
CROWNPOINT	NM	MICKINLEY	2.120	1,263	2,729
HUERFANO	NM	SAN ILIAN	2,466	2,404	2,631
IYANBITO	NM	Mickinity	H138	790	890
LAKE VALLEY	MM	SAN IUAN/MIKINLEY	297	286	106
UTTLEWATER	NM	MEXINEEY	402	402	427
MANUELITO	NM	Mickinsky	273	223	264
MARIANG LAKE	NM	DA: KINLEY	786	784	823
NAGEE21	NA	SAN IUAN	1,010	994	1,095
NAHODISHOISH	NA	MORINELY	184	178	408
OIGENCING	NM	McKINELY	584	567	688
PINEDALE	NM	McKINLLY	1.015	993	1,109
PURBLO PINTADO	NM	MCKENLE Y	15-9	154	419
RAMAH	NM	CBOLA/MEXINGEY	1,236	1,206	1.400
RED ROCK	No	ANCKERALS Y	1,694	1.666	1.856
ROCK SPRINGS	News	MCKINLLY	988	974	1.086
SMITH LAKE	NM	McKINLLY	828	811	951
STANDING ROCK	NA	MCKINLLY	568	548	041
CASRONT	NW	McKINLEY	1.181	1,141	2411
TORREON	NM	SANDOVAL/M-KINLEY	1,315	1,300	1,612
TSAVATOR	NN	MICKENLEY	574	555	658
WHITE HORSE	NN	Mickeniev	183	571	40h
WHITE ROCK	NM	SAN JUAN/NICKING Y	Jr.	75	76
		TOTAL	29,912	29,364	13,316

New Mexico Navajo chapters population from most to least by all races.

	CHAPTER	COUNTY	AGENCY	Navajo in comb*	Navajo alone pop†	Ail race
	SHIPROCK	SAN IUAN	NORTHERN	8,329	8,073	9.126
	CHURCH ROCK			2,651	2,626	2.868
1 9	FRUITLAND	SAN IUAN	NORTHERN	2.538	2.433	2.751
- 1	CROWNPOINT	MOSINLEY	EASTERN	2,320	2.263	2.729
	HUERFANO	SAN IJAN	EASTERN.	2,466	2,404	2.633
	TWIN LAKES	MORINLEY	FT DEFIANCE	1,990	1,963	2,212
	ALAMO	SOCORRO/CIBOLA	EASTERN	1,873	1.826	2.006
	RED ROCK	MEKINLEY	EASTERN	1,694	1,666	1,856
- 1	SANOSTEE	SAN JUAN/APACHE	NORTHERN	2,676	1,660	1, 795
0. 1	TORREON	SANDOVAL	EASTERN	1,315	1,300	1.612
1 1	CANONCITO	EIBOLA, BERNALLILO/SANDOVAL	EASTERN	1,423	1, 189	1,591
1	NASCHITTI	SAN JUAN	FT DEFIANCE	1,411	1.361	1,500
3 3	TOHATCHI	McKINLEY	FT DEFIANCE	1.2%	1.240	1,450
1 (CHICHILTAH	McKINLLY	EASTERN	3,134	1,333	4,443
- 1	THOREAU	MURINLEY	EASTERN	1,181	1.141	1,433
b 3	MEXICAN SPRINGS	McKINLLY	FF DEFIANCE	1.212	1,180	1,418
1	RAMAH	C-BOLA/ MCKIN(EY	EASTERN	1,236	1,206	1,400
1	NENAHNEZAD	SAN JUAN	NORTHERN	1.128	1.077	1,292
9 1	HOGBACK	SAN JUAN	NORTHERN	1,150	1.124	4,215
0 1	TWO GREY HILLS	SAN JUAN	NORTHERN	1,102	1,06.8	1,157
1 1	PINEDALE	MERCINEEY	EASTERN	1.015	991	1,109
1	NAGEEZI	SAN RIAN	EASTERN	1.010	994	1 095
1 1	ROCK SPRINGS	McKINLLY	EASTERN'	988	974	1.086
1	SMITH LAKE	McKINLEY	EASTERN	828	811	951
5 3	BREAD SPRINGS	McKINLEY	EASTERN	850	54.1	(9138)
. 1	YANBITO	McKINLEY	FASTERN	808	790	490
1 4	COUNSELOR	SANDOVAL/RIO ARRIBA/SAN JUAN	EASTERN	721	You	470
1 1	MARIANO LAKE	MODINGY	EASTERN	786	.184	#23
9 (5	SHEEP SPRINGS	SAN JUAN	NORTHERN	766	749	601
) 1	BACA	MICKINELY/CIBOLA	LASTERN	731	725	789
1 1	BECLABITO	SAN AJAN/APACHE	NORTHERN	718	207	749
2 3	OJO ENCINO	McKINLLY	EASTERN	584	56.7	688
1 1	COYOTE CANYON	MICKINELY	ET DEFIANCE	643	534	685
4 (CRYSTAL	SAN HJAN/APACHE/MCKINLEY	ET DEFIANCE	16.2	555	620
5 1	TSAYATON	McKINLEY	EASTERN	574	559	558
5 3	STANDING ROCK	MCKINLEY	EASTERN	568	548	641
1 1	NEWCOMB	SAN IUAN	NORTHERN	150	544	629
1 (GADII'AHI	SAN IUAN	NORTHERN	495	478	550
9 4	CASAMERO LAKE	McKINLEY	EASTERN	464	460	118
U 15	SAN JUAN	SAN JUAN	NORTHERN	500	500	500
1 1	UTTLEWATER	MCKINLEY	EASTERN	8(1,2	40.2	427
2 6	PUEBLO PINTADO	McKINLEY	EASTERN	159	154	419
1 1	NAHODISHGISH	McKINLEY	EASTERN	\$84	578	408
1 1	WHITE HORSE	McKINLEY	EASTERN	181	171	406
1	BECENTI	MCKINLEY	EASTERN	177	167	403
	LAKE VALLEY	SAN JUAN/MCKINLLY	EASTERN	287	286	306
7 1	BURNHAM	SAN JUAN	NORTHERN	257	256	280
8 3	MANUELITO	McKINLEY	EASTERN	223	223	264
9 3	WHITE ROCK	SAN JUAN/MERINCEY	FASTERN	75	75	76
_	* Combination	* Population	TOTAL	57.551	56,306	63,513

Total Population on Navajo Nation

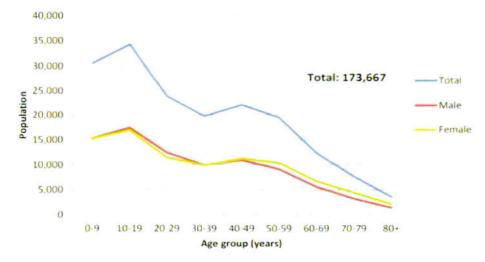
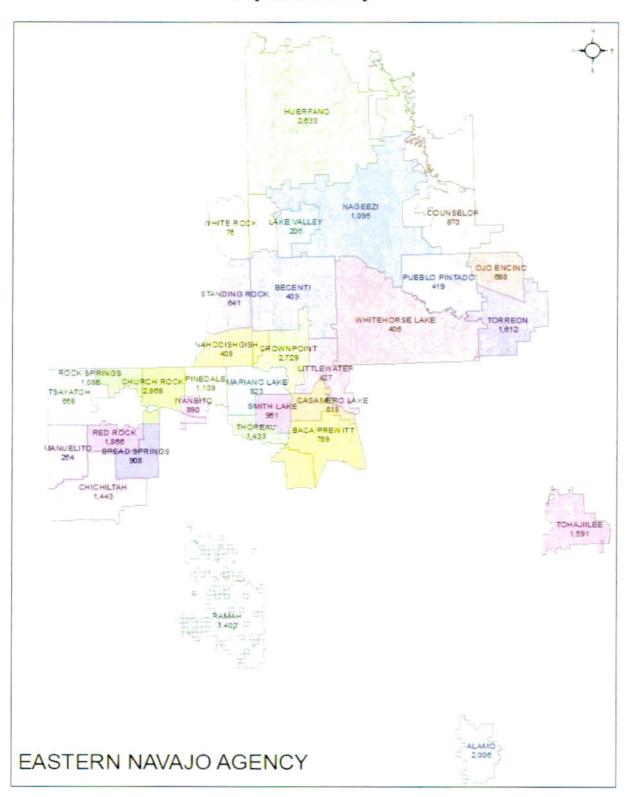
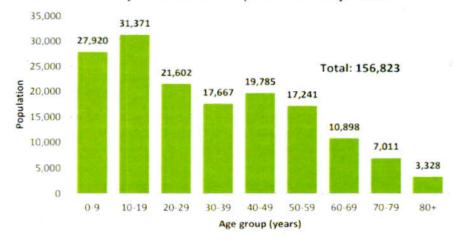


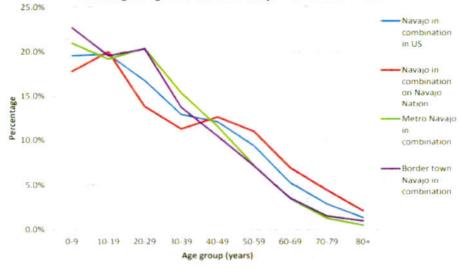
Exhibit 9: Population Map



Total Navajo in combination Population on Navajo Nation



Percentage of Age Distribution of Navajo in combination in U.S.



2.4.1 Assessment tools

The Torreon/Star Lake Chapter CLUPC Update process used a variety of data sources. The data sources are from Local Chapter members and non-profits (including a tri-chapter food and energy survey)' Concerned Community Community Input sessions, CLUPC input, Navajo Governmental Departments, Federal Entities, and Census(including American Community Survey).

2.4.1.1 Hasbídító's Trichapter Energy & Food Survey

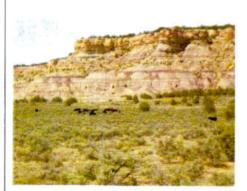
A local Navajo nonprofit group named Hasbídító conducted the Trichapter Energy & Food Survey in the summer of 2012. This Survey covered large amount of information from Store shopping habits and if we have fresh produce available to the community, and Energy use. Over 370 Households were surveyed out of an estimated 1000 household area covering Torreon, Ojo Encino, and Torreon.

For more information visit: https://www.rpalliance.org/

2.4.1.2 Torreon/Star Lake Navajo Community OPREVENT2

The Center for Human nutrition, Department of International Health, Bloomberg School of Public Health, And John Hopkins University did a report from 2016-2017. The Survey Covered Information from Employment Status, Highest Level of education, and an idea of medical conditions within the community. Over 100 individuals participated in the report out of an estimated 1612 community member.

Poirier L, Gittelsohn J, Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health, "Torreon Star Lake Navajo Community OPREVENT2 Baseline Report" Baltimore, MD. Prepared (2017)



Trichapter Food and Energy Economic Survey Results

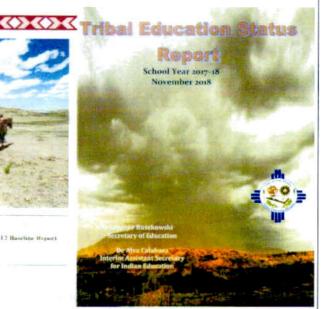
Lord and Europe Survey Results

1



Forreon Star Lake Navajo Community OPREVENT2 Baseline Report 2016-2017

A prince to a House of Societies.
Department of Probabilities and Theoriff
Bloodbury School of Public Harch
Intern Hester of the Societies.



2.4.1.3 Tribal Education Status Report (School Year 2017-18)

The Document was developed under a grant from the U.S. Department of Education (USDOE). However, the contents do not necessarily represent the policy of the USDOE and should not be regarded as an endorsement by the federal government. Some of the information in the document was adopted from the Tribal Education Status Report for school year 2017-2018, (November 2018) which is copyright-free document published by the New Mexico Public Education Department.

For More Information visit: http://www.ped.state.nm.us/ped/index.html

2.4.1.4 Torreon/Star Lake Census Data

In 2010 a new census was conducted. Also, the American Community Survey 5-year results are available. Thus, it is possible to pull projected data for years outside of the census. Due to the rural nature of Torreon/Star Lake Chapter, the census data utilized may be subject to large margins of error due to small sample sizes.

For More Information visit:

https://www.towncharts.com/New-Mexico/Demographics/Torreon-CDP-Sandoval-County-NM-Demographics-data.html

http://www.nec.navajo-nsn.gov/Portals/0/Reports/NN2010PopulationProfile.pdf

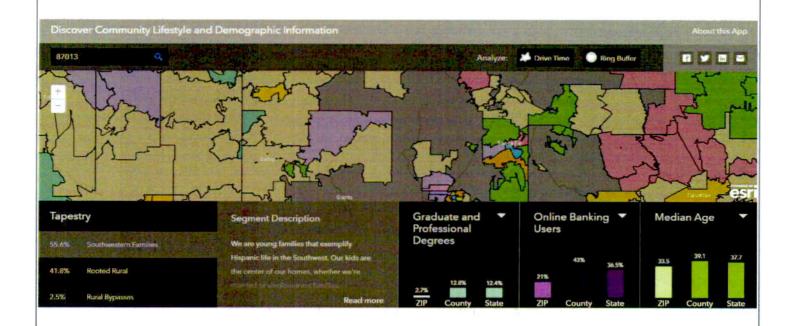
2.4.1.5 Torreon/Star Lake Community & CLUPC Input Sessions

The community and CLUPC input sessions discussed and identified existing elements within their community that they enjoy and dislike. In addition, these sessions identified what community members like to see in regards to development and growth within the community. These sessions went deeper into these topics that were raised to gain fuller perspective of the process of implementing these projects and how it might be possible.

2.4.1.6 ESRI: Discover Community Lifestyle and Demographic Information

Esri's ARC online Provides Data Collected throughout The World Compiled GIS data into usable business data. The data readily available can be used to make Business Decisions upon what type of families live in the area of concern.

For More Information visit: https://webapps-cdn.esri.com/Apps/location-strategy-for-business/#/insights?zip=87013&graphs=Graduate-and-Professional-Degrees,Online-Banking-Users,Median-Age



2.5 Tribal Enrollment

WIND

Navajo Nation

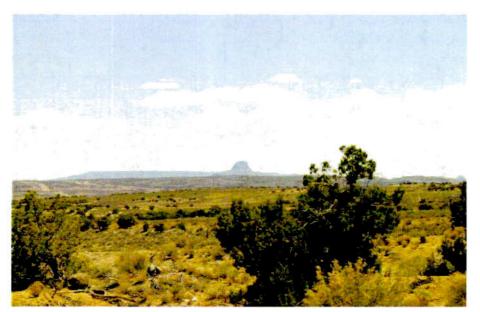
Navajo Nation Tribal Enrollment

Chapter Name -	Tribal Enrollment
Alamo	1359
4neth	2152
Baahaali	1227
Baca-Prewitt	2798
Bahastl'ah' (Twin Lakes)	1797
Becenti	1032
Beclabito	487
Black Mesa	595
Sue Gap/Tachee	1420
Bodaway-Gap	1445
Cameron	1518
Casamero Lake	983
In chiltah	2257
254chinbeto	1011
Trinle	10707
Thurch Rock	3676
Salmine Canyon	811
oppermine	744
Cornfields	993
Counselor	1278
Cove	581
Coyote Canyon	1305
Crownpoint	3372
Crystal	1088
Dennehotso	1314
Dilkon	1475
Forest Lake	653
Fort Defiance	5695
äadil' Ahl/Toʻkoi	419
Senado	2186
easewood Springs	1241
hard Rock	1361
-cuck	1449
-uerfano	2434
ndian Wells	1081
- sch40	1363
	1318

Community Based Land Use Plan Torreon/Star Lake Chapter, Navajo Nation

NAMAJO NATION		Navajo Nation
Kai' Bii To (Kaibeto)	1806	Navajo Nanon
Kayenta	4052	
Kin Dah Lichii (Kinlichee)	1984	
Klagetoh	1200	
Lake Valley	701	
LeChee	1181	
Leupp	1472	
Littlewater	1498	
Low Mountain	1441	
Lukachukai	3329	
Manuelito	1215	
Many Farms	3439	
Mariano Lake	1485	
Mexican Springs	1012	
Mexican Water	626	
Nageezi	1970	
Nahata Dziil	913	
Nahodishgish	681	
Naschitti	1289	
Navajo Mountain	752	
Nazfini	1586	
Nenahnezad	1301	
Newcomb	547	
Oak Springs	787	
Ojo Encino	1297	
Oljato	1849	
Pinedale	1983	
Pinon	4461	
Pueblo Pintado	1114	
Ramah	3571	
Red Lake #18	891	
Red Mesa	785	
Red Valley	1169	
Rock Point	1663	
Rock Springs	1672	
Round Rock	1603	
San Juan	398	
Sawmill	1352	
Shiprock	6916	
Shanto	1751	
Community Based Land Use Plan Torreon/Star Lake Chapter, Navajo Nation	48	

WIND		
Smith Lake	1276	Navajo Nation
St. Michaels	3156	
Steamboat	1502	
Teec Nas Pas	1502	
Teesto	1074	
Thoreau	2368	
Tiis Tsoh Sikaad (Burnham)	365	
To Nanees' Dizi'	5895	
Toadlena/Two Grey Hills	2015	
Tohajiilee	1720	
Tohatchi	1606	
Tolani Lake		
Tolikan (Sweetwater)	661	
Tonalea/Red Lake	848	
Toch' Haltsooi (Sheep Springs)	2216	
Torreon/Star Lake	662	
Ts'ah Bii Kin (Inscription House)	2455	
Tsaile/Wheatfields	1080	
Tsayatoh	2239	
Tse Ainaozt'ii (Sanostee)	1411	
Tse Ch'izhi (Rough Rock)	1698	
Tse Daa Kaan (Hogback)	1753	
Tse' li'Ahi (Standing Rock)	848	
Tse Lichii (Red Rock)	1057	
Tse' Si Ani (Lupton)	2321	
Tselan/Cottonwood	911	
Tsidii Toʻii (Birdsprings)	2176	
Upper Fruitland	853	
Whippoorwill	1417	
White Cone	1680	
White Horse Lake	1222	
White Rock	1059	
Wide Ruins	378	
winda Mulina	1141	



<u>Cabezon Peak, East of TSLC. Cabezon is part of Navajo Traditional Stories. The Peak Rises to</u> 7.785ft in elevation.

2.6 Housing Information

Existing and proposed housing uses are described in this section.

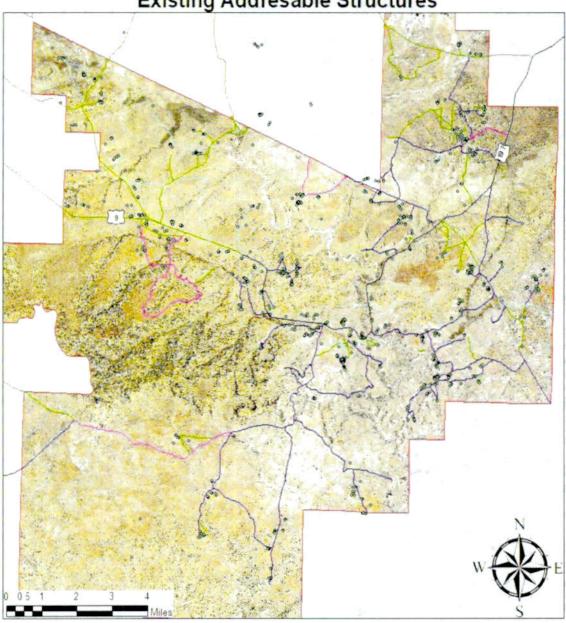
2.6.1 Existing Housing

In the Year 2000 U.S. Census identified 544 total housing units in Torreon Chapter, 420 were occupied and 120 were reported as being vacant. Thus, some 77% of the total units are occupied seasonally. In 2019 The Local Rural Addressing Committee has confirmed there are nearly 850 addressable structures: Increasing significantly by 156%.

Some residents may live elsewhere for employment part of the year and return to the community at other times. Of total housing, 20 units were built by Navajo Housing Authority as part of a subdivision. Twelve BIA teacher's houses are also located in the community, at the old school site.

Local Rural Addressing is a current project the CLUPC is doing, We hope this will help combat Economic Depression, and help with Public Safety. The E911 Addressing will help with both communicating to Safety Agencies, and Small Home Business's receive there good's at their doorstep rather then travel to Local Boarder Towns.

Exhibit 10: Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Existing Addresable Structures



Legend

Torreon — Inventory Routes — City Roads

Addressable Structures Tribal roads

Torreon Chapter — State Highway

DISCLAIMER Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal engineering, or surveying purposes

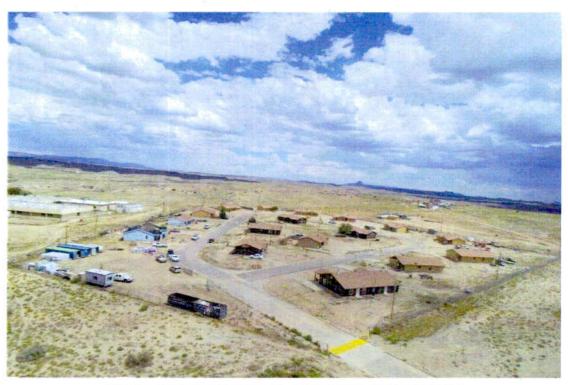


2.6.2 Housing Needs

Housing needs in the community are identified as follows:

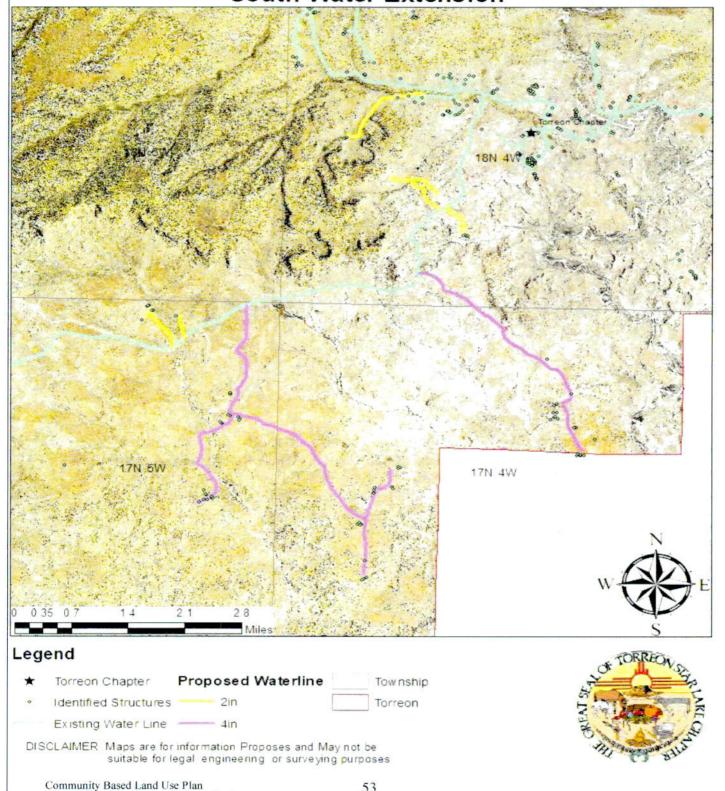
A waiting list shows 109 households need replacement housing, 60 households need renovation, and 15 households need weatherization. In addition, the 2018 CLUPC list identifies a number of housing units needing rewiring, NHA Subdivision estimated to cost \$25,000 and a \$15,500 project from Navajo Housing Services. A power line was extended to 30 homes in the Southside/Ant Hill area.

Waterline extensions for the Torreon South project are proposed to serve approximately 90 homes and build a number of bathroom additions. Torreon Central (Chavez Camp) Waterline Extension Project is proposed to serve 103 homes and build 25 bathroom additions. A household survey conducted for Torreon found additional housing needs.



NHA housing located 1/4 mile south, of the Torreon/Star Lake Chapter

Exhibit 11: Torreon/Star Lake Chapter South Water Extension



53

Torreon/Star Lake Chapter, Navajo Nation

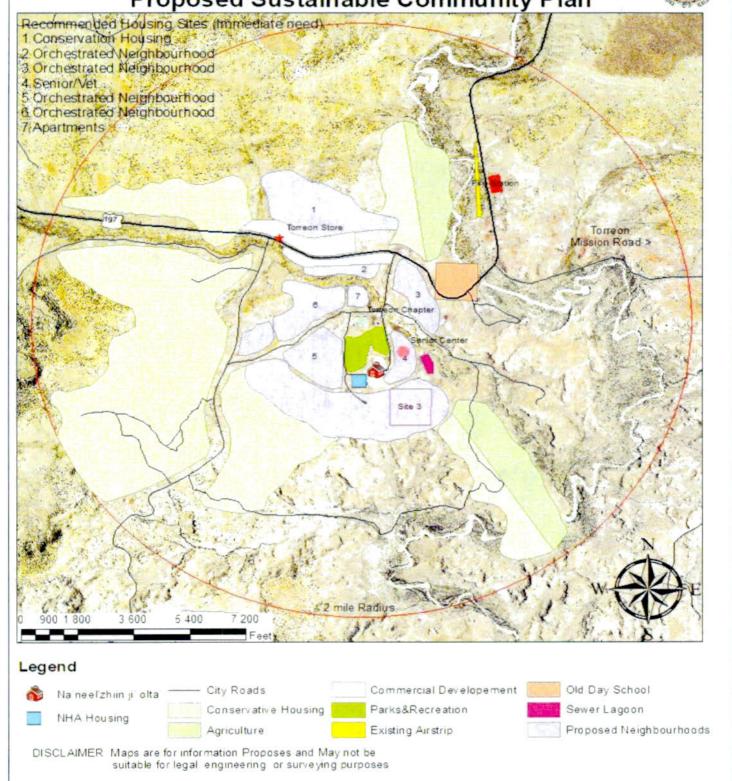


2.6.3 Proposed Housing

Proposed housing projects include a new subdivision. A housing project is planned by NHA for sometimes in the next few years. It would include 15 homeowner units. The chapter is requesting 30 housing units. The 2000 CIP list identifies the need for a \$300,000 scattered housing project. Na'neelzhin Ji Olta School Board is planning to build 20 teacher's houses, possibly on a proposed 40-acre site near the school.

Based on population growth and average household size, Torreon will need to construct an additional 101 housing units in the next 10 years. This does not include the current need for replacement or renovation.

Exhibit 12: Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Proposed Sustainable Community Plan



2.7 Education

Half of householders (49.6%) say they attended school, including high school. Twenty-three percent have a high school diploma or GED and 5.5% have some college and/or technical school training. About 15% have a trade school certificate, associates, bachelors, or graduate degree. About 8% did not respond.

When asked about where householders attend school, (57.3%) said in the community. Another 32.6% attend school in Cuba, and 5.6% in Albuquerque. The remainders attend in Gallup, Crownpoint, or 'other.'

The vast majority of householders speak Navajo (92.9%). None of those surveyed claimed to speak Spanish. About 75% speak English.

Schools:

Name Of School	Type of School	Year Est.	Enrollment	Grades
Na'neelzhiin Ji Olta	Day School	1983	189	K-8
Tse'Yi'Gei' High School	Public	2005		9-12
Cuba High School	Public	1985		9-12
Torreon Christian School	Private			K-12

For More Information on Na'neelzhiin Ji Olta visit: https://njo.bie.edu/

For More Information on Tse'Yi'Gai' High School visit: https://tgh.gmcs.k12.nm.us/

For More Information on Cuba High School visit: http://cuba.k12.nm.us/schools/cuba_high_school

2.8 Community Visioning Process

2.8.1 Visioning Meeting

A *Visioning* exercise was held with the CLUP Committee, in 2018-2019. Visioning is a method for identifying community issues, needs, and goals for the future. At that meeting the following questions were asked:

1. What is unique about my community?

- · Summer youth program
- College student exchange program students from various universities around the United States have participated in this program where they live in a traditional Hogan and learn to survive in their environment. They also have the opportunity to study anthropology within the area.
- · Community Jobs Fund
- Name of the community Na'neel zhiin, the Native translation is "marked in dark", referring to the man-made barricade used to guide and trap deer and antelope; they were then shot by bow and arrow. These animals provided food and their hides were used for clothing and medicine bags.
- The Chapter is located farthest east in the Eastern Navajo Agency.
- The Chapter has a unique friendship with the Jemez and Zia Pueblos. They established a wagon trail between the Chapter and the Pueblos and traveled back and forth trading goods such as rugs, meat for corn, chili, and fruit.
- · Some elders speak Spanish
- · Most families have their own allotments
- Chapter addresses the erosion problem and work to find a solution.
- · Community Events held by local organizations

2. What do I want to preserve or maintain in my community?

- Navajo Language
- Traditions: -Storytelling -Songs -Shoe game -Stick game.
- Restoration of land erosion control, farming, keeping the land healthy, and litter control.
- Sacred sites (to be identified at a later date)
- Communication with other tribes/individuals outside community.
- · Trade and business
- Holding onto the clan traditions and relationship with each other.

- Preserving the natural foods and herbs that grow in the area: -Wild carrots -Wild onions -Wild spinach -Natural herbs used for medicines and dyes for fabrics
- · Use of individual wells
- · Field day during the summer time
- Eastern Navajo Arts & Crafts Festival the festival is to celebrate and encourage creative talents, modern and traditional in the 32 Chapters of the Navajo Eastern Agency; to increase opportunities for local performers, arts and crafts producers, enterprises, and other home-based entrepreneurs to earn a livelihood with their talents; and to inspire local youth to take pride in their native roots. The primary sponsor of the annual event is the Torreon/Star Lake Chapter.
- 3. What do I want to change or discourage?
 - Vandalism
 - · Alcoholism & drugs
 - Gangs
 - · Need better law enforcement
 - Need more economic business
- 4. What do I want my community to look like in 20 years? The following future uses were identified:

Business/Economic Development:

- Radio Station
- · Gas Station
- Tire Shop
- · Restaurants
- · Grocery Store
- Laundromat
- · Rodeo/Fair Grounds

Tourism:

- · Tourist Attractions
- · Bed and Breakfast/ Hotel
- Casino

Community Services

- · Miscellaneous:
 - -Post Office

Cultural:

- Cultural Center
- History Museum

- · Ceremonial Hogan
- · Arts/Crafts Center

More housing is needed

Community Centers:

- · New Senior Center- Now Existing
- Veterans Post
- · Multi-purpose Facility-
- · Service Providers all in one location

Recreation:

- · Recreation Center
- · Ball Field-(One Existing)

Education:

- · High School
- · Daycare Center
- · Culinary Institute
- · Trade Schools
- Preschool-(One Existing)
- · Computer Center

Public Safety:

- · Police Department
- · Fire Station-
- · Emergency Services
- Fire truck-(existing)
- · Start a neighborhood watch program

Infrastructure:

- Airport
- · Transfer/Waste Station
- Better roads
- Complete waterlines and power lines to all homes (Water:Cutter Lateral)(Exhibit 70)
- Internet Access/Cellular Communications (Existing:Cellular One/ T-Mobile)
- Ability to keep up with the latest technology (Existing Smart Phones)

Local Government:

- Better Run Chapter Government
- Better relationship with the BIA, State and County
- Chapter House Renovation

Health and Human Services:

- Hospital
- · Nursing Home
- · Detox Center/Drug Rehabilitation
- · Larger Medical and Dental Clinic
- · Human Services Social Workers

Additional Questions about Development Sites:

- a) What do I think of the proposed housing site(s)?
 - Some other areas to consider:
 - Sec. 27 40 acres Already surveyed for housing. It is a possibility that NHA may complete the subdivision. The land is Tribal Trust Land, it needs to be withdrawn by the Resource Committee.
- b) Where do I want commercial development to occur? (Township 18N Range 4W)
 - Solar Power Renewable Energy
 - Sec. 16 Store/Gas Station State Land
 - Sec. 16 Businesses
 - Sec. 22 across from Chapter House Senior Center
 - Office Complex next to Senior Center
 - Police Department near old boarding school
 - It is best if community facilities are built on trust land.
 - It is best if businesses are built on state land. It is less difficult to acquire the necessary permits, documents, etc., but will have to pay taxes.

2.9 Chapter Planning Goals

Based on the community issues identified above, the planning goals for the chapter are:

- 1. Promote business development:
 - -Basic retail
 - -tourism related business.
- 2. Provide additional and renovated housing.
- 3. Provide community facilities and services
 - -Recreation

- -education
- -youth, veterans, and seniors
- -public safety
- -health and human services
- -culture center
- 4. Provide basic infrastructure throughout the remaining community
 - -Water (cutter lateral, Torreon South Extension)
 - -Power (Three Phase Electric)
 - -internet and communications
 - -solid waste Management
 - -regular road Maintenance schedule
- Finish the Local Rural Addressing to improve safety of the community through development of better law enforcement and emergency services with Local Rural Addressing
 - -Implement rural addressing through Sandoval and McKinley counties
 - -Implement 911 programs -Establish a local law enforcement presence.
- 6. Improve local chapter government per Navajo Nation Council LGA
 - -Implement local governance initiatives.
- 7. Restore riparian areas and sustainable farming and ranching.
- 8. Complete Project List in Next 5 years

Exhibit 13:

CLUPC-	Project List *Subject to change				
1.Three Phase Electricity	JMEC				
2.Torreon South Extension	NTUA				
3.Cutter Lateral	SMA/NTUA				
4.EMS Facility	Torreon EMS				
5.Fire Station Helipad	TSLC-Fire Department				
6.Form Water Association	TSLC				
7.Bridge Repair(Lower Mission)	NNDOT/NMDOT				
8.Bridge Repair(Pipeline Road)	NNDOT/NMDOT				
9. Road Repair(N474)	NDOT				
10.Multi-purpose Building TSLC/Capital Outlay					

2.10 Grazing and Agriculture

2.10.1 Grazing

Grazing is still a large part of the livelihood of Torreon community residents. Approximately 40 permittees graze cattle and sheep in the chapter area.

When asked about livestock grazing, 32.3% said they still graze, 57.5% said 'no' and 10.2% didn't answer. Some 46.3% haul water for their livestock. When asked about the condition of rangeland, 23.6% said 'fair' and 15% 'good and 6.3% 'poor'. Almost half didn't respond.

Grazing and Agriculture in Torreon Chapter Area

	Yes	No	N/A		
Do you graze livestock?	32.3%	57.5%	10.2%		
Do you haul water for your livestock?	Yes 46.3%				
	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent	N/A
What is the condition of the rangeland?	6.3%	23.6%	15.0%	0.0%	55.1%
	Yes	No	N/A		
Do you raise crops?	20.5%	68.5%	11.0%		

Grazing Map: http://www.nnaa.nndcd.org/navcfr-agydistchpllx8.pdf
For More Information: http://www.agriculture.navajo-nsn.gov/grazing.html

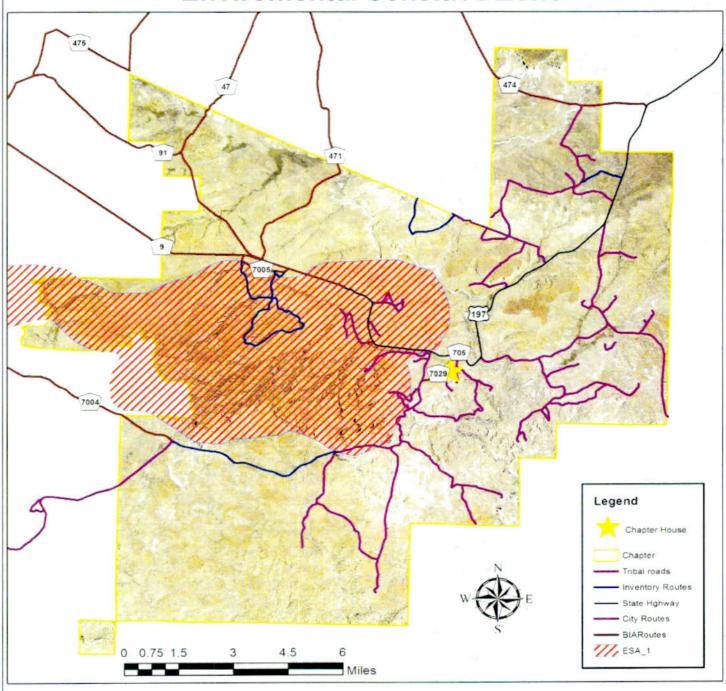
2.10.2 Agriculture

Farming traditionally occurred along the Torreon and Vicente Washes. However, in recent years, severe erosion has reduced the amount of suitable, available land for farming. According to Chapter Images, there are about 15 families still farming in the community.

The chapter has proposed several land restoration projects, especially along the major washes. These projects would allow for more faming activity to take place. In addition, there is a need to establish a livestock auction center in the community.

When asked if the household raises crops, almost 70% said 'no' and 20.5% 'yes.' About 11% didn't respond.

Exhibit 14: Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Enviromental Sensitive Zone





SOURCES; NN Land Dept, NNDOT, ESRI Shaded Relief, NAIP

DISCLAIMER; Maps are for information purposes and may not be suitable for legal, enginerring, or surveying purposes.

2.11 Commercial and Industrial Development

Existing and proposed commercial uses described in this section are shown in Exhibits 12, 34 and 57.

2.11.1 Existing Commercial Development

The main business in the community is the Torreon Trading Post that is located ¼ mile west of the chapter house turn-off on NM 197. It has a small grocery and gas station. At one time the Star Lake trading post was to the northwest. A small store also existed on the east side of the Torreon Wash, across from the school.

2.11.2 Proposed Commercial Development

There are sites have been proposed for business development on state lands fronting N9. State lands would be easier to lease and develop than tribal trust lands because the leasing process is shorter. Uses proposed by chapter include but not limited to this list:

Flea Market Area	
Rodeo/Fair Grounds	
Auto Repair	
Feed Store	
Auto Parts/ Hardware Store	
Newspaper	
Propane gas outlet	
Post Office	
•Rural Industry	

An additional proposed business area has been identified along the new Pipeline Road.

For more Information Visit: http://nndcd.org/

2.11.3 Mining Activities

A number of active mines are in operation in the area:

- · Red Dog mining three locations in southwest part of the chapter
- · Humate mines, Tinian coal mining site
- · Cle'ya'gi' Coal Mine 10 acres, future chapter mining operation
- · Sand and gravel mining areas

For More Information Visit:

https://geoinfo.nmt.edu/repository/index.cfml?rid=20170001

Exhibit 15: Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Sub-Surface Mineral Location

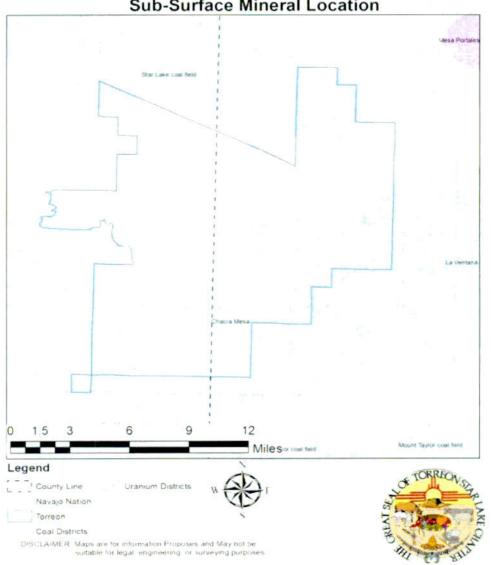
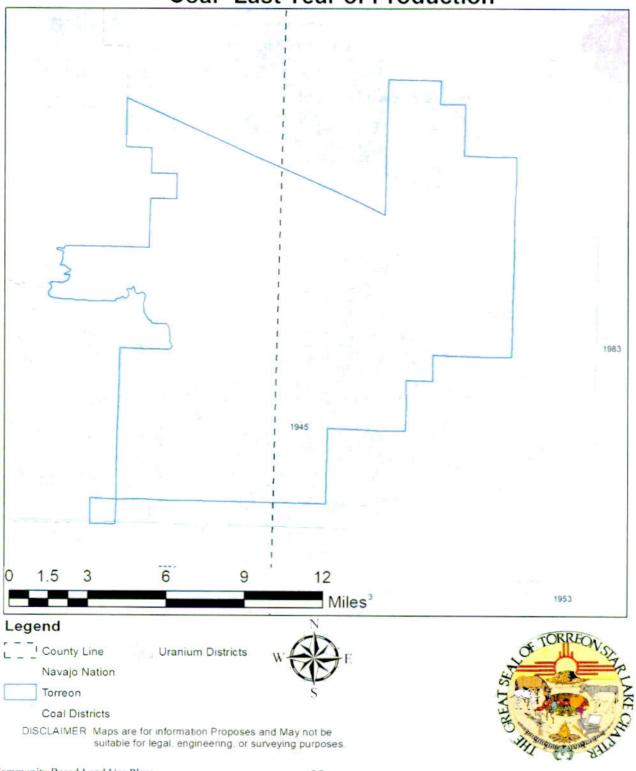


Exhibit 16: Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Coal- Last Year of Production



2.11.4 Oil & Gas Activities

The Total Number of wells in the Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Service area is 153, of those Wells Three are Active. They are all located in the same area in Township 18N Range 3W Section 21

 San Luis Federal #003-Type: Oil-Operator: SAGEBRUSH OIL INC.

https://wwwapps.emnrd.state.nm.us/ocd/ocdpermitting/Data/Well Details.aspx?api=30-043-20376

 San Luis Federal #011-Type: Oil-Operator: SAGEBRUSH OIL INC.

https://wwwapps.emnrd.state.nm.us/ocd/ocdpermitting/Data/Well Details.aspx?api=30-043-05062

 San Luis Federal #015-Type: Oil-Operator: SAGEBRUSH OIL INC.

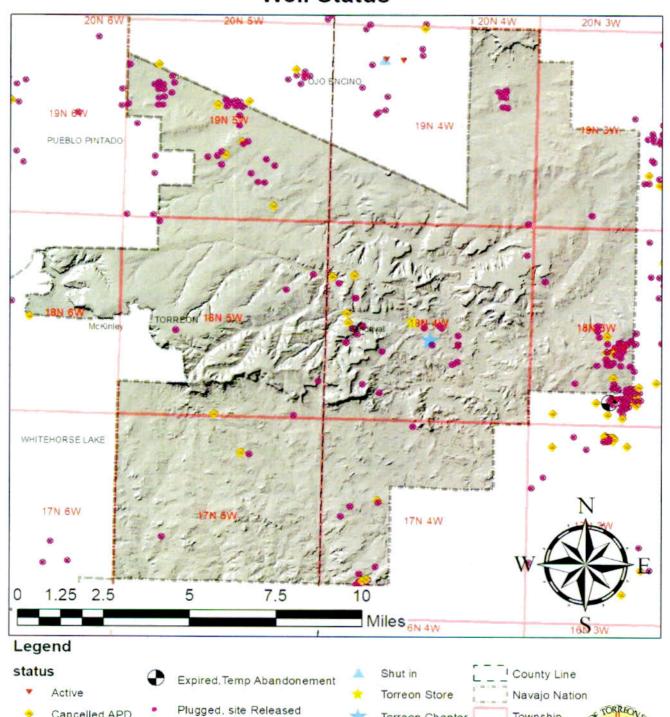
https://wwwapps.emnrd.state.nm.us/ocd/ocdpermitting/Data/Well Details.aspx?api=30-043-05061

 Although the Active wells are oil, the past wells had been for different purposes such as Gas, Water, Salt Water Disposal, and Injection.

Sources: http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/OCD/ocdgis.html

Exhibit 17:

Torreon/ Star Lake Chapter **Well Status**



DISCLAIMER: Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes.

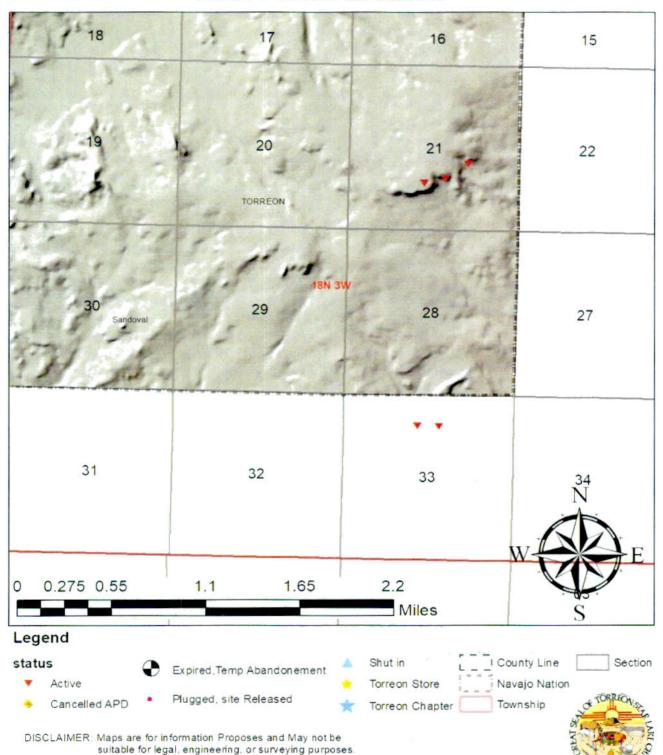
Cancelled APD

Torreon Chapter

Township

Exhibit 18:

Torreon/ Star Lake Chapter Active Wells Location



2.11.5 BLM-Information

Most of the Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Service area is maintained by BLM. Navajo Nation and Tri-Chapter are co-operating agents With BLM.

For More Information: https://www.blm.gov/media/public-room/newmexico

Exhibit 19: Torreon/ Star Lake Chapter **BLM Mineral Ownership Type**

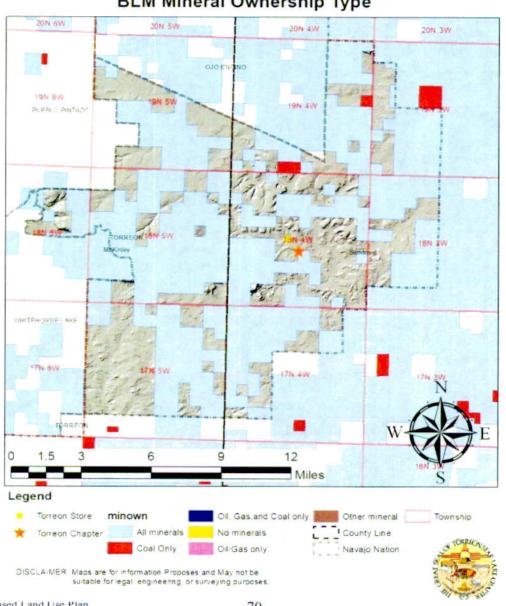
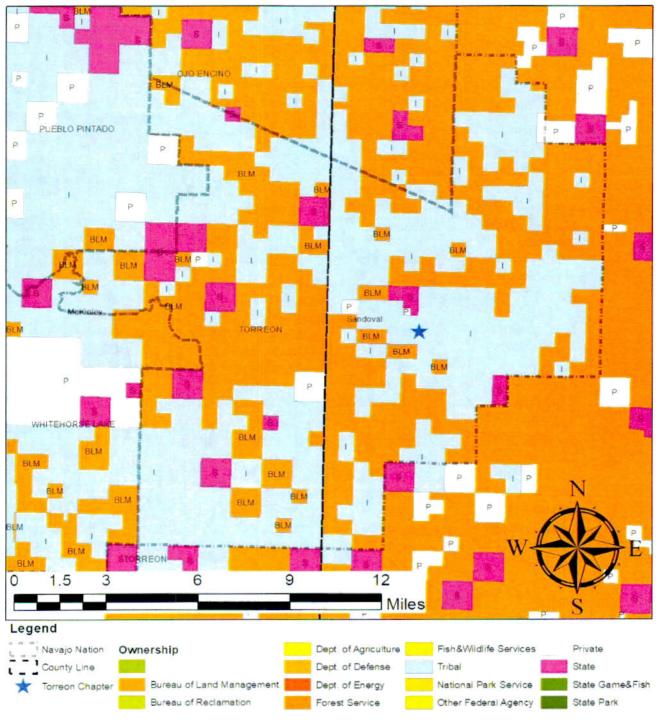


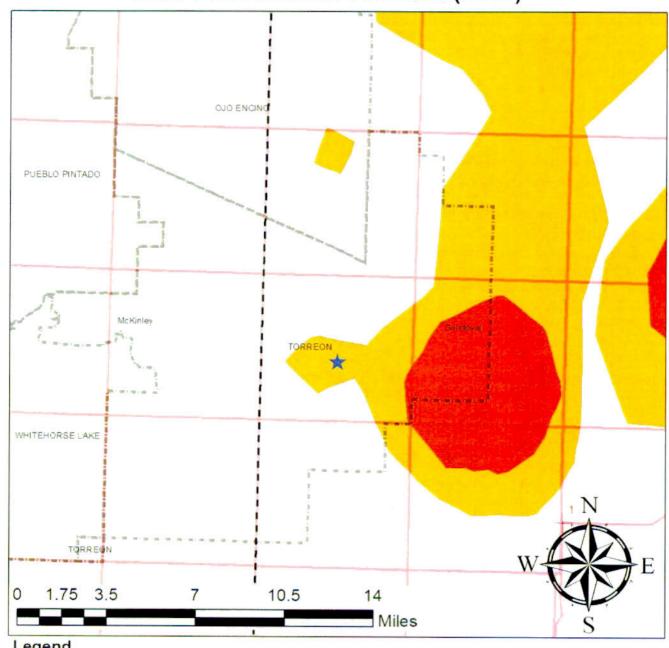
Exhibit 20: Torreon/ Star Lake Chapter Surface Ownership





DISCLAIMER: Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes.

Exhibit 21: Torreon/ Star Lake Chapter **BLM-Fluid Mineral Potential(2017)**



Legend

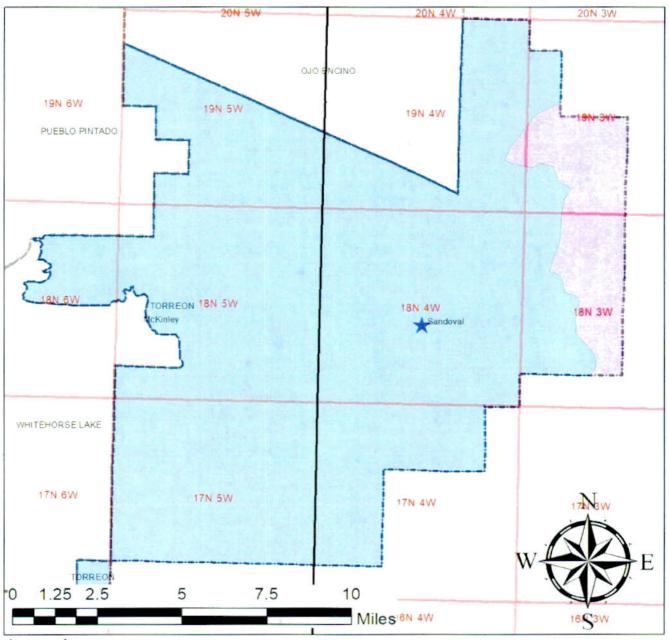


DISCLAIMER: Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes.



Exhibit 22:

Torreon/ Star Lake Chapter BLM-Major Land Resource Areas(2017)



Legend

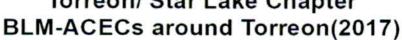
Navajo Nation Southwestern Plateaus, Mesas, and Foothills
County Line Colorado Plateau

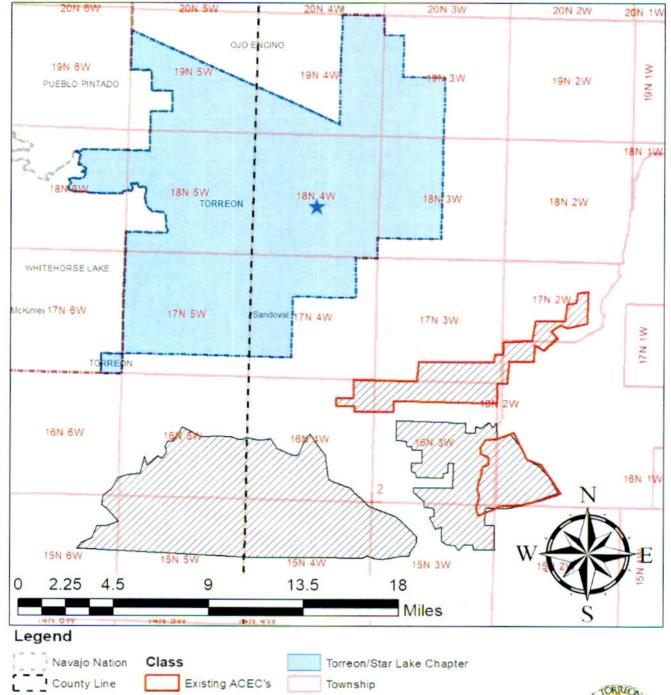
Torreon Chapter Township

DISCLAIMER: Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes.



Exhibit 23: Torreon/ Star Lake Chapter





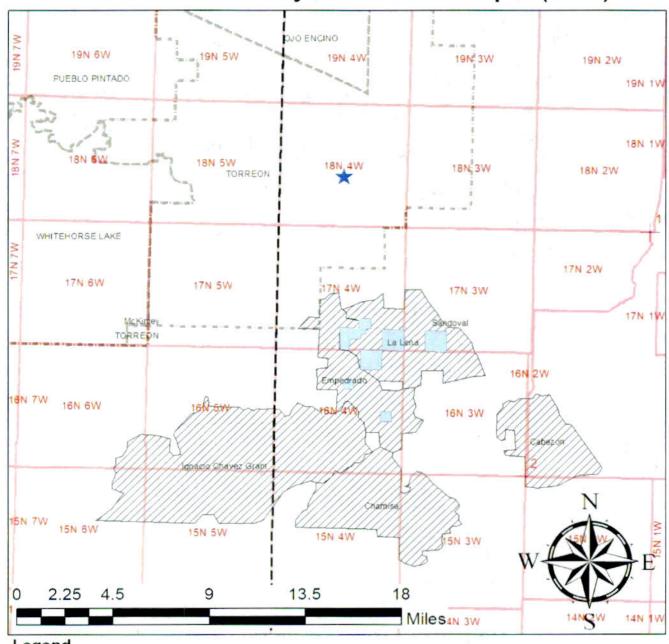
DISCLAIMER: Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes.

Proposed ACEC's



Torreon Chapter

Exhibit 24:
Torreon/ Star Lake Chapter
BLM-Wilderness Study Areas Near Chapter(2017)



Legend



DISCLAIMER: Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes.





"2019 Eastern Arts and Crafts Festiva"1

2.12 Tourism

Area tourist attractions include:

- Chaco Culture National Historical Park is located 30 miles west of Torreon. The park received 78,400 visits annually in 1997. A Visitor Center is located at the park with self-guided tours, campground and picnic areas. https://www.nps.gov/chcu/index.htm
- Jemez Mountain Trail Scenic Byway area includes:
 - Jemez Valley National Recreation Area provides several campgrounds and picnic facilities along NM 4
 - 100.000+ visitors-Jemez State Monument 20,000 visitors
 - Fenton Lake State Park 45,000 visitors
 - Jemez Pueblo Red Rocks Visitor Center

https://www.newmexico.org/things-to-do/scenic-byways/jemez-mountain-trail-national/

- Ghost towns of Cabezon, San Luis, and Guadalupe http://www.ghosttowns.com/states/nm/cabezon.html
- Eastern Navajo Arts and Crafts Festival an event held every year in June at the Torreon/Star Lake Chapter, which attracts hundreds of visitors from the Eastern Navajo Agency communities and some from as far away as Japan.

https://www.discovernavajo.com/calendar.aspx?calEventId=b4362d963 0f84d90b00d71d161e55816 Navajo Tours USA – a Group Tour That takes guests on a journey filled with Indigenous history through Chaco Canyon and Bisti Wilderness. The tour is Ranked 13 on the NATGEO Travel. In 2019 it was awarded the "Certificate of EXCELLENCE" by Tripadvisor and the "TRAVEL BEST TRIPS" by National Geographic.

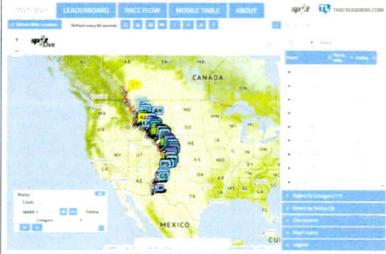
https://navajotoursusa.com/



• Bikepacking Tour Divide 2019 – The Tour Divide Is a Race that takes place in June. The Bike Riders Follow The Continental Divide From Alberta, Canada to Antelope Wells, New Mexico. They Travel 2,745 miles of Ultra-endurance bikepacking. The Cost is free through the Event Website. The tour started back in 2008, and they Travel through Torreon/Star Lake Chapter On 197/Route 9 From Cuba to Grants, New Mexico.

https://bikepacking.com/event/tour-divide-2019/

"Tour Divide Goes Through The Navajo Nation(Torreon/Starlake,Pueblo Pintada,Whitehorse Lake)"



"Tour Divide-Start To Finish"





77

2.13 Community Facilities

Existing and proposed community facilities described in this section are shown in Exhibits 36 and 37 and listed on pages 108-109.

2.13.1 Chapter House

Existing

The Torreon Chapter House was built in1966 with renovations and an addition in the 1980s. It is located on a 10-acre site. Refer to Exhibit 26 for a detailed aerial map of the chapter compound area. Services provided out of the chapter house include:



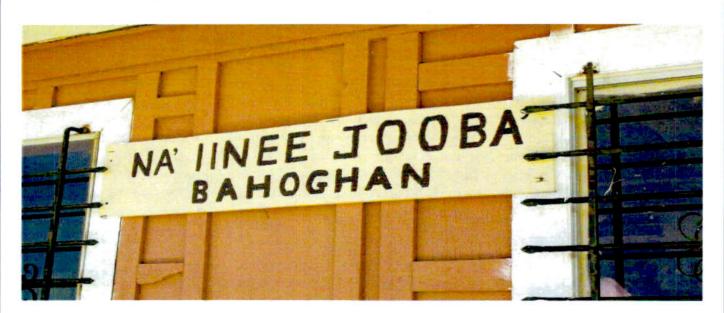
- · Social Services
 - Community Health Representative (CHR)
 - Veterans (see description in 2.4)
 - Foster Grandparent teach Navajo language to children
 - · Headstart Preschool located in modular buildings in the compound
 - · Adult In-Home Care
 - NDET/JOBS
 - Youth Program that includes a camp for youth exchange students
 - Adult Basic Education/General Education Development
 - •Torreon Community Alliance
 - Maintenance Building

"Torreon Community Store, Inc. -was an independent, non-profit 501 (c)(3) entity is governed by a voluntary Board of Directors. Torreon Community Store began in 1997 as a thrift store experiment of Torreon/Star Lake Chapter, established by a chapter resolution and operated by a committee of appointed volunteers. In 2001, the thrift store committee became the Board of Directors and developed the store's By-laws, Articles of Incorporation, and the Policies & Procedures, and incorporated Torreon Community Store, Inc. to be the store's non-profit sponsoring organization.

The thrift store is located within the chapter compound next to the chapter house in the old preschool offices. The store sells a wide variety of merchandise, both new and used. In 2003, the store opened a new furniture annex next to the existing store.

The purpose of Torreon Community Store, Inc. was to provide members of the Torreon community with; affordable, dignified, and reliable access to new and used merchandise, to create jobs in the community as a not-for-profit business, serve as a base for practical, hand-on training and experience in operating a successful small business, to bring effective job training, to sponsor local business education and experience in operating a business and to support other community-based service initiatives.

Though, the Torreon Community Store provided great needs of job training. The slow decline of the economy caused the Store to close in 2015.





Senior Program – The new Torreon Senior Center was established in 2003, but not completed until 2017. The Senior Center is currently located across east of the Chapter House. The program serves 100 seniors who are 60 years or older and five disabled community members. The program offers lunch at the Senior Center daily and also home delivery of meals. Seniors can take classes on the importance of exercise and nutritional training; they can receive help with their tax preparation, have opportunities to take field trips, participate in the Senior Olympics, and are taken to town so that they can do their shopping.

The Senior Program has three tribal employees: Martha Charley (Cook), Earl Trujillo (Driver), and Joe Cayaditto (Supervisor). There is community service workers who come in for four hours a day and also many volunteers who come in and help. However, the Senior Center is already in need of more staff. Funding for a second driver for the south section of the community and a second cook are being requested.

For More Information Visit: https://www.facebook.com/pages/Torreon-Senior-Center/161833320842422 Community Job Fund –Was a unique program among the chapters, the Community Job Fund is designed to increase job skills of community members by hiring locally to do various projects. The program started with a \$5,000 grant from the Catholic Sisters. The first project allowed residents to apply to have repairs done on their homes. The only requirement was that the homeowner was able to pay for the materials. If they could not afford to purchase the materials, then they could borrow up to half the amount from the Community Job Fund.

The Community Job Fund has also organized an accounting class that is being taught at the Chapter House through Diné College. A third project is being developed with an Albuquerque company which will install six homes with solar panels and teach community members the skills to install panels themselves.

The community members that are hired will then complete the project, six houses at a time, and the Albuquerque Company will monitor work before approving the next phase. The program is operated out of the Chapter House and has no official office. The program needs a full-time administrative person to help with grant writing and the overall organization of the program.

Proposed

The chapter proposes to relocate the chapter house to a new facility or a multi-purpose center that would house all service providers under one roof. Programs might include:

- · Administrative offices
- Recreation facilities with gym, weight room, swimming pool, kitchen
- Multi-purpose Center

The multi-purpose center would be located on a 10-acre site that was previously reserved for a senior center. The 2000 CIP list identified a proposed Administrative Complex; a multi-purpose center would cost significantly more. The current chapter house could be renovated as a meeting space.

2.14 Public Safety

Existing

Police service is provided out of Crownpoint by the Navajo Nation. One officer is assigned to four chapters, including Torreon. In addition, New Mexico State Police and Sandoval County Sheriff Office provide some law enforcement in the area provide some law enforcement in the area, although restricted by Sovereign policies.

Problems still remain with slow response or lack of response all together. If a community member calls 911, it is routed through Chinle and then back to Cuba or Crownpoint, further delaying emergency response.

The fire and medical emergency services are provided by the local Torreon Fire Department. The Torreon Volunteer Fire Department is an established organization with the Sandoval County Fire & EMS. The organization began in December 2004. The Torreon VFD serves the residents of Torreon/Star Lake, Ojo Encino, Tinian, and Rincon Marquis communities for emergencies.

The TVFD also gives mutual aid to other fire departments in the Cuba, Regina, Lybrook, and Pueblo Pintado communities. Currently, the TVFD has a Fire Chief, an Assistant Fire Chief, and twenty-four active members that take time out of their home and work to respond to emergencies and to participate in trainings.

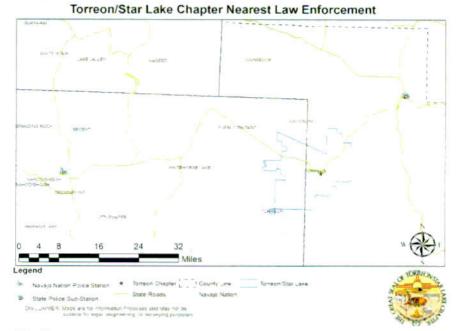
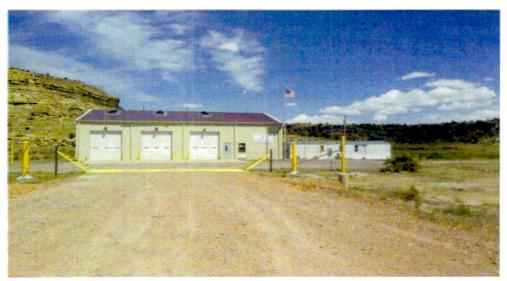


Exhibit 25:



Torreon Volunteer Fire Department Building

The Fire Department was recognized August 8th, 2004. The Movement was spear headed by Alvin Tachine Jr., and Mervin Martinez. The Fire Department was working under the Regina Fire Department until The State of New Mexico recognized the Torreon Fire Department February 2, 2005. The Torreon Volunteer Fire Department is now named Torreon District #15.

The Fire Department is funded by the State of New Mexico.

The Fire Department complex was funded by the Department of Agriculture Rural Development. The ground breaking of the complex was in 2007 and completed in November of 2008.

Although the Fire Department is Sandoval County They Serve Areas of McKinley County such as Rincon Marquez, Ojo Encino, and As far as Counselor.

The First Fire Chief was Alvin Tachine Jr., The District Fire Chief Now Is Alan Trujillo, Lynn Sandoval is Assistant Chief, Fire Captain is Iwin Caballero, and EMS Captain is Stephan Archibald. They also have other volunteers from cadets to Wildland Fire Fighters.

The BIA and the County of Sandoval entered into a fire protection agreement to provide mutual assistance to combat fires, emergencies and other disaster situations to Navajos and non-Navajos alike.

Infrastructure for Fire Station

- Water is provided by NTUA from water line located in State Highway ROW on west property boundary.
- Gas for facility heat and hot water is from 500 gal. Propane tank.
- Electricity is provided by Jemez Mountain Electric Co-op.
- · A septic system was installed for sewer.

Staffing for the station is volunteer personnel; the station has intermittent activity based on emergency call volume, meetings and fire suppression, emergency and disaster training sessions.

Proposed

The Fire Department is proposing a helipad. The helipad will be located behind the fire station. This is a great need, especially when emergencies happen. The Fire Department usually blocks the road going towards the Day school to use it as a helipad. Sometimes it causes a delay with the school, for that is the only route to and from the school.

The Fire Department is also requesting a fire hydrant be added to their location. This project is one of five locations prepared by SMA and still awaiting approval by NTUA. This addition to the Fire Station will help to see growth in the department with growing equipment size.

2.15 Educational infrastructure

Existing

In 1935, the BIA built the Torreon boarding school, which had grades one through three. It had two Hogan dorms - one for boys and the other for girls. Crownpoint schools only went through the 7th grade and then students were transferred to Wingate High School or out-of-state boarding schools.

Na'neelzhin Ji Olta, a BIA school built in 1983, currently serves 189 students with that number slowly decreasing each year from 418 back in 2006. Children in grades Kindergarten through 8th grade, living in Torreon, Rincon Marquez, Papers Lake/Star Lake, and the Mission area can attend the day school. The school walls display murals painted by local artists. Along with regular classroom activities, children have access to computers and internet service. Roughly ninety percent of the students that attend the Na Neel Zhin Ji Olta Day School come from low income families. This is

increased since 2006.

The school is still involved in the organization of several programs for the students and adults in the community.



Na'neelzhiin Ji Olta Day School

One program that the school is involved in is the eRATE Program, which provides discounted rates for internet access, internet service and internal connections.

Another program that the school offers is FACE. FACE is an adult literacy program that helps parents to complete their GED, currently there is about 48 parents are enrolled in this program. It is located in the old boarding school dormitory and this facility requires asbestos abatement and major renovation or total new construction.

The school employs 54 people, 1/3 is office staff 1/3 of those being teachers and the remaining 1/3 being bus drivers, food service workers, and maintenance staff. The school is relatively new and remains in excellent condition due regular maintenance; however, additional extracurricular activities are needed to improve social development.

There are currently some teacher houses on the site where the old school building is, there are plans to build six additional homes at the same location within the oncoming years. The community is in desperate need of a high school. There was a proposed site at the time. If a high school building were available, the Diné College would be able to provide classes there for the community members.

In 2006 there were Three Head start preschool units are located in the chapter compound, 2 units are in older frame buildings and 1 is in a new modular building, they serve 54 students. Each unit has a teacher, an aide, and driver. The modular building has a kitchen while the two other buildings share a kitchen facility. In 2018 only one Unit is used for preschool serving 18 students, the newer modular building now serves as a Community Library.

Students attend public schools in Cuba, particularly Cuba High School. One parochial school is located in the chapter: Torreon Christian School (K-12), with about 50 students.

Proposed

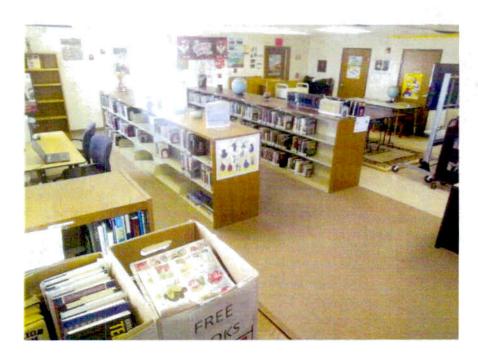
The Gallup-McKinley School District built a new high school to serve the five area chapters: Counselor, White Rock, Torreon, Ojo Encino and Pueblo Pintado, resultantly the Tse' Yi' Gai' High School has been constructed near Pueblo Pintado in 2007.

2.15.1 Library

Existing

The Torreon Community Library and youth center resolution to meet the criteria was passed in January 2016. The Library is under the NM State Library Tribal libraries program to serve Torren/ Star Lake Community and Surrounding communities.

The Three committee members helped push for the library. Maria Toledo was the president; Ashley Ridge and Jean Whitehorse were also members. To meet the criteria set forth by the state a checklist was created by Caithlyn Phiper and Mario Atencio. Community leaders helped by contributing there expertise in Community knowledge.



The Library offers many services that community members can utilize. The Internet services provided to the Library right now are 2 T-mobile Hotspots which offer about 2mps. The Library has a 40-50mps cable which will be soon connected to an intricate rack and servers to Wi-Fi points providing Building wide wireless internet. The Library has Three laptops that community members can use to look for work, etc. The Library is also utilized for small meetings by local organizations.

The Library director is Kialo Winters; He also is setting up the Libraries Wireless Internet. Nelly Yazzie, under NICOA, is the Librarian until further funding is approved or received.

For More Information Visit: https://torreon.navajochapters.org/torreon-community-library.aspx

Proposed

The community would like to see a bigger facility in the future, with hopes of better Internet services. The community is continuing to grow, and with it greater needs of Job search to help combat unemployment statistics.

Exhibit 26:

Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Library Location



Legend

Cell Tower

Chapter Fence (4 06 acres)

DISCLAIMER Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes

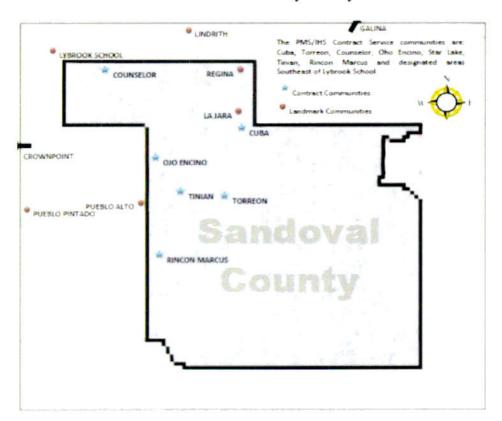


2.16 Health Care

Existing

The Torreon clinic is operated by Presbyterian Health Care in Cuba. The provider is contracted by the I.H.S to provide health care services for the communities of Torreon, Counselor, Ojo Encino, Rincon Marquez, and Native Americans living in Cuba. The current clinic is no longer suitable for the community; it lacks adequate telephone/internet services and is in poor condition. Plans are to renovate the existing clinic.

Each year, they serve approximately 5,000 people from all five communities. The Torreon Clinic is currently located in an old building next to the chapter house. The facility is open four days a week and staffs a dentist, two dental assistants, one doctor, and two medical assistants. The majority of the staff lives within the community. The clinic was established as a primary care facility. Any specialty care that a patient may require is referred to another doctor outside of the system by I.H.S.



Effective July 1, 2000, the United States Public Health Services/Navajo Area Indian Health Service (IHS) and Presbyterian Medical Services (PMS) of Santa Fe entered into a contract pursuant to which PMS administers health care claims for a specific population of Native Americans residing in a designated service area around Cuba, New Mexico. This program is managed in part by the PMS Checkerboard Area Health System (CAHS) located in Cuba, New Mexico. This manual details procedures that are required of health care providers ("Participating Providers") who seek to be reimbursed by PMS and/or IHS for provision of health care services to certain IHS beneficiaries.

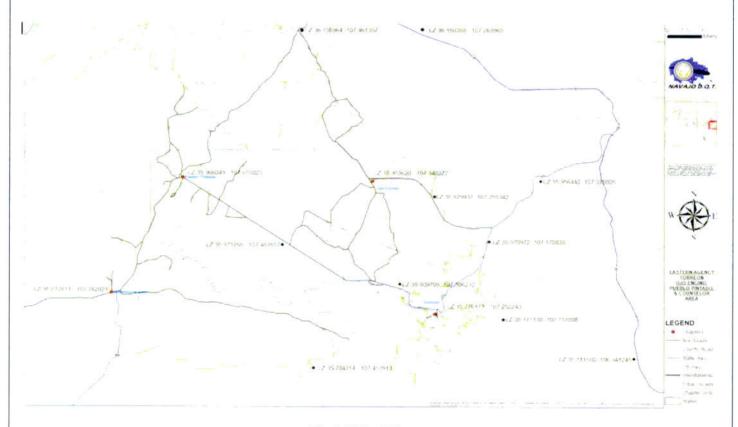
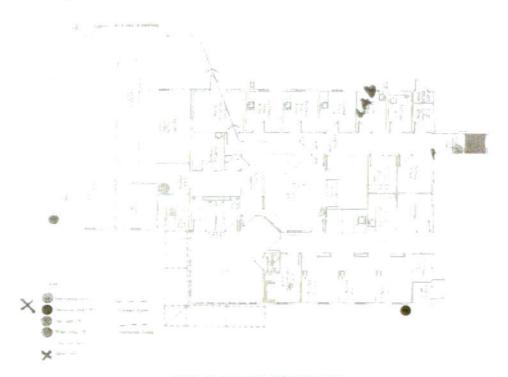


Exhibit 27:

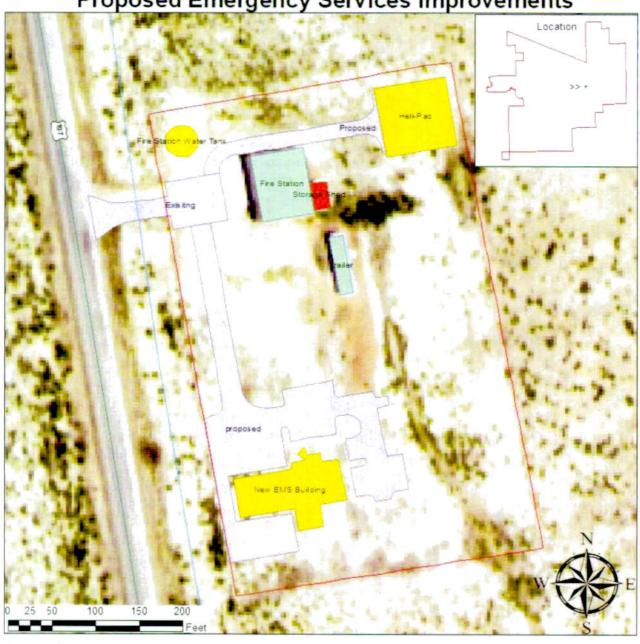
"Torreon/Star Lake EMS Landing Zones"

The Native American population covered by this contract is part of the population served by the Crownpoint IHS Service Unit and is identified as IHS beneficiaries residing within defined chapter boundaries and portions of communities which may include: (1) Counselor, Ojo Encino and Torreon Chapters; (2) Star Lake, Cuba, Rincon Marcus and Tinian Communities; and (3) designated area southeast of Lybrook School. Such IHS beneficiaries are referred to herein as the "Covered Members." 3. SUMMARY OF BENEFITS 3 IHS form #001 Rev 12/05/2014 Reimbursement to participating partners covers the provision of medically necessary health care services to Covered Members, including inpatient services with support services, emergency medical services, outpatient specialty services & diagnostic services, in accordance to IHS Priority 1. Proposed



PMS- Proposed Building Layout

Exhibit 28: Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Proposed Emergency Services Improvements



Legend



DISCLAIMER Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal lengineering, or surveying purposes



The chapter would like to build a new EMS facility. The Torreon/ Star Lake area and peripheral communities require a facility that is approximately 7,387 square feet to accommodate the growing population. The site next to the fire station has been identified for this new facility; some funds are already set aside.

There is some discussion with PMS about building a small hospital in The Torreon Chapter Compound, which would serve a tri-chapter area. The chapter is also interested in building a nursing home facility. This facility could be located in Torreon or another chapter.

Finally, Cuba and chapters in the region are planning an alcohol detox center. The location of this facility has not yet been determined, but a site has been identified near the proposed Cuba Job Corps center on U.S. 550.

For More Information Visit: http://www.pmsnm.org/assets/uploads/IHS-CONTRACT-HEALTH-provider-manual-12052014c.pdf
For More Information Visit: http://www.navajo-nsn.gov/News%20Releases/NNDCD/2015/sep/DCD%20Newsletter%20-%20September%202015.pdf

2.17 Community Centers

Existing

There is a senior community center that currently exists in the Torreon/Star Lake community; the next closest centers are located in Cuba, which include the Sandoval County Senior Center and other community recreation programs.



"Torreon Star Lake Senior Center"

Proposed

The chapter proposes building a Multi-purpose center inside the Torreon Chapter Compound. The Chapter has planned to tear down the old Chapter complex to build a new multi-use center. The land has already received both an archeological and an environmental clearance. The Facility has been in the planning stage for some time now.

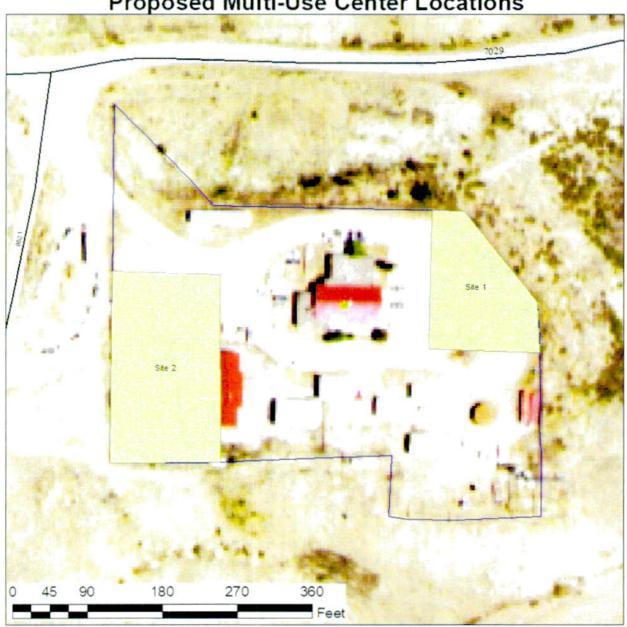
The facility would include a rec room and dining areas, meeting rooms, storage areas, a gym, and Reading area where Teens and other Community members will utilize an create a positive social atmosphere. The new building would be approximately 6,200 sq. ft. in size, cost at least \$500,000 and be able to serve 140 people at any given time. A long-term proposal is to build a swimming on the site with the Multi-Purpose Center.



"Flags flown at half-mast for Late Senator John Pinto"

Exhibit 29:

Torreon/Star Lake
Proposed Multi-Use Center Locations



Legend

Chapter Fence (4 06 acres)

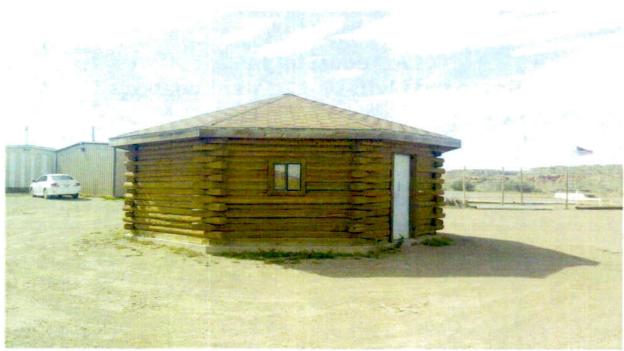
Torreon Chapter

Proposed MultiCenter Locaitons

DISCLAIMER Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal engineering or surveying purposes







2.18 Cultural Facilities

Existing

Torreon Ceremonial Hogan, the Hogan was built in November 2003 as a part of a future business venture for the Torreon/Star Lake Chapter.

Proposed

Cultural facilities have also been proposed including:

- · Arts and crafts center
- · History museum

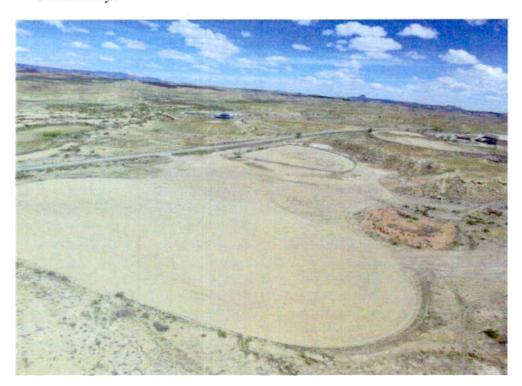
- Cultural center
- · Ceremonial Hogan



2.19 Recreational

Existing

Currently, Baseball fields are along with an adjoining empty field where community Events are held are the only recreational facility in the community.



Proposed

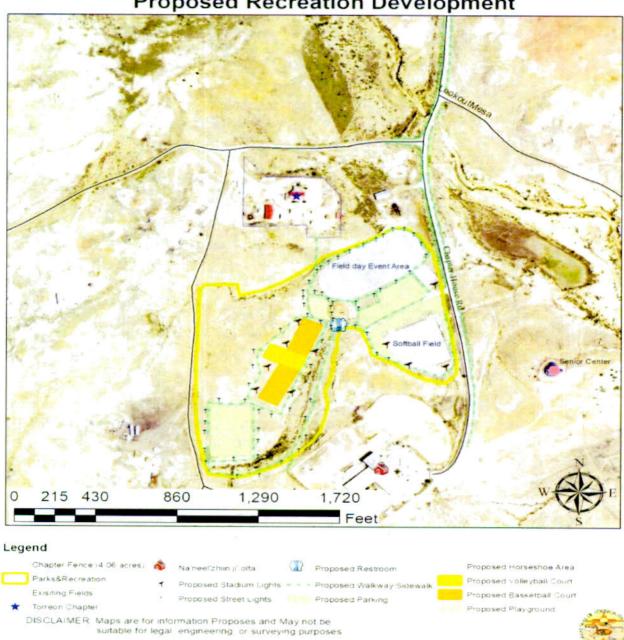
A recreation center is proposed for the community to be located as part of a multi-purpose center at the Chapter Compound. It would provide a gym with bleachers, a weight room and a swimming pool.

The chapter was planning a campground for student exchanges to teach community youth survival skills. In addition, a fairgrounds/rodeo grounds have been proposed to be located on purchased allotted land.

With The already Existing Softball Field, and Community field the CLUPC would like to see Sidewalks for already used trails, Lights for the Softball Field, Street Lights, and a playground.

The Playground will help with children and adults get outdoor activity, and be socially active. This Plan will help combat obesity and social economic depression by bringing the community together to be active with their children. The children have no designated playground, some of them sneak onto the Na'neel'zhiin ji Olta playground after school just to play.

Exhibit 30: Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Proposed Recreation Development



2.20 Other Community Uses and Programs

Mail Service:

The chapter proposes a post office or cluster mail boxes in the community. At one time there were mail boxes at the chapter house and later at the Torreon store.

CellularOne Telecommunications Tower:

The Torreon/Star Lake Chapter by resolution TSL 11/2005 059-019 has relinquished a 40' by 40' tract for the construction of the tower. The resolution further approved "the use of such parcel by CellularOne of Northeast Arizona to construct, operate, and maintain a telecommunications tower in the Torreon/Star Lake Chapter and utility corridor for same."



Other Community Services:

A number of programs are located in Cuba and include Youth Incorporated, which provides community service projects for juvenile offenders, a Youth Job Corps program, and a training center operated by the state highway department as part of the U.S. 550 widening project. A Trades Center is also proposed to be built in Cuba that would serve the surrounding area including area Chapters.

2.21 Community Cemetery

Existing

The Current Existing cemetery has been provided by Torreon Navajo Mission, located 5 miles NE of Torreon/Star Lake Chapter. Currently One cemetery is located on Allotment land the newer one is on private land. The older cemetery is on township 18N Range 3W and section 17, the newer cemetery is on same township and range, but on section 8.

Exhibit 31:

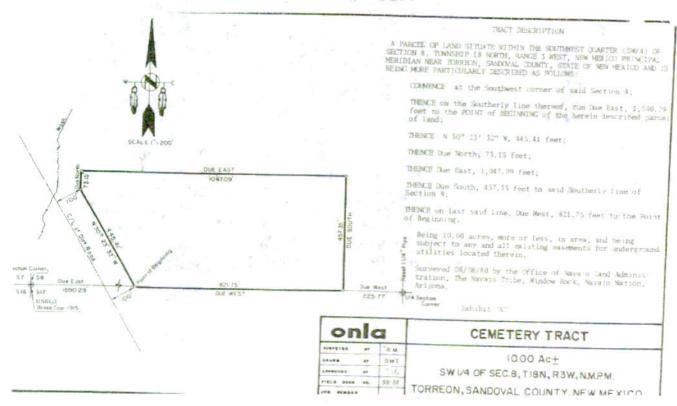
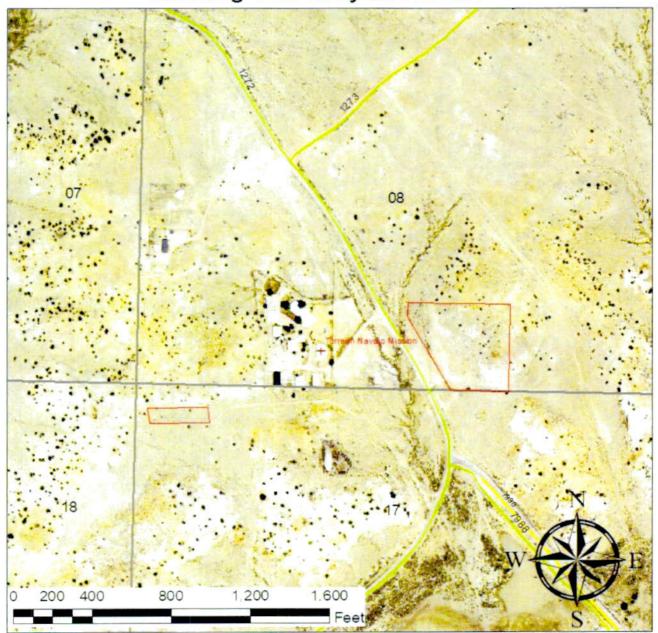


Exhibit 32: Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Existing Cemetery Locations



Legend

+ Churches — State Highway Existing Cemetary

Inventory Routes — County Roads Section

Tribal roads — BIA Routes

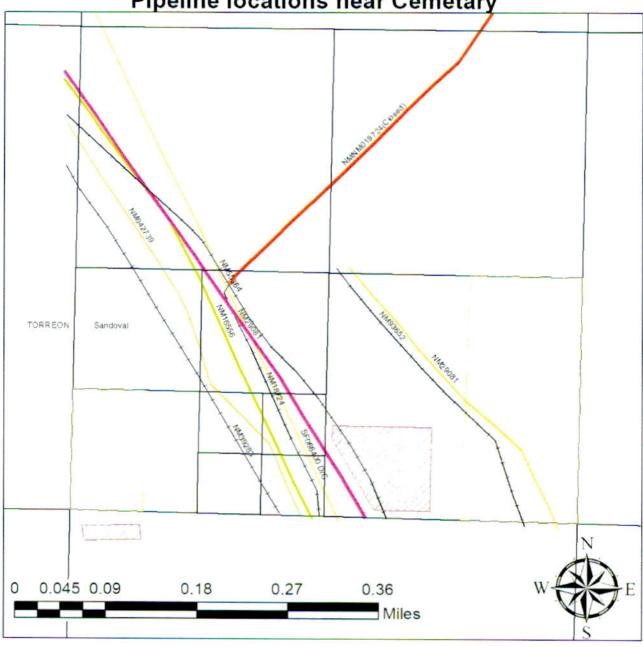
DISCLAIMER Maps are for information Proposes and May not be

suitable for legal engineering or surveying purposes

Community Based Land Use Plan Torrcon/Star Lake Chapter, Navajo Nation

Exhibit 33:

Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Pipeline locations near Cemetary



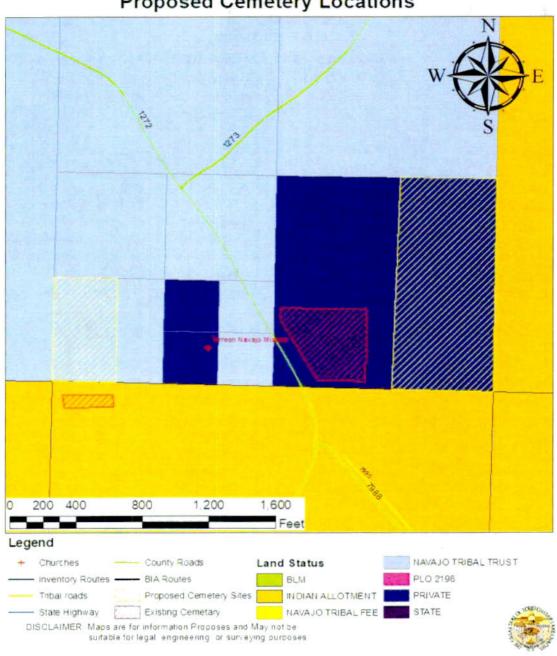


Community Based Land Use Plan Torreon/Star Lake Chapter, Navajo Nation

Proposed

With the Growing community, the newer cemetery is near capacity. We wish to plan ahead for our loved ones. With that in mind we wish to keep the cemetery next to each other.

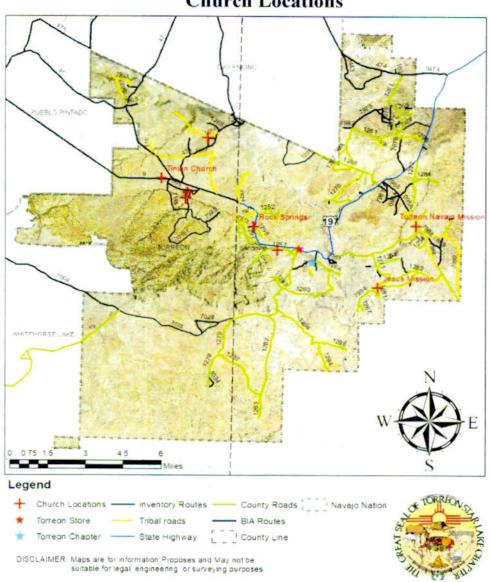
Exhibit 34: Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Proposed Cemetery Locations



2.22 Churches

Existing Churches Have Been Identified in The Torreon/Star Lake Area. Some of these churches have some historical Significance within the community. The Torreon Navajo Mission by the Dunkard Brethren set up a laundromat, had a Nurse come from IHS etc. They also have a private school that teaches 1-12th. There are also other churches, such as Tinian Church, Rocksprings Church, Jesus Saves and other Small Churches Located in the Torreon/Star Lake Area. Altogether we have about seven Churches.

Exhibit 35: Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Church Locations



Land Use Chart 1:

Torreon/Star Lake Housing Sites Existing and Proposed

Location	Existing Uses	Acreage	Proposed Uses
NHA Subdivision	20 housing units	10	none
Site 1: Tribal Trust	grazing	47	housing
NM 197 @ county line			
T18N, R5W, S12, NE1/4			
Site 2: Tribal Trust	grazing	160	housing
Mud Flats Tank Road			
T18N, R4W, S33, SW1/4			
Site 3: Tribal Trust	grazing	40	housing
Near NaNeelZhin Ji Olta			
NW 1/4, Sec. 27, T18N, R4W			
Site 4: Tribal Trust			
SW1/4, S25, T19N, R4W Robert Ortiz land for sale	grazing	160	housing
	Carrier	160	Housing
Site 5: Tribal Trust	Grazing	160	Housing
SW1/4, S21 T18N R3W			
Site 6 Tribal Trust	Grazing	160	Housing
NW1/4 S28 T18N R3W (feasible)			
	Grazing	320	Housing (32
Site 7: BLM (Alternate Site)			units
	1	I.	1

W1/4 S29 T19N R3W

Land Use Chart 2:

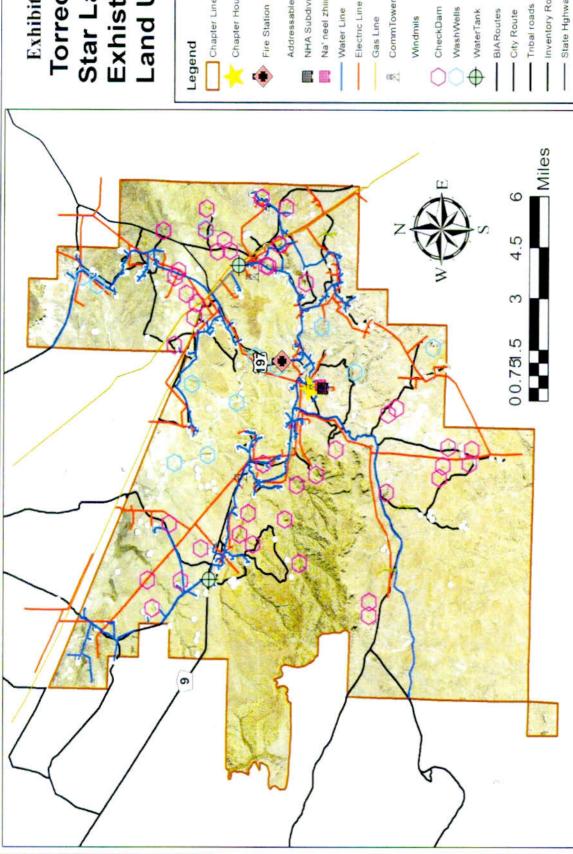
Torreon Community Facilities

Location	Existing Uses	Acreage	Proposed Uses
Chapter House Compound		10	
	Chapter House		Veterans Memorial Center
	Head Start I,II.III		Day Care Center?
	Thrift Store		Home Care Center
	Furniture Annex		
	Warehouse Bldg.		Recreation Center
	Clinic		Detox Center
			1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
	Senior Program		
	Youth Program		
	Veterans		
	Community Job Fund		
	Delete		
	Cellular Tower Ceremonial Hogan		
	NTUA Water Station		
	Admin Building		
Na Neelzhin Ji Olta			
	K-8 School	50	Computer center?
			High School? Trade School, ie. Culinary
			Institute?
Ballfield	Field	~10	Rodeo/Fair Grounds?
		-10	Rodeo/Pair Grounds?
			Senior Center
Senior Center Site		10	Multi-Purpose Office Building
			Library Recreation Center: gym, weight room, pool
Old Boarding School Site		40	Library/Museum
	FACE program		Charter School Job Corp
	Old Dormitories		Job Corp
	Teacherages - 12		Teacherages - 6
Solid Waste			
CYCLES TT SHIPSW			
			Transfer Station
F18N, R3W, SE1/4, S7	1 1	1	Police/Fire Substation

Land Use Chart 3:

Torreon Businesses

Location	Existing Uses	Acreage	Proposed Uses
Torreon Trading Post	Commercial	NA	None
State Land			
State Land			
R5W, T18N, Sec. 4& 5, Southern 1/2	none	40	Business Site:
			Post Office
NE1/4 S5 T18N R5W	Commercial	80	Museum/Cultural Center
			Arts and Crafts Center
			Radio Station
		,	Gas Station
			Movie Theatre
			Restaurants
			Grocery Store
			Laundry Mat
			Flea Market Area
Pipeline Road			
	none	ND	retail commercial



Chapter House

Chapter Line

Torreon/ Star Lake Exhisting Land Use Exhibit 36:



SOURCES; NN Land Dept, NNDOT, ESRI, NAIP (2016), SSURGO, DEM-RGIS-NM, TSLC

suitable for legal, enginerring, or surveying purposes. DISCLAIMER; Maps are for information purposes and may not be



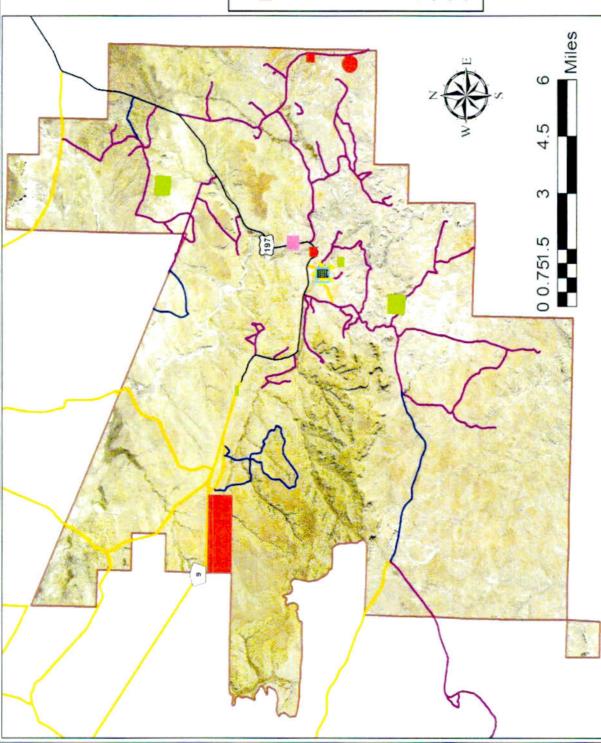
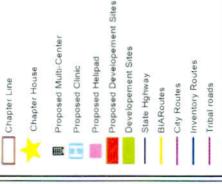


Exhibit 37:
Torreon/
Star Lake
Proposed
Land Use



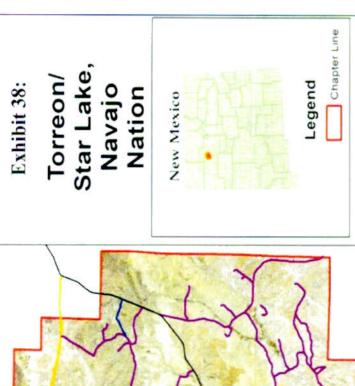
Legend

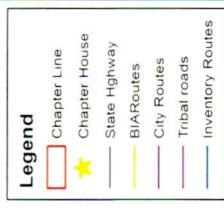


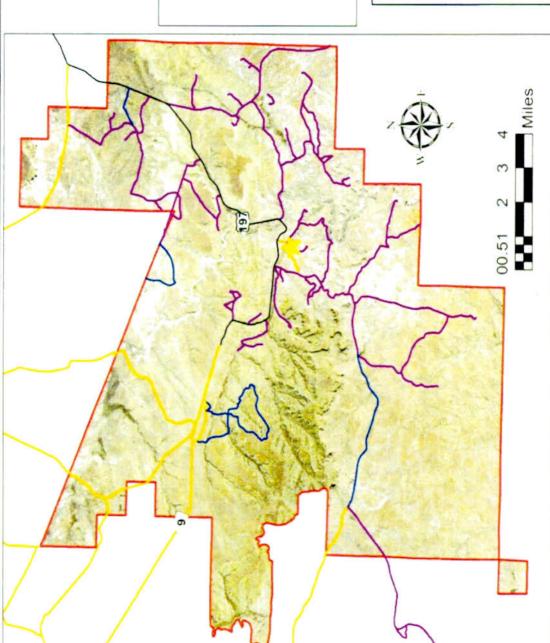
SOURCES, NN Land Dept, NNDOT, ESRI, NAIP, ARC Consultants, TSLC

DISCLAIMER, Maps are for information purposes and may not be suitable for legal, enginerring, or surveying purposes.

Community Based Land Use Plan Torreon/Star Lake Chapter, Navajo Nation



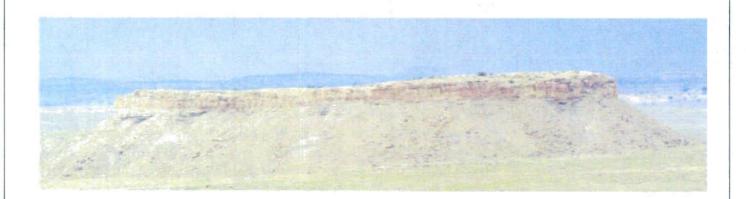




SOURCES NN Land Dept NNDOT, ESRI, NAIP (2016), TSLC DISCLAIMER, Maps are for information purposes and may not be suitable for legal, enginerring, or surveying purposes

Chapter Land Use Plan Torreon/Star Lake Chapter

Chapter 3
Land Suitability Analysis



3. Site Analysis

3.0 Overview of Resources

This section provides an overview of natural and cultural resources in the Torreon/ Star Lake Chapter.

3.1 Natural Resources

Geology/Soils

The Torreon/Star Lake Chapter lies within the Navajo Reservation in Sandoval and McKinley Counties in northwestern New Mexico. It is located within the western tributary system of the Rio Puerco of the East and the Rio Grande drainage system.

The geology of the general area consists of sandstone outcrops overladen by thin Lewis shale and thin bedded Pictured Cliffs sandstone, which is overladen by Fruitland formation and sometimes by Ojo Alamo sandstone. There is an igneous dike flanked by some oil-stained sand in the Menefee formation. There are outcrops of marine shale usually within the Lewis shale. The dominant land form to the southeast of the chapter area is Cabezon Peak.

Major soil types in the area include (USDA Soil Conservation Service, 1968; Natural Resource Conservation Service, 2001):

· Hagerman-Bond Complex

This soil type has 1 to 8 percent slopes. It occurs on mesas, cuestas, low hills, and ridges at an elevation of 6,500 to 7,200 feet. Hagerman is a fine sandy loam and similar soils comprise 50 percent of the complex. Bond is a fine sandy loam and similar soils and comprises 30%.

These soils are typically shallow, well drained, with moderate permeability and shrink-swell potential, and with low to medium surface runoff and moderate erosion but severe blowing.

Hospah-Skyvillage-Rock Outcrop Complex
 This soil type has 2 to 35% slopes. It occurs on hills, ridges and breaks at elevations of 6,400 to 7,000 feet. Hospah has extreme cobbly clay loam soils and comprises 35% of the soil complex.

Exhibit 39:

Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Local Geology

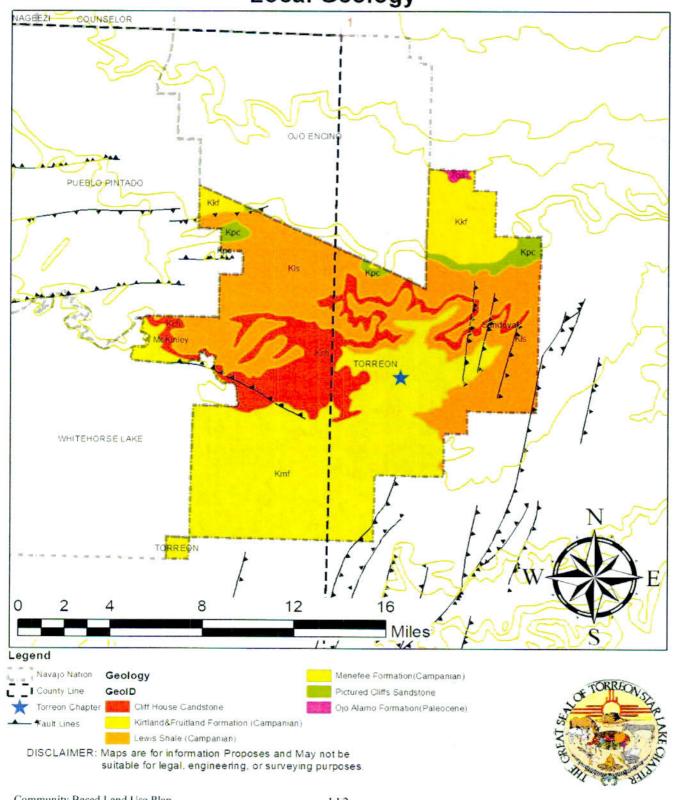
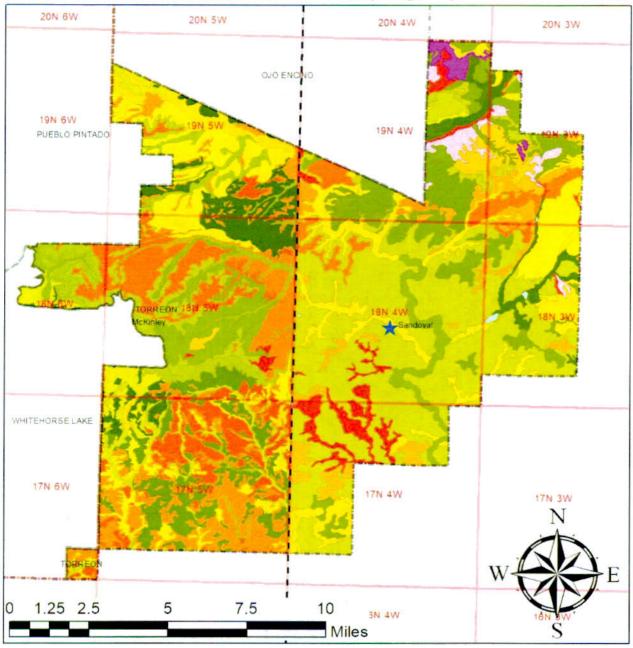


Exhibit 40: Torreon/ Star Lake Chapter SSURGO: Soil Data(Page 1)



DISCLAIMER: Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes



Torreon/ Star Lake Chapter SSURGO: Soil Data(Page 2)

Legend



DISCLAIMER: Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes



30%. The rock outcrops comprise 25% of this type and it consists mainly of exposures of sandstone and shale bedrock on escarpments and steep hill slopes.

These soils are typically very shallow and well-drained with moderate permeability and low shrink-swell potential, low to medium surface runoff, moderate erosion, but there is generally severe blowing.

· Querencia-Lavodnas Association

This soil type has 2 to 15% slopes. It occurs on valley sides, hills, and ridges at elevations of 6,600 to 7,200 feet. Querencia fine sandy loam and similar soils comprise 50 percent of the soil complex. Lavodnas loam and similar soils comprise 35%.

Soils are typically shallow, well-drained, with slow permeability, and moderate shrink-swell potential. Runoff is high to very high, with moderate erosion and severe blowing potential.

Billings-Persayo Association

These silty-clay loam soils are nearly level to steep, gullied on foothills, alluvial fans and flood plains (1 to 25% slope). Billings comprise 50%, Persayo, 30%, and the remainder Badlands, and other soils. For construction of foundations for small buildings, Billings soils have a high shrink-swell potential while Persayo soils are shallow to shale bedrock.

Rock Outcrop-Travesilla-Persayo Association

This association is severely eroded. Slopes range from 9 to 25%. Runoff is rapid to very rapid. Moderately steep to nearly vertical outcrops of sandstone and shale make up about 50% of this association.

Shallow well-drained Travesilla soils, which are underlain by sandstone, make up about 25%; very shallow, well-drained Persayo, which are underlain by shale, make up about 20%; and nearly level to strongly sloping Billings soils, which occur along intermittent drainageways, make up about 5%.

Travesilla soils are favorable for construction of small building foundations but Persayo soils are shallow.

Litle-Las Lucas-Persayo Association

This association occurs in rolling or hilly terrain, with eroded soils on uplands and low shale hills with 1-25% slopes "Litle soils make up about 50% of the acreage. These soils are on the side slopes of shale knolls and ridges. They are moderately deep and are gently sloping or strongly sloping soils on side slopes.

Las Lucas soils make up about 30% of the association. These are deep or moderately deep, nearly level to strongly sloping soils on side slopes. Persayo soils make up about 20% of the association. They are on shale knolls and ridges and are moderately-steep and steep." Litle and Las Lucas soils have a high shrink-swell potential.

Penistaja-Berent-Sandstone Outcrop Association

"This association occurs in nearly level to rolling terrain with slightly to moderately eroded soils on uplands and ridges. It is about 40% Penistaja soils, 25% Berent soils, and 35% Alluvial land, Badland and sandstone and shale outcrops. The soils in this association are deep and moderately-deep. The slope range is mostly less than 3%, but it is slightly more than 5% in some places.

Erosion is a slight to moderate hazard, and controlling gully erosion and wind erosion is a problem. Berent soils have a good rate of water intake. Some areas of these soils were once dryfarmed, but they have since been abandoned..." Penistaja soils are favorable for construction of foundations for small buildings. Berent soils have moderate shrink-swell potential.

Farming

No prime farmlands or farmlands of statewide importance are found within the potential housing areas. Agricultural land is categorized as prime and unique or as of statewide and local importance.

The Natural Resource Conservation Service, which has jurisdiction over farmlands, defines prime or unique farmlands as those lands whose value is derived from their general advantage as cropland due to soil and water conditions. Farmlands deemed of statewide importance are important to agriculture but exhibit some properties that exclude them from the prime farmland classification.

Groundwater

The Colorado Plateau is underlain by four principal aquifers. Water is pumped from three wells located within the Ojo Encino Chapter house to serve the surrounding areas; the wells are located between the Uinta-Animas aquifer and the Mesa-Verde aquifer. There is no evidence that the water from the wells does not meet current water quality standards. Throughout the Chapter, a number of wells exist that are located on individual parcels. The flow of water is from the northwest to the southeast. Groundwater near the Chapter house is expected to be encountered at a depth of approximately 185 to 595 feet.

Exhibit 41:

Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Colorado Plateaus aquifers

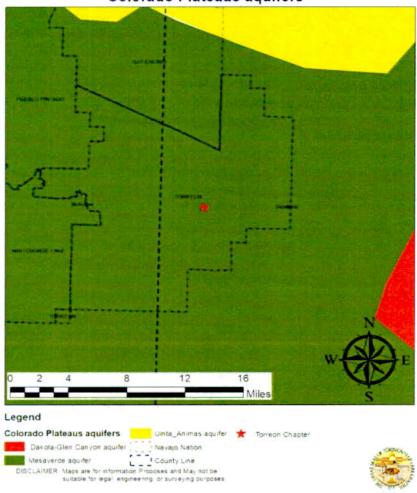
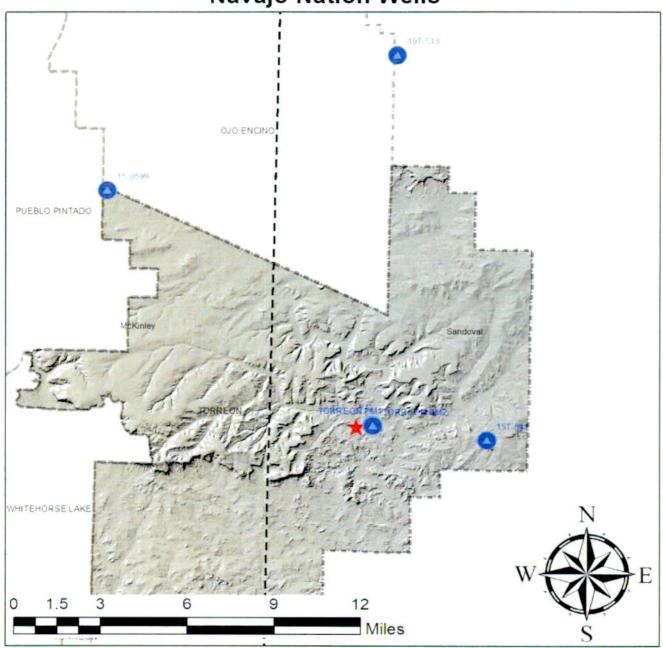


Exhibit 42: Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Navajo Nation Wells



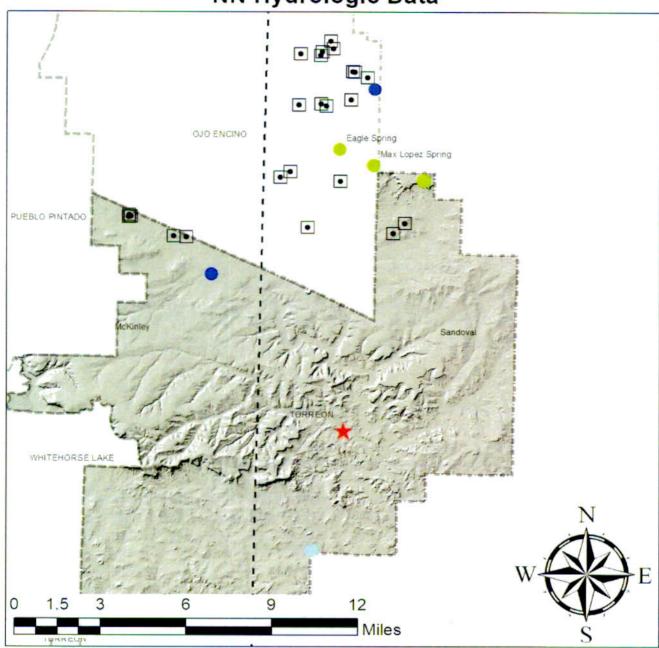
Legend



DISCLAIMER: Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes.



Exhibit 43: Torreon/Star Lake Chapter NN Hydrologic Data

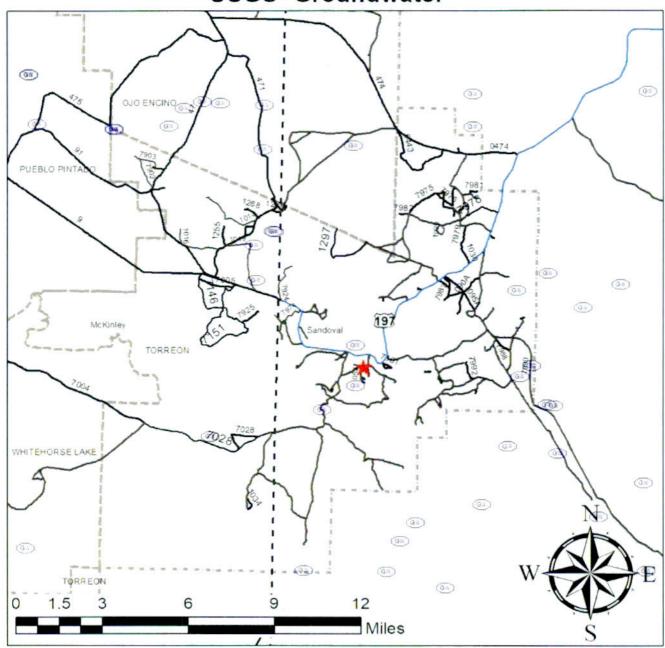


Legend





Exhibit 44: Torreon/Star Lake Chapter USGS- Groundwater



Legend



DISCLAIMER: Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes.



Groundwater- Susceptibility (Sandoval County)

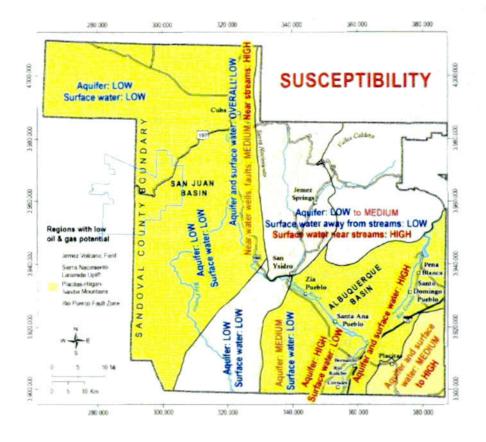
With the increase in Fracking and Oil Developments in the region. The susceptibility of Groundwater contamination is proclivity of the likelihood of a hazard occurring without consideration of the costs or frequency of the event. There are separate susceptibilities for both subsurface and aquifer contaminations.

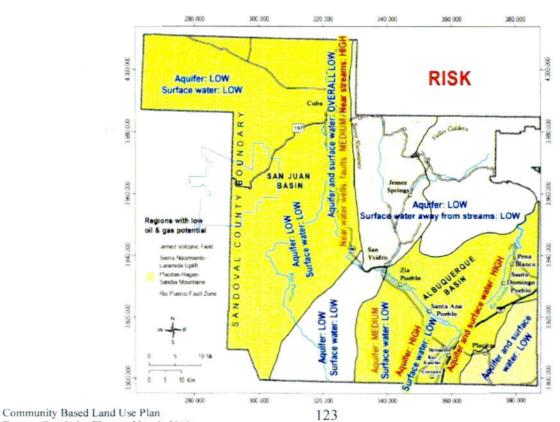
New Mexico Tech has done a Supplementary Report on Oil and Natural Gas Potential of Sandoval County, New Mexico and its Relationship to Groundwater. The Next couple of Exhibits Will Show Thermal Maturity, Contamination Susceptibility, and Risk data collected by New Mexico Tech.

For More Information: http://commongroundrising.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/10/NMTechSupplementReport-10-11-18.pdf

Exhibit 45: Mancos C thermal maturity 10 miles Vells with messured ancos C maturity date is with calculated Mancos C maturity Mancos & thermal maturity calculated for area Community Duben Duning Obe 1 inti 122

Torreon/Star Lake Chapter, Navajo Nation





Torreon/Star Lake Chapter, Navajo Nation

Surface Water

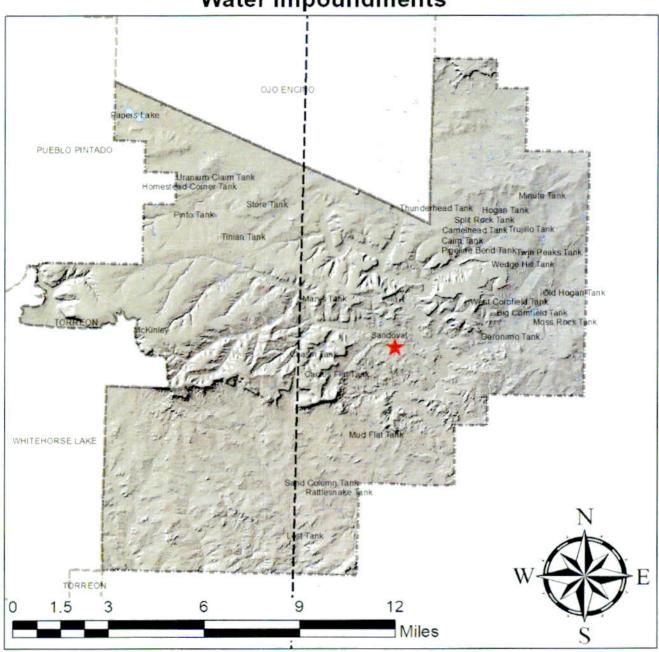
Very little surface water exists within the chapter boundaries. Surface run-off within the area is primarily ephemeral and comes as run-off from storm water, most of which is provided by summer thunderstorms. Most of the water sources are limited to small, intermittent arroyos/drainages and ephemeral erosion channels that bisect the entire Torreon/Star Lake Chapter area.

However, two main arroyos/drainages traverse the chapter boundary. These arroyos/drainages are the Vicente Arroyo and the Torreon Wash and are tributary to a main drainage basin, the Rio Puerco. These arroyos/drainages appear to convey substantial storm water flows. These arroyos and others located within the chapter are considered waters of the United States, thereby requiring a clearance and type of Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 404 permit issued by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE).

The average annual rainfall is 7 to 9 inches, and the annual frost-free days range from 100 to 150 days.

Floodplain/Flood Hazard/Drainage/NPDES
 Executive Order 11988, Floodplain Management, requires that any potential impacts to floodplain areas be studied, assessed, and identified to reduce the risk of flood loss; to minimize the impact of floods on human safety, health, and welfare; and to restore and preserve the natural and beneficial values served by floodplains.

Exhibit 46: Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Water Impoundments



Legend

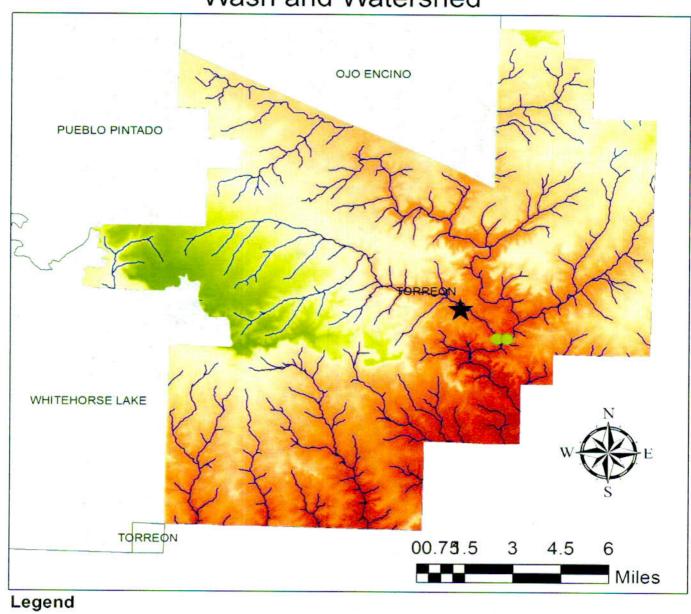


DISCLAIMER: Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes.



Exhibit 47:

Torreon/ Star Lake Wash and Watershed



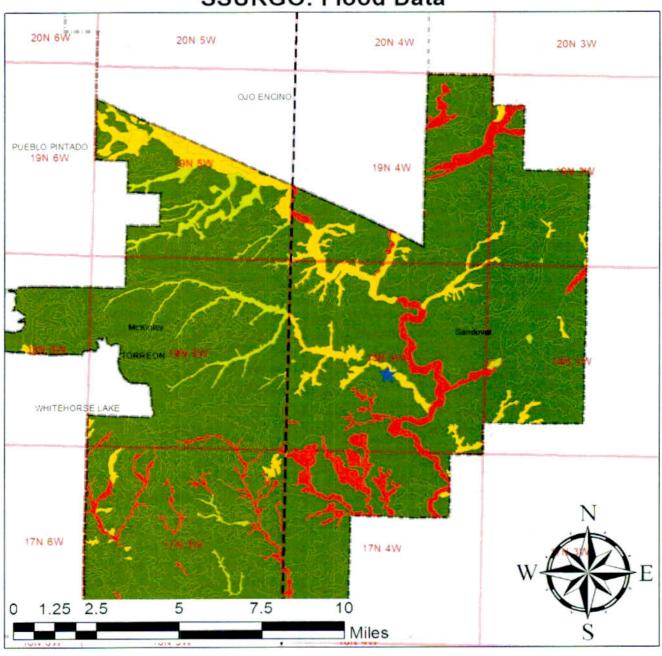


DISCLAIMER; Maps are for information purposes and may not be suitable for legal, enginerring, or surveying purposes.



Exhibit 48:

Torreon/ Star Lake Chapter SSURGO: Flood Data



Legend

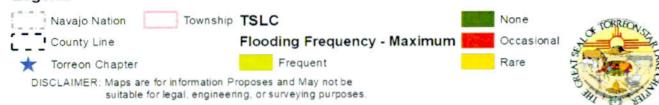
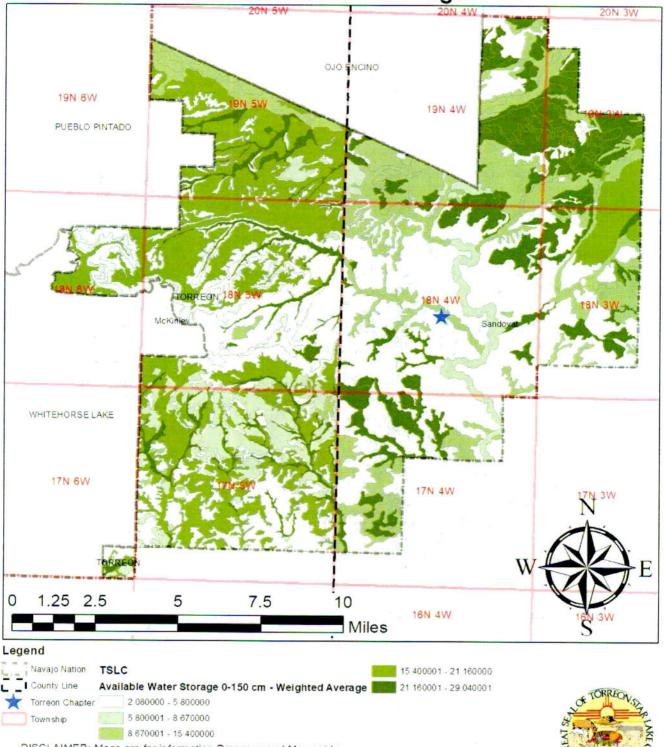


Exhibit 49:

Torreon/ Star Lake Chapter SSURGO: Water Storage

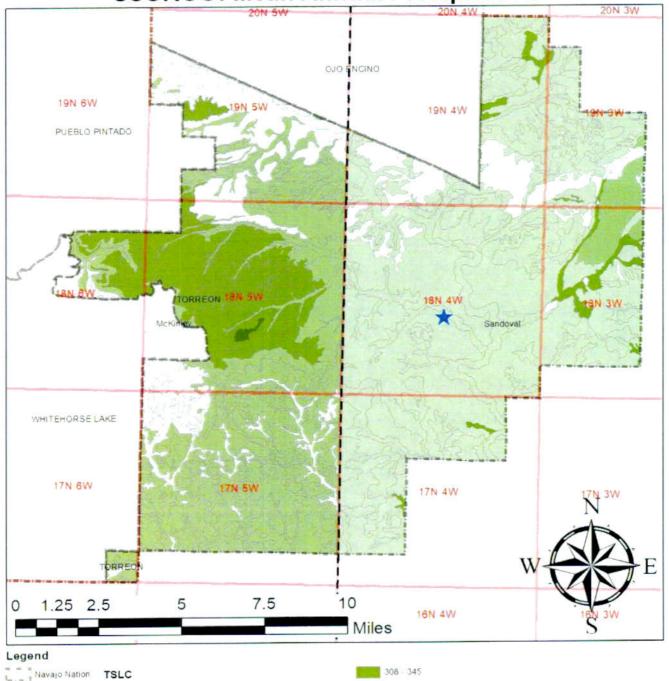


DISCLAIMER: Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes.



Exhibit 50:

Torreon/ Star Lake Chapter SSURGO: Mean Annual Precipitation





DISCLAIMER: Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes.



Therefore, project planning must ensure that any proposed new construction will be compatible with the designated floodplain areas by identifying potential impacts and ways to mitigate them. The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) has mapped some unincorporated areas of Sandoval County on Flood Hazard Boundary Maps. Community Panel Numbers 35043C0350 C includes the potential housing area.

Vicente Arroyo, which is south of the Chapter House, a Special Flood Hazard Area and the Torreon Wash, which is north of the Chapter House are both considered a zone A area.

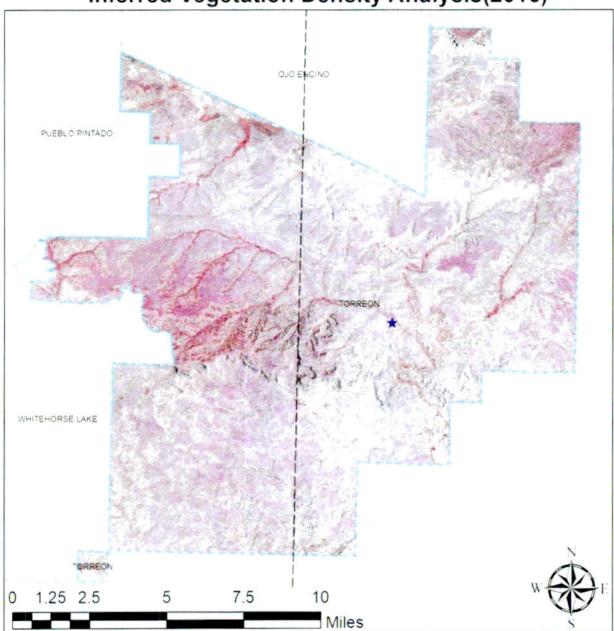
Wetlands

Wetland systems and classes are based on criteria set forth in the Clean Water Act (CWA) of 1977, Executive Order 11990, and other regulatory materials. The only known potential wetlands exist around and near the sewer lagoons area.

Vegetation

The soils in the area support a fair to good cover of native grass and shrubs, including Pinyon pine and juniper trees. A few ponderosa pines also grow on the north and east slopes at higher elevations. Blue grama, sideoats grama, galleta, sand dropseed, and three-awns are some of the more common grasses. Shrubs include oak brush, mountain mahogany, bitterbush, four-winged saltbush, serviceberry, snakeweed, and rabbitbrush. Also found are various scattered cacti species. The vegetative biome is classified as Great Basin Desert Scrub, located on the edge of the Great Basin Conifer Woodlands.

Exhibit 51:
Torreon/Star Lake Chapter
Inferred Vegetation Density Analysis(2016)



Legend



DISCLAIMER Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes

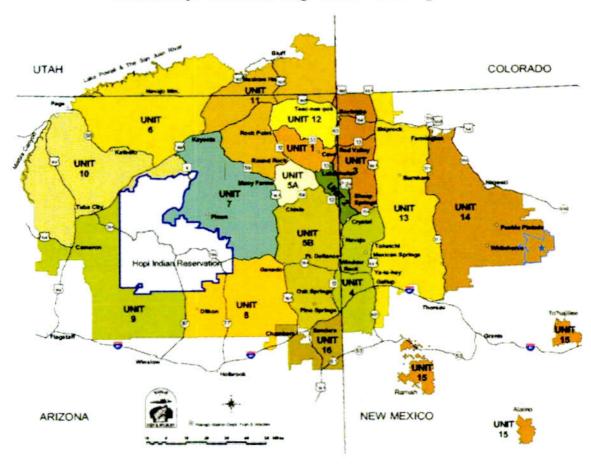


Wildlife

The area provides habitat to an abundance of wildlife including elk, mountain lion, Merriam's turkey, bobcat, mule deer, black bear, coyotes, rabbits, prairie dogs, porcupines, collared lizards, snakes, and small rodents. Birds of prey include golden eagle, prairie falcon, great horned owl, red tail hawk, vulture, and raven. We are Located in Unit 14 of Navajo Nation Department of Fish and Wildlife.

Exhibit 52:

The Navajo Nation's Big Game Hunting Units



Threatened and Endangered Species

Threatened and Endangered Species/Species of Concern, Federal and Navajo threatened or endangered species are protected by law. Species from those currently listed as proposed, threatened, and endangered by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and by the Navajo Fish and Wildlife Department (NF&WD) were reviewed during this planning study.

No federal or Navajo listed plant, animal or bird species were seen during a general reconnaissance of the potential housing sites, and few are likely to occur within the project limits. However, due to the presence of suitable habitat and/or foraging area within the general area, some federal species of concern and Navajo candidate and threatened species could potentially occur on or near the project site. (See Threatened and Endangered Species list on pages 135 and 136).

An **endangered** species is one that is in danger of extinction throughout all or a significant portion of its range. A **threatened** species is one that is likely to become endangered in the foreseeable future. A proposed or **candidate** species is one being considered for listing as threatened or endangered. An **extirpated** species is one that has been eliminated from its range, usually in a specific geographic area.

For More Information Visit: https://www.nndfw.org/
For More Information Visit: https://www.fws.gov/

3.2 Cultural Resources

Cultural resources are defined as objects, structures, locations, or natural features that reflect the culture of a human group. Protection of cultural resources is granted under several management procedures, laws, statutes, and amendments, including the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended; the Archaeological and Historic Preservation Act of 1974; the Archaeological Resources Protection Act of 1979; the American Indian Freedom of Religion Act; and the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act. Cultural resources are evaluated by professionals for their potential of inclusion on the National Register of Historic Places. The criteria used to evaluate these resources are as follows:



"The quality of significance in American history, architecture, archeology, engineering, and culture is present in districts, sites, buildings, structures, and objects that possess integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association, and that (a) are associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history; or (b) are associated with the lives of persons significant in our past; or (c) embody the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction, or that represent the work of a master, or possess high artistic values, or represent a significant distinguishable entity whose components may lack individual distinction; or (d) have yielded or may be likely to yield information important in history or prehistory."

A cultural resources inventory, including previous research and a site files check, was completed for the potential housing areas. No archaeological, architectural, or ethnographic resources were identified for sites. However, for all sites, when a particular site is chosen, a Class III intensive pedestrian survey and ethnographic research must be completed.

Rare, Threatened, Endangered, Review or Sensitive Species of Animals Potentially within the Torreon Chapter Lands

Species	Common Name	Navajo Name	Federal	State	Navajo
Accipiter gentilis	Northern Goshawk		MBTA*	Threatened	None
Aquila chrysaetos	Golden eagle	Atsà	MBTA	Protected	Group 3
Athene cunicularia hypugea	Burrowing owl		SOC*, MBTA	Protected	None
Antilocapra americana	Pronghorn antelope	Jàdi	None	Game	Group 3
Bubo virginianus	Great horned owl		M BTA	Protected	None
Buteo jarnaicensis	Red-tailed hawk		M BTA	Protected	None
Buteo regalis	Ferruginous hawk	Gini	SOC, MBTA	Protected	Group 3
Buteo swainsonii	Swainson's hawk		M BTA	Protected	None
Cathartes aura	Turkey vulture		M BTA	Protected	None
Charadrius montanus	Mountain Plover	Tàbaasdisi	Threatened	Protected	Group 4
Circus cyaneous	Northern harrier		MBTA	Protected	None
Falco colurnbarius	Merlin	187	M BTA	Protected	None
Falco sparverius	American kestrel		MBTA	Protected	None
Lanius Iudovicianus	Loggerhead shrike		SOC, MBTA	None	None
Mustela nigripes	Black-footed ferret	Dio'ii Lizhinii	Endangered	A	Group 2
Phrynosoma cornuturn	Texas horned lizard	100	SOC	None	None
	* NADTA - NAIGESTON	A Water of Transt WA	Misses of Constant Passet 1/ Act Constant Dail Constant	5	

^{*} MBTA = Migratory Bird Treat V Act, Soc = Species of Concern

Rare, Threatened, Endangered, Review or Sensitive Species of Plants Potentially within the Torreon Chapter Lands

Species	Common Name	Federal	State	Navajo
Aletes macdougalii ssp. breviradiatus	Macdougal's false	None	Sensitive	None
Aletes sessiliflorus	False carrot	None	Sensitive	None
Astragalus knightii	Knight's milkvetch	USFWS-SOC*	Sensitive	None
Astragalus micromerius	Chaco milkvetch	None	Sensitive	None
Erigeron bistiensis	Bisti fleabane	USFWS-SOC	Sensitive	None
Escobaria missouriensis	Plains pincushion	None	Review	Non
Pucinellia pairshii	Parish's alkali grass	US FWS -SOC	Endangered	None
Sclerocactus cloveriae	Brack's hardwall	0		2
ssp. brackii	cactus	200	Endangered	None

*Species of Concern

3.3 Analysis of Individual Sites

There were no Rare, Threatened, Endangered, Review or Sensitive Species of Plants or Animals identified in the proposed development sites for housing in the Torreon/Star Lake Chapter area.

3.3.1 Site 1:

Geology/Soils

The proposed housing site lies at approximately 6780 feet above sea level.

Soil types (refer to soils map in Exhibit 40) in the area are classified as being Hagerman-Bond Fine sandy Loam, Hospah-Skyvillage-Rock Outcrop Complex and Querencia-Lavodnas Association. Hagerman soils are shallow and have moderate shrink-swell characteristics. Problem slope areas exist along NR9 but the remainder of the site is flat.

Surface Water/Drainage

No wetlands were noted during the site visit. There are many washes and the area is well drained.

Vegetation

The vegetation types likely to occur within the proposed site are Juniper Savanna and Great Basin Desert Scrub.

Wildlife

Wildlife that occupies the study area is expected to be typical of that found in a high desert habitat. Although no animals were noted during the site visit, it can be expected that coyotes, rabbits, prairie dogs, lizards, snakes, small rodents, ravens arid birds of prey could be common residents in the study area.

Environmentally Sensitive Areas

Environmentally sensitive areas can include such areas as designated habitat for threatened and endangered species, important wildlife areas or corridors, riparian areas, and protected plant populations. The Navajo National Heritage Program maintains records of this information.

The following is a list of species that could potentially be affected by the proposed undertaking:

- Northern goshawk
- · Ferruginous hawk

No vegetation of concern was identified.

The data request and assessment of species of concern is intended to provide a summary of the current information that is on file with the Navajo Nation Natural Heritage Program. The report is not intended to represent an intensive survey of threatened or endangered species within the study area.

Culturally Significant Areas/Traditionally Sensitive Areas

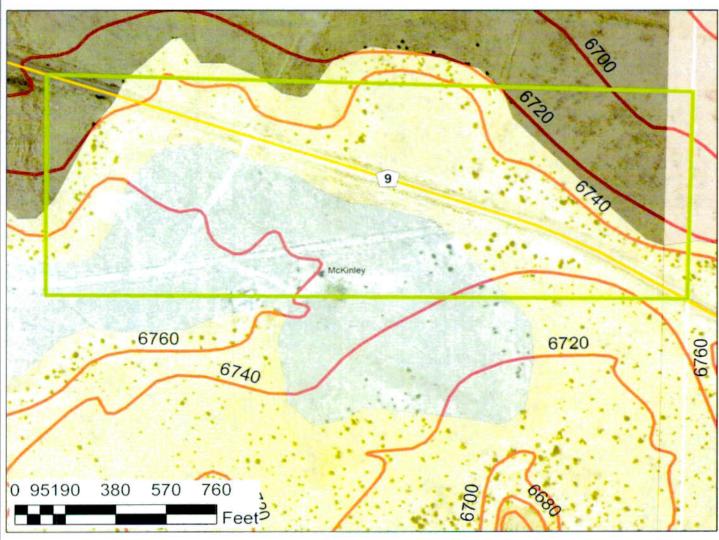
A Class I records check was conducted and found that there are no culturally significantly areas present.

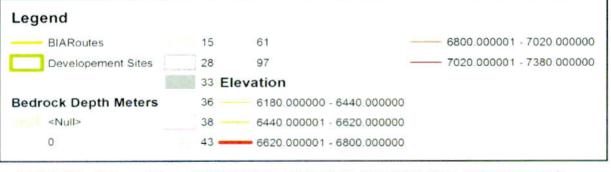
No traditional cultural properties were identified within the site.

Recommendations

Based on the initial inspection of existing environmental data and the site visit, this site is highly suitable for development. There are a few housing units currently located on the site and there may be some grazing issues. No other issues are present at this time.







W SE

SOURCES; NN Land Dept, NNDOT, ESRI, NAIP (2016), SSURGO, DEM-RGIS-NM, TSLC

DISCLAIMER; Maps are for information purposes and may not be suitable for legal, enginerring, or surveying purposes.

Community Based Land Use Plan Torreon/Star Lake Chapter, Navajo Nation

3.3.2 Site 2:

Geology/Soils

The proposed housing site lies at approximately 6400 feet above sea level.

Soil types (refer to soils map in Exhibit 40) in the area are classified as being Billings Silty Clay Loam-Alkali-Gullied and Rock Outcrop— Travesilla-Persayo Association. Billings soils are shallow and have high shrink-swell characteristics. Travesilla soils are favorable for construction of small building foundations, but Persayo soils are shallow.

Surface Water/Drainage

A small wash is located on the southeast corner of the site and should be avoided. Run-off in the area is rapid.

Vegetation

The vegetation types likely to occur within the proposed site are Juniper Savanna and Great Basin Desert Scrub.

Wildlife

Wildlife that occupies the study area is expected to be typical of that found in a high desert habitat. Although no animals were noted during the site visit, it can be expected that coyotes, rabbits, prairie dogs, lizards, snakes, small rodents, ravens, and birds of prey could he common residents in the study area.

Environmentally Sensitive Areas

Environmentally sensitive areas can include such areas as designated habitat for threatened and endangered species, important wildlife areas or corridors, riparian areas, and protected plant populations. The Navajo National Heritage Program maintains records of this information.

The following is a list of species that could potentially be affected by the proposed undertaking:

- Northern goshawk
- · Ferruginous hawk

No vegetation of concern was identified.

The data request and assessment of species of concern is intended to provide a summary of the current information that is on file with the Navajo Nation Natural Heritage Program.

The report is not intended to represent an intensive survey of threatened or endangered species within the study area.

Culturally Significant Areas/Traditionally Sensitive Areas

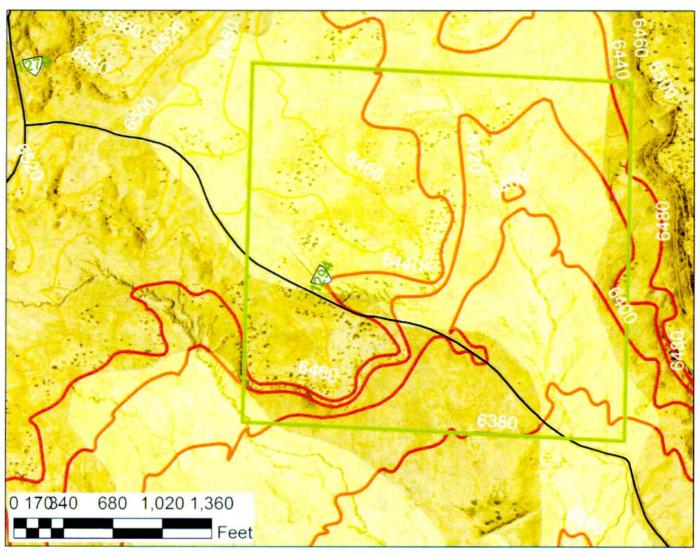
A Class I records check was conducted and found that there are no culturally significantly areas present.

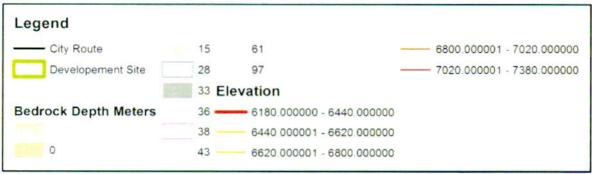
No traditional cultural properties were identified in the site.

Recommendations

Based on the initial inspection of existing environmental data and the site visit, this site is not well suited for development. This site has very poor drainage. The cost of infrastructure development will be high.

Exhibit 54: Developement Site 2 - 160 Ac.







SOURCES; NN Land Dept, NNDOT, ESRI, NAIP (2016), SSURGO, DEM-RGIS-NM, TSLC

DISCLAIMER; Maps are for information purposes and may not be suitable for legal, enginerring, or surveying purposes.

Community Based Land Use Plan Torreon/Star Lake Chapter, Navajo Nation

3.3.3 Site 3:

Geology/Soils

The proposed housing site lies at approximately 6400 feet above sea level.

Soil types (refer to soils map in Exhibit 40) in the area are classified as being Rock Outcrop-Travesilla-Persayo Association. Travesilla soils are favorable for construction of small building foundations but Persayo soils are shallow.

Surface Water/Drainage

A small wash is located in the southeast portion of the site. Sheet flooding will be present in low areas and rapid run-off is evident.

Vegetation

The vegetation types likely to occur within the proposed site are Juniper Savanna and Great Basin Desert Scrub.

Wildlife

Wildlife that occupies the study area is typical of that found in a high desert habitat. Although no animals were noted during the site visit, it can be expected that coyotes, rabbits, prairie dogs, lizards, snakes, small rodents, ravens, and birds of prey could be common residents in the study area.

Environmentally Sensitive Areas

Environmentally sensitive areas can include such areas as designated habitat for threatened and endangered species, important wildlife areas or corridors, riparian areas, and protected plant populations. The Navajo National Heritage Program maintains records of this information.

The following is a list of species that could potentially be affected by the proposed undertaking:

- Northern goshawk
- Loggerhead shrike
- Ferruginous hawk

The following is a list of vegetation that could potentially be affected by the proposed undertaking:

- Plains pincushion cactus
- Bisti fleabane

The data request and assessment of species of concern is intended to provide a summary of the current information that is on file with the Navajo Nation Natural Heritage Program. The report is not intended to represent an intensive survey of threatened or endangered species within the study area.

Culturally Significant Areas/Traditionally Sensitive Areas

A Class I records check was conducted and found that there are no culturally significantly areas present.

No traditional cultural properties were identified within the site.

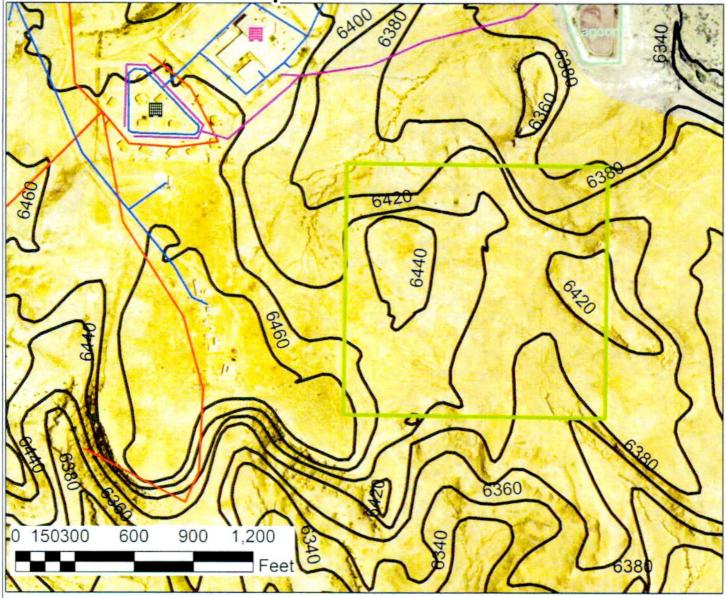
Recommendations

Based on the initial inspection of existing environmental data and the site visit, this site is marginally suited for development.

Rapid run-off occurs in the area. Major drainage engineering will be needed and extreme costs will be associated with that engineering. Roadway costs will also be high.

Exhibit 55:

Developement Site 3 - 40 Ac.





SOURCES; NN Land Dept, NNDOT, ESRI, NAIP (2016), SSURGO, DEM-RGIS-NM, TSLC

DISCLAIMER; Maps are for information purposes and may not be suitable for legal, enginerring, or surveying purposes.

Community Based Land Use Plan Torreon/Star Lake Chapter, Navajo Nation 145





3.3.4 Site 4:

Geology/Soils

The proposed housing site lies at approximately 6600 feet above sea level.

Soil types (refer to soils map in Exhibit 40) in the area are classified as being Rock Outcrop-Travesilla-Persayo Association and Litle-Persayo Association. Travesilla soils are favorable for construction of small building foundations but Persayo soils are shallow. Litle soils have a high shrink-swell potential.

Surface Water/Drainage

Small washes exist in the northwest/southeast portion of the site and should be avoided. Run-off in the area is rapid but the site is well drained.

Vegetation

The vegetation types likely to occur within the proposed site are Juniper Savanna and Great Basin Desert Scrub.

Wildlife

Wildlife that occupies the study area is expected to be typical of that found in a high desert habitat. Although no animals were noted during the site visit, it can be expected that coyotes, rabbits, prairie dogs, lizards, snakes, small rodents, ravens, and birds of prey could be common residents in the study area.

Environmentally Sensitive Areas

Environmentally sensitive areas can include areas such as designated habitat for threatened and endangered species, important wildlife areas or corridors, riparian areas, and protected plant populations. The Navajo National Heritage Program maintains records of this information.

The following is a list of species that could potentially be affected by the proposed undertaking:

- · Northern goshawk
- Red-tailed hawk

No vegetation of concern was identified.

The data request and assessment of species of concern is intended to provide a summary of the current information that is on file with the Navajo Nation Natural Heritage Program. The report is not intended to represent an intensive survey of threatened or endangered species within the study area.

Culturally Significant Areas/Traditionally Sensitive Areas

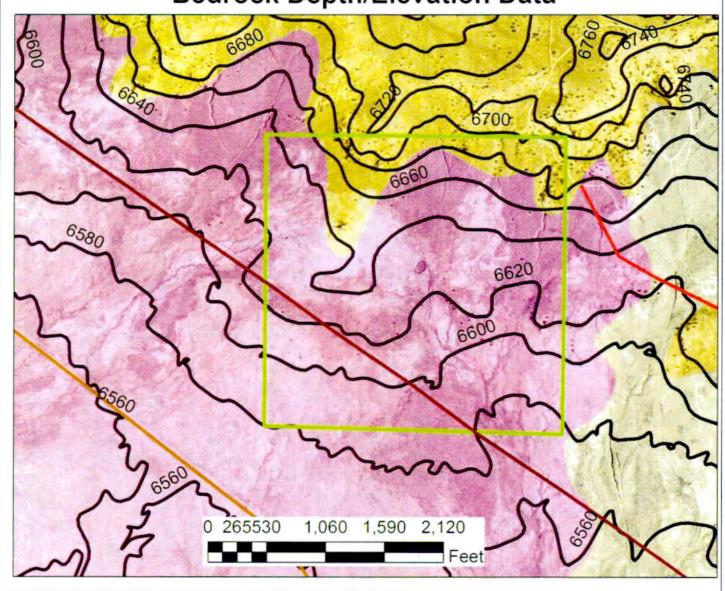
A Class I records check was conducted and found that there are no culturally significantly areas present.

No traditional cultural properties were identified within the site.

Recommendations

Based on the initial inspection of existing environmental data and the site visit, this site is not well suited for development. Transmission line present in the site will restrict the amount of building land available. Problems will arise from the washes and drainage in the area. The cost of infrastructure development will be high.

Exhibit 56: Developement Site 4 - 160 Ac. Bedrock Depth/Elevation Data





W S



SOURCES; NN Land Dept, NNDOT, ESRI, NAIP (2016), SSURGO, DEM-RGIS-NM, TSLC

DISCLAIMER; Maps are for information purposes and may not be suitable for legal, enginerring, or surveying purposes.

Community Based Land Use Plan Torreon/Star Lake Chapter, Navajo Nation

Chapter Land Use Plan Torreon/Star Lake Chapter

Chapter 4 Infrastructure Analysis



4. Infrastructure Analysis

4.0 Existing and Needed Infrastructure

This section describes the existing and needed infrastructure, such as roads and utilities, in the community. It also assesses the proposed housing sites in terms of their need for additional infrastructure.

Average daily traffic (ADT) is a measure of the average number of vehicles that pass through a location along a road in a day.

4.1 Transportation and Roads

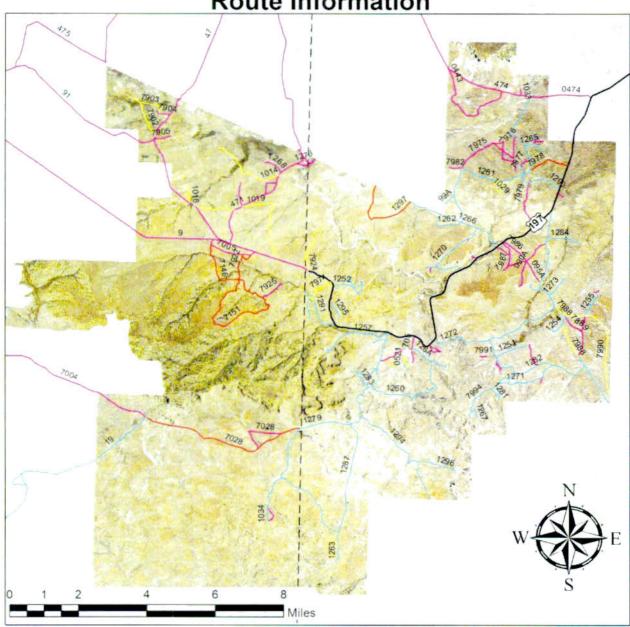
Existing

The major roads in the community include:

- NM 197 (paved)
- N9 (paved)
- N91 Star Lake Road (dirt, graded by BIA)
- N7028 Rincon Marquez Road (paved to McKinley County line),
 57 average daily traffic (ADTs), 20 year projected: 70 ADTs.
 McKinley County is planning to pave its portion of the road within the next few years.
- N7004 (dirt, graded by BIA & NDOT), 60 ADTs,
- N1272 Torreon Mission Road (paved)
- N1266 Pipeline Road (dirt, graded by Sandoval County)
- N471 Tinian Mission Road (dirt, graded by BIA & NDOT)(2002 ADT "172")
- N474 Ojo Encino Road (paved)(In need of repair)
- N47 to Ojo Encino (Pipeline)

Exhibit 57:

Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Route Information



Legend

City Roads Tribal roads BIA Routes

Inventory Routes State Highway County Line
DISCLAIMER. Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes

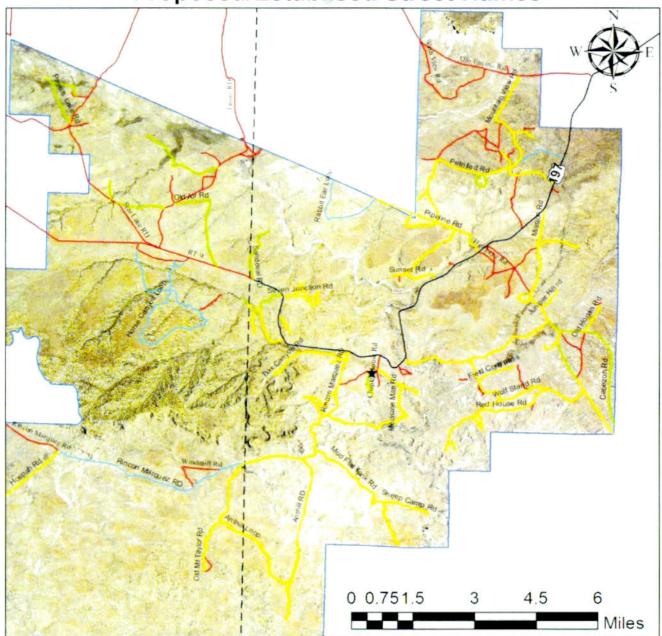


Our Proposed and Established Road Names include:

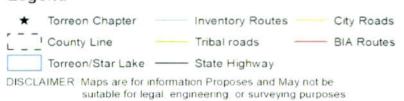
Street Name	Route #'s	Street Name	Route #'s
Sandoval Road	N7924	Lower Mission Road	N7994
Seven Junction Road	N1252	Old Hogan Road	N1255
Cactus Flat Road	N1283	Rock Springs Road	N1295
Medicine Man Road	N1260	Juniper Hill Road	N1273
Mud Flat Tank Road	N1294	Hawkeye Road	N092A
Ant Hill Road	N1287	Sage Hill Mesa Road	N1270
Mountain View Road	N1290,N1261	Petrified Road	N1261
Horse Canyon Loop	N7151	Old Mount Taylor Road	N1279
Lookout Mesa	N126A	Papers Lake Road	N7902
Upper Horse Canyon Road	N7922,N7146	Lower Horse Canyon Road	N1291
Wolf Stand Road	N1282	Red House Road	N1271
Cornfield Road	N1254	Mission Road	N1272
Pipeline Road	N1266	Anthill Loop	N1287
Windmill Road	N7028	Box Canyon Road	N1257
Thunderhead Tank Road	N99A	Rincon Marquez Road	N7028,N1279,N7004
Sheep Camp Road	N1296	Wash View Road	N443
Eagle Eye Road	N4909	Fossil Loop	N1029
Wedge Hill Road	N1284	Tinian Road	N471
Star Lake Road	N91	Old Air Road	N1019
Cabezon Road	N7990	Sunset Drive	N1275
Rabbit Ear Loop	N1297	Hospah Road	N19
Field Corn Pass	N1251	Chapter House Road	N705
Point Road	N1281	Ojo Encino Road	N474
State Highway 197	197	Route 9	N9

Exhibit 58:

Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Proposed/Establised Street Names



Legend

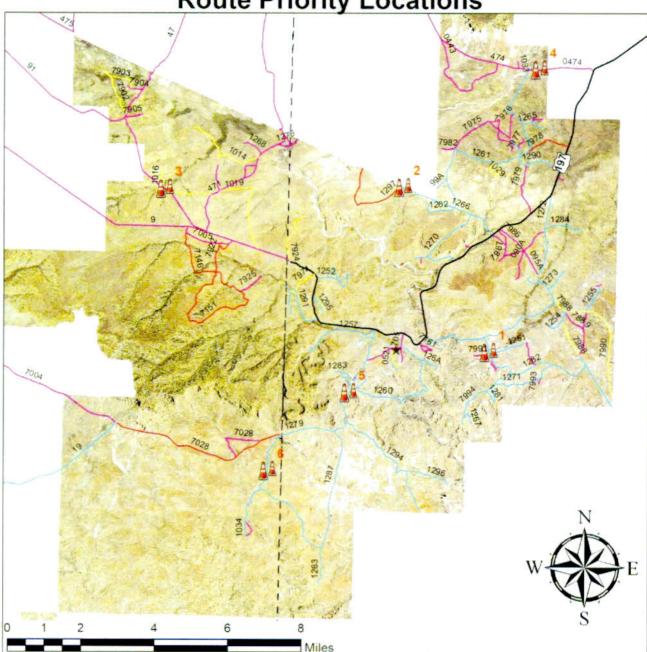




Community Based Land Use Plan Torreon/Star Lake Chapter, Navajo Nation

Exhibit 59:

Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Route Priority Locations



Legend



DISCLAIMER. Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes.



Torreon/Star Lake CLUPC ADT Road Priorities List

Road Number	Longitude, and Latitude	Area Of Concern	Description	Bus Route Y/N	AOT
1271	15 775795 107 209649	Old Military Bridge	Unknown Weight Limit Concerned by Fire Dept. and EMS)	res	222
1266	35 841102 107 252997	Old Military Bridge	Unknown Weight Limit! Concerned by Fire Dept. and EMS)	ves :	
0091	35 838364 107 368772	Exposed Culvert	Rapid erosion exposing culvert	res	
0474		The Section With in the Torreon Boundary	Road is Full of potholes, making driving conditions hazardous during inclement conditions.	Yes	
1279		Most of the Route	Road has been Left in Poor Condition After No Maintenance for so many years.	Yes	
1279		McKinley County Section of Road	Road is in Poorest of conditions Due To No Blading	Yels	

Proposed

Planned road improvements include:

- Old Military Bridge on Road number 1271(2018ADT, 222)(not scheduled)
- Old Military Bridge on Road Number 1266, also known as Pipeline road (not scheduled)
- Route number 0474, also known as Ojo Encino Road (not scheduled)
- Road number 0091 needs Erosion Control (not scheduled)

Torreon/Star Lake Chapter CLUPC Road Priorities List

Road Number	Longitude, and Latitude	Area Of Concern	Description	Bus Route:Y/N
799C	35.775795, -107.209649	Old Military Bridge	Unknown Weight Limit(Concerned by Fire Dept. and EMS)	Yes
1266	35.841102, -107.252997	Old Military Bridge	Unknown Weight Limit(Concerned by Fire Dept. and EMS)	Yes
0091	35.838364, - 107.368772	Exposed Culvert	Rapid erosion exposing culvert	Yes
0474		The Section With in the Torreon Boundary	Road is Full of potholes, making driving conditions hazardous during inclement conditions.	Yes

Exhibit 60:

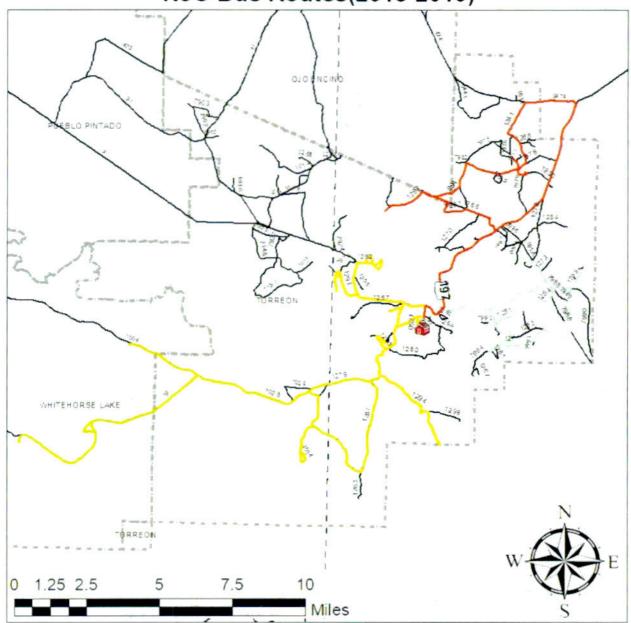
Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Thoroughfare Plan

Legend



Exhibit 61:

Torreon/Star Lake NJO Bus Routes(2018-2019)



Legend

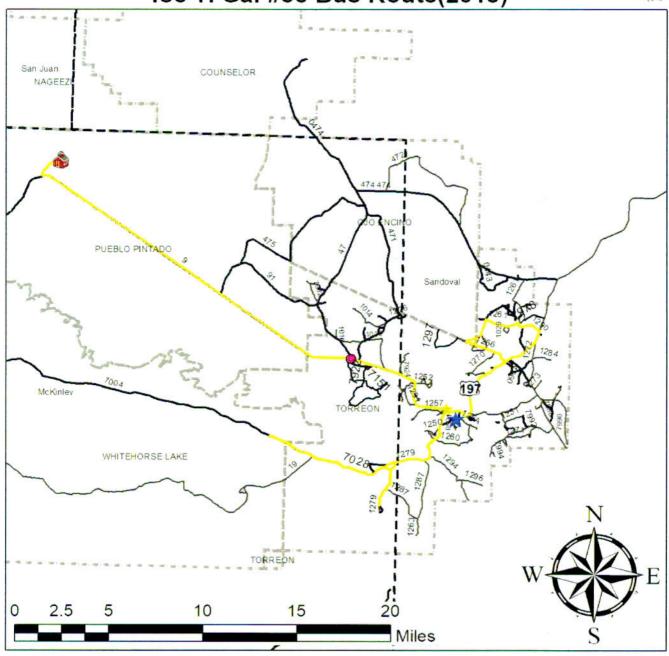


DISCLAIMER Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal lengtheening or surveying purposes

Community Based Land Use Plan Torreon/Star Lake Chapter, Navajo Nation

Exhibit 62: Torreon/ Star Lake Chapter Tse'Yi'Gai #88 Bus Route(2018)



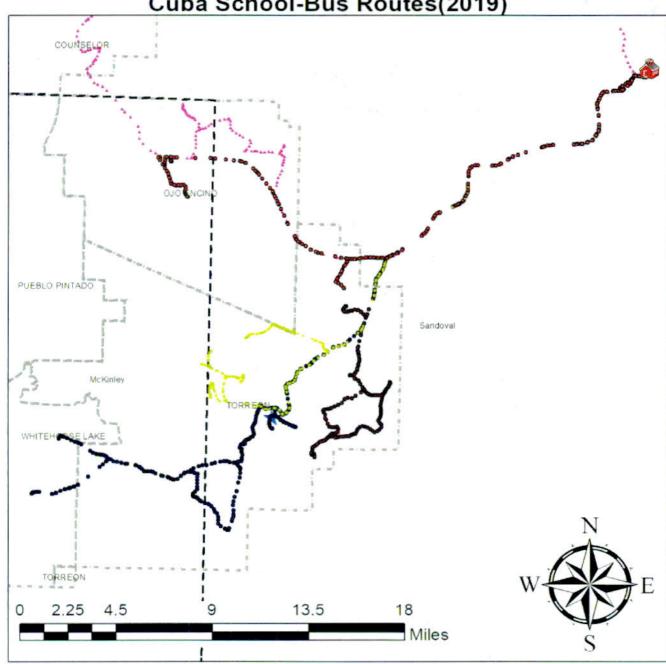


Legend



DISCLAIMER: Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes.

Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Cuba School-Bus Routes(2019)



Legend



Bus1- Wally Toledo(70Miles)

Bus 8-Tommy Pinto(100Miles)
Bus 7-Arlinda Sandoval(74Miles)

Bus 23- David Antone(89Miles)

Torreon Chapter



DISCLAIMER: Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes.

Transit and Rail

Existing

There is only one bus service; called Rio Metro that currently exists in the Cuba area that few locals utilize, It travels to Bernalillo Wal Mart Etc.. There are no railroad services is available in the vicinity.

Proposed

Chapter officials have met with Navajo Transit Company to establish a bus route from Crownpoint to Pueblo Pintado to Torreon and then possibly continuing to Cuba and Albuquerque.

A study has been prepared by the San Juan Basin Transportation Development Committee on the feasibility of a freight rail line between Prewitt (Baca Chapter) and Star Lake, just west of the Torreon/Star Lake chapter.

An extension to Bloomfield has also been studied as a shorter alternative to a proposed Pueblo Pintado-Bloomfield rail line. It would also be an alternative to constructing a rail line between Gallup and the Shiprock area. The estimated cost of the Star Lake line is \$61 to \$69 million. The feasibility of the rail line is dependent on an increase in the cost of coal.

Airport

Existing

An old runway, now eroded, exists along the Torreon Wash.

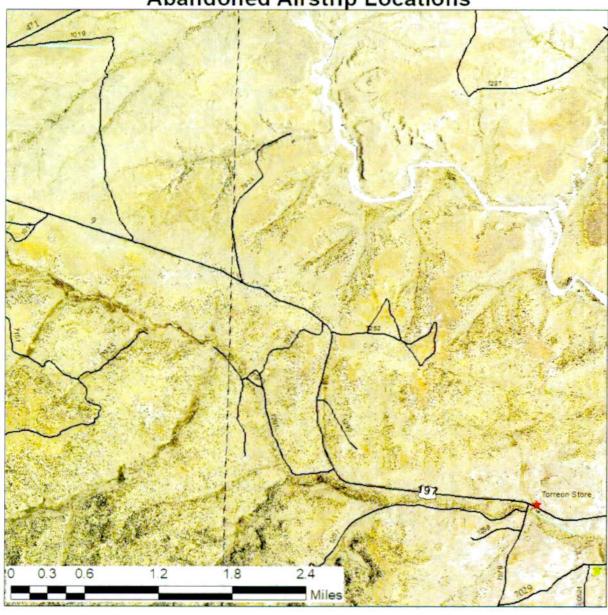
Proposed

The Torreon/Star Lake Chapter plans to work with NNDOT and DCD to build a new runway or rebuild the landing strip existing in the chapter vicinity.



Exhibit 64:

Torreon/Star Lake Abandoned Airstrip Locations







Abandoned Airstrips

DISCLAIMER Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal engineering or surveying purposes



4.2 Utilities

Gas

Existing

El Paso Natural Gas pipelines traverse the area but only the Mission area and a few homes are served by natural gas. Many homes have propane tanks.

Proposed

No natural gas service is proposed.

Electric/Solar Power

Existing

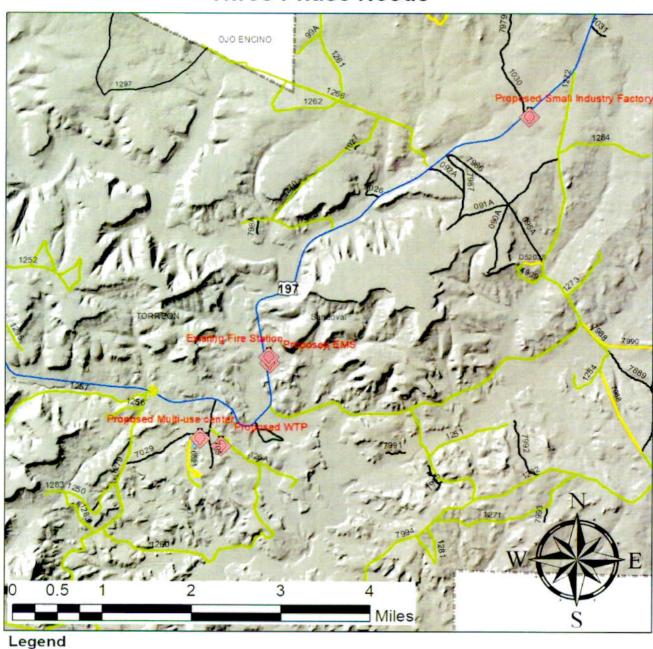
The Jemez Mountain Cooperative serves 250 to 450 homes in Torreon/Star Lake community areas. Houses along NM197/N9 are served by electric power, as well as the chapter house, clinic, day school, and NHA subdivision. Two 345 KV transmission lines cross the chapter area. Houses in the Ant Hill area are served by solar power units installed in the late 1970s.

Proposed

3 Phase Power line will be extended to The New EMS Building for future needs of developing Infrastructure Using Already Existing ROW's. The process would be merely a Line Upgrade. More power will be needed to Power our future Multi-propose Building, and improved library Infrastructure. We also wish to add a Solar Farm Begin our next step into renewable Energy.

Exhibit 65:

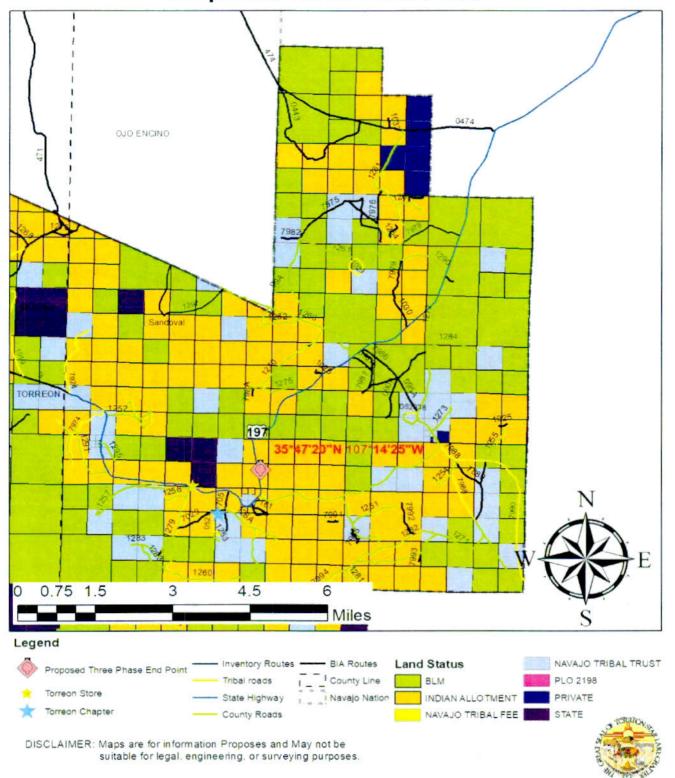
Torreon/ Star Lake Chapter Three Phase Needs



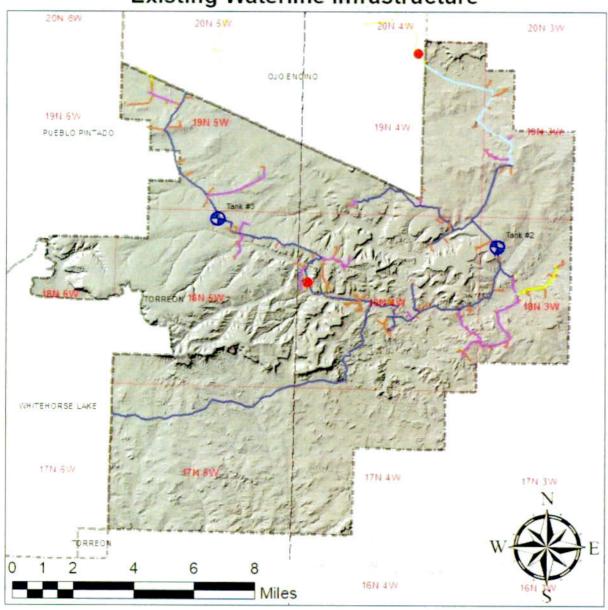


DISCLAIMER: Maps are for information Proposes and May not be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes.

Exhibit 66: Torreon/ Star Lake Chapter Proposed Three Phase Site



Water Exhibit 67:
Torreon/Star Lake
Existing Waterline Infrastructure



Legend



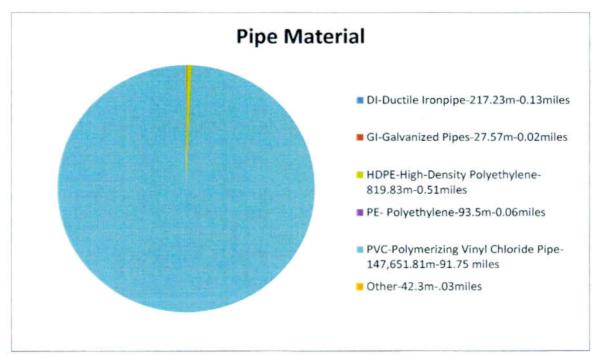
suitable for legal engineering or surveying purposes



Existing

Limited areas of the chapter are served by water lines. They include areas along NM197/N9; NHA subdivision, day school, chapter house, fire department, and clinic. A total of 253 homes are served by NTUA in Torreon.

Two water storage tanks are located in the chapter, both hold 250,000 gallons. In addition, two storage tanks are located north of the chapter as part of the chapter water system. One holds 150,000 gallons and the other 100,000 gallons. Three wells, all located north of the chapter, feed the chapter's water system.



Proposed

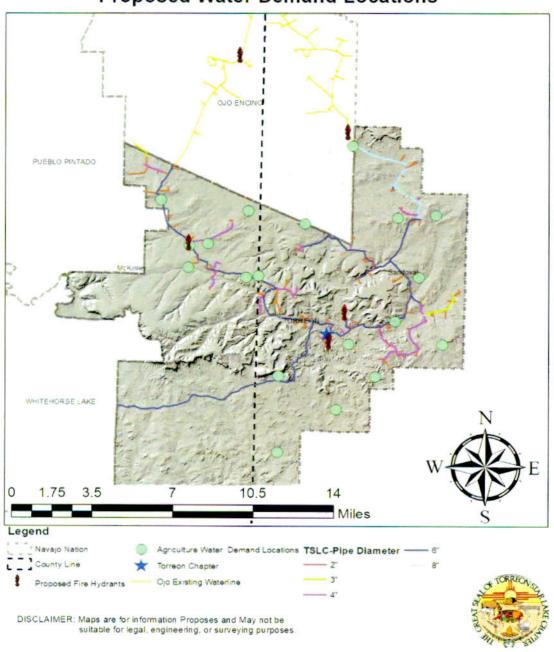
Waterline extensions for the Torreon South project are proposed to serve approximately 90 homes and build a number of bathroom additions. Torreon Central (Chavez Camp) Waterline Extension Project is proposed to serve 103 homes and build 25 bathroom additions. A household survey conducted for Torreon found additional housing needs.

The Navajo-Gallup Water Supply Project branch line is proposed to be extended to Torreon from the White Rock area. Currently, the chapter

is working with the BLM on building a reservoir on the Rio Puerco. Water would be diverted to Torreon for livestock and irrigation.

Fire hydrants (or another water source) should be installed in any new housing development.

Exhibit 68: Torreon/ Star Lake Chapter Proposed Water Demand Locations



Torreon/Star Lake Water Supply Improvements

The Torreon-Ojo Encino water system was constructed in 1972, with four deep wells supplying the entire system. Presently the system serves approximately 470 families (plus 265 non-residential EDU's, including schools, senior centers and churches), with an additional 259 families (who currently water) waiting for hookup.

However, during the past Couple years, the supply wells have dropped severely due to drought and overdraft. Moreover, as the available water supply has dropped, the demand for water has increased.

Thus, the 911 families of Torreon and Ojo Encino are facing a crisis; an emergency situation exists due to the deteriorating water supply.

There are serious health problems stemming from the lack of potable water and modern sanitation. The New Mexico Environment Division has issued an Emergency Certificate for the two communities. The regional water system is operated by the NTUA.

The Torreon/Star Lake Chapter is participating in the development of a new waterline project in the Ojo Encino area and the Cutter Lateral Project that is being funded by the USDA. This project includes the drilling of a new water well, a new pump house, water transmission line and power line extension to support the new well.

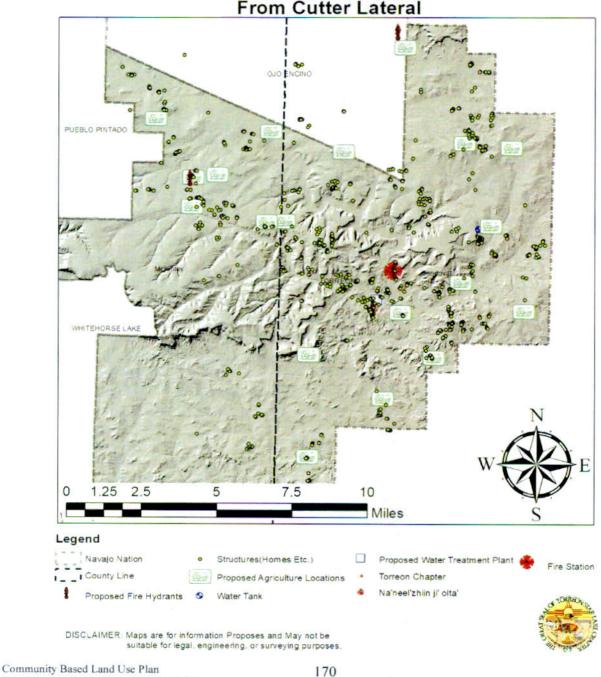
Another project that is under development is the Anthill/Rincon Marquez Waterline Project of which Phase 1 has been completed.

Update(2018)

The Cutter Lateral Pipeline as of April of 2018 has made its way to Nageezi Chapter from the Cutter Reservoir in Northern NM. The Pipeline is going to be connected to the already existing NTUA system that continues into the Torreon/Star Lake Community giving us better water pressure. The Pipeline stretches 26.3 miles from the Nageezi Chapter. The Torreon/Star Lake Chapter has planned to upgrade its Water System with multiple Buildings, Fire Hydrants, Agriculture, and also the Torreon South Addition. The water system also goes more south to Rincon Marquez into the Whitehorse Chapter Service Area. The Cutter Lateral Will Serve Over 850 Structures in the Torreon/Starlake Community this does not include the need for the EMS Building, And Multiuse complex in the near future. We also

have a strong Farming and Agriculture culture within the community. We wish to utilize this This New Resource the best we can with a new Water Treatment Plant to help Torreon/Star Lake Make Reusable potable water for agriculture. We are also planning extra water storage tanks in the west, east, and south (Locations TBA).

Exhibit 69: Infrastructure Benefitting From Cutter Lateral



Torreon/Star Lake Chapter, Navajo Nation

With the New Water, and Growing Communities, We wish to form a Water Association to make more in depth strategic planning to go into detail of water use. The Torreon/Star Lake Chapter has requested for waterline breakage Data from NTUA, so we can plan accordingly what Waterlines need to be replaced for either bad pipes, or incorrect engineering causing a waste of our precious resource.

Exhibit 70: Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Cutter Lateral Infrastructure

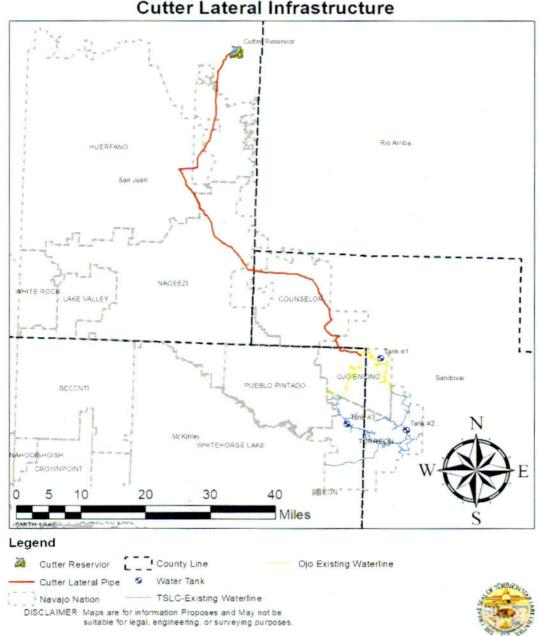
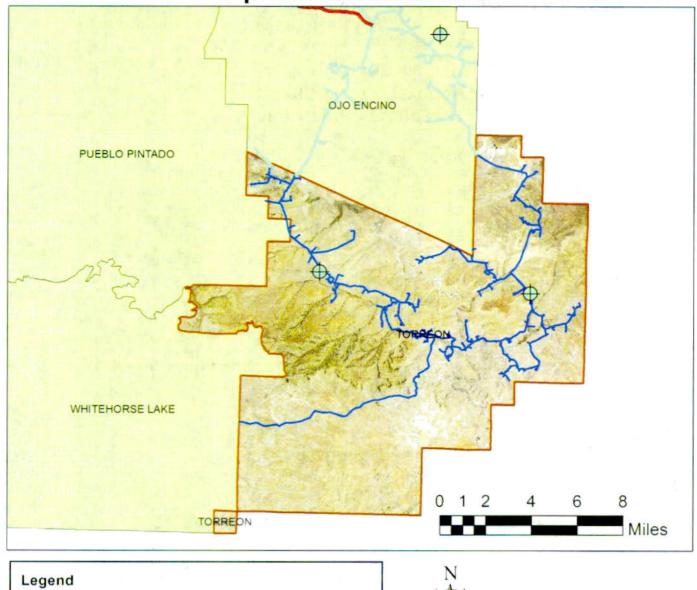
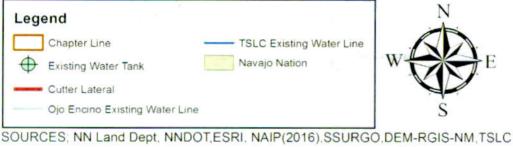


Exhibit 71: **Update: Cutter Lateral** Pipeline Infastructure

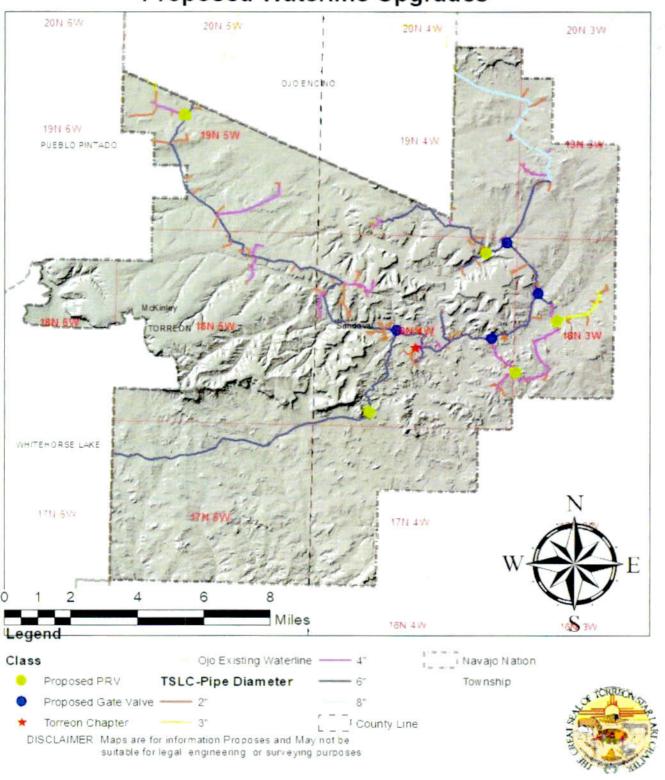




DISCLAIMER; Maps are for information purposes and may not be suitable for legal, enginerring, or surveying purposes.

Community Based Land Use Plan Torreon/Star Lake Chapter, Navajo Nation

Exhibit 72: Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Proposed Waterline Upgrades



Sewer

Existing

The NHA subdivision and day school are served by a community sewer lagoon operated by the BIA. The five-acre, two-cell lagoon is located along the Vicente Wash. The chapter house, preschool and clinic are served by a lagoon located at the old warehouse site. This lagoon is undersized to serve the existing community facilities and has failed on a occasion, causing the chapter house, clinic and preschool to be temporarily closed.

A program to replace failed septic tanks is currently operating in the community. A sewer and one-cell lagoon serves the old Torreon Boarding School site and teacher housing. All other houses in the community are served by septic systems.

Proposed

The chapter is in discussion with OEH to construct additional lagoons under the failed septic tanks and drainfields project that would serve clusters of homes or individual homes per EPA and NTUA requirements. Cells should be added to the current community lagoon to accommodate new housing and community facilities as well as provide a place to haul and dump waste from individual septic systems. Package treatment systems are also an alternative to serve new development in the community.

Telephone

Existing

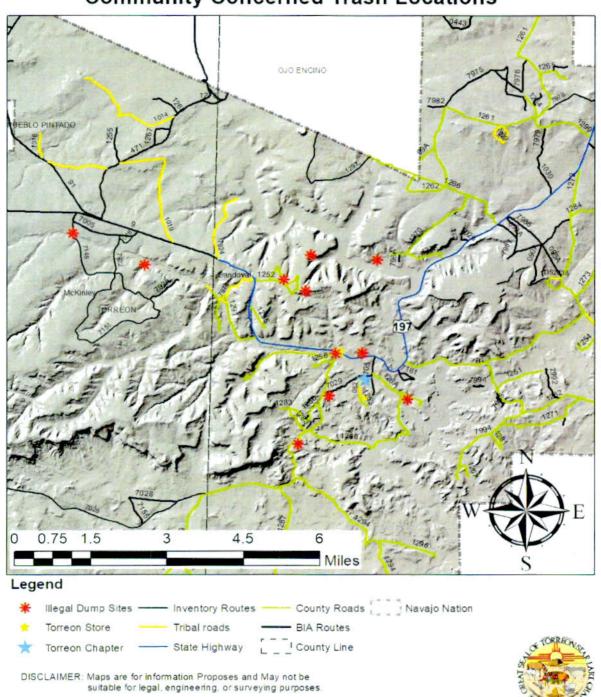
Navajo Communications Company (NCC) provides telephone service in the chapter. Houses along NM197/N9 are served by telephone, as well as the chapter house, clinic, day school, and NHA subdivision. The Advancement in cell phone technology has led to the decline of landline phones. Most locations that still utilize landlines are facilities around Torreon.

Proposed

No new areas are proposed to be served by telephone. However, the Chapter is planning to get fiber optics and wireless internet service in place for the newly found library. A 911 backup system is also needed for the community, along with setting up local rural addressing.

Solid Waste

Exhibit 73: Torreon/ Star Lake Chapter Community Concerned Trash Locations

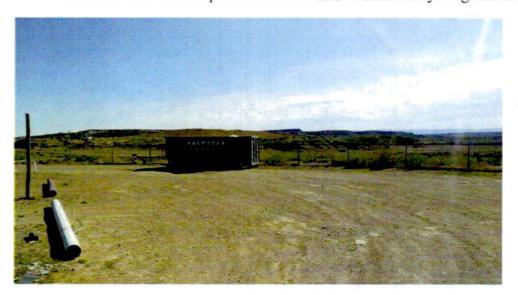


Existing

There is only solid waste transfer station that existed in the community. It was a Large Trash Container located in the Chapter compound. There is no fee for current residents. The nearest landfill is in Cuba. Limited trash pickup is provided to the NHA subdivision. Solid waste pickup service is now provided every Friday at the chapter house, from Pueblo Pintado (funded jointly by Navajo Nation and Sandoval County). A small user fee is charged.

Proposed

A solid waste transfer station is proposed for Torreon on a withdrawn one-acre site. The chapter would also like to start a recycling center.



4.3 Analysis of Individual Sites

This section assesses the proposed housing sites in terms of their need for additional infrastructure. Exhibits 64-77 show each proposed housing site.

Potential Site Development Costs

The presence of expansive soils, those soils that have high clay content, can significantly increase the cost of development. These types of soils are unstable when saturated and the cost of preparing the soils for development can be extreme. A soils test is recommended to determine the extent of expansive soil under the site, to determine the bearing capacity of the soil, and to determine the best engineering means towards overcoming limitations.

Drainage study and site development plans are also recommended. It is necessary to prepare these documents so that proper site drainage is ensured. Proper drainage from the site will help prevent future saturation of the soils.

Development costs will need to include the possibility of over-excavation of the expansive soils from the building site and replacement with engineered fill. On average, the cost for excavation is \$3 to \$4 a cubic yard. To replace the removed expansive soil with an engineered fill is \$17 to \$18 a cubic yard.

For a house that is approximately 1500 square feet in size, with four feet of expansive soil below the surface, it would cost \$5,500 to \$6,500 to simply prepare the earth for the pouring of the concrete foundation. If the expansive soil extends beyond the four feet, then over-excavation becomes an issues and costs increase.

A second option would be a pier and beam foundation. Rather than use a slab of concrete as the foundation for the house, structural columns would be sunk into the ground until they reached solid bedrock. The columns would then be filled with a steel cage and concrete. The columns are level across the top, usually two to three feet above the ground, and then beams of wood are placed over the columns. The pier and beam foundation is then covered with a sheet of plywood and the framework for the first floor is ready to be built.

Pier and beam foundations can at times be more cost effective than excavation. It depends upon the amount of expansive soil that needs to be excavated or over-excavated, the type of clay that is present, the cost of engineered fill in that part of the state and many other factors, some of which will be addressed in a soils test.

Rocky Soils

Rocky soils can easily be dealt with when building a foundation. If the soil is made up of loose rock, removal of the rock and then placement of the foundation on solid ground would be the easiest approach. If the site is solid rock, it is best to build up the ground with a engineered fill so that the anchors can be stable, usually about two feet. Once the concrete slab is poured, it can then be sloped to insure proper drainage. If the condition of the land is extremely rocky then increase costs of infrastructure by 10%.

General Utility Cost Information

When developing a subdivision, it is more cost-effective to complete all the earthwork at one time. It allows for larger equipment to be used and is a more effective use of time. When constructing a single unit or scattered units, smaller machines have to be used and work is done more slowly. There are some expenses involved in extending utilities to new housing developments. On average, the following are the costs associated with extending utilities:

- Electric \$2.50 to \$3.50 / foot, depending on provider and site built vs. mobile home
- Water \$29.00/foot
- Natural Gas \$26.00/foot
- Fire Hydrants \$ 2,000/unit
- 10-foot deep manhole every 200 to 300 feet -\$2,000 each
- Meter \$500 per dwelling unit (in rural areas only)

4.3 Site 1:

Site 1 is located on both sides of NR 9 at the McKinley County-Sandoval County line. It consists of 47 acres of tribal land.

Site Accessibility:

The site is accessible from the paved NR 9. Another unnamed dirt road crosses the site and serves houses to the west.

Project Utilities Development

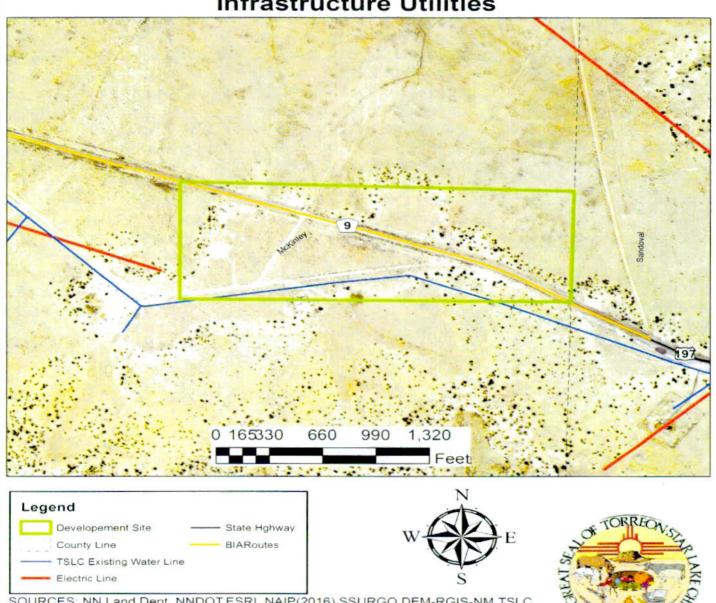
- Water: A six-inch water line runs along the south perimeter of the site. An eight-inch water line is generally required for fire flow. Fire hydrants should be installed.
- Sewer: No sewer service is available in the area. Any development would have to be on septic systems. A subdivision-type development would require construction of a lagoon. A four- to six-acre cell will serve between 20 and 160 houses. A 1,000-foot setback from the lagoon is required.
- · Gas: No natural gas service is available in the area.
- *Electrical:* A single-phase power line exists adjacent to the site. The cost of extending power is \$2.50 per foot.
- Telephone: A telephone line runs along NR 9.

Special Site Development Requirements

Development of the site should include a minimum of 100-foot setbacks from NR 9 with ingress and egress to site from one location. No slope or drainage issues exist on the site.

Exhibit 74:

Developement Site 1-40 Ac. Infrastructure Utilities





DISCLAIMER; Maps are for information purposes and may not be suitable for legal, enginerring, or surveying purposes.

Community Based Land Use Plan Torreon/Star Lake Chapter, Navajo Nation 179

Site 2 is located on Mud Flats Tank Road, approximately 1,500 feet southeast of Rincon Marquez Road. The site consists of 160 acres of allotted land.

Site Accessibility

The site is accessible from Mud Flats Tank Road, a dirt road that runs through the site.

Project Utilities Development

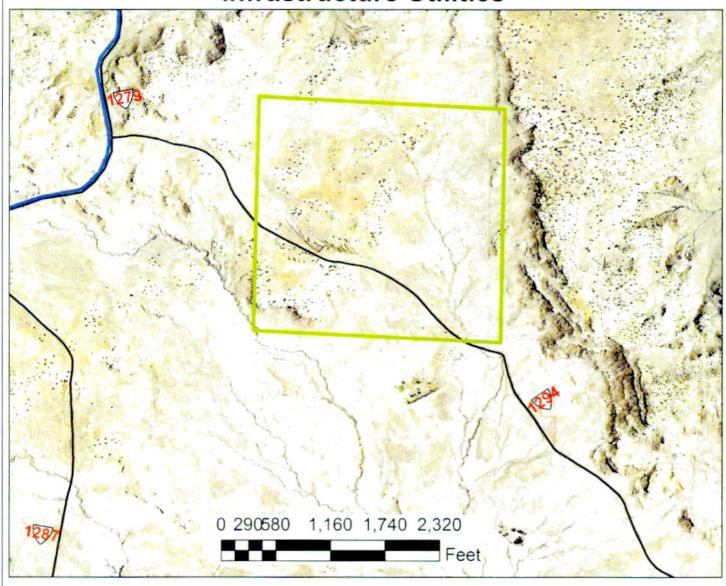
- Water: Currently, there is no water service in the area. A proposed six-inch water line will be constructed approximately 2,000 feet west of the site. An eight-inch water line is generally required for fire flow. Fire hydrants should be installed.
- Sewer: No sewer service is located in the area. Any development will need to have septic systems. A subdivision-type development will require construction of a lagoon. A four- to six-acre cell will serve between 20 and 160 houses. A 1,000 foot setback from the lagoon is required.
- Gas: No natural gas service exists in the area. Individual homes may be served by propane.
- Electrical: No electric power service exists in the area. A single-phase power line is proposed to be constructed approximately 3,500 feet west of the site. The cost of extending power is \$2.50 per foot.
- *Telephone:* No telephone service exists in the area. The nearest telephone service is located approximately 2.5 miles north of the site at NM197. Extensions beyond a mile cost \$2.50 per foot.

Special Site Development Requirements

No slope issues exist on the site. A small wash crosses the site and will need to be avoided. The site is allotted land and is currently for sale (\$25,000). The chapter will have to identify funds for purchasing the site after negotiations with the allottees.

Exhibit 75:

Developement Site 2- 160 Ac. Infrastructure Utilities









DISCLAIMER; Maps are for information purposes and may not be suitable for legal, enginerring, or surveying purposes.

Site 3 is located southeast of the Na'neel zhiin Ji Olta. It contains 40 acres of tribal trust land. It has been surveyed but not withdrawn.

Site Accessibility

The site is not easily accessible. The nearest road is a dirt road serving the NHA subdivision and could be extended to the site from the west. NHA will construct housing development access roads of two-to-three miles in length.

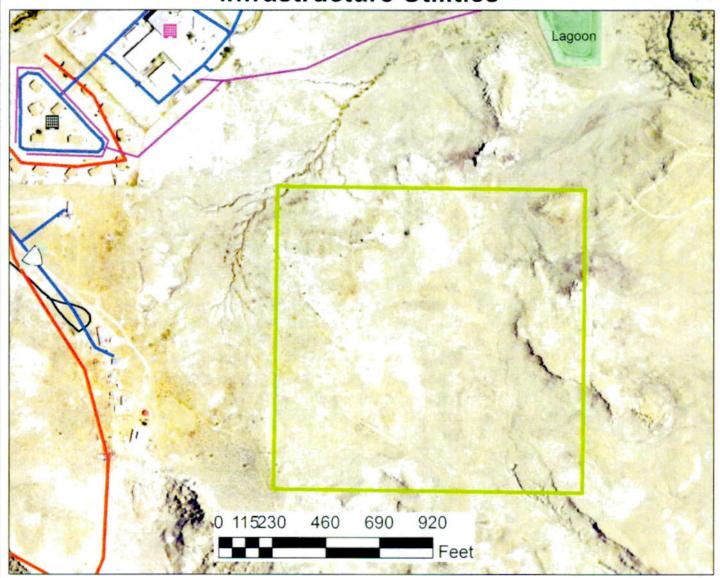
Project Utilities Development

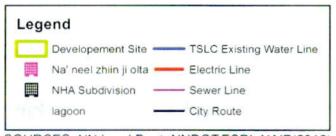
- Water: No water lines exist on or near the site. The nearest water line (six-inch) serves scattered housing west of the site, approximately 500 ft. It would most likely require a pump station to pump water uphill to the site. An eight-inch water line is generally required for fire flow. Fire hydrants should be installed.
- Sewer: No sewer lines exist on or near the site. The nearest sewer line serves Naneelzhiin Ji Olta and connects to the community lagoon. A community sewer line could serve the site by connecting to the main line feeding the lagoon.
- Gas: No natural gas service exists in the area.
- Electrical: No power is available on the site. The nearest singlephase power line serves scattered housing located approximately 500 ft to serve the site. The cost of extending power is \$2.50 per ft.
- Telephone: No telephone lines exist on the site. The nearest telephone service is to the school, approximately 500 feet to the northwest. Telephone service could be extended to the site from the school. Extensions beyond a mile cost \$2.50 per ft.

Special Site Development Requirements

The site is located in a rocky area below a mesa. A small butte is in the northern part of the site. Sheet flooding occurs in some of the lower areas of the site. In addition, NHA and NTUA require that no housing be built within 1,000 ft of sewer lagoon. This distance requirement eliminates the northeast part of the site from development.

Exhibit 76: Developement Site 3- 40 Ac. Infrastructure Utilities









SOURCES; NN Land Dept, NNDOT, ESRI, NAIP (2016), SSURGO, DEM-RGIS-NM, TSLC

DISCLAIMER; Maps are for information purposes and may not be suitable for legal, enginerring, or surveying purposes.

Site 4 is located in the Mountain View area of the chapter, .75 miles west of Mountain View Road and .75 miles north of Pipeline Road.

Site Accessibility

The site is inaccessible. Petrified Road (dirt road) exists approximately 1,200 feet to the north and would have to be extended to the site.

Project Utilities Development

- Water: The nearest water line (eight-inch) is located approximately 4000 feet west of the site. A water line would need to be extended to the site. An eight-inch water line is generally required for fire flow. Fire hydrants should be installed.
- Sewer: No sewer service exists in the area. Individual houses would require septic systems. If a subdivision-type development is built, a sewer lagoon will need to be constructed. A four- to six-acre cell will serve between 20 and 160 houses. A 1,000 foot setback from the lagoon is required.
- Gas: No natural gas service is in the area. A natural gas transmission line runs approximately .75 mile south of the site. It is possible that the line could be tapped to allow natural gas service to the site. A natural gas line would need to be extended north to the site. Natural gas line taps cost \$60,000 each plus \$25 per foot to extend service lines.
- Electrical: A power line runs adjacent to the site on the east side. A 345 KV PNM transmission line runs approximately .75 miles southwest of the site. The cost of extending power is \$2.50 per foot.
- Telephone: Telephone service is located approximately .75 mile southwest of the site in the Pipeline Road area. Extensions beyond a mile cost \$2.50 per foot.

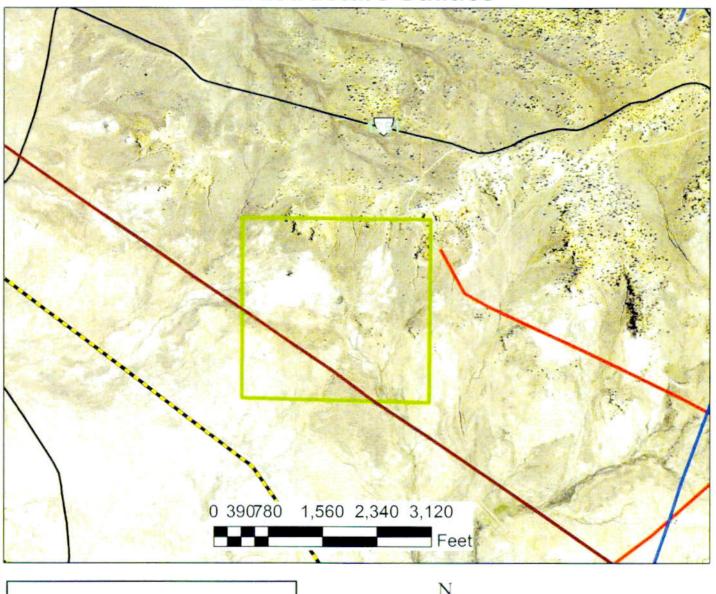
Special Site Development Requirements

Steep slopes exist along the northern perimeter of the site. Two small drainages also cross the site and will need to be avoided.

The site is allotted land and is currently for sale. The chapter will have to identify funds for purchasing the site after negotiations with the allottees.

Exhibit 77:

Developement Site 4- 160 Ac. Infrastructure Utilities







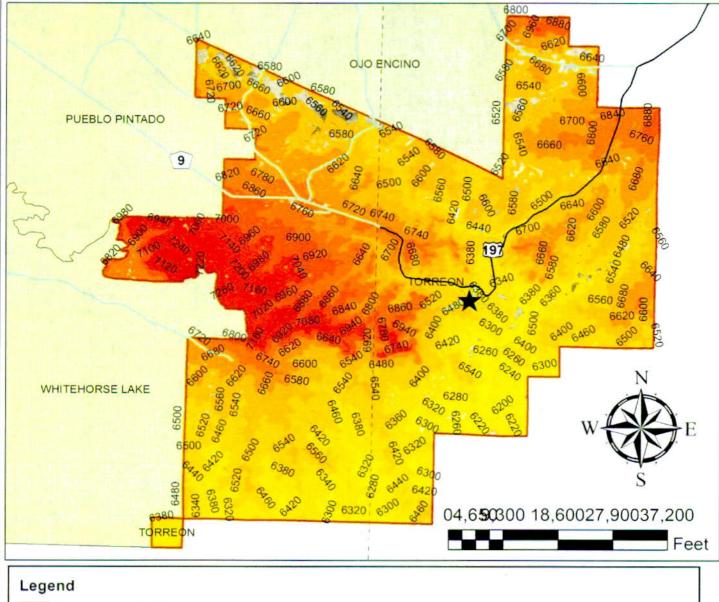


SOURCES; NN Land Dept, NNDOT, ESRI, NAIP (2016), SSURGO, DEM-RGIS-NM, TSLC

DISCLAIMER; Maps are for information purposes and may not be suitable for legal, enginerring, or surveying purposes.

Exhibit 78: Torreon/ Star Lake Elevation Data







SOURCES; NN Land Dept, NNDOT, ESRI, DEM-RGIS-NM, TSLC

DISCLAIMER; Maps are for information purposes and may not be suitable for legal, enginerring, or surveying purposes.

Chapter Land Use Plan Torreon/Star Lake Chapter

Chapter 5 Land Use Plan



This section contains a description of the recommended housing sites and information on plan implementation. The Land Use Plan section of the Torreon/ Star Lake Chapter is comprised of three sections:

- 5.1 Recommendations
- 5.2 Implementation
- 5.3 Land Use Map/Site Maps

5.1 Recommendations

This section contains a description of the recommended housing sites as shown in Exhibits 74 through 77. The chart on page 190 compares all of the sites in terms of their suitability and ranks them.

Waterline extensions for the Torreon South project is proposed to serve approximately 90 homes and the construction of a number of bathroom additions. Torreon Central (Chavez Camp) Waterline Extension Project is proposed to serve 103 homes and construct 25 bathroom additions.

Based on population growth and average household size, Torreon will need to construct an additional 101 housing units in the next 10 years. This does not include the current need for replacement or renovation.

Proposed housing projects include a new subdivision. A housing project is planned by NHA for some time in the next few years. It would include 15 homeowner units. The chapter is requesting 30 housing units. The 2000 CIP list identifies the need for a \$300,000 scattered housing project. Na'neelzhin Ji Olta School Board is planning to build 20 teacher's houses, possibly on the proposed 40-acre Site 4 near the school.

The sites are ranked as follows; also refer to the Development Sites Comparison Chart on page 190:

- **Site 1** Rank 1 (47 acres). Trust land, utilities available, no major drainage problems, some slope problems along the NR9.
- **Site 2** Rank 4 (160 acres). Allotted land, proposed water line, proposed power line if funding available, parts of site free of major drainage, slope and soil problems. The purchase price for this allotment is \$24,000.
- Site 3 Rank 2 (40 acres). Trust land, all utilities, including lagoon

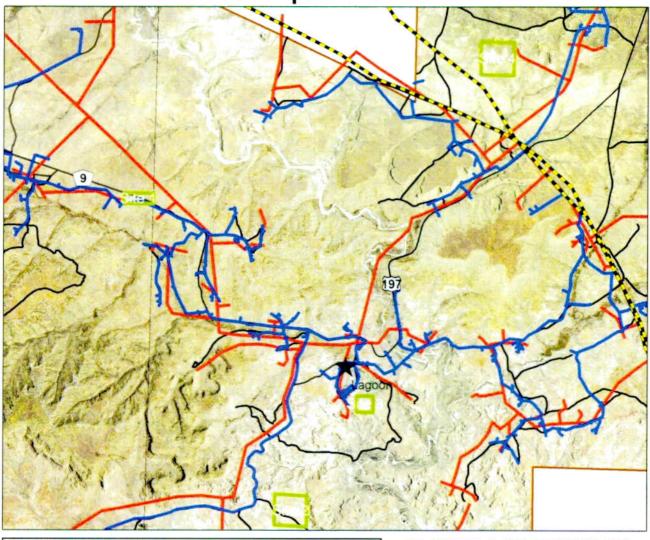
available, issues with drainage, slope and soil (rocky) conditions. Development costs will be high but offset somewhat by proximity of infrastructure.

Site 4 - Rank 3 (160 acres). Allotted land, power available, water will need to be extended 1/4 mile, setback from transmission line, no major drainage, slope or soil problems. Issues described for site 2 would also apply. The purchase price for this allotment is \$22,400. This site has also been considered for an exchange land with the BLM. If that were to occur, it would be eliminated as a site.

Allotted Lands

While the cost of purchasing allotted lands is not high (\$140-\$150 an acre), a larger issue is that of government approvals. The process of the Navajo Nation buying the land for the chapter and obtaining all necessary signatures and clearances could take many years.

Exhibit 79: Torreon/ Star Lake Developement Sites





SOURCES; NN Land Dept, NNDOT, ESRI, DEM-RGIS-NM, TSLC

DISCLAIMER; Maps are for information purposes and may not be suitable for legal, enginerring, or surveying purposes

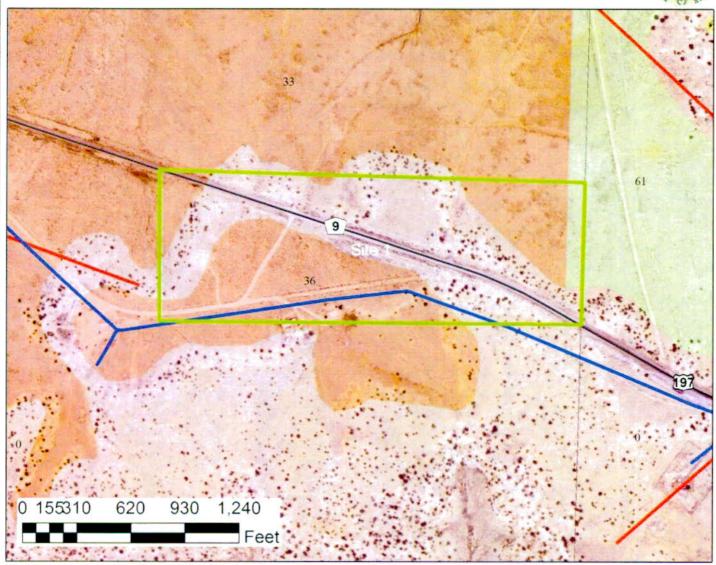


Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Development Sites Suitability Comparison Chart

Rank	-	7	P4	m
Cultural Rank Resource	0 Sites	Sites	0 Sites	0 Sites
Potential T&E Species Flora & Fauna	"Northern Goshawk "Ferruginous Hawk N	Plains pincus- hion cactus Bisti fleabane " N Goshawk " oggerhead shrike (m) Ferruginous Hawk N	"Northern Goshawk (m) Red-tailed Hawk	Avoid sm. "Northern washes in Goshawk NE/SW of (m) Red-tailed site, rapid. Hawk unoff, well "* loggerhead drained
Drainage	No Washes Well Drained	Avoid small wash SE side run- off is rapid	Avoid sm wash SE side, low area sheet flood fast	Avoid sm washes in NE/SW of site, rapid runoff, well drained
Soils	Hagerman-Bond Fine Sandy Loam Hospah-Skyvillage Rock outcrop shrink/swell (Hag)	Billings Silty Ciay Loam-Alkail-Gully (high shrink/swell) Rock outcrop-Tra- vessilia-Persayo Association Shallow shale	Rock outcrop- Travessilla- Persayo Assoc (shallow to shale)	Rock outcrop- Travessilla- Persayo Assoc (shallow to shale) Litte-Persayo Assoc (hi shrink- swell)
Slopes	Flat on north edge of mesa south of NR9 slope north side of NR9	Steep slopes along ridge line, build on plateaus	Steep ridge along north edge of site	Steep ridge along north edge of site
Utilities	o waterline on south perimeter need lagoon no gas line s/phase electric line 1000 east phone line along NR9	Propose 6" waterline 2000" west construct lagoon no gas service propose s/phase power 3.500" west phone line 2.5 mile N on NM197	Extend 6" waterline - 600" connect to main sewer to exist lagoon, extend power 500" extend phone line 500"	Extend 8" waterline - 4 000, build lagoon gas line 75 mile S siphase electric on E side of site, phone line is 75 mile SW
Land Use	No grazing issues	No grazing issues	No grazing issues	No grazing issues
Access	From N9 durt road crosses south part of site	From Mud Flat Tank Dirt Road	Dirt road to NHA Hsg Proposed School Rd Extension	Extend Rd No from Petro- gra glyph Rd - issi 1 200 S
Land Status Access	T18N R5W Tribal Trust NE1/4 S12	Š .	T18N R4W Tribal Trust Dirt road to No NW1/4 S27 NHA Hsg graph Proposed Issued Issue School Rd Extension	5
vite Acres Location	T18N R5W	T18N R4W SW1/4 S33	T18N R4W NW1/4 S27	
Acres	47	199	40	091
34	900	PA .	(*)	4

Exhibit 80: Development Site 1 – 47 Ac.





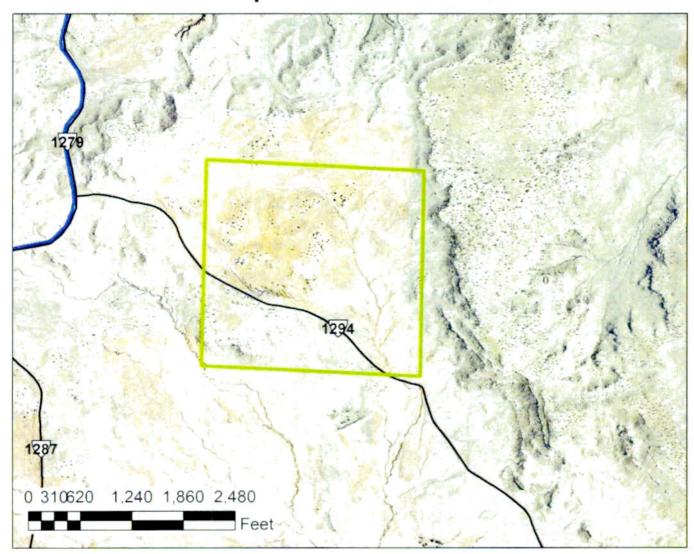
Legend			
Chapter Line	Electric Line	Bedrock Depth - Minimum	44 - 61
County Line	State Hghway	0	62 - 97
Developement Site	BIARoutes	1 - 15	
TSLC Existing Water Line		16 - 43	

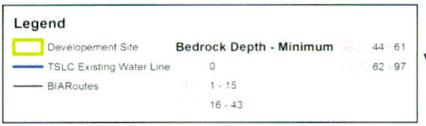


SOURCES; NN Land Dept, NNDOT, ESRI, DEM-RGIS-NM, TSLC

DISCLAIMER; Maps are for information purposes and may not be suitable for legal, enginerring, or surveying purposes.

Exhibit 81: Developement Site 2 - 160 Ac.





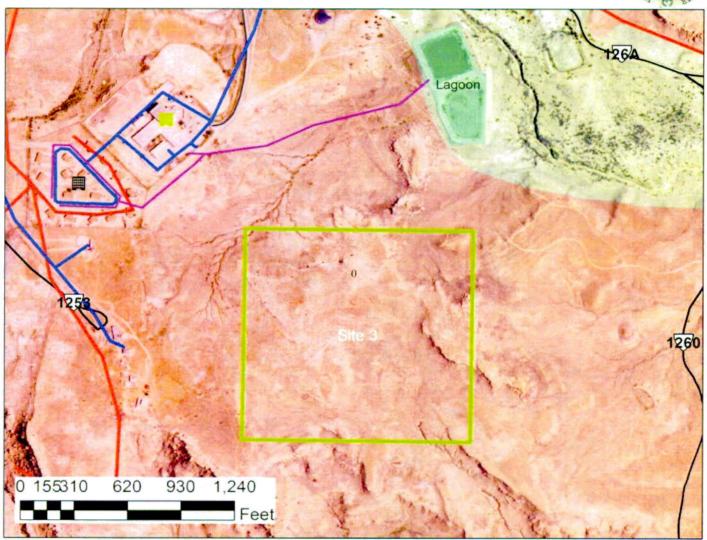


SOURCES; NN Land Dept, NNDOT, ESRI, DEM-RGIS-NM, TSLC, SSURGO

DISCLAIMER: Maps are for information purposes and may not be suitable for legal, enginerring, or surveying purposes.

Exhibit 82: Developement Site 3 - 40 Ac.





NHA Subdivision		Developement Site	Bedr	ock Depth - Minimum	44 - 6
Na' neel zhiin ji olta		TSLC Existing Water Line		0	62 - 97
Sewer Line	_	Electric Line		1 - 15	
Lagoon		BIARoutes		16 - 43	

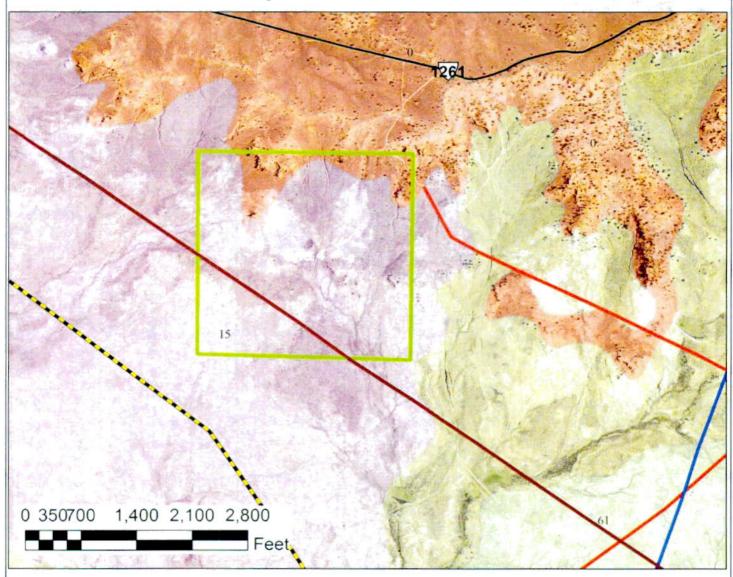


SOURCES; NN Land Dept, NNDOT, ESRI, DEM-RGIS-NM, TSLC, SSURGO

DISCLAIMER; Maps are for information purposes and may not be suitable for legal, enginerring, or surveying purposes.

Community Based Land Use Plan Torreon/Star Lake Chapter, Navajo Nation 194

Exhibit 83: Developement Site 4 - 160 Ac.



Legend			
Developement Site	TSLC Existing Water Lin	e Bedrock Depth - Minimum	44 - 61
Ojo Encino Existing Water Line	Electric Line	ATOM O	62 - 97
3 Phase Powerline	BIARoutes	1 - 15	
Gas Line		16 - 43	

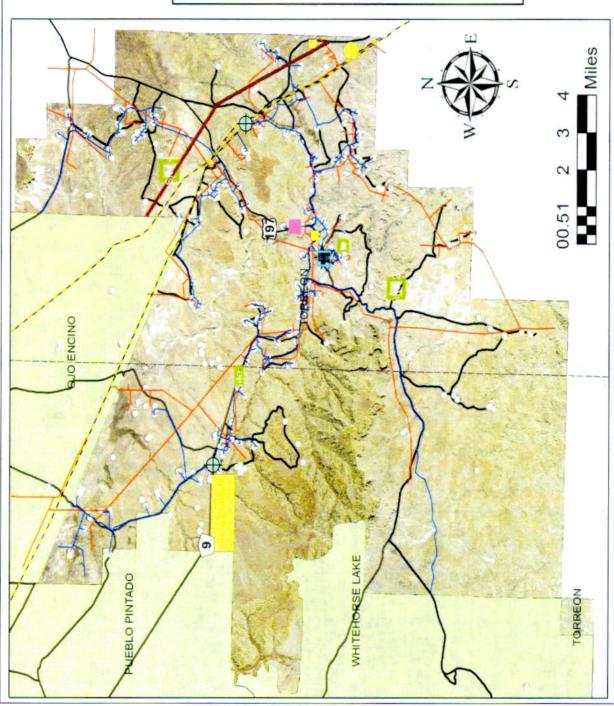


SOURCES; NN Land Dept, NNDOT, ESRI, DEM-RGIS-NM, TSLC, SSURGO

DISCLAIMER; Maps are for information purposes and may not be suitable for legal, enginerring, or surveying purposes.







Star Lake Future Land **Use Plan** Torreon/ Exhibit 84:



Legend

Developement Site

Proposed Developement Sites County Line

Chapter House

Existing Water Tank

3 Phase Powerline

Gas Line

TSLC Existing Water Line

Electric Line

BIARoutes

State Hghway

Proposed Multi-Center

Proposed EMS/Clinic

Proposed Helipad

Addressed Structures



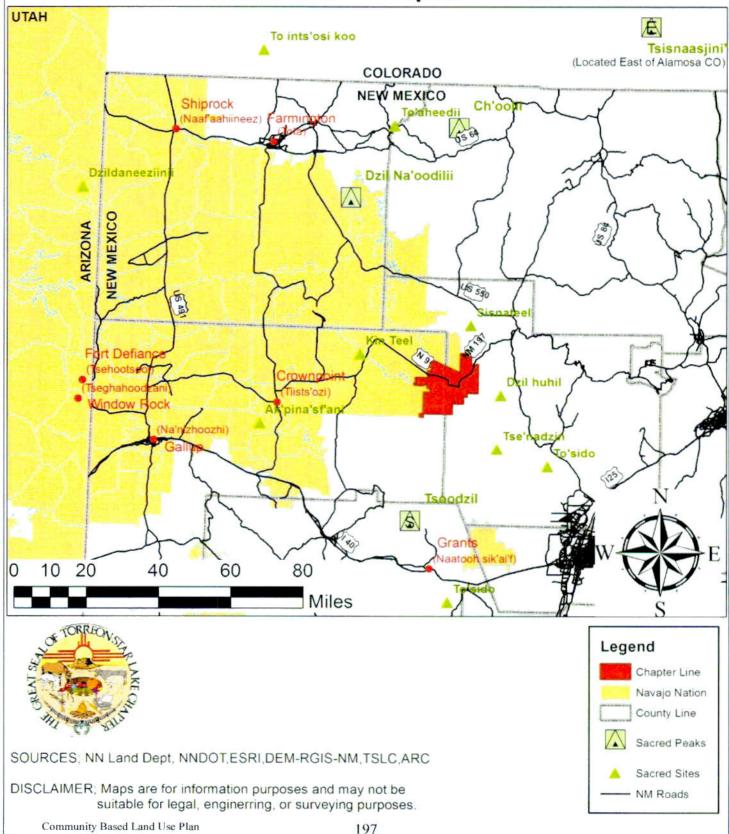
SOURCES; NN Land Dept, NNDOT, ESRI, DEM-RGIS-NM, TSLC, ARC

suitable for legal, enginerring, or surveying purposes. DISCLAIMER; Maps are for information purposes and may not be

Torreon/Star Lake Chapter, Navajo Nation Community Based Land Use Plan

961

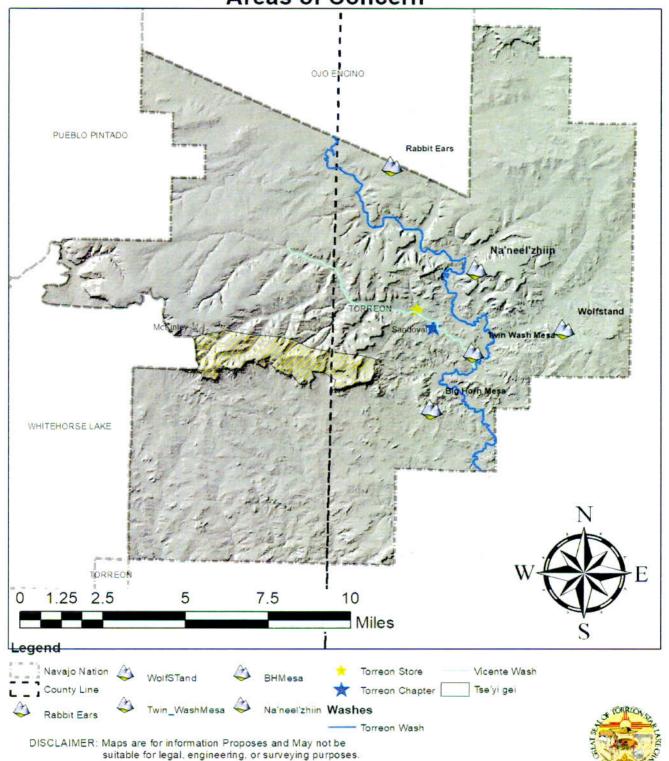
Exhibit 85: Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Sacred Sites



Torreon/Star Lake Chapter, Navajo Nation

Exhibit 86:

Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Areas of Concern



Chapter Land Use Plan Torreon/Star Lake Chapter

Chapter 6 Implementation Recommendations



6. Implementation

Torreon's Planning Policies:

Policy 1: Preserve significant natural and cultural resources

Policy 2: Develop appropriate housing projects

Policy 3: Promote housing to meet the entire community's needs

Policy 4: Create local business opportunities

Policy 5: Identify business locations

Policy 6: Identify community facility locations and funding

Policy 7: Develop Land Use Procedures

Policy 8: Use Master Leasing

Policy 9: Restore washes and rangeland

Policy 10: Define chapter boundaries

Policy 11: Promote regional cooperation

Planning policies are identified to implement the land use plan. They are described in this sub-section. References to future land use are shown in Exhibit 84.

Policy 1. Preserve the scenic landscape, forested mesas, riparian areas, sacred sites, and open spaces of the chapter.

- 1a. Identify sites for potential development that have the least impact on the landscape
- 1b. Prohibit development on steep slopes, or in floodplains or in areas of poor soils, or natural and cultural significance
- 1c. Limit the height of all structures, including signs
- 1d. Designate protected areas where development is restricted (Exhibit 86):
 - -Na'neelzhiin Mesa
 - -Wolf Stands Mesa
 - -Chaco Mesa (Tse'Yi'gai)
 - -Rabbit Ear Mesa (Gah jaa') (Mesa de San Felipe)
 - -Big Horn Mesa (Dibe' Shijei')
 - -Arrowhead Mesa (Beesh' ast'ogii dah azka)
 - -Twin Wash Mesa (A'ke'ti'clin' dah azka)
 - -Torreon Wash (Na'neel'zhiin Bikooh)
 - -Vicente Wash (Tse lato hoe Bikooh)
 - -Prayer sites
 - -Sacred Springs
 - -Plant gathering areas.

Areas outside chapter boundaries include:

- -Three Giant Footprints (Ye'ii bi'ke)
- -Red Mountain
- -Hot Springs near San Ysidro
- -Anasazi Ruins
- -Aboriginal Boundary, 709
- -Chaco Canyon

Policy 2. Develop housing projects appropriate to the community's needs.

- Encourage clustered housing development (not necessarily subdivisions)
- 2b. Scattered housing sites should be located in areas near existing/planned infrastructure
- 2c. Streamline homesite approval process
- 2d. Promote the use of alternative technologies:
 - solar
 - windmills
 - cisterns and water collection
 - constructed wetlands
- The chapter, working with NHA, will develop design guidelines for new housing areas
 - rural standards for streets
 - plant trees
 - stagger placement of housing
 - lots large enough to accommodate compound housing, corrals, and ceremonial hogans
 - underground utilities
 - solar orientation
 - use of local building materials
- 2f. Work with funding agencies to renovate and repair existing housing.

Policy 3. Promote housing programs that can bring housing within the reach of all community members at all income levels.

- 3a. Types of available housing assistance: HUD Office of Native American Programs (ONAP): -Native American Housing Self-Determination Act (NAHASDA)
 - Title VI Indian Tribal Housing Activities Loan Guarantee Program provides loan guarantees for block grant recipients who need additional housing funds but are unable to borrow from other sources.

- Indian Housing Block Grants combines all Housing and Urban Development (HUD) funds for Native Americans into one needs based block grant providing a wide range of housing services.
- Section 184 Program for Native Americans who want to buy, build or rehabilitate a home in an Indian Area and need mortgage financing.
- Indian Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) low /moderate income funding for housing rehabilitation, new construction, purchase of land, and community facilities.

Other funding sources include:

- Housing Assistance Council (HAC) a non-profit organization, provides technical assistance and training; seed money and some short term loans are available.
- Community Housing Development Organization (CHDO). Eligible Activities: Acquisition and/or rehabilitation of rental housing, New construction of rental housing, Acquisition and/or rehabilitation of homebuyer properties. New construction of homebuyer properties. Direct financial assistance to purchaser of HOME-assisted housing sponsored or developed by a CHDO with HOME funds.
- US Department of Agriculture (USDA) Rural Housing Services (RHS) -low interest, low down payment loans for new housing, housing rehabilitation, subsidized rental housing
- Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) Housing Improvement Program (HIP) housing rehabilitation
- US Department of Veteran Affairs low interest, low down payment
- Fannie Mae conventional loans, Native American loans
- Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) program - subsidizes capital investment in new constructed or rehabilitated rental housing. Can leverage NAHASDA funds
- Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) Affordable Housing Program (AHP) provides subsidies or low interest loans to a housing developer; can leverage costs of construction, rehabilitation, and/or pay down payments, closing costs, etc.

Policy 4. Create opportunities for starting local businesses.

- 4a. Work with the Small Business Administration (SBA)/Regional Business Development Office (RBDO) to:
 - provide a chapter sub-office for routine visits by SBA/RBDO agent
 - technical support for obtaining clearances, withdrawals
 - provide entrepreneurial training -assist to prepare business plans
 - direct individuals to financing/business loan programs

- obtain funding for market feasibility studies from the Nation's Economic Development Division.
- 4b. Work with the Economic Development Department to streamline the business site lease process. As described in the department's Overall Economic Development Program (OEDP), provide:
 - uniform site lease forms -delegation of lease approval authority to the Economic Development Department and eventually to chapters
 - revisions to the Business Site Leasing Act
- 4c. Identify methods for chapters to start business ventures:
 - master leasing (see policy 8) -revenue sharing with chapters
 - partnering (regionalize) with nearby chapters -establish cooperatives to market goods, provide shared spaces to sell/store merchandise.
- 4d. Various small business programs are available including:
 - Federal Omnibus Package of 1993 allows faster depreciation of machinery and equipment on reservations; 20% tax credit on wages and benefits to Indian employees
 - The BIA Loan Guaranty Program (Indian Financing Act of 1974) for lenders. Up to \$500,000 for businesses
 - New Mexico Office of Indian Affairs Native American Initiative provides technical assistance; offices located in border towns
 - New Mexico provides training incentives and tax credits for manufacturing companies -New Mexico Enterprise Zones programs - tax credits
 - Business and Industrial Development Fund (BIDF) Navajo Nation revolving loan fund provides low interest loans of \$10,000 to \$150,000
 - Micro-Enterprise Lending Program (MELP) Navajo Nation micro loan program
 - Accion New Mexico and WesttCorp (for women) -foundations provide micro loans.

Policy 5. Identify locations for business.

- 5a. Businesses should be located in nodes at highway intersections
- 5b. Shared facilities should be set aside for vendors to sell farm products, arts and crafts, and for other small businesses (incubators)
- 5c. Businesses should be developed that cater to tourism/travelers

- 5d. Businesses should be developed that provide basic goods/services
- 5e. Develop businesses on state land to reduce permit process.

Policy 6. Identify locations and funding sources for community facilities.

- 6a. Land should be set aside for community uses such as senior centers, parks, preschools, community centers, etc. in all subdivisions
- 6b. Co-locate/share community facilities within chapters
- 6c. Small chapters may choose to share facilities with nearby chapters
- 6d. Provide technical assistance/grant writing training for chapters
- 6e. Public and private funding sources for community facilities include:
 - Indian CDBG
 - Abandoned Mine Lands (AML) funds
 - New Mexico Community Foundation
 - McCune Charitable Trust
 - Ford Foundation
 - Revenue Bonds now used by Kayenta Township will become available to chapters under the LGA; debt is repaid with sales taxes or lease fees.

Policy 7. Use Land Use Plans as a guide to decision makers when approving new development in the chapter.

- 7a. Require all development activity in the chapter, regardless of land status, to notify the chapter government of projects.
 - Outside entities must notify the chapter at least 90 days in advance before:
 - · running utility lines
 - digging wells
 - mining operations
 - roadwork
 - · any construction activity
- 7b. Performance-Based Zoning Developments are evaluated case-by-case to ensure that all potential impacts are addressed before approval. The land use plan serves as a guide to which uses are appropriate.
 - A development plan is a site plan showing how the land will be

- developed: location of structures, parking, access, signs, utility connections, drainage, etc.
- Traditional zoning, in contrast, automatically permits and excludes certain types of developments, without regard to how impacts are addressed. A proposed use not listed as permitted requires that the land be 'rezoned.'
- 7c. The chapter will enter into agreements with BIA, BLM, Sandoval County, and other entities to receive notification of any activities.

Adopt a permit approval process (performance-based zoning rather than traditional zoning). Possible steps might include:

- 1. Permit application/development plan is submitted to Land Use Committee (or chapter planner if position exists)
- Land Use Committee reviews development plans/issues or denies permit
- 3. Allow service provider agencies to review of development plans
 As part of the withdrawal process, archeology and environmental
 clearances must be given by appropriate authorities.
- 4. Land Use Committee follows the land use plan and development guidelines in making the decision
- Land Use Committee may recommend to amend the land use plan, if appropriate
- Amendments (changes, additions, deletions) to the land use plan require community approval by public hearing -Approval of some more intensive uses, i.e., mining, industry, may also require a public hearing
- 7. Chapter officials act as an appeals board
- 7d. Adopt development guidelines that take into account:
 - land status/grazing status
 - proposed improvements: structures, signage, lighting, landscaping, roads, utilities, etc.
 - mixed uses are allowed
 - compatibility with surrounding uses; mitigation of noise, light, visibility, if applicable
 - suitability of site: topography, floodplain, soils, vegetation, wildlife, cultural sites
 - housing guidelines (see policy 2e).
 - Land Buy Back Lands (We wish to have First priority on Buisness plans)

Policy 8. Work to withdraw chapter tracts prior to the proposal of new projects.

- 8a. The chapter should withdraw large enough tracts of land to meet the development needs of the community for next 20 years
- 8b. Chapter tracts should identify land for a variety of uses: residential, commercial and community uses
- 8c. Clearances, leases, etc. should be approved for the entire tract rather than piecemeal. The chapter holds the master lease which then may be sublet to businesses and individuals.

Policy 9. Restore washes and return to sustainable farming and grazing practices.

- 9a. Continue to work with Rio Puerco Watershed Group to restore riparian areas such as Torreon Wash and Vicente Wash. Projects recommended in Watershed Restoration Action Strategy (WRAS) are below. Priority actions are asterisked (*). -Public Outreach
 - Train a cadre of community volunteers to gather baseline data and assist with monitoring.
 - Provide workshops for local landowners on best management practices (BMP) i.e. grazing management, erosion control, road management, wetlands protection, noxious weeds, thinning.
 - Continue to work with local people, particularly when it comes to project implementation.
 - Continue listening sessions
 - Target future newsletters to selected sub-watersheds
 - Develop website
 - Create traveling poster display
 - Complete video project
 - Coordinate management plans with other agencies such as Navajo Nation Department of Agriculture, Department of Water Resources, Department of Fish and Wildlife, and Natural Resource Conservation Service.
 - · Create Na'neelzhiin Ji Olta Outdoor Classroom Project.
 - Continue to sponsor field visits for elected representatives and other VIPS.
 - Provide a presentation to the RPMC about cultural resources and traditional uses.

- Hire a full-time coordinator. Develop 501(c) (3) Status.
 - On-the-Ground Project Work
- Develop showcase project(s) to remediate an impaired area using a mix of the following practices:
 - Control big sagebrush using tebuthiuron, fire, and/or animal impact to reduce woody species and promote native grasses.
 - Repair or rebuild erosion control structures that are in poor and unsatisfactory condition.
 - Rehabilitate wells in washes, check dams and windmills
 - Implement road maintenance BIPs. Inventory and close unneeded roads.
 - Work with landowners, permittees and lessees to institute improved livestock grazing management.
 - Restore riparian habitat through grazing management or exclusion and plantings of native vegetation.
 - Inventory and control noxious weed infestations.
 - Manage woodland density to restore forest health.
 - Reinstitute prescribed natural fire.
- Establish a learning/demonstration project for Holistic Resource Management
- · Support a roundup of stray horses. -Data Gathering and Monitoring
- Measure flow and monitor water quality in the major tributaries of the Rio Puerco. Maintain USGS gaging stations.
- Monitor in support of total daily maximum loads (TMDLs).
- Support continuous data gathering
- Inventory headcounts.
- Gather road inventory data.
- Prioritize dam/windmill repair needs through data analysis.
- Gather wildlife threatened and endangered (T&E) data.
- Gather demographic, socioeconomic, and cultural resource information.

Recommendations of NRCS include:

- For larger arroyos, build an earthen dam with a pipe through the middle and spillway if applicable.
- Rock dams (filter dams) can be used for smaller arroyos that are three feet deep or less.
- For small gullies, hog fence can be bent into an L-shape with the ridge placed across the slope. Place about 150' apart.

9b. Create a Torreon Farm Cooperative to pool resources and provide training in reviving farming practices and improving farmlands.

Policy 10. Define chapter service area and consolidate checkerboard lands.

- 10a. Work with the BLM and BIA land exchanges to consolidate trust lands.
- 10b. Implement Land Consolidation Act, 1955
- 10c. Extend boundaries southeast of the chapter, beyond BLM fence line, to incorporate three allotments left out of the chapter (refer to Land Status Map at Exhibit 8, page 39).
- 10d. Institute a ranger program to patrol remote areas of the chapter and help deter illegal activities.
- 10e. Work with BLM, U.S. Forest Service, and other public lands agencies to gain access to sacred sites located outside the chapter's boundaries but in the general area (examples: four sacred peaks, Gobenador Peak, Dzilth 'na' o'dith'hle Peak).
- 10d. Institute a ranger program to patrol remote areas of the chapter and help deter illegal activities.
- 10e. Work with BLM, U.S. Forest Service, and other public lands agencies to gain access to sacred sites located outside the chapter's boundaries but in the general area (examples: four sacred peaks, Gobenador Peak, Dzilth 'na' o'dith'hle Peak)
- 10f. Work with The Eastern Navajo Land Commission on Land's that were purchased During Both Land Buy Back Procurements. We as a Chapter would like First opportunity to Plan business's on these lands.

- Policy 11. Cooperate and participate in Tri-Chapter development in the Three Far Eastern Agency Chapters (Counselor, Torreon/Starlake, and Ojo Enicno).
 - 11a. Participate in a regional planning effort for the Three chapters by submitting chapter land-use plan for integration into a regional landuse, community- and economic development plan for the fivechapter region. Cooperate in the regional planning process as a chapter and as a member of a Tri-chapter development organization.
 - 11 b. Work with regional chapters to identify projects that will serve all three chapters but may be located in any of the chapters. Projects may include, but not limited to:
 - Community College Branch or Trades School
 - Hospital
 - Nursing Home
 - Shopping Center: feedstore, gas station, grocery store, etc.
 - Tourist Services
 - Radio Station
 - Youth Programs Youth Development Center
 - Job Training Programs
 - Housing Assistance Programs
 - For-Profit Community-Owned Enterprises
 - Regional road maintenance and rescue
 - 11c. Collaborate in the implementation of projects that benefit the Trichapter region with the other members of the Tri-chapter region, including projects that may be most appropriate if located within Torreon/Starlake chapter boundaries. Use the chapter land-use plan and regional plan to support these projects.
 - 11d. Identify projects that will mutually benefit Torreon/Starlake Chapter and other regional chapter(s) that may be outside the scope of the Tri-chapter collaboration. Cooperate with other regional chapters to attain needed resources and implement these projects. Use the chapter land-use plan and regional plan to support these projects.
 - Work with Navajo Nation Department of Water Resources to construct a leg of the Navajo-Gallup Water Supply Pipeline.
 - 11e. Form regional non-profit organization(s) to receive funding for regional projects.

- Work to establish 501 (c)(3) entity to fund and implement regional projects
- Form a Community Housing Development Organization (CHDO) with other regional chapters to solicit funding and develop housing in individual chapters as well as for the collaborative benefit of all five chapters.

Planning Definitions

Average Daily Traffic: a measure of the average number of vehicles that pass through a location along a road in a day.

Candidate Species: a species considered for listing as threatened or endangered.

Clustered Housing: housing developed in subdivisions or in a close-together pattern.

CLUP Committee: Community Land Use Planning Committee - committee designated under the LGA to oversee the development of a land use plan.

Community Facilities: schools, preschools, clinics, chapter houses, police/fire stations, recreation and senior centers, etc.

Development Plan: a site plan showing how the land will be developed: location of structures, parking, access, signs, utility connections, drainage, etc.

Economic Development: training programs, taxes or other incentives designed to retain existing businesses as well as create and/or attract new businesses.

Endangered Species: a species that is in danger of extinction throughout all or a significant portion of its range.

Extirpated Species: a species that has been eliminated from its range, usually in a specific geographic area.

Infrastructure: utilities (water, sewer, gas, electric, telephone, solid waste facilities), and roads.

Land Status: type of land ownership as identified below:

Allotment -Land in legal title of the U.S. held in trust for an individual Indian. The BIA has power over this land and the Tribe has no consent privilege. The land can be leased to non-Indians or sold to a tribe with the consent of an individual.

State Land -Lands in legal title of the State of New Mexico.

U.S. Purchase Lands -Lands purchased from 1915 to 1933 using tribal and government funds. Total purchase in New Mexico is 188,342 acres. These lands are held in trust by the Navajo tribe.

Public Domain - Lands owned by U.S. and administered by the BLM.
2198 Land -BLM land slated to be exchanged with individuals to consolidate Tribal lands.

Administrative Reserve -Lands specifically set aside by executive order or statute to be used as administrative sites for agency or school purposes. Lands in legal title of the U.S. conveyed into trust status. These lands are specifically set aside for administrative uses.

Private Land -Lands with legal title owned by a person or legal entity. These lands belong to individuals or legal entities and are taxable. The owner, who can be Indian, has power over the land.

Land Use Plan: a document identifying existing and future land use. It serves as a guide for the orderly development of a community. It generally contains information about current conditions and needs as well as goals, priorities, and vision for the future. Additionally, it identifies recommendations for implementing the plan. A land use plan is only one component of a Community Plan, which may also include components on open space, community facilities, transportation, economic development, etc.

LGA: Navajo Nation Local Governance Act of 1998. Law passed by Navajo Nation that grants local authority over local issues related to:

- Economic development
- Taxation and Revenue Generation
- · Bonds
- Infrastructure Development
- Land Use Planning/Zoning/Ordinances
- · Federal, State and Tribal Contracts
- Public Safety/ Recreation

The LGA has two requirements:

- The adoption of the Five Management System accounting, personnel, property, procurement, and record keeping policies and procedures.
- If a chapter wants to "administer land," it must develop and adopt a Community, community-based land use plan.

NAHASDA: Native American Housing Assistance and Self Determination Act of 1996 NAHASDA reorganized the system of federal housing assistance to Native Americans by:

- Eliminating several separate programs and replacing them with a single program
- Recognizing the right of Indian self-determination and tribal selfgovernance

 NAHASDA provides for tribal governing bodies to name a tribally designated housing entity (TDHE) to prepare an Indian Housing Plan (IHP)

Participation Process: process adopted by the CLUP committee to ensure community participation and education during the preparation of the land use plan.

Performance-Based Zoning: developments are evaluated on a case-by-case basis to ensure that all of the potential impacts are addressed before approval. The land use plan serves as a guide to which uses are appropriate.

Planning Process: steps involved in preparing a land use plan.

Community Assessment -assess community needs for housing, economic development and community facilities.

Infrastructure Analysis -compile data on transportation and utilities needed for development to occur.

Suitability Analysis -examine the natural and cultural resources and environmental constraints to development.

Scattered Housing: housing developed in a spread-apart pattern.

Service Area: the planning area of a chapter encompassing all lands within it. Chapter members may live outside of this area and still be eligible for chapter programs.

Traditional Zoning: automatically permits and excludes certain types of uses and developments, without regard to how impacts are addressed. A proposed use not listed as permitted requires that the land be 'rezoned.'

Threatened Species: a species that is likely to become endangered in the foreseeable future.

Withdrawn Land: sites for which all clearances and approvals have been given.

Acronyms and Abbreviations

ADT - Average Daily Traffic

AHP - Affordable Housing Program

BIA - Bureau of Indian Affairs

BIDF - Business and Industrial Development Fund

BLM - Bureau of Land Management

CHR - Community Health Representative

CIP - Capital Improvement Program

CLUPC - Community Land Use Planning Committee

CR - County Route

CDBG - Community Development Block Grant

EPA - U.S. or Navajo Environmental Protection Agency

EPA - Eagle Protection Act

ESA - Endangered Species Act

FNLB - Federal Home Loan Bank

GED - General Education Degree

HIP - Housing Improvement Program

HUD – U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

I.H.S. – Indian Health Service

IHP - Indian Housing Plan

ISR - Indian Service Route

JMEC - Jemez Mountain Electric Cooperative

LGA - Local Governance Act

LIHTC - Low Income Housing Tax Credit

MELP – Micro Enterprise Lending Program

MBTA - Migration, Bird Treaty Act

NAHASDA - Native American Housing and Self Determination Act

NCC - Navajo Communications Company

NDOT – Navajo Department of Transportation

NEPA - National Environmental Protection Act

NESL - Navajo Endangered Species List

NHA - Navajo Housing Authority

NHS – Navajo Housing Services

NRCS - Natural Resource Conservation Service

NSR – Navajo Service Route

NTUA - Navajo Tribal Utility Authority

OEDP - Overall Economic Development Program

OEH - Office of Environmental Health

ONAP – Office of Native American Programs

RBDO - Regional Business Development Office

SBA - Small Business Administration

TDHE - Tribal Designated Housing Entity

USDA - US Department of Agriculture

NAIP - National Agriculture Imagery Program

USGS- United States Geological Survey

SSURGO- Soil Survey Geographic Database

PRISM-Parameter-elevation Regressions on Independent Slopes Model

TSLC- Torreon/Star Lake Chapter

EMS-Emergency Medical Services

NJO-Na'neel'zhiin Ji' olta

ESRI-Environmental Systems Research Institute

NMDOT-New Mexico Department of Transportation

RGIS-Resource Geographic Information System

GIS- Geospatial Information Systems

NICOA-National Indian Council of Aging

TVFD- Torreon Volunteer Fire Department

EXHIBIT "A"



Homesite Lease Regulations 2016

Prepared by
Navajo Land Department
Division of Natural Resources
Department of Justice

Approved October 4, 2016 RDCO-74-16

RESOLUTION OF THE RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE Of the 23rd Navajo Nation Council---Second Year 2016

AN ACTION

RELATING TO RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT; APPROVING THE AMENDMENTS TO THE NAVAJO NATION HOMESITE LEASE REGULATIONS

BE IT ENACTED:

Section One. Findings

- A. The Resources and Development Committee of the Navajo Nation Council is empowered to approve procedures for issuing homesite leases pursuant to 2 N.N.C. Sections 501(B)(1) and to delegate the authority to issue homesite leases pursuant to 501(B)(3); and
- B. Pursuant to RDC-289-93 (Exhibit F), the Resources Committee of the Navajo Nation Council delegated its authority to approve, issue, amend, assign, relinquish, and execute homesite leases to the Navajo Land Department in accordance with procedures adopted by the Resources Committee; and
- C. The Division of Natural Resources Navajo Land Department is proposing amendments to the Homesite Leases Policy and Procedures approved by RCD-289-93, attached as Exhibit "F." The recommended Homesite Lease Regulations are attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit "A"; and
- D. With the assistance of Navajo Nation Divisions, Grazing Officials, Chapter Officials, Chapter administration employees; Land Boards, Farms Boards, and BIA Real Estate Services representatives, the Homesite Section of the Navajo Land Department conducted public hearings from August 2007 to date to obtain comments and recommendations on the revisions of the Homesite Lease Regulations. Navajo Land Department conducted many education/public hearings and meetings, provided news media releases and publications. Examples of these activities are attached hereto and marked as Exhibit "B"; and
- E. The proposed amended Homesite Lease Regulations will benefit qualified applicants who are seeking housing assistance and/or utility infrastructure assistance through various Navajo

Nation Divisions, Enterprises, and State and Federal programs. Individuals obtaining a homesité lease include but are not limited to Navajo citizens with tribal census numbers and home buyers seeking home loan financing; and

- F. The Navajo Land Department recommends the establishment of a proprietary fund account to be administered by the Navajo Land Department Homesite Section for the purpose of defraying the costs of administering the Homesite Land Offices, recording of homesite leases in the Navajo Land Title Data Systems, providing public education outreach programs, and enforcement of the Homesite Lease Regulations. By supplementing proposed proprietary fund account monies with annual fiscal year allocations, the Navajo Nation can better provide homesite lease related services to the Navajo People; and
- G. The Navajo Land Department recommends the approval of the Homesite Lease Application Fee Schedule which includes: an increase of the standard homesite application, assignment, amendment, and termination fees to \$30.00; the resurvey fee increase to \$350.00; and an annual rental fee of \$12.00 for the term of the homesite lease. The Fee Schedule is attached on page 23 in Exhibit "A"; and
- H. The Navajo Land Department recommends the approval of the Homesite Lease Penalties and Fines Fee Schedule attached at page 23 of Exhibit "A." Fines and Penalties would be assessed for situations such as illegal parking of trailer or mobile home, storage sheds and corrals without a lease or permit to improve, and illegal burial; and
- I. The Navajo Land Department recommends creating five 50 new Compliance Officer positions to the Navajo Land Department Fiscal Year Budget Appropriation and increased operation costs to enfonce the Homesite Lease Regulations within the five agency Navajo Land Offices; and
- J. It is necessary to amend the standard forms that will be used in applying for a homesite lease on the Navajo Nation Trust Land and Fee Land. The amended forms are consistent with the proposed amendments to the Homesite Lease Regulations, which will include amendments of Homesite Application FORM 1; Field Tlearance Certification FORM 2; and consent FORM 3 for Navajo Trust / Fee Land. These forms are attached hereto and marked respectively as Exhibits "C," "D," and "E"; and

K. It is in the best interest of qualified applicants seeking a homesite lease on Navajo Trust or Fee Land that the Resources and Development Committee of the Navajo Nation Council approve the recommended amended Homesite Lease Regulations, attached hereto as Exhibit "A."

Section Two. Approvals

- A. Resources and Development Committee of the Navajo Nation Council hereby approves the Homesite Lease Regulations, attached hereto as Exhibit "A," which shall supersede Homesite Lease Policy and Procedures approved by RCD-289-93; and
- B. The Resources and Development Committee of the Navajo Nation Council approves the amended standard homesite lease application forms which include Homesite Application FORM 1; Field Clearance Certification FORM 2; and Consent FORM 3 for Navajo Trust and Fee Land. These forms are attached hereto as Exhibits "C," "D," and "E"; and
- C. The Resources and Development Committee of the Navajo Nation Council approves the Homesite Lease Regulations Application Fee schedule, attached at page 23 of Exhibit "A"; and
- D. The Resources and Development Committee of the Navajo Nation Council approves the Homesite Lease Penalties and Fines Fee Schedule, attached at page 23 of Exhibit "A"; and
- E. The Resources and Development Committee of the Navajo Nation Council recommends the establishment of the Navajo Land Department proprietary fund account to be administered by the Navajo Land Department Homesite Section, for the purpose of defraying the costs of administering the Homesite Land Offices and providing public education/awareness, upgrades of survey equipment/software, processing of homesite lease applications and maintaining homesite lease historical records; and
- F. The Resources and Development Committee of the Navajo Nation Council recommends to the Navajo Nation Council the approval of budgets for five (5) new Compliance Officers positions and budgets for increased operation costs to enforce the Homesite Lease Regulations within the five agency Navajo Land Offices.

CERTIFICATION

I, hereby, certify that the foregoing resolution was duly considered by the Resources and Development Committee of the $23^{\rm rd}$ Navajo Nation Council at a duly called meeting at Navajo Department of Transportation, (Navajo Nation) Tse Bonito, New Mexico, at which quorum was present and that same was passed by a vote of 3 in favor, 2 opposed, 1 abstained this $4^{\rm th}$ day of October, 2016.



Benjamin Bennett, Vice-Chairperson Resources and Development Committee Of the 23rd Navajo Nation Council

Motion: Honorable Leonard Pete Second: Honorable Davis Filfred

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section 1.00	Authority	Page 4
Section 2.00	Purpose	4
Section 3.00	Scope	4
Section 4.00	Applicant Eligibility Requirements	4
Section 5.00	Amount of Land Available	5
Section 6 00	Annual Rental Fee	5
Section 7.00	Term	5
Section 8.00	Application Procedures and Requirements	5
Section 9 00	Environmental Review Process	9
Section 10 00	Incomplete Pending Application	10
Section 11 00	Navajo Nation Fee Land	10
Section 12 00	Homesite Lease Abandonment	10
Section 13 00	Assignment, Modification and Termination of Homesite Leases	11
Section 14 00	Mortgage and Default	13
Section 15 00	Grazing Official and Land Board Member Responsibilities	14
Section 16 00	Grazing Disputes to Department of Agriculture	15
Section 17 00	Homesite Leases Compliance and Restrictions	15
Section 18 00	Homesite Lease Enforcement	17
Section 19 00	Prior Approved Homesite Lease	18
Section 20 00	Housing for Public Purposes Master Lease	19
Section 21 00	Privacy Act	20
Section 22 00	Definitions	20

References

RDCO N NE 10042916

1	CAP-48-99 The Privacy Act	26
2	CM-9-50 NNC approved 750 feet highway ROW on both sides of highway	28
3	RCD-216-99 Community Cemeteries	30
4	RCD-289-93 Approving the Homesite Lease Policy and Procedures	32
5	RCJA-05-06 Approving and Promulgating New Rules for Land. Grazing and	
	Farming Disputes	35
6	RCJY-133-01 10-Year Forest Management Plan	36
7	RCJY-142-92 Moratonum of New Homesites and Range Units within the	
	Navajo Commercial Forest Area	38
8	RCMA-34-03 Biological Resource Land Use Clearance Policies and Procedures	40
9	RCN-194-02 OHA to Hear and Decide Disputes concerning Grazing Rights.	
	Land Boundaries and Fences	43
10.	RCS-51-85 Boundaries of Canyon De Chelly National Monument Moratorium	46
Арре	endix	
1	Homesite Lease Application FORM 1	52
2	Field Clearance Certification FORM 2	53
3	Consent FORM 3	54
4	Environmental Review Form	55
5	Biological Data Request Form	56
6	Request for Homesite Lease Investigation Form/Flowchart	57
7	Homesite Lease Application Fee, Penalties and Fines Fee Schedule	61
Nava	ajo Land Department Homesite Lease Sub-Offices Directory	62
	IN THE PROPERTY OF THE STATE OF THE PROPERTY O	

References and Appendix can be downloaded from the Navajo Land Department website. http://www.dinehbikeyah.org

RDC0 74 16 10/04/2016

SECTION 1.00 AUTHORITY

1.01. Pursuant to 2 N.N.C. § 501 (B) (3), the Resources and Development Committee has authority to delegate its authority to approve homesite and residential leases to the Navajo Land Department by approving rules and regulations implementing the delegation of authority. Pursuant to Resources Committee Resolution No. RCD-289-93, the Resources Committee of the Navajo Nation Council delegated its authority to the Department Manager. NLD, to review and grant homesite leases. With the approval of the Navajo Nation General Leasing Regulations of 2013 by the Secretary of Intenor pursuant to the Navajo Nation Trust Land Leasing Act of 2000, 25 U.S.C. § 415(e), the Navajo Nation is authorized to unilaterally issue Leases, except mineral Leases and Rights-of-Way, without the approval of the Secretary. These amendments to the Homesite Lease Regulations shall supersede the previous procedures approved by RCD-289-93 and implement the Navajo Nation General Leasing Regulations of 2013 as they relate to Homesite Leases. The Homesite Lease Regulations may be amended by the NLD consistent with applicable laws.

SECTION 2.00 PURPOSE

- 2.01 To implement the Navajo Nation General Leasing Regulations of 2013, which authorizes the Navajo Nation to issue Leases, except mineral Leases and Rights-of-way, without the approval of the Secretary.
- 2.02 To regulate the issuance of Homesite Lease amendments: assignment, termination, and modification of leases on Navajo Nation trust and fee lands.
- 2 03 To promote home ownership for qualified Navajo, Navajo with spouse, and beneficial non-Navajo applicants by providing for the encumbrance of the Lessee's interest in the leasehold to secure capital for development of a private dwelling.
- 2.04 To promote and encourage housing for public purposes by the Navajo Nation or Navajo Nation Tribally Designated Housing Entity (TDHE) and housing subdivisions by public, private, and/or nonprofit entities.

SECTION 3.00 SCOPE

3.0.1 The Homesite Lease Regulations shall apply to Navajo Nation trust and fee lands, which are within the boundaries of the Navajo Nation as well as any allotments held by the Navajo Nation government

SECTION 4.00 APPLICANT ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

4.01 An applicant must be an enrolled member of the Navajo Nation, however, a non-member of the Navajo Nation who is legally married to an enrolled member of the Navajo Nation may be eligible through joint husband-wife application. There must be proof of such legal marriage, by issuance of a valid marriage license or Navajo Nation Court Order validating a marriage under the laws or jurisdiction of the Navajo Nation or any State. A non-member is also eligible if such individual's

RDCD-74 16 10/04/2016

presence within the Navajo Nation's territonal jurisdiction is of indefinite duration and beneficial to the Navajo Nation. Non-member eligibility can be determined in the following instance and manner:

- A. Non-member eligibility will be determined by the approval of a Housing Subdivision Master Lease which pre-approves the issuance of individual homesite leases, subleases, or assignments, to non-members that meet certain well defined requirements, documenting skills beneficial to the Navajo Nation, and whose presence is of indefinite duration.
- B. Homesite lease applications that are not within a Housing Subdivision Master Lease or housing for public purpose lease will be determined on a case-by-case basis by the NLD
- 4 02 An applicant must be eighteen (18) years of age or older.

SECTION 5.00 AMOUNT OF LAND AVAILABLE

5.01 An applicant can apply for only one Homesite Lease, with the lease premises generally limited to one (1) acre or less of tribal trust or fee land, excluding withdrawals of lands for residential subdivisions and other types of withdrawals

SECTION 6.00 ANNUAL RENTAL FEE

- 6.01 Lessee shall pay the Navajo Nation. in lawful money of the United States, a monthly rental of One Dollar (\$1.00), or \$12.00 per year. Lessee agrees that no refund or reimbursement of money paid in advance shall be made in the event of early termination or partial condemnation.
- Rental payments are due and payable on or before the effective date of the Lease and thereafter on or before each anniversary date of the Lease. Lessee may pay the annual rent fee in advance at any time prior to the expiration of the Lease. Rental payments shall be made by money order made out to "Navajo Nation," and shall be paid at the local agency NLD Office. Failure to make rental payments when due shall constitute a default under the Lease.
- 6.03 On a housing for public purpose Master Lease or housing subdivision Master Lease, an annual rental fee shall not be assessed by NLD until an individual homesite lease is issued to an applicant.

SECTION 7.00 TERM

7.01 Lessee shall have and hold the leased premises for a term of seventy-five (75) years, beginning on the date of approval of the Lease by the Navajo Nation. Lessee shall give written notice of intent to renew this Lease to the Director of the NLD or its successor at least six (6) months, but no more than twelve (12) months, prior to the expiration date of the lease. Renewal of the Lease is subject to the approval of the Navajo Nation and to the provisions of Navajo Nation law and these regulations.

SECTION 8.00 APPLICATION PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS

RDCO 74 W 10/04/2016

- 8.01 <u>APPLICATION PROCEDURES</u> Homesite Lease Applications will be made available at the NLD or its agency sub-offices. Homesite Lease Applications are also available on the NLD Website <u>www_dinehbikeyah.org</u>. A complete Homesite Lease Application package consists of
 - A <u>Homesite Lease Application FORM 1.</u> An applicant must fill out the Homesite lease application using black or blue ink, or must type the application. If the applicant is unable to sign the application, a thumb print is required for acknowledgement. The thumb print must be provided in the presence of an NLD staff member with one (1) witness from NLD attesting to the thumborint.
 - Type of Tenancy. An applicant should specify how they want to receive the grant of a lease, as a Single Person, or co-tenants—joint tenants with the right of survivorship, tenants in common, or community property. Future property disposition will be determined by this status in cases of divorce, death of a Lessee, or probate of a Lessee's estate. If applicants want to file as "Joint Tenants with Right of Survivorship" or "Community Property", a copy of the marriage license or validating Court Order is required, if applicable.

The following information shall be attached to the application before submission for processing at the Navajo Land Agency offices

- 2 Certificate of Navajo Indian Blood/Tribal Enrollment Identification Card. The applicant(s) must attach an original Certificate of Navajo Indian Blood. Copies of Certificates of Indian Blood can be obtained from the Agency Vital Records Office. All personal data must correspond with the Certificate of Navajo Indian Blood such as Name(s), age(s), census number(s) and signature(s).
- 3 Archaeological Clearance A receipt showing the applicant paid for an Archaeologist to conduct a survey must be attached to the application if applicable, before the application will be processed
- 4 <u>Cultural Resources Compliance Form.</u> Applicant shall attach the Cultural Resources Compliance Form, reviewed and signed by the Historic Preservation Department, to the homesite lease application. This form must be attached to the application before the application will be processed.
- Non-refundable Application Fee. Applicant must submit a \$30.00 money order payable to: The Navajo Nation, P.O. Box 2249. Window Rock, Anzona, 86515. Upon review and acceptance of the home site application, the NLD will issue a receipt for the filing fee.
- B Homesite Lease Application FORM 1 Section 2 The applicant shall ensure that the Grazing Official (GO) or Land Board Official, as applicable (LBO) (collectively GO/LBO) physically verifies and acknowledges the proposed home site location utilizing a hand-held Global Positioning System (GPS) unit by reading the Latitude/Longitude coordinates in North American Datum 1983 (NAD83), identifying the center point of the proposed home site location, and write the coordinates onto the Homesite Lease Application. If the homesite

location is changed after acknowledgement is made by the GO/LBO, it will render the Homesite Lease Application invalid.

- C GO/LBO must complete the Field Clearance Certification Form 2
- D Homesite Lease Consent FORM 3. The GO/LBO shall complete the Field Clearance Certification before the applicant(s) can obtain written consent from the individual(s) who has/have been identified by the GO/LBO on the Field Clearance Certification as valid grazing permittees within the proposed homesite lease area. Thereafter, the applicant shall obtain written consent from affected permittees listed on the Field Clearance Certification, if required.
 - Navajo Partitioned Lands No Consent is required from a Grazing permittee within the Navajo Partitioned Lands until grazing permits are reissued
 - 2 Acknowledgement After the applicant obtains written consent from the permittees listed on the Field Clearance Certification, the GO/LBO must acknowledge the signatures on the consent form
 - Only the Valid Grazing Permittee that will be affected within a half (½) mile radius of the propose homesite lease location shall consent.
- E <u>Land Survey Plat.</u> Certified land surveys must be conducted by a private land surveyor who is licensed and registered with any State within the United States. Private licensed land surveyors must register with the Navajo Nation Business Regulatory Department. Private land surveyors must obtain permission to survey from the NLD.

Certified land survey plats must contain a United States Geological Survey (USGS) Quadrangle Topographic Map of the location of the legal land survey and must have the Latitude and Longitude at the Survey Tie Points and Point of Beginning (POB) on the survey plat. The survey plat shall be drawn on a legal size (8% in x 14 in) document. All corrections of land surveys must be completed by a registered land surveyor.

- Re-Surveys Certain circumstances may occur that require the NLD or private land surveyor to re-survey. These include, but are not limited to shifting the homesite location and re-identifying the corners (rebars). The NLD may re-survey only if the NLD conducted the original certified land survey plat. If the survey that needs to be redone was conducted by a private land surveyor, that surveyor or another private surveyor must redo the survey.
- F <u>Biological Data Request Form for Biological Resource Clearance</u>: The applicant shall complete the Biological Data Request Form and submit it with a money order or cashier's check payable to the Navajo Nation for Biological Resource Clearance with the processing fee of \$32.50
- 8 02 <u>Environmental Review Form</u> The applicant shall complete the environmental review form and submit it to the Navajo Land Department for review by the Environmental Reviewer.

RDCO 14 N 19/04 2016

- 8 03 Forestry Compliance letter, as applicable. If the homesite lease application is for a location in the Navajo Nation Commercial Forest or restricted Woodlands. Section 8.05(A) shall apply to the homesite lease application.
- 8.04 Upon verification for quality assurance by the NLD Agency Offices, the Homesite Lease Application package will be submitted to the NLD Manager or authorized designee who will give final approval on behalf of the Navajo Nation. The NLD will submit the following appropriate approved documents to the respective Bureau of Indian Affairs. Agency Real Estate Services, for recording.
 - A. Navajo Nation Department of Fish & Wildlife (Biological Resources Compliance Form).
 - B Historic Preservation Department (Cultural Resources Compliance Form)/Archaeology (Archaeology Inventory Report).
 - Navajo Forestry Department (Forestry Compliance Letter), as applicable see Section 8.05
 (A).
 - D Registered surveyor (certified land survey plat).

8.05 Additional Application Requirements

- A. <u>Forest or Woodland</u>. If the proposed homesite is within the Navajo forest or woodlands, the GO shall advise the applicant(s) to contact the Navajo Forestry Department. The Navajo Forestry Department shall determine whether the proposed homesite will impact the Navajo Nation forest or woodland pursuant to RCJY-142-92. The Forestry Department may issue a letter stating requirements and conditions to proceed with the proposed home site lease application.
- B <u>Highway Access</u>. If access to a highway is required for ingress and egress, the proposed homesite lease applicant must contact the appropriate Navajo or State Department of Transportation for Highway access clearance.
- All applicants and lessees shall provide NLD with a current valid address or any changes at all times
- 8.06 <u>Conveyance within Housing Subdivision</u> When an applicant applies for a conveyance of a lot within a subdivision, the applicant will be responsible for all costs associated with the conveyance
 - A. A Housing Subdivision which is subject to a Master Lease for Single-family residential development or housing for public purpose, where development has taken place and which is ready for conveyance of individual lots to applicants, shall be classified as a "developed area."
 - B Within a "developed area" only this Section 8.06 shall be used and the other application procedures and requirements of Sections 8.0 and 9.0 shall not apply. A Housing Subdivision may develop and use its own application form subject to the approval of the NLD.

- C A Homesite Lease within a subdivision shall be limited to the term of the Housing Subdivision Master lease. Upon renewal of the Housing Subdivision Master Lease, all of the eligible individual Homesite Leases will be renewed for a corresponding period.
- Where there are rules and regulations related to the Housing Subdivision, special conditions or changes for the occupation of Homesite Leases within the subdivision, or a Declaration of Covenants. Conditions and Restrictions, the applicant will be provided with a copy of these documents by the Housing Subdivision Developer or TDHE, and the existence of these restrictions will be referenced on the individual Homesite Lease.
- E The holder of a Housing Subdivision Master Lease shall be the Housing Subdivision Developer or TDHE. The Housing Subdivision Developer the TDHE, or the governing body of the Home Owners Association specified in the governing documents for the Housing Subdivision identified in Section D above, and not the NLD shall be responsible for monitoring enforcement of these restrictions.

SECTION 9.00 ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW PROCESS

9.01 Environmental Reviewer The Environmental Reviewer ("ER") insures and conducts the ER required under these regulations. The ER is responsible for carrying out the Environmental Review Process ("ERP") for homesite leases pursuant to the Navajo Nation General Leasing Regulations of 2013. The ER will consult with the relevant Navajo Nation agencies and determine which agency is responsible for making compliance findings for each of the areas and/or laws identified in these regulations and 2 N.N.C. § 2384 of the General Leasing Regulations.

9.02 Action on Leasing Decisions Subject to Completion of ERP

- A Each homesite lease must go through the biological and archaeological review
- B Review must be conducted of all laws listed at 16 N N C §2384 (CO-53-13), as well as any other relevant laws as applicable.

9 03 Environmental Review Process Exemptions

- A The department conducting biological or archaeological clearance shall develop an internal procedure that exempts proposed homesite leases from thorough review if the area meets exclusion criteria.
- B The departments may work with individual Chapters to identify land withdrawal designation areas for residential development. A Chapter at their expense, will conduct environmental studies as required within a tract of land before any development occurs.

9 04 Conditional Compliance Determination Summary

A Compliance Determination Summary issued with a requirement of mitigation or a "conditional approval" requires the lessee to comply with the conditions stated if these

RDC 3 14 W - 0/04/2016

conditions are not met, the homesite lessee is in violation of the lease, and the lease may be terminated at the Nation's discretion.

9 05 Compliance Determinations from Earlier Environmental Review Documents

- A. If an existing homesite lease underwent an environmental review pursuant to these regulations, prior Homesite Lease Regulations, or other applicable law or constructed dwellings prior to 1974, those review determinations may be utilized to meet compliance requirements.
- B. The ER shall review the previous environmental review documents to determine whether a new review is necessary, or whether the previous environmental review adequately assesses the impacts of the prior leasing decision.

SECTION 10.00 INCOMPLETE PENDING APPLICATION

- 10.01 <u>PENDING APPLICATION</u> A homesite lease application that is incomplete for one or more of the following reasons shall be returned to the applicant as an incomplete application within two (2) years from the date of submission.
 - A. Lack of Land Use Consent.
 - B Lack or disapproval of Biological Resource Clearance
 - C Lack or disapproval of Environmental Compliance Determination Summary
 - Lack or disapproval of Cultural Resource Compliance/Archaeological Survey Clearance, and
 - E Lack of a land survey

SECTION 11.00 NAVAJO NATION FEE LAND

- 11.01 An applicant may apply for a homesite lease (FORM 200UL) on Navajo Nation fee land with the understanding and agreement that they are responsible for paying any and all property taxes, assessments, fees or liens directly to the local county tax assessor's office.
- 11.02 The Title Section will record the approved homesite lease on fee land with the County Recorder's Office

SECTION 12.00 HOMESITE LEASE ABANDONMENT

12.01 Lessee shall develop the leased premises within two (2) years of the effective date of the homesite lease. Prior to the expiration of said period, lessee may request in writing from the Nation an

BEST OF TALKS SOCIATION

- extension of the development period for a period not to exceed two (2) additional years. Failure to develop the leased premises according to this provision shall constitute abandonment.
- 12 02 The GO/LBO or NLD compliance officer shall be responsible for notifying the NLD Manager to make recommendations to cancel a homesite lease that has been abandoned. All such recommendations shall be supported by a field visit and written report verifying that the home site lease premises has been abandoned.
- 12.03 A homesite lease that has been abandoned shall be processed for termination by the NLD according to the following procedures.
 - A. NLD shall provide notice of intent to cancel by certified mail to the respective lessee's address on file with NLD. In situations where the address of the lessee is unknown, the notice shall be posted at the nearest chapter house.
 - 1 Lessee has thirty (30) days to respond to the notice of cancellation. If the lessee does not desire to develop the homesite lease, the lessee shall have the first option to assign the homesite lease to a qualified applicant for a fee to recover cost and expenses for the original application or voluntarily terminate the homesite lease.
 - 2 If the lessee fails to respond within thirty (30) days, the NLD will terminate the homesite lease
- 12 04 The NLD Manager shall have the authority to terminate the abandoned homesite lease as required by these regulations.
- 12.05 For termination of homesite leases issued prior to these regulations, any termination action shall be consistent with the requirements of Navaio Nation and applicable Federal laws.
- 12.06 If the abandoned homesite lease is terminated, it shall revert back to the Navajo Nation.

SECTION 13.00 ASSIGNMENT, AMENDMENT, MODIFICATION, OR TERMINATION OF HOMESITE LEASES

- A homesite lease may be assigned, amended, modified or terminated through the NLD by application of the lessee or through a court order. To verify the intent of the lessees, the lessees will have to make their application in person at the Agency NLD offices. The applicant shall provide a copy of an approved homesite lease issued by the NLD or BIA, in order to amend the lease document. A non-refundable application processing fee will be assessed. (Refer to Fee Schedule). In the event, the homesite lease or any interest therein is mortgaged or pledged as security for a loan separate approval may be required by the lender, sureties, or loan guarantors.
- 13.02 <u>Assignment.</u> To assign an approved homesite lease to another eligible person, the LesseerAssignor and proposed Assignee shall submit a new homesite lease application FORM. 1 with the following documents attached to the application.
 - A Certificate of Indian Blood

RDL - 14-16 10/04/2016

- B Certified Legal Survey Plat utilizing a BLM Cadastral monument, if applicable.
- C. A Cultural Resource Compliance Form with Archaeological Survey Clearance Form, as may be applicable, issued by the Navajo Historic Preservation Department.
- D. Biological Resource Compliance Form approved by the Navajo Fish and Wildlife Department, if applicable
- E Title Status Report (TSR) to verify and check for any outstanding encumbrances, liens, etc.
- 13.03 No assignment of a homesite lease shall be made during the two (2) year development period without a court order or an extension of the development period not to exceed two (2) additional years, unless there is a collateral assignment of interests to a creditor to finalize construction of improvements.
- 13.04 Upon verification of the application by NLD, the requests for amendments, modifications and terminations shall be packaged and submitted to the NLD Manager who shall give final approval on behalf of the Navajo Nation. The approved lease amendment, modification, or termination shall be recorded with the Agency Bureau of Indian Affairs and Navajo Land Title Data System.
- 13.05 In the event one of the Lessees dies with a Joint Tenancy with Right of Survivorship tenure in effect, all rights to occupy the land and leasehold interests shall go directly to the Surviving Tenant, if he or she is an enrolled member of the Navajo Nation without the need of assignment of the deceased cotenant's interest in the home site lease. The death certificate of the deceased co-tenant should be recorded.
- 13.06 Modification Modifications are non-material amendments to a homesite lease, including such matters as technical corrections, implementation of Navajo Nation court order(s), legal name changes, and changes in mantal status, legal land description changes, and any corrections needed to a homesite lease.
- 13.07 In a probate proceeding, the Navajo Nation Courts may distribute the leasehold interest including attached improvements of an established homesite lease to beneficiaries under a will or to the heirs at law according to Navajo law.
- 13.08 In the event of divorce, the Navajo Nation Court shall have jurisdiction to redistribute the leasehold interest of a homesite lease pursuant to Navajo Nation law. The Homesite lease and attached improvements, must not be separated in such Court Order. All field clearance(s) shall be recognized and will remain in effect. This regulation will also apply to Tenancy in Common and Community. Property tenures. The involved parties shall notify the NLD of any such disposition by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- 13.09 <u>Termination</u> The lessee(s) may voluntarily terminate his/her/their interest in a homesite lease by signing a Termination of Homesite Lease Form. However, the applicant must pay a non-refundable termination fee and must have paid in full all rent due before the lease can be terminated. (Refer to Fee Schedule). If the lessee is in default or less than good standing, then the lessee must cure all matters constituting such default or lack of good standing, unless. NLD waives such requirements.

ROLO 14 16: 10/04/2016

- and lessee surrenders the lease premises, subject to equitable consideration of lessee's private property if applicable
- 13.10 A finalized homesite lease may be terminated or revert back to the Navajo Nation for further assignment. If there are no improvements on the approved homesite lease premises within two years, the GO/LBO can recommend termination of the lease and/or assignment to another qualified individual after payment of fair market value of the lease premises with attached improvement (if any) to the lessee (See Section 12.00 ABANDONMENT 12.03 A 1.8.2 for procedures).
- 13.11 In no instance will NLD terminate a homesite lease for a lessee if the request is made by a third party regardless of the surrounding circumstances. The only exception to this rule is if a Navajo Nation Court issues an Order requiring NLD to terminate a homesite lease.
- 13.12 If the Navajo Nation acquires an Allotment upon which a resident has a valid Residential Lease issued by the BIA, the Navajo will honor the Residential Lease for the duration of its term, so long as it complies with Section 4.0 of these Regulations. The holder of the residential Lease must submit a copy of the valid Residential Lease to the NLD. Within 6 months the expiration of the valid Residential Lease, the resident must begin the process of acquiring a Homesite Lease in accordance of these Regulations.

SECTION 14.00 MORTAGES AND DEFAULT

- A finalized home site lease authorizes lessee(s) to encumber the leasehold interest of a home site to finance construction of building improvements. The leasehold can be mortgaged, pledged, or encumbered as security to finance a debt or loan. The lessee(s) may transfer all or part of the leasehold interest to the Mortgagee or Deed Trustee with the understanding that the Mortgagee or Deed Trustee will release all security interests in the leasehold when the loan or note has been paid in full.
- 14.02 The mortgage or Deed of Trust document must be recorded with the Bureau of Indian Affairs. Real Estate Services it is recommended that the mortgagee or lender also record the aforementioned indenture with the Recorder's Office of the county in which the real estate is located. The NLD will receive copies of the mortgage or Deed of Trust documents from the Bureau of Indian Affairs Real Estate Services and record it in the Navajo Land Title Data System.
- 14 03 In the event the Lessee/Borrower (Mortgagor/Trustor) defaults on the Mortgage or loan secured by the Deed of Trust, the Mortgagee or Deed Trustee has the authority to foreclose on the secured Homesite lease through the Navajo Nation Courts or as provided by the Navajo Nation Deed of Trust Act. The Mortgagee or the Deed Trustee may have the right to possession of improvements on the leased premises and rents collected as provided by Navajo Nation law and the loan document or agreement.
- Any and all permanent buildings and improvements on the leased property shall remain on the premises and shall be subject to the Navajo Nation's Right-of-First Refusal to purchase the leased premises with improvements prior to any resale of the premises.

ND 3 4 9 10 9 4 7 16

- 14.05 <u>Default.</u> Should Lessee default in any payment of monies when due under the Lease or be in violation of any other provisions of the lease, said violation may be acted upon by the Navajo Nation pursuant to applicable law.
- 14.06 Lease hold interest of a homesite lease can be sold at a fair market value to a qualified applicant. If there are no improvements on the premises, the lessee can retrieve expenses and fees incurred for lease encumbrance such as archaeological and legal survey expenses. The lessee must record the lease and insure all required lease documents are recorded with the Navajo Land Title Data Systems (NLTDS).

SECTION 15.00 GRAZING OFFICIAL and LAND BOARD OFFICIAL RESPONSIBILITIES.

- 15.01 Home Site Lease Application FORM 1 Section 2. See Section 8.01 B for compliance
- 15.02 Field Clearance Certification FORM 2. The GO/LBO shall be responsible for identifying and acknowledging all valid grazing permittees who have interests within one-half (½) mile of the proposed homesite lease location, which is directly affected and impacted by the proposed Homesite identified in Section 2 of the Field Clearance Certification FORM 2.
- 15.03 It is the responsibility of the GO/LBO to write-in the name of the valid Permit holder(s) and Permit number(s) on the Field Clearance Certification FORM 2 for the applicant to obtain signatures from the permittees
- 15.04 Homesite Lease Consent FORM 3. After the applicant obtains written consents from the permittees listed by GO/LBO on the Field Clearance Certification FORM 2, the GO/LBO must acknowledge the Form, certifying to the best of their knowledge the truth and accuracy of the approval of consenting permittees before the application is submitted to NLD for processing.
- 15.05 Conflict of Interest: The homesite applicant may request the Navajo Nation Grazing Management Office to appoint an alternate GO/LBO to perform the duties described herein when the designated GO/LBO cannot perform his or her duty because of a conflict of interest, including actions involving relatives, or for any other legitimate reason.
- 15.06 The GO/LBO additional responsibilities. The GO/LBO shall also verify whether the proposed homesite is within the Navajo Nation Forest or woodlands. If the proposed homesite is within the Navajo Nation Forest or woodlands, the GO/LBO shall advise the applicant(s) to contact the Navajo Forestry Department. The Navajo Forestry Department shall determine whether the proposed home site will impact the forest or woodlands within the forestry moratorium as set forth by Resolution RCJY-142-92. The resolution established a Moratorium on New Structures. New Homesites, and Range Units within the Navajo Commercial Forest pending development and approval of a new Forest Management Plan. The Forestry Department may issue a letter stating further requirements which must be satisfied to proceed with the proposed homesite lease application.
 - A The GO/LBO shall verify that the proposed homesite lease is not within an area withdrawn or otherwise designated for community development purposes. large or small imgation farming projects, agricultural land use area, or if the proposed homesite would interfere with local land use plans and/or ordinances. No homesite shall be approved within lands that

RDL 14 16 13/04/2016

- are withdrawn or designated for another purpose. If the proposed lease area is within a withdrawn area, the applicant must select another location for their proposed homesite lease.
- B The GO/LBO shall verify the proposed homesite lease is not within 750 feet of a major highway right-of-way by actual inspection of the site and coordinating with NLD. If the proposed homesite is within 750 feet of a major highway right-of-way, the GO/LBO shall inform the applicant to move beyond the 750 feet corndor or find an alternate site pursuant to 14 NNC § 1200. Chapter Zoning Sides of Highways and NNC Resolution CM-9-50.
- C. The GO/LBO shall verify that the proposed homesite is not within one-half (%) mile of Navajo. Nation government developed permanent livestock waters. If the proposed homesite is within a half mile of the structures, the GO/LBO shall inform the applicant to move the proposed homesite or relocate to an alternate site or request a written authorization from the District Grazing Committee allowing the proposed homesite through an approved resolution of the District Grazing Committee (See 3 N.N.C. § 714).

SECTION 16.00 GRAZING DISPUTES TO DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

NLD shall refer grazing and consent disputes relating to a pending homesite lease application to the GO/LBO, as applicable, for adjudication or settlement. For example, NLD shall refer to the GO/LBO, when a grazing permittee revokes consent after the Field Clearance Certification is submitted. NLD shall not place the application on hold unless the GO/LBO, as applicable, recommends in writing that there is an active dispute.

SECTION 17:00 HOMESITE LEASE COMPLIANCE AND RESTRICTIONS

- 17.01 Applicants shall comply with Navajo Nation environmental laws and other compliance requirements when applying for a homesite lease on Navajo Trust and Fee Lands
 - A <u>Sanitation</u> Lessee shall comply with all applicable sanitation laws regulations or other requirements of the United States and the Navajo Nation. Lessee shall also dispose of all solid waste in compliance with applicable federal and Navajo Nation laws either in an approved sanitary landfill transfer station, or other commercial sanitary collection service. Lessee shall maintain the entire leased premises in a safe and sanitary condition presenting a good appearance both inside and outside of the leased premises. Septic systems and leach/drain fields shall be situated within the lease premises.
 - B Hazardous Substances Lessee shall not dispose of hazardous substances or materials on or in the leased premises.
 - C <u>Environmental Hazards</u> All non-operational vehicles must be removed and cleared from the homesite lease premises. For failure to comply with Navajo Nation environmental laws the Navajo Nation EPA shall impose environmental sanctions for non-compliance in accordance with Navajo EPA regulations.

RDC10-14 (6.16/04/2016)

- 17.02 Minerals All minerals including sand and gravel, contained in or on the leased premises are reserved for the use of Lessor. Lessor also reserves the right to enter upon the leased premises and search for and remove minerals located on the property, paying just compensation for any damage or injury caused to Lessee's personal property or improvements constructed by Lessee.
- 17.03 Navajo Nation Forestry Moratorium (Restriction). If a homesite lease is approved by the Navajo Forestry Department in a forested or wooded area, and tree removal is to occur, the homesite applicant will follow Navajo Forest and Woodland Regulations. The homesite applicant will comply with the Navajo Nation Forestry Department requirements and the Forest Management Plan approved by Resolution No. RCJY-133-01.
- 17 04 <u>Canyon De Chelly National Monument Moratorium</u>: A Protection Buffer Zone was established within the boundaries of Canyon De Chelly National Monument, therefore, there are restrictions on development and use of land in the vicinity of the Monument (Resolution RCS-51-85).
- Biological Resource Land Clearance Policy and Procedures (RCP) No homesite lease shall be approved within Area 1. Highly Sensitive Area, and Area 2. Moderately Sensitive Area which are protected under the Federal and Navajo Nation laws, wildlife resources, including plants, and their habitat resulting in an expedited land use clearance process in accordance with Resolution No RCMA-34-03, subject to prior approvals or exceptions granted by the Navajo Nation Council or its duly authorized Committee.
- 17.06 Farm Plots and Land Use Permits Navajo Nation trust or fee lands withdrawn for agricultural uses (i.e. farm permit, agricultural lease, irrigation projects, and farm projects) cannot be used for homesite leases. Administrative Reserve Areas [BIA], Navajo Nation trust, or federal lands that are withdrawn for administrative purposes or governmental use cannot be used for home site leases.
- 17 07 Navajo Nation Parks and Recreational areas No homesite leases shall be issued within land designated for tribal parks and recreational use areas. The Navajo Nation Parks, monuments, and Recreational areas are protected and preserved for the perpetual enjoyment and benefit of the Navajo Nation, subject to prior approvals granted by the Navajo Nation Council or its duly authorized.
- 17 08 Homesite Lease Residential Use Restriction: A homesite lease is intended for residential purposes primarily a Single-family residence; lessee shall not use any part of the homesite lease premises for any unlawful conduct or illegal activities.
 - A Applicants shall not disturb or commence construction activities on the proposed site until the applicant receives an approved homesite lease
 - B A homesite lease shall not be issued if it is to be located within the boundaries of a mission site lease, other homesite lease, business site lease or area designated for business development, or other land withdrawais intended for community development or other purposes.
 - C. A homesite lease shall not be issued if it is located within 750 feet of a major highway right-of-way (14 NNC §1200. Chapter. Zoning Sides of Highways and NNC Resolution CM-9-50).

900, 0.74, 16, 10/04-2616

- A homesite lease is required prior to transporting mobile homes or any other structures intended for use as a home onto the Navajo Nation. A transportation permit must be obtained from the NLD before any mobile home or other structure enters Navajo Trust or Fee Lands (See Fee schedule). Failure to obtain a permit will result in a civil violation and fees will be assessed.
- E The homesite lease premises may be fenced to avoid land disputes, control animals, ingress/egress, and define boundaries.
- F Homesite lease premises shall not be used for any unlawful conduct or purpose including but not limited to bootlegging illegal fund raising activities such as gaming (Bingo hall), dance hall, and other illegal drug activities. Any and all illegal activities conducted on the homesite lease premises shall be considered a breach of the terms of the homesite lease.
- G Lessee is prohibited from establishing a mobile home park or renting structures not designed as the primary residence within a homesite lease
- H Lessee is prohibited from establishing more than one home building improvement as the primary residential structure or mobile home within the leased premises. Lessee shall prohibit family members or others from establishing additional homes or mobile homes within the leased premises regardless of whether the premises is within a subdivision or a rural area.
- The land encumbered by a homesite lease cannot be sold but the lease can be transferred or assigned to another qualified homesite lease applicant through the NLD upon payment to lessee for expenses incurred to establish the prior lease. For such transfers or assignments, the permanent improvements may be sold to the transferee or assignee at fair market value or subject to the terms of any mortgages(s) or Deed of Trust or purchase agreement.
- Modern bunal sites and graves are prohibited within the homesite lease premises. All bunal sites should be in a community approved cemetery. See Resources Resolution No. RCD-216-99.
- K Livestock and corrals are prohibited within the homesite lease premises, except as properly permitted by the District Grazing Committee or Land Board
- Lessee may operate a home based business on lease premises, however, the Lessee shall obtain a permit from the Division of Economic Development Business Regulatory Department to do business on an approved homesite lease. The Lessee shall adhere to the Navajo Nation environmental laws and other compliance requirements under 23 N N C §§ 2384 (A), (B), and (C) (Resolution CO-53-13) and shall not be disruptive to the adjacent residence(s).
- M Lessee shall not place a store front signage on the homesite lease and no hinng of employees to operate a home based business.

SECTION 18.00 HOMESITE LEASE ENFORCEMENT

453, G 74 % (0.0420%)

- 18.01 Purpose. NLD shall have at least one Compliance Officer per Agency to enforce the provisions of these Homesite Lease Regulations. The Compliance Officer is authorized to conduct investigations, draft findings coordinate with Navajo Nation departments and programs, including the Department of Agriculture Rangers Forestry EPA Police, Department of Justice, Fish & Wildlife, and BIA, and make disposition recommendations to the NLD Manager. It is the policy of the NLD to work collaboratively with homesite lessee(s) to resolve compliance issues prior to resorting to litigation and termination of the lease.
- Homesite Lease Request for Investigation Written requests for investigation of homesite lease compliance matters can be submitted to the appropriate NLD Agency Office. All complete and valid requests for investigation of homesite lease compliance matters shall be forwarded to the Compliance Officer. Within thirty (30) days of receipt, the Compliance Officer will review the request and determine whether it warrants investigation. The Compliance Officer shall provide written notice to the requesting party indicating whether the request for investigation will be granted.
- 18.03 Investigations: All investigations performed by the Compliance Officer shall be completed within ninety (90) days from the date of submission of the Homesite Lease Investigation Form. The NLD Compliance Officer will conduct an investigation based on the information contained in the Request for Investigation submitted to NLD. The Compliance Officer shall interview individuals, conduct research, and collect all pertinent documentation. The Compliance Officer is authorized to obtain the assistance of other Navajo Nation Departments. Bureau of Indian Affairs, and/or other governmental entities while conducting an investigation.
- 18 04 The Compliance Officer shall submit a detailed written investigation report containing the findings from the investigation. The Compliance Officer shall submit this report to the NLD Manager with any recommendations.
- 18.05 The NLD Manager shall review the Compliance Officer's report and take appropriate action based on the information and recommendation of the Compliance Officer within thirty (30) days. NLD shall keep official records of all documents.
- 18.06 Where the designated Compliance Officer cannot perform his or her duty due to conflict of interest, another Compliance Officer from a different NLD Agency Office will be assigned to investigate Conflicts of interest can be defined as any situation in which the Compliance Officer is in a position to exploit a professional or official capacity in some way for his/her personal or occupational benefit.
- 18 07 There are many actual homesites with improvements (corrals and buildings) that exceed the one i 1) acre size limitation. To gain compliance enforcement actions may authorize the enlargement of an existing. Homesite Lease not to exceed an additional one (1) acre, to bring existing residential improvements within the bounds of the lease premises. Additional lease adjustment fees or rent or both will apply to enlarged. Homesite Leases as set forth in the Fee Schedule.

SECTION 19.00 PRIOR APPROVED HOMESITE LEASE

19.01 All previously approved leases with active terms shall remain valid, provided that the lease is in good standing. These lease agreements include the following homesite lease forms. 1) 201-65 (July)

RECEIPT 4 16, 10/04/2016

1962]. 2) 200A [May 1979]; 3) 200C [May 1994]; 4) 200C [April 1996]. 5) 200RL [April 2000], 6) 200UL, and 7) 200NL [May 2001]

SECTION 20.00 HOUSING FOR PUBLIC PURPOSES MASTER LEASE

- 20 01 Application Procedures: A Housing for Public Purposes Master Lease application shall be submitted to the NLD or at one of its agency sub-offices. A completed Housing for Public Purposes Master Lease application shall consist of the following.
 - A Housing for Public Purpose Master Lease Application. The TDHE or Housing Subdivision Developer applicant must complete and submit a Housing Subdivision Master Lease Application with the following information attached to the application.
 - 1 <u>Certification of Compliance</u> The TDHE or Housing Subdivision Developer shall submit a Certificate of Compliance stating that all of the requirements of the Land Withdrawal Designation Regulations have been completed
 - 2 Key documents Copies of key documents listed in the Land Withdrawai Designation Procedures
 - B <u>Environmental Review Clearance</u> The TDHE or Housing Subdivision Developer shall conduct the necessary environmental reviews to ensure compliance with federal and tribal environmental requirements for the following.
 - New Homesite Lease Application for TDHE or Housing Subdivision Developer Clients, as applicable.
 - New Subdivision Master Lease Application for TDHE or Housing Subdivision Developer and
 - 3 Existing Subdivision Master Lease for TDHE or Housing Subdivision Developer as applicable
- 20.02 Final Approval. Upon verification for quality assurance by the NLD Agency Offices, the Housing for Public Purposes Master Lease Application package will be submitted to the NLD Manager or authorized designee who will give final approval on behalf of the Navajo Nation. The NLD will submit the appropriate approved documents to the respective Bureau of Indian Affairs. Agency Real Estate Services, for recording.
- 20.03 Homesite Lease issuance within existing Housing Subdivision
 - A Housing Subdivision which is subject to a Master Lease for housing for public purposes where development has taken place and which is ready for issuance of individual homesite leases to applicant(s), shall be classified as a "developed area"
 - B Within a 'developed area' only this Section 20 shall be used and the other application procedures and requirements of this regulation shall not apply. A Housing Subdivision for

RDGU 14 16 10/04/2016

- public purposes may develop and use its own application form subject to the approval of the NLD
- C The TDHE or Housing Subdivision Developer, as applicable, shall assist its homebuyers and ensure compliance with the lease application requirements for the issuance of individual homesite leases to applicant(s) within the housing subdivision. The TDHE or Housing Subdivision Developer as applicable, will prepare and submit the individual homesite lease applications to the NLD for its final approval. PROVIDED, however, that existing Housing Subdivisions or developed areas subject to existing homesite leases or assignments of lease for developed lots shall continue to be encumbered by the provisions and covenants of the existing homesite lease or assignment of lease for the residential improvement and lot.
- An individual homesite lease within a subdivision shall start a new term from the date of issuance by the NLD. The term of the Housing Subdivision Master Lease shall be separate and independent of any individual homesite lease issued by the NLD within the housing subdivision.
- Where there are rules and regulations related to the Housing Subdivision, special conditions or charges for the occupation of Homesite Leases within the subdivision. Land Use Restrictions or a Declaration of Covenants. Conditions and Restrictions, the individual applicant(s) will be provided with a copy of those documents by the TDHE or Housing Subdivision Developer, as applicable, and the existence of the restrictions will be referenced on the individual Homesite Lease.
- F The holder of a Housing Subdivision Master Lease shall be the TDHE or Housing Subdivision Developer as applicable. The TDHE or Housing Subdivision Developer as applicable specified in the governing documents for the Housing Subdivision identified in Section D above, and not the NLD, shall be responsible for monitoring and enforcement of the restrictions in the housing unit.

20 04 Additional Application Requirements

A. Highway Access. If access to a highway is required for ingress and egress, the proposed master lease applicant will contact the appropriate office or the Department of Transportation for highway access clearance.

SECTION 21.00 PRIVACY ACT

21.01 NLD shall not disclose any personal records or information which are contained in any system of records by any means of communication to any person, or to another agency, except pursuant to authorized disclosures. Conditions of Disclosure, and Privacy Exemptions of the Privacy Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-579). 5 U.S.C. § 552(A), and the Navajo Nation Privacy Act, Resolution No. CAP-48-99.

ADDITION TO GAZDING

SECTION 22.00 DEFINITION

- 22.01 <u>Abandonment.</u> The failure to develop the leased premises for a two (2) year period or one (1) year period for vacant lots within a subdivision. The failure to develop means, the failure to construct or establish a dwelling or other improvements (fencing, landscaping, laying a foundation).
- 22.02 Acre. A tract of land that measures 43.560 square feet.
- 22.03 Adult. A person who is 18 years of age or older
- 22 04 Agricultural Land Use Permit. A permit for farming purposes on Navajo Nation trust land
- 22.05 <u>Appeal Bond</u> A bond posted upon filing of an appeal. A guarantee of a certain sum of money sufficient to protect the financial interest of the Navajo Nation pending the outcome of any appeals provided for under the General Leasing Regulations.
- 22.06 <u>Approving or Approval</u> The final action taken by the Navajo Nation to issue the homesite lease (Written authorization by the Secretary, Land Department or a delegated official or, where applicable, the "deemed approved" authorization of an amendment or sublease).
- 22.07 Approved Encumbrance. An encumbrance approved in writing by the Lessor
- 22.08 <u>Assignment:</u> An agreement between a lessee and an assignee whereby the assignee acquires all of the lessee's rights, and assumes all of the lessee's obligations under a lease.
- 22 09 Assignee The person to whom the homesite lease is assigned
- 22 10 Assignor The person who is assigning his/her homesite lease
- 22.11 BIA The Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) within the Department of the Interior and any India acting on behalf of the Secretary of the Department of Interior or Bureau of Indian Affairs under 25 CFR § 162.018
- 22 12 Cancellation Action to end a lease
- 22 13 <u>Certificate of Navajo Indian Blood</u> Valid and up-to-date document issued by the Navajo Nation Vital Records Office evidencing enrollment in the Navajo Nation.
- 22.14 Cognizant Agency For purposes of environmental review the Navajo Nation Environmental Protection Agency and the Navajo Nation Departments of Historic Preservation and Fish and Wildlife, and in some instances Forestry, Minerals, Parks and Recreation, and any successor or equivalent Navajo Nation agencies with authority for environmental compliance review.
- 22.15 <u>Collateral Assignment. An assignment of leasehold interests to secure a loan mortgage or deed of trust to finance development of the homesite or to purchase an existing house situated on a homesite lease.</u>
- 22.16 <u>Community Property.</u> Any property that is acquired by husband or wife during a marriage that is not separate or gift property to either the husband or wife. Community property principles will govern the distribution of the marital property upon dissolution of marriage in a fair and just manner, and may govern distribution of property upon the death of one spouse in accordance with 9 N N C. § 205.
- 22.17 <u>Compliance Determination</u>: The final action determination of the Environmental Reviewer that the proposed leasing action complies or does not comply with the Environmental Review Process set forth in sub-chapter 8 of the Navajo Nation General Leasing Regulations of 2013.
- 22.18 Conflict of Interest. A conflict between public obligation and private interest that will not allow the pertinent official to discharge their duty in an unbiased manner.
- 22.19 Consent or consenting. The act of written authorization by a person empowered to agree permit and approve the grant of a homesite lease within their grazing pasture or area by the Grazing Official and Grazing Permittee(s).
- 22.20 Day. A calendar day, unless otherwise specified.
- 22.21 Deed of Trust. A deed conveying the leasehold interest of lessee (trustor) to a trustee as security until the lender (beneficiary) is repaid a loan. In the event of breach in repayment of the carrithe.

- deed trustee is empowered to foreclose on the lease hold interests and improvements and resell the property in a commercially reasonable manner
- 22 22 <u>Delegation of Authority</u> Where, upon approval of the Resources and Development Committee of the Navajo Nation Council or its successor authority of the Committee is delegated to a subdivision of Navajo Nation government to approve grants of homesite leases, and their assignment, transfer, or other lawful disposition. Said authority may also be delegable pursuant to the Local Governance. Act. 26 N.N.C. §§ 1-2005 as amended, or other relevant Navajo Nation law.
- 22.23 Improvement. Any structure, home, building, or fencing of surveyed tract, such as building a shack, ramada storage shed, foundation constructed for a residential purpose.
- 22 24 Egress The act of going out or leaving, exit.
- 22.25 Encumbrance Any indenture or proper court order that restricts the ability of lessee to freely unilaterally further dispose of the leasehold, such as with a collateral assignment of lease under a mortgage deed of trust or other instrument, which secures a debt or burdens the lease by restriction of uses or alters use rights of lessee or lessor.
- 22.26 Encumbrancer means the owner or holder of an approved encumbrance
- 22 27 <u>Environmental Assessment.</u> The study of environmental and social impact upon the quality of the human environment as required by Federal laws.
- 22.28 Eminent Domain. The power of a sovereign government to take property for public use with notice and payment of fair and just compensation to the permittee or lessee.
- 22.29 Fair market rental. The amount of rental income that a leased tract of Indian land would return to the Lessor as an investment in an open and competitive market, or as determined by competitive bidding.
- 22.30 Fee interest. An interest in land that is owned in unrestricted fee status, and is thus freely alienable by the fee owner.
- 22.31 Fee Land Unrestricted lands owned by the Navajo Nation in fee simple, which are subject to taxation by the state government.
- 22 32 Field Clearance Identification of the affected grazing permittees within a proposed homesite location by the Grazing Committee Member and consent by permittee to the use of land for a homesite
- 22.33 <u>Grazing Official (GO) or Land Board Official (LBO)</u> The elected Navajo Nation Official responsible for grazing or farming and land matters within their assigned respective district unit boundary. Such grazing official shall mean the District Grazing Committee Member. Eastern Navajo Land Board Member or Farm Board Member.
- 22 34 <u>Grazing Permit.</u> All livestock grazed on Navajo lands must be covered by an authorized grazing permit issued by the Superintendent or BIA based upon the recommendation of the District Grazing Committee. A Grazing Permit does not grant fee simple land ownership of the real estate, but, rather authorizes grazing use.
- 22.35 Holdover Circumstances in which a lessee remains in possession of the leased premises after the lease term expires.
- 22.36 <u>Homesite Lease Applicant.</u> Eligible individual(s) who applied for a homesite lease on Navajo Nation trust or fee land but have not yet received approval of a grant of a homesite lease.
- 22.37 Homesite Lease. A written document that grants a property interest in the use and disposition of the surface of real estate by lessee, and a bilateral contract with lessor that is approved by the Navajo Nation to lease one (1) acre or less of Navajo Nation trust or fee land for residential purposes for 75 years.
- 22.38 Housing for public purposes Multi-family developments single-family residential developments and single-family residences administered by a tribe or a tribally designated housing entity or substantially financed using triball federal, or state housing assistance program funds.
- 22.39 <u>Housing subdivision</u> A lease area for which a Master Lease is issued for multi-family development, single-family residential development, or housing for public purposes. It is an area where individual.

REX.1014 TH 10/04/2016

- lots have been so designated, and where infrastructure (streets, electricity, sewer and water) have been provided in anticipation of issuing homesite leases to individual applicants within the Subdivision."
- 22 40 <u>Infrastructure.</u> The basic improvements, facilities and utilities needed for the functioning of a home or dwelling, such as waterline, power line, telephone, sidewalks, housing subdivision parks of playgrounds, and roads.
- 22.41 Ingress. The act of going in or entering, the right to enter: a means of entering, entrance
- 22.42 Interest, when used with respect to Indian land. An ownership right to the surface estate of Indian land.
- 22.43 Joint Tenancy with Right of Survivorship Property held by two or more persons jointly with equal rights to possession and enjoyment during their lives. Under the doctrine of survivorship, the entire estate, upon the death of one of the joint tenants, goes to the survivor without the need to probate the descendant's estate. This shall not apply to married couples involving a Non-Navajo spouse.
- 22 44 <u>Land Status</u>. The current type of land or disposition or management of the real estate and surface use rights.
- 22 45 <u>Lease</u> A written agreement between the lessor and a lessee issued under these Regulations as authorized by 25 U.S.C. §§ 415 (a) or (e). The lessee is granted a right to possess Navajo Nation Trust Land for a specific purpose and limited duration.
- 22 46 <u>Leasing Decision</u> In the context of the environmental review process, means the following types of lease transactions that will be acted upon by the Navajo Nation or its delegated political subdivision.

 Issuance of a lease.
 Amendment or modification of a lease.
 Assignment or transfer of a lease and 4) Granting of a Sublease as applicable.
- 22.47 Lease document. A lease, amendment, assignment, sublease, or leasehold mortgage
- 22 48 Leasehold Interest: Claim or right to enjoy the exclusive possession and use of an asset or property for a stated definite period, as created by a written lease.
- 22.49 <u>Leasehold mortgage</u> A mortgage deed of trust, or other instrument that pledges a lessee's leasehold interest as security for a debt or other obligation owed by the lessee to a lender or other mortgagee.
- 22.50 <u>Lessee</u> An individual or individuals who has or have a finalized homesite lease approved by the Navajo Nation
- 22.51 <u>Lessor</u>: The Navajo Nation or its duly authorized designee, the Navajo Land Department (NLD) Manager
- 22.52 Life estate: An interest in property held only for the duration of a designated person's life. A life estate may be created by a conveyance document or by operation of law.
- 22.53 <u>LTRO</u> Land Titles and Records Office of the BIA. This office records all title to types of surface estates granted on the Navajo Nation.
- 22 54 Mortgagee The holder of a leasehold mortgage
- 22.55 Navajo Any person who is an enrolled member of the Navajo Nation.
- 22.56 Navajo Land All lands held in trust for the Navajo Nation: land title which is restricted in favor of the Navajo Nation; Navajo controlled lands (when NN approves use of the property) and Navajo Feelands.
- 22.57 Navajo Nation The Navajo Nation Government.
- Navajo Nation Trust Land. The surface estate of land or any interest therein held by the United States in trust for the Navajo Nation, land held by the Navajo Nation and subject to federal restrictions against alienation or encumbrance, land held by the United States in trust for a Navajo Nation corporation chartered under Section 17 of the Indian Reorganization Act.
- 22.59 Non-Navajo A person who is not an enrolled member of the Navajo Nation

RDC (5 14 16 10/04/2016

- 22.60 Navajo Forest All Navajo Nation controlled lands supporting specific species of trees with a specific density or crown closure, as defined in 17 N.N.C. § 520 (H)
- 22.61 <u>Navajo Woodland</u> All Navajo controlled lands supporting specific species of trees with a specific density or crown closure, as described in 17 N.C., § 520 (f).
- 22.62 NEPA The National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, 42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.
- 22.63 <u>Permanent improvements</u> Buildings structures and associated infrastructure attached to the leased oremises
- 22.64 Permit A written authorization or license granted by the Navajo Nation whereby the permittee is granted a use or revocable use privilege to use Navajo Nation Trust Land for a specified purpose and limited duration.
- 22.65 Permittee A person or entity who has acquired a privilege to use Navajo land or federal land by a permit.
- 22.66 <u>Petition</u> A written request submitted to the Secretary for the review of an action or inaction of the Navajo Nation that is claimed to be in violation of these Regulations. Petition may only be submitted within thirty (30) days after exhausting all remedies available on the Navajo Nation.
- 22.67 <u>Professional Surveyor</u> A surveyor who engages in the practice of land surveying and is qualified to undertake such practice as confirmed by legal certification registration and licensure as a professional surveyor. The Surveyor must be registered with the respective state where he/she practices land surveying (Anzona, New Mexico, and/or Utah).
- 22 68 Probate The legal action by a court of competent jurisdiction of distributing property of the decedent and the closing of his or her estate
- 22 69 Regulations Homesite Leasing Regulations Amendments of 2015
- 22.70 <u>Relative</u> A father mother, son daughter brother, sister, grandmother grandfather, uncle aunt, cousin, nephew, niece, husband, wife father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, sister-in-law, brother-in-law, stepfather, stepmother, stepson, stepdaughter, stepsister, stepbrother, half-brother, half-sister or legally adopted persons by court order.
- 22.71 Restricted land. Land where the beneficial title to which is held by the Nation or an Individual Indian, that can only be alienated or encumbered by the beneficial owner, or, if encumbered by a homesite lease, by the lessee, with the approval of the Navajo Nation.
- 22.72 Right-of-Way: A property right which may or may not be attached to the land, to use for a purpose unrelated to residential use, such as strips of land for roadways, railroads, power line, oil and natural gas lines, telephone lines, waterlines, and other utility distribution service lines.
- 22.73 Secretary. The Secretary of the Interior or his duly authorized representative or successor
- 22.74 Significant Impact. A determination that an action will have a significant effect on the quality of the human environment after considering the following:
 - 1) Effects on public health and safety
 - Effects on the unique characteristics of the geographic areas: including its historic or cultural resources, park lands or ecologically critical areas.
 - Highly controversial effects on the human environment.
 - 4) Highly uncertain or unknown effects on the human environment
 - 5) Effects in terms of precedent for future actions with significant effects.
 - 61 Effects that may be individually insignificant, but when considered with other projects, have a significant impact on the environment.
 - Effects that cause loss or destruction of scientific, cultural, or historical resources, and
 - Effects on endangered or threatened species or habitat protected under Navajo Nation or federal law
- 22.75 <u>Single-family residence</u>: A building with one dwelling unit on a tract of land under a single residential lease, or as defined by applicable tribal law or other tribal authorization.

4000 /4 16 10/04/2016

- 22.76 <u>Single-family residential development.</u> Two or more single-family residences owned, managed, or developed by a single entity.
- 22.77 Subjease A written agreement by which the lessee grants a right of possession no greater than that held by the lessee under the Lease
- 22.78 Surety One who guarantees the performance of another's performance of an undertaking, for example payment of a debt.
- 22.79 Surface Use. The right or privilege to utilize the external layer of land for various types of land use.
- 22.80 Surveyor The Navajo Nation Official responsible for providing a legal land description of the leased premises by drafting a survey plat from data concerning a portion of the earth's surface by length, direction of boundary lines, and contour of the surface. This person is a professional and licensed surveyor.
- 22.81 <u>Inbally Designated Housing Entity (TDHE)</u> A TDHE is a tribally-sponsored or tribally sanctioned not-for-profit entity or limited partnership or other entity organized for the purpose of developing or improving low-income housing utilizing tax credits pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 4103(22).
- 22.82 Tenure The time of holding real estate
- 22.83 <u>Tenancy in Common</u> Property held by two or more persons jointly with equal rights to possession and enjoyment during their lives. However unlike joint tenancy when one co-tenant dies, the surviving co-tenant does not succeed to the decedent's interest. Rather the decedent's fractional interest in the property must be probated.
- 22.84 <u>Termination</u> To end one's interest in a Homesite Lease by default or mutual consent or valid court order and allowing such interest to revert back to the Navajo Nation
- 22.85 <u>Trespass</u> Unauthorized possession occupancy or use of Navajo Nation Trust Land as defined by Navajo Nation or federal law
- 22.86 Unrestricted land Lands where title is held by the Navajo Nation in fee simple absolute status, and the Nation is not required to obtain the approval of the Federal government to render further disposition or use of the land.
- 22.87 <u>Violation</u> A failure by Lessee to comply with an obligation created by the Lessee agreement to take an action, including payment of compensation or to fail to comply with a term of the lease
- 22.88 Watering Point All tribally developed and maintained springs, wells, and dirt tanks, charcos or deep reservoirs.

HOMESITE LEASE APPLICATION FEE: PENALTIES AND FINES FEE SCHEDULE

1	Home site Lease Application Filing Fee	\$30.00
	a Assignment	\$45.00
	b Amendment	\$45.00
	c. Termination	\$45.00
2	Annual Fee	\$12.00
3	Home Site Land Use Adjustment Fee	
	a Full acre \$2,000.00	\$2,000,00
	b Haif acre \$1000.00	\$1,000,00
4	Home Site Land Use Adjustment Rent plus Annual Fee	
	c Full acre \$2,000.00 (\$27.00 + 12.00)	\$39.00
	d Half acre \$1,000,00 (\$13,00 + 12,00)	\$25 00
5	Archaeological Survey (Fees to be established by services provider)	
6	Resurvey Fee	\$350.00
7	Re-tie Survey Fee	\$350.00
6	Home site Application Dispute Fliing Fee	\$65.00
9	Transportation Permits Fee	\$30.00
10	Land Surveyor Permit Fee	\$30.00
PENA	LTIES AND FINES	
	Warning otation (No fee)	
	2" Céation	\$100,00
	34 Citation :Penattes with trespassing;	\$200.00
		\$500.00
1	Begal Parking of Trailer/Mobile Home	\$200 00 per month
	(Fees will apply until the Tenant comes into compliance)	
2	Storage Sheds, corrals, etc. without a wase, permit to improve	\$200 00 per month
	Fees will apply until the Tenant comes into compliance	
1	Regal burial open range ocations	\$500 00 per incident
	Fees will apply annually until the illegal bunal sites comes into compli-	ance:
4	Environmental Valuation is enforced by Navago EPA	
	Junk cars/household trash)	

RES. 1 (4.16) 10/16 20 W

NAVAJO LAND OFFICE DIRECTORY

Chinle Land Office PO Box 2179 Chinle, AZ 86503 (928) 674-2056

FAX. (928) 674-2059

Crownpoint Land Office PO Box 948 Crownpoint, NM 87313

(505) 786-2376 FAX. (505) 786-2380

Ft. Defiance Land Office PO Box 2249 Window Rock, AZ 86515 (928) 871-6523 FAX: (928) 871-7039

Shiprock Land Office PO Box 208 Shiprock, NM 87420 (505) 368-1120

FAX. (505) 368-1123

Tuba City Land Office PO Box 3309 Tuba City. AZ 86045

(928) 283-3194 FAX (928) 283-3197

W. Mike Halona, Department Manager III. Harlan Charley SPPS Navajo Land Department PO Box 2249 Window Rock, AZ 86515 (928) 871-6401 FAX. (928) 871-7039

Website www.dinenbikeyah.org

RDC0-74-W-10-04-16

NAVAJO NATION CODE: TITLE 26 Navajo Nation Local Governance Act

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Chapter 1

NAVAJO NATION CHAPTERS

Subchapter 1. Generally

```
Section 1 Title: Purpose: Authorization, Prior Inconsistent Law Superseded: Amendment Section 2 Definitions
Section 3 Chapter Certification
```

Subchapter 3. Navajo Nation Chapter Governance

```
Section 101 Chapter Government Requirements
Section 102 Governance Procedure Requirements
Section 103 Chapter Authority
```

Chapter 2

CHAPTER GOVERNMENT

Subchapter 5. Navajo Nation Chapters, Officials and Administration - Generally

```
Section 1001 Duties and Responsibilities of Chapter Officials
Section 1002 Meetings: Meeting Notice Requirement; Compensation of Chapter Officials
Section 1003 Order of Business
Section 1004 Chapter Administration
```

Subchapter 7. Navajo Nation Chapter Regulations and Procedure

```
Section 2001 Chapter Ordinance Procedure
Section 2002 Chapter Contract Requirements
Section 2003 Chapter Finance: Budget Process: Chapter Insurance
Section 2004 Zoning: Comprehensive Plans Land Use Variations
Section 2005 Eminent Domain Requirements
Section 2006 [Reserved]
Section 2007 [Reserved]
Section 2008 [Reserved]
```

Subchapter 9. [Reserved] Subchapter 11. [Reserved] Subchapter 13. [Reserved]

Chapter 1 NAVAJO NATION CHAPTERS

Subchapter 1. Generally

Section 1. Title: Purpose: Authorization: Prior Inconsistent Law Superseded: Amendment

A. Title

This Act shall be cited as the "Navajo Nation Local Governance Act" and herein codified in Title Twenty S.x. (26) of the Navajo Nation Code.

B. Purpose

- 1. The purpose of the Local Governance Act is to recognize governance at the local level. Through adoption of this Act, the Navajo Nation Council delegates to Chapters governmental authority with respect to local matters consistent with Navajo law, including custom and tradition. This Act clearly defines the executive and legislative functions of the Chapter as well as the cuties and responsibilities of Chapter officials and administrators consistent with the Navajo Nation's policy of "separation of powers" and "checks and balances."
- Enactment of the Local Governance Act allows Chapters to make decisions over local matters. This authority, in
 the long run, will improve community decision making, allow communities to excel and flourish, enable Navajo
 leaders to lead towards a prosperous future, and improve the strength and sovereignty of the Navajo Nation.
 Through adoption of this Act. Chapters are compelled to govern with responsibility and accountability to the local
 citizens.

C. Authorization

The Navajo Nation Council: by Resolution CAP-34-98, hereby approves the Navajo Nation Local Governance Act.

D Prior Inconsistent Law Superseded

Upon the effective date of the Navajo Nation Local Governance Act, all inconsistent enactments, laws, rules, policies, ordinances and regulations of the Navajo Nation and all branches, divisions, departments, offices and political subdivisions thereof are superseded hereby and/or amended to comply herewith.

E. Amenament

This Act may be amended by the Navajo Nation Council subject to approval of a majority of all Chapters of the Navajo Nation, or this Act may be amended by referendum vote of a majority of all Chapters as set forth in 11 N.N.C., Navajo Nation Election Code

Section 2. Definitions

The language contained in this Section applies generally to all Chapters except as otherwise provided in this Act.

- 1 "Accounting system" means the methods and records established and maintained to identify, assemble, analyze, classify, record and report a Chapter's financial transactions and to maintain accountability, in accordance with generally accepted governmental accounting principles (GAGAP), or another comprehensive basis of accounting, other than GAGAP, of such transactions and for the related assets and liabilities.
- 2 "Administrative functions" are those activities of the Chapter government which are non-legislative, and involve the conduct of programs.
- 3. "A lotment" means a parcel of land either owned by the United States in trust for an Indian (trust allotment) or owned by an Indian subject to restriction imposed by the United States against allenation (restricted fee allotment).
- 4 "Alternative form of Chapter governance" means to give a new design, function or organization to the existing Chapter government.
- 5 "Attendance" means to be present.

- 6 "Chapters" are units of local government which are political subdivisions of the Navajo Nation.
- "Chapter Certification" means the process required of a community group, pursuant to Section 3, seeking to establish a certified Chapter of the Navajo Nation Government.
- 8. "Chapter employee" means any person or entity working for, or rendering or exchanging any services or performing any act for or or behalf of the Chapter in return for any form of payment or other compensation or thing of value received or to be received at any time temporarily, permanently or indefinitely, in any capacity; whether as agent, servant, representative, consultant, advisor, independent contractor or otherwise.
- "Chapter meeting minutes" means the record of all action taken at a duly called meeting of the Chapter or those
 representing such voters pursuant to governing models adopted by the Transportation and Community
 Development Committee of the Navajo Nation Council pursuant to this Act.
- 10 "Chapter membership" means:
 - a. for voting purposes and participation in the Chapter government, all registered voters of the Chapter, or those representing such voters pursuant to governing models adopted by the Transportation and Community Development Committee of the Navajo Nation Council pursuant to this Act.
 - b. for purposes of services and benefits, all tribal members, young and old, who either reside within or are registered in the Chapter. An individual may not be a member of more than one Chapter.
- 11. "Chapter official" The President, Vice-President, and Secretary-Treasurer of the certified chapter, or, for purposes of the Election Code, other officials who may be locally elected based upon governing models adopted by the Transportation and Community Development Committee of the Navajo Nation Council pursuant to this Act.
- "Chapter ballot measure" means the official action of a Chapter's registered voters on a proposed resolution or ordinance pursuant to Section 1003 (B) and 2001(H) et seq. of this Act.
- 13. "Chapter resident" means one who dwells permanently or continuously within the boundaries of a Chapter.
- 14. "Chapter resolution" means the document recording the official action taken by the Chapter membership at a duly call Chapter meeting.
- 15 "Community Based Land Use Plan" means a document adopted by Chapter resolution setting forth current and proposed uses of land within Chapter boundaries, illustrating such uses by map or plat.
- 16. "Contracting" means the act of entering into written agreements which impose legal obligations on the parties who are signatories to the agreement.
- "Custodian" means having day to day charge of official books, records, documents, equipment, property and funds
 of the Chapter.
- 18 "Eminent domain" means the taking of land used by an individual, or legal person or entity, in which an individual, or legal person or entity, has an interest for a governmental purpose. "Just compensation" must be paid to the user for taking of such as prescribed by Navajo law.
- 19. "Filing System" means the system by which all Chapter documents are maintained.
- "Five Management System" means a management system which includes: accounting, procurement, filing, personnel and property management.
- "Governance Procedure Requirements" means the process Chapters must complete pursuant to Section 102 to begin exercising authorities pursuant to this Act.
- 22 "Governmental purposes" means activities carned out by the Chapter for the general health, safety and welfare of the Chapter membership.
- 23 "Local governance" means governance by and through Chapter governmental bodies as set forth by this Act.
- 24. "Manager" means the individual who is responsible for administering the Five Management System and the administration of the Chapter

- 25. "Navajo Nation law" means Navajo statutes, administrative regulations and Navajo common law,
- 26. "Ordinance" means a local law, rule or regulation enacted by a Chapter pursuant to this Act.
- 27. "Oversight" means the general supervision of administrative functions by the Chapter officials and/or the manager to ensure accountability.
- 28. "Personal property" is all supplies, materials, equipment and other property, including expendable and nonexpendable property, capitalized and non-capitalized, but does not include real property or fixtures. Capitalized property is nonexpendable property having acquisition value of \$1,000,00 or more.
- 29. "Personnel management" means the system by which recruitment, retention and termination of employees is administered at the Chapter.
- 30 "Property management" means the system by which the Chapter administers accounts for real and personal property obtained or controlled as a result of past transactions, events or circumstances.
- 31. "Real property" is any interest in land, together with the improvements, structures and fixtures located thereon.
- 32 "Registered voter" means having one's name officially placed on a list of eligible voters.
- 33. "Sub-contract" means the act of entening into a written agreement between a Navajo Nation Chapter and a Navajo Nation division, program or entity.
- 34. "Technical assistance" means services rendered by the central Navajo Nation government with respect to the authority to be exercised by Chapters as described herein.

Section 3. Chapter Certification

- 4 There shall be certified at least one Chapter organization in each Chapter precinct which elects delegates to the Navajo Nation Council. The list of certified Chapters is at 11 N.N.C. Part 1 Section 10
- B. Until increased by certification by the Navajo Nation Council, the number of certified Chapters shall not exceed one hundred and ten (110).
- C. Additional Chapters may be certified only if all of the following are met:
 - Upon presentation of evidence to the Navajo Nation Council that the proposed Chapter represents a community
 group which has existed and functioned as a community for four (4) continuous years.
 - 2 Upon presentation of evidence that the population of the area exceeds 1,000 persons for each of the existing Chapters and that there is a need to establish others.
 - Upon presentation of evidence that the topography or the unique demography of the Chapter area makes tild necessary to have more than one Chapter to allow residents access to Chapter meetings.

Subchapter 3. Navajo Nation Chapter Governance

Section 101. Chapter Government Requirements

- A To ensure accountability, all Chapters are required to adopt and operate under a Five Management System. Chapters shall develop policies and procedures for the Five Management System consistent with applicable Navajo Nation law.
- B. Chapters wanting to administer land, pursuant to this Act, are required to develop a community based and use plan based upon results of a community assessment.

Section 102. Governance Procedure Requirements

4. The Navajo Nation Auditor General's office shall review the Chapter's Five Management System policies and procedures and recommend governance certification of the policies and procedures to the Transportation and Community Development Committee.

- B. Upon review and recommendation by the Auditor General's office, the Transportation and Community Development Committee of the Navajo Nation Council shall certify the Five Management System policies and procedures. Also, the committee shall review, if applicable, the Chapter's community based land use plan. Upon governance certification by the Transportation and Community Development Committee, the Chapter may exercise authorities pursuant to Section 103 of this Act.
- C. Chapters subsequently approving a community based land use plan must receive certification from the Transportation and Community Development Committee Certification by the Transportation and Community Development Committee authorizes Chapters to administer land pursuant to Section 103(D)(1).

Section 103. Chapter Authority

- A. The members of each Chapter, at a duly called meeting, are authorized to oversee the authority delegated to the Chapter pursuant to this Act
- B. All authority exercised by a Chapter shall be consistent with Navajo Nation law.
- All authority exercised by a Chapter, pursuant to this Act, may be preempted by Navajo Nation Council statutes and/or resolutions.
- D. All Chapters, by Chapter resolution, may exercise the following authorities, including, but not limited to:
 - Issue home and business site leases or permits. The issuance of leases and permits shall be done in accordance
 with uniform rules and regulations promulgated by the Resources Committee and the Economic Development
 Committee of the Navajo Nation Council. This provision shall not apply to allotments.
 - 2. Acquire, sell or lease property of the Chapter.
 - 3. Enter into agreements for the provision of goods and services.
 - Enter into agreements with other Chapters to undertake a common goal or interest which will benefit the Chapters
 - 5. Enter into intergovernmental agreements with federal, state, tribal entities and/or their agencies, subject to the approval of the Intergovernmental Relations Committee of the Navajo Nation Council.
 - 6 Enter into contracts or sub-contracts with the Navajo Nation for federal, state, country and other funds, subject to the approval of the Intergovernmental Relations Committee. This provision is not intended to alter federal contracts between Chapters and the United States which pre-date the enactment of this Act.
 - Enter into contracts or sub-contracts for Navajo Nation general funds, with appropriate Navajo Nation divisions, programs or agencies for service delivery programs.
 - Appropriate funds, according to conditions set forth by the Navajo Nation Council, divisions, departments or other funding sources, including Chapter claims funds and Chapter scholarship funds.
 - 9 Retain legal counse
 - 10 Establish a peacemaking system or administrative procedure for resolving disputes arising from Chapter resolutions, ordinances, or administrative action; including matters ansing from personal disputes. The peacemaking system should emphasize Navajo custom for resolving disputes not otherwise contrary to Navajo law and/or custom.
 - 11. Generate revenue through means established by the Chapter consistent with this Act.
- E. Chapters may adopt the following ordinances pursuant to Section 2001 of this Act.
 - 1. Amend the land use plan to meet the changing needs of the community.
 - Acquire property by eminent domain, pursuant to Section 2005 of this Act. This provision shall not apply to allotments.
 - 3. Acquire and administer capital improvement project funds.

- 4. Zoning ordinances consistent with the Chapter's community based land use plan.
- 5 Regulatory ordinances for governmental purposes, enforcement of which shall be by the Chapter, for the general health, safety and welfare of the Chapter membership, consistent with Navajo Nation law.
- 6 An alternative form of Chapter governance based upon models provided by the Transportation and Community Development Committee of the Navayo Nation Council
- 7 A municipal form of government or Chapter sub-units based upon models provided by the Transportation and Community Development Committee of the Navajo Nation Council.
- 8 Local taxes pursuant to a local tax code developed by the Navajo Tax Commission and approved by the Navajo Nation Council.
- 9. Local fees based upon guidelines established by the Navajo Nation Council.
- 10. Issue community bonds.
- 11. Compensate the Chapter President, the Vice President, and the Secretary Treasurer
- 12. Others, subject to the approval of the Transportation and Community Development Committee of the Navajo Nation Council.
- F. Chapter members may delegate the resolution authority to the Chapter administration through the Chapter ordinance process. The delegation of authority specifically applies to: the issuance of home, business and other site leases, contracting, the authority to acquire, sell or lease personal property of the Chapter, and to appropriate funds.
- G The Chapter Officials and/or the Chapter membership are prohibited from granting monetary loans and approving per capita distribution of Chapter funds to the Chapter membership.
- H. All residents of the Chapter, whether registered voters or not, are subject to the jurisdiction of the Chapter pursuant to this Section.

Chapter 2

CHAPTER GOVERNMENT

Subchapter 5. Navajo Nation Chapters, Officials and Administration - Generally

Section 1001. Duties and Responsibilities of Chapter Officials

- A. Chapter officials are elected by the Chapter membership to facilitate the conduct of Chapter meetings and guide policy making within the Chapter. The administrative functions of the Chapter government are to be left to the Chapter employees. An individual may not serve as both a Chapter official and Chapter employee at the same time.
- B. The duties and responsibilities of the Chapter officials are as follows:
 - 1 The Chapter President shall:
 - a. Consult with the Chapter Vice President, Secretary/Treasurer, Council Delegate(s), and Chapter staff in preparation of the agenda for each Chapter meeting. If applicable, the President shall also consider proposed agenda items from the planning meeting.
 - Preside and maintain order over Chapter meetings. All Chapter meetings shall be conducted according to the standard order of business pursuant to Section 1003 of this Act.
 - c. Provide all residents of the community with equal opportunity to speak on issues before the Chapter

- Recommend the establishment of and appointment to the standing and special committees of the Chapter to the membership for approval.
- e. Adjourn or postpone a Chapter meeting in the event of:
 - 1. A ack of guorum
 - 2 Disorder at the meeting:
 - 3. Unforeseen emergency:
 - 4. When a Chapter meeting is adjourned or postponed, the Chapter President shall provide notice to the Chapter members as to the time and place of the next or continued Chapter meeting.
- f. Vote in case of a tie
- g. Call emergency or special Chapter meetings.
- h. Coordinate, plan and organize to improve Chapter functions and activities.
- Ensure that the duties and responsibilities of the Vice President and the Secretary/Treasurer are carned out in the best interest of the Chapter community.
- Work closely with the Vice President, and Secretary/Treasurer, to ensure that the Chapter administration is adequately meeting the Chapter's directives and expending funds according to conditions of the Navajo Nation Council and/or the Chapter's annual budgetary objectives; and shall report to the Chapter membership.
- Follow-up with Tribal. Federal and State governments or their agencies on resolutions, ordinances, recommendations, proposals and projects of the Chapter.
- Take action to protect the life and property of the members of the Chapter in case of an emergency or other crisis
- m. Carry out the decisions of the Chapter and not frustrate those decisions in any way.
- Work closely with Council members. Chapter elected officials, committees and other concerned groups or agencies.
- Encourage and promote community participation in planning and development.
- p. Mediate disputes, if appropriate, of families residing within the Chapter and/or refer such family disputes to appropriate social service or law enforcement authorities, as the circumstances may require.
- q. Represent the Chapter at meetings which the Chapter has interest.
- Keep informed of all Chapter related activities and acts to advance the interests of the community in all matters
- Have authority to sign all contracts, leases and all other official documents of the Chapter, unless otherwise stated.
- Delegate to the Vice President certain duties and a responsibility of the presidency, when the President is otherwise incapacitated or is unavailable to perform his duties.
- 2. The Chapter Vice President shall:
 - Automatically assume the duties and responsibilities of the Chapter President, in the absence of the President during Chapter meetings.
 - b. In the event of an unforeseen situation, assume delegated duties and responsibilities of the Chapter President for a reasonable time period.

- c. Assist the President and Secretary/Treasurer with their duties and responsibilities.
- d. Work closely with Chapter elected officials, committees and other concerned groups or agencies.
- e. Monitor community projects.
- f Represent the Chapter at meetings of which the Chapter has interest.
- g. Support and assist the President and Secretary/Treasurer in carrying out the decisions of the Chapter and not act to frustrate those decisions.

3 The Chapter Secretary/Treasurer shall

- Maintain complete and accurate records of all Chapter activities and provide written information when called upon.
- b. Assist the President and Vice President in preparing the agenda.
- Prepare and finalize all resolutions, proposals, letters and other important documents for distribution to appropriate agencies.
- d. Take the minutes of Chapter meetings and record in detail all resolutions, votes and other official actions of the Chapter Discussion of all action items shall be recorded with a tape recording machine.
- Follow up with the Chapter President and Vice President on all referrals of resolutions, proposals, correspondence and other related matters
- f Represent the Chapter at meetings of which the Chapter has an interest.
- g. Work closely with the Chapter President, Vice President, and other Chapter committees.
- Monitor the maintenance of an adequate accounting system to ensure accountability of all funds and expenditures; and shall report to the Chapter President and membership.
- Shall, in consultation with the Chapter President and Vice President, ensure that the administration prepares
 monthly financial reports of all transactions and expenditures of the Chapter by categories. The
 Secretary/Treasurer is responsible for providing all financial reports to the Chapter membership at duly
 called Chapter meetings.
- Keep records of meeting claims, attendance and payment of Chapter officials
- k. Turn over, to the Chapter manager, within 10 working days of the official action, all resolutions, minutes and other official documents finalized by the Secretary/Treasurer,
- Consign all Chapter checks along with the Chapter manager. In the event that the Secretary/Treasurer is unavailable, the Chapter President or the Vice President may consign Chapter checks.
- Elected officials of the Navajo Nation Chapters shall serve for a term of four (4) years and shall not be limited to the number of terms he or she may serve.
- D. Elected officials of the Navajo Nation Chapters shall take the path of office before assuming official outies.
- E. Elected officials are prohibited from direct involvement in the management and operations of the Chapter administration.
- F. Elected officials, immediately upon resignation, removal or expiration of the term of office, shall turn over to the duly certified successor, all books, records, and property in his her possession belonging to the Chapter.
- G Elected officials shall comply with all Navajo Nation laws, Chapter ordinances and resolutions. These officials shall perform the duties enumerated above, and such other duties as may be consistent with Navajo law, including this Act and applicable plans of operation enacted by the Chapter membership.

H. Elected officials of the Navajo Nation Chapters shall attend, upon taking the oath of office, a training session on Ethics in Government sponsored by the Ethics and Rules Office of the Navajo Nation. Chapter officials shall maintain a high standard of conduct in all Chapter business consistent with Navajo law, including this law, and the Navajo Nation Ethics and Government law. Chapter officials are prohibited from rendering opinions, directions or decisions contrary to the sound practice of leadership or contrary to the best interest of the Chapter.

Section 1002. Meetings: Meeting Notice Requirement: Compensation of Chapter Officials

- A. Number of meetings. Each Chapter shall determine the number of meetings to be held each month and the time and place for such meetings (subject to the right of the Chapter President to call special or emergency meetings when necessary).
- B. Meeting Notice. The Chapter officials shall post all Chapter meeting agendas within the Chapter boundaries at least 48 hours prior to the meeting.
- C. Compensation of Chapter Officials
 - Chapter officials shall be compensated for only the number of meetings provided for in the Navajo Nation approved budget. It is nonetheless the obligation of Chapter officials to be present at all Chapter meetings.
 - 2. A Chapter meeting claim form signed only by the claimant shall be attached to each of the regularly scheduled Chapter meeting reports filed by the Chapter Secretary/Treasurer with the Chapter Government Development Department, Division of Community Development, or if applicable, by the Chapter administration.
 - a. Each regularly scheduled Chapter meeting report and claim form shall be correctly filled out before it will be accepted and processed for payment by the Chapter Government Development Department, Division of Community Development, or if applicable, by the Chapter administration:
 - Each Chapter President. Vice President, Secretary/Treasurer (the appointed acting Secretary and/or the Chapter President Pro-Tempore) shall be paid in accordance with the approved fiscal year budget;
 - No Chapter official shall be compensated for a Chapter meeting unless he or she was in official attendance at that meeting; and
 - d. Reports will be furnished for all Chapter meetings, regular or special, and state whether or not Chapter officials are to be compensated for attendance at such meetings.

Section 1003, Order of Business

- 4. The Chapter President or in the absence of the President, the Vice President shall chair all regular or special Chapter meetings. In the absence of the President and Vice President, the Chapter members present may select a Chairperson Pro Tempore for that meeting only.
- B. All Chapter meetings require a quorum of 25 registered Chapter members to conduct official Chapter business. Chapters, whether governance certified or not, may amend the quorum requirement, based upon models and procedural regulations adopted by the Transportation and Community Development Committee of the Navajo Nation Council. Adoption of an amended quorum requirement requires approval of chapter ballot measure in accordance with 11 N.N.C. \$§401-408.
- C. Chapters may adopt standard rules for conducting Chapter meetings.
- D. Procedural Rules for Motions.
 - The approval or amendments to the agenda, minutes, report(s) and resolution(s) under old and new business of the agenda shall be done in the following manner:
 - a. Upon presenting the agenda, minutes, report(s), resolution(s) and/or issue(s) of the agenda, the Chapter President shall request a motion to accept the matter before the Chapter membership and recognize a second to the main motion.
 - b. Upon receiving a motion and a second to the main motion, the Chapter President shall provide an opportunity to members of the Chapter to address the matter before the Chapter membership.
 - Any member of the Chapter may propose an amendment to the main motion which would require a second.
 The Chapter membership shall vote on the proposed amendment motion. If the amendment motion passes.

- it shall take precedence over the part of the main motion subject to a proposed amendment. Only one motion to amend the main motion shall be on the floor.
- d. Any member of the Chapter may propose a substitute motion and if it passes, it shall take the place of the main motion. The substitute motion shall be seconded and voted on.
- a. Any member of the Chapter may propose to table the legislation or issue before the Chapter. The motion to table the matter shall be seconded and voted on. If the tabling motion passes, it shall take precedence over other motions.
- 2 The Chapter President, Vice President, and Secretary/Treasurer, at a duly called Chapter meeting, are prohibited from making main motions and second motions on substantive and administrative matters. They may make motions and second motions during planning meetings.

Section 1004. Chapter Administration

- A. The Chapter shall enact, by resolution, plans of operation for all executive functions and administrative policies of the Chapter, including but not limited to: record-keeping, accounting, personnel, payroll, property management, contracting procurement and program management. The Five Management system shall be the basis of enacting the plans of operation and administrative policies. The Chapter administration shall follow the duties and responsibilities prescribed in the plans of operation and shall comply with all administrative policies and procedures enacted by the Chapter.
- B. The Chapter manager shall co-sign all Chapter checks
- C. The Chapter manager shall be the custodian of all official books, records, documents, and funds of the Chapter. Failure of the manager to safeguard these items is cause for removal and assessment of applicable penalties pursuant to Navajo Nation law.
- D. Members of the Chapter, individually, are prohibited from direct involvement in the management and operations of the government or administration.

Subchapter 7. Navajo Nation Chapter Regulations and Procedure

Section 2001. Chapter Ordinance Procedure

- A. All proposed ordinance(s) shall contain the following
 - 1 an ordinance number:
 - 2. a title which indicates the nature of the subject matter of the ordinance
 - 3 a preamble which states the intent, need or reason for the ordinance.
 - 4. the subject of the ordinance:
 - 5 rules and regulations governing the enforcement of the ordinance, budgetary information, and where applicable, a statement indicating the penalty for violation of the ordinance;
 - 6 a statement indicating the date when the ordinance shall pecome effective:
 - 7 the signature of the Chapter President to make an official recording of the transaction or writing.
- B. The proposed ordinance shall be read into the record at two consecutive Chapter meetings, of which one may be designated a special meeting, to provide information and an opportunity to discuss and comment on the proposed ordinance(s).
- C. All proposed ordinances shall be read in both English and Navayo.
- D. After the final reading, the proposed ordinance shall be posted at public places within the Chapter boundaries a minimum of fourteen (14) days prior to the vote. The date of the vote shall be decided upon at this time.

- E. Passage of all ordinance(s), except those listed in subsection H, requires a majority of the votes cast, by the Chapter membership during a regular or special meeting.
- F. All ordinances shall be compiled and maintained at the Chapter for public information. Copies of ordinances shall be filed with the central Records Management Department of the Navaro Nation.
- G. Ordinances shall be amended or rescinded by the process provided in this Section. All ordinances proposing amendments shall clearly indicate new language by underscoring and deletions by overstriking.
- H. A Chapter ballot measure shall be used for the adoption of an alternative form of Chapter governance, a municipal form of government. Chapter sub-units, local taxes and fees, issuance of community bonds and compensation of Chapter officials. Adoption of a chapter ballot measure shall be in accordance with 11 N.N.C. §§401-408.
- Chailenges to ordinances shall be pursuant to 1 N.N.C.. Chapter 5. Subchapter 1, section 501 et. seq.

Section 2002. Chapter Contract Requirements

- A. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, ail contracts authorized to be executed on behalf of a Chapter, and utilizing Navaro Nation funds shall:
 - 1 expressly state the liability of the Chapter under the contract:
 - 2. be approved by the Chapter membership, before being executed on behalf of the Chapter:
 - have sufficient funds appropriated and available;
 - comply with the Business Procurement Act. 12 N.N.C. Section 1501 et seq., the Employment Preference Act, 15 N.N.C. Section 601 et seq., the Business Preference Act, 5 N.N.C. Section 201 et seq., and rules and regulations promulgated thereto:
 - 5. be awarded only after public advertisement and bidding;
 - 6 not waive the sovereign immunity of the Navajo Nation:
 - 7 provide access to all contracts or papers to the public; and, if applicable
 - not exceed 10% of the accepted bid. If the 10% cap is exceeded by change orders, modifications or amendments, such change orders, modifications or amendments shall be subject to the provisions of Section 2002(A)(5) above.
- B. All executed contracts and papers, and any modifications thereof, shall be filed at the Chapter,

Section 2003. Chapter Accounting System; Chapter Appropriations; Budget Process; Chapter Insurance

- A. The Chapter shall adopt an accounting system deemed acceptable by the Auditor General.
- B. In accordance with the exception provided in 12 N.N.C. §820 (N), funds appropriated to the chapters by the Navajo Nation Council shall not be subject to a lapse of appropriation at the end of the fiscal year provided that chapters shall budget those funds in the subsequent fiscal year in accordance with the purposes and conditions originally set forth by the Navajo Nation Council in its appropriations.
- C. Budget Process
 - At least one month before the end of the Navajo Nation fiscal year, the manager, in consultation with the Chapter
 officials, shall prepare, schedule and explain the annual Chapter budget to the membership. Chapters are
 required to follow the annual budget instruction of the Navajo Nation Office of Management and Budget when
 formulating the annual Chapter budget and when the budget concerns Navajo general funds. At a duly called
 planning meeting, the manager shall present a proposed annual budget for the ensuing fiscal year. The manager
 shall, to the extent allowed by law, include the objectives of the membership in the proposed budget.
 - The budget shall consist of financial information, including but not limited to: a statement on prior financial
 expenditures; capital improvement funds; debts; encumbrances; and budget objectives from the current year
 and the status of those objectives.

- 3 The manager, in consultation with the Chapter officials, shall finalize the budget for approval by the Chapter membership. The Chapter membership shall vote upon the budget at a duly called Chapter meeting in which reasonable notice has been given to the Chapter membership that said meeting will include approval of the annual budget. The budget expenditures shall not exceed the total of the estimated income for the fiscal year. No payments shall be made or obligated except in accordance with the appropriation duly enacted by the Chapter or adopted by the Navajo Nation Council.
- D To protect the interests of the Chapter, the Chapter shall participate in the Navajo Nation's insurance and employee benefit programs, subject to the terms and conditions of such programs. In the event that a Chapter elects not to participate in the Navajo Nation's programs, the Chapter shall establish adequate coverage through the creation of a self-insurance program or the procurement of appropriate policies.
- E. Chapter funds shall not be used for personal, business or other forms of loans. Per capital distribution of funds by the Chapter is prohibited.
- F. Any person, agent, or Chapter official misappropriating or misusing Chapter funds or property shall be subject to prosecution under the applicable laws of the Navajo Nation, and, if appropriate, under the laws of the United States federal government.

Section 2004. Zoning: Community Based Land Use Plan; Land Use Variations

A Zoning

- Chapters may enact zoning ordinances provided that the membership adopt and implement a community based land use plan pursuant to Section 2004(8).
- 2 Adoption of all local zoning ordinances shall be done pursuant to Section 103(E)(4) of this Act.
- The Chapter shall be responsible for the enforcement of all zoning ordinances adopted by the membership. The Chapter shall provide and maintain information relative to all matters arising from adopted zoning ordinances.
- All proposed amendments to zoning ordinances shall first be reviewed by the Community Land Use Planning Committee (CLUPC), and shall require approval by the Chapter membership before becoming effective

B. Community Based Land Use Plan

The Chapter, at a meeting duly-called chapter meeting, shall by resolution, vote to implement a community based land use plan, after the CLUPC has educated the community on the concepts, needs, and process for planning and implementing a community based land use plan. The community based land use plan shall project future community land needs, shown by location and extent, of areas identified for residential, commercial, industrial, and public purposes. The land use plan shall be based upon the guiding principles and vision as articulated by the community along with information revealed in inventories and assessments of the natural, cultural, human resources, and community infrastructure; and, finally with consideration for the land-carrying capacity. Such a plan may also include, the following

- An open space plan which preserves for the people certain areas to be retained in their natural state or developed for recreational purposes.
- A thoroughfare plan which provides information about the existing and proposed road network in relation to the land use of the surrounding area.
- A community facilities plan which shows the location, type, capacity, and area served, of present and projected or required community facilities including, but not limited to, recreation areas, schools, libraries, and other public buildings, It will also show related public utilities and services and indicate how these services are associated with future and use.
- C. Establishment and Duties of the Community Land Use Planning Committee
 - 1. Upon approval and passage of a Chapter resolution stating the Chapter's desire to develop and implement a comprehensive community based land use plan, the Chapter shall establish a Community Land Use Planning Committee (CLUPC) to approve the processes for planning and to oversee planning activities. The CLUPC shall be comprised of voting members of the Chapter that have expertise to provide valuable contributions to the overall land planning process. Subcommittees such as technical, and public advisory committees, comprising of voting and non-voting members may be established to assist the CLUPC.

- The CLUPC may here a planner, subject to availability of funds, to be responsible for preparing the community based land use plan. At a minimum, the planner shall exhibit leadership qualities and organizational abilities along with experience or education in the discipline of land planning.
- The planner shall work under the supervision of the CLUPC and with the community residents. The duties and
 responsibilities of the planner shall include:
 - a) Coordinating all land planning activities.
 - b) Developing a community education and participation plan describing methods that will foster public education and participation through public hearings, newspaper and radio. Chapter members will be periodically informed on the progress of the land planning activities. All information pertaining to the plan shall be available to the public. The CLUPC shall approve the community participation plan.
 - Developing and implementing a community assessment ascertaining the goals, priorities, and vision for the future of the community.
 - d) Inventorying and assessing pertinent data. The planner shall request data and seek technical assistance when necessary for compilation of all available date from tribal, federal, and state agencies for inventorying and assessing natural, cultural, and human resources, as well as community infrastructure. In addition, Chapters may hire consultants to assist with the inventory and assessments.
 - e). In the event a chapter lacks the resources to hire a planner, the CLUPC shall be responsible for conducting the duties described in this subsection.
- D. Presentation and Approval of Community Based Land Use Plan by the Chapter and Certification by the Transportation and Community Development committee
- 1. Upon completion of the resource inventory, assessments, and community assessment, the CLUPC shall prepare a community based land use plan as described in Section 101. Local planning and zoning ordinances may also be presented at this time. The community based land use plan shall be presented to the local residents in one or more public meetings and through the various multimedia. The community members shall have 60 days to comment in writing or in testimony at a final public hearing. Upon compliance with the notice requirements, the chapter, at a duly called chapter meeting, shall by resolution, yote to adopt the community based land use plan.
- The CLUPC shall make necessary adjustments, as approved by the chapter membership, and shall submit the plan to
 the Transportation and Community Development Committee of the Navajo Nation Council The Transportation and
 Community Development Committee by resolution shall certify the community based and use plan. Every five years
 the plan shall be reevaluated and readjusted to meet the needs of the changing community.
- E. Land Use Variations

The utilization of all withdrawn ands of the community as defined by the adopted Community Based Land Use Plan shall be in accordance with applicable Navajo Nation and federal law, and the provisions of said plan: variations to said plan must be consistent with Section 103(E)(4).

Section 2005. Eminent Domain Requirements

- A. Damages to Improvements of Individual Navayo Indians
 - Whenever a Navajo Nation Chapter disposes of land containing anyimprovement belonging to a Navajo Indian
 who will not donate the same, whether the disposition is made by surface lease, permit, consent to grant of
 right-of-way or consent to commencement of construction on a proposed right-of-way, or in any other manner
 that gives the grantee or proposed grantee exclusive use of the surface of the land containing such improvement,
 or authorizes the grantee or proposed grantee to use the surface of the land in such manner that said
 improvement or improvements must be removed, damaged, or destroyed, the Chapter will pay damages to the
 rightful claimant of such improvement or improvements.
 - 2 As used in this Section "improvement" means house, hogans, sunshade, stables, storage sheds, dugouts, and sweathouses: sheep and horse corrals, and pens, and fences lawfully maintained; migation ditches, dams, development work on springs, and other water supply developments, any and all structures used for lawful purposes and other things having economic value. Where any improvement of a Navajo Indian is readily removable and such person has an opportunity to remove the same, damages payable on account of said improvement shall be limited to the reasonable cost of removal, if any, even though the claimant thereof may have falled to remove such improvement and it may have been destroyed or damaged in the authorized course of the land on which it is located.

- 3. No damages shall be paid to any person for any improvement, when such person at the time of building or acquiring said improvement knew or with reasonable diligence pught to have known that the area in which it was located was proposed to be disposed of by the Chapter adversely to such person's interest.
- 4. Damages to be paid to individual Navajo Indians under this Section shall be fixed by negotiation and consent between the Chapter President of the Chapter or his or her authorized representative and the individual involved. If no agreement satisfactory to the Chapter President or his or her representative can be reached within a reasonable time, the Chapter President shall appoint one appraiser, the individual shall appoint one appraiser, and the two appraisers so appointed shall appoint a third appraiser; but if they cannot agree upon the third appraiser within 10 days, the Chapter President may appoint him or her. The three appraisers shall examine the improvement alleged to be damaged and shall appraise and determine the damages. Their determination shall be submitted to the Natural Resources Committee of the Navajo Nation Council and when, if, and as approved by said Committee the amount thereof shall be final. The Chapter shall pay the fees of said appraisers, except where they are regular Navajo Nation employees, in which case they shall not be entitled to any fees. In addition the Chapter shall pay the reasonable and necessary expenses of said appraisers, whether or not such appraisers are Navajo Nation employees.
- B. Economic Damage to Intangible Interests of Navaro Indians
 - 1 Whenever as a result of a Navajo Nation Chapter granting any lease or permit embracing Navajo Nation land, or granting permission by the Chapter for the use of Navajo Nation land, or as a result of the use of Navajo Nation land under such lease, permit or permission, the value of any part of such land for its customary use by any Navajo Indian formally lawfully using the same is destroyed or diminished, the Chapter will compensate the former Navajo Indian user in the manner hereinafter specified.
 - When the livelihood of the former Navajo Indian user is gravely affected by the new use, such user shall have first priority in resettling on other lands acquired by the Navajo Nation, except the area acquired pursuant to the Act of September 2, 1958 (72 Stat. 1686)) and the Chapter shall pay the expense of removing said person, his or her family, and property to any newland made available for his or her use, and such shall constitute full compensation to such Navajo.
 - 3 In all other cases involving damages under this paragraph, the amount thereof shall be fixed and determined in the manner specified in 26 N.N.C. Section 2005(A)(4) above.
 - 4 Whereby reseeding, irrigation, or otherwise, the remaining land in the customary use area of any individual damaged by the governmental exercise of eminent domain is within a reasonable time made able to provide the same economic return as his or her former entire customary use area, no damages shall be payable to such person, except for the period, if any, between adverse disposition of the land in the customary use area and the time when the productivity of the remaining land achieves equality with the entire former customary use area.
 - 5 Only lawful and authorized use shall be compensated under this Section. Thus, no person shall be compensated for loss of use of land for grazing animals in excess of his or her permitted number, or without a permit.
 - 6 Every person otherwise entitled to damages under subsection (3) of this Section shall not be entitled to receive any payment thereof until that person has surrendered for cancellation that person's grazing permit as to all animal units in excess of the carrying capacity of the land remaining in that person's customary use area. Person's surrendering their grazing permits shall be entitled to an immediate lump sum payment based on the current market value for each sheep unit canceled.
- C. Adverse Disposition of Navago Nation Land Not to be Made Until Individual Damages are Estimated

Neither lessee, permittee, or the grantee of a nght-of-way or other interest in or nght to use Navajo Nation lands shall commence any construction thereon, nor make any change in the grade or contour thereof or remove any surface vegetation thereon until the damages to the improvements thereon or the customary use nghts of all the individuals affected thereby have been estimated by the Office of Navajo Land Administration of the Navajo Nation. Unless the Chapter membership has previously authorized the payment of such damages from nonrembursable funds of the Chapter. The Chapter President shall require the applicant for such lease, permit or grant of a nght-of-way or other interest in or nght to use Navajo Nation lands to deposit with the Chapter Secretary/Treasurer an amount equal to at least double the estimate of damage made by the Office of Navajo Land Administration. After the lease, permit, or grant of right-of-way or user has become final and the damages have been determined, either by appreisal, estimate or by consent as hereinbefore provided, the Chapter President shall cause the Secretary/Treasurer to pay, from and out of this deposit, to the person or persons damaged thereby such sum as he, she or they may be entitled to under the terms of this Section, and to return to the applicant the excess thereof, except that where the individual damaged has not consented to the determination of the amount thereof, it shall be withheld in order to satisfy the excess amount, if any determined under 26 N.N.C. Section 2005(A). Such disbursements shall be made without further appropriation of the Navajo Nation Chapter membership. All sums held by the Secretary/Treasurer of the Navajo

Nation Chapter, pursuant to the terms of this Section, for a period of more than 30 days shall be deposited in a Federal Savings and Loan Association or invested in the bonds of the United States until needed for disbursement.

Section 2006. [Reserved] Section 2007. [Reserved] Section 2008. [Reserved] Subchapter 9. [Reserved] Subchapter 11. [Reserved] Subchapter 13. [Reserved]

ONGD: Revised December 10, 2008

Torreon/Star Lake

pital Project Description

						Capital Project Description	t Descrip	tion				
Year Rank:		2020 - 1		202	2020 - 2026		Project ID	ver.	SOMP	COMPB29401-000210		
Project Title		New Mix-U	New Mix-Use Administrative Complex	ve Complex								
Contact Name	di di	Wally Toledo	go	Con	Contact Phone:		505 731-2336	336	Conta	Contact Email:		torreon@nsvajochapters org
Project description:	ription:	Plan, desig space avai project	Plan cesyn and construction a Mix-Use Administrative C space available to meet environmental health standards project.	bon a Mix-U	se Administr I health stan	ative Complex for sards. The Land S	the commissions. Arc	unity to meet haeological (in and meet the Clearance and Er	needs of the grow	ang popula essment ha	Plan design and construction a Mix-Use Administrative Complex for the community to meet in and meet the needs of the growing population increase the amount of space available to meet environmental health standards. The Land Survey, Archaeological Clearance and Environmental Assessment have been completed for this project.
Statement of Need:	Need:	The project School To	The project will benefit the School Torreon Head Sta	need for im It and Cubs	plement you independen	h schylbes for the School to provid	Formeon S e youth act	Star Lake Characters and the	apter community e request to prov	the need for implement youth activities for the Tomeon Star Lake Chapter community. Tomeon Star Lake (Start and Cubs independent School to provide youth activities and the request to provide better programs.	e Chapter	the need for implement youth activities for the Torrson Star Lake Chapter community. Torrson Star Lake Chapter opordinates with Torrson Day Start and Cubs independent School to provide youth activities and the request to provide better programs.
Project Location:	tion:	_BD										
Secured an	Secured and Potential Funding Budget	nding Bu	udget									
Funding Type		Funding Source	nroe	Poter applie	Potential Funding Amount applied for, or to be applied	d for:	Applied For?	ar?	Amount	Amount Secured	Date R	Date Received
State of New Mexico		Capital Outlay	Ą			\$735,577	Yes			\$50,000		Monday April 18, 2018
Federal	ব	AML					No					
Navajo Chapter		hapter Sale	Chapter Sales Tax Funds			\$34.502 No	No.			\$34,502		Fridsy November 17 2017
Federal	Ī	99				700	Se.					
Proposed Budget	Budget											
	Completed		Amount A	Amount Y1	Amount Y2	Y2 Amount Y3		Amount Y4	Amount Y5	Amount Y6		Total Not Yet Funded
Land	A.M		510.577		\$0	80	80		80	08	90	80
Planning / Predesign	ę			\$100.000	000	08	90		20	90	30	\$100,000
Architecture / Engineering	/ No			\$100.000	000	08	80		20	05	08	\$100,000
Construction	No				9	\$500 000	8		20	80	30	\$500,000
Other	Š				30	\$25 000	S		20	08	90	\$25,000
Total			510.577	\$200,000		\$526 000	8		20	08	90	\$725,000
Annual Op	Annual Operating Budget: (Entity Responsibility)	t: (Entity	Responsib	lity)								
			Amount Y1		Amount Y2	Amount Y3	An	Amount Y4	Amount Y5	Amount Y6	Tot	Total for next 6 years
Operating / Maintenance	laintenance			90		30	20	90		30	30	80
Operating Revenues	venues			90		08	95	95		\$0	\$	80
Total				90		05	S	05		\$0	\$0	80

Torreon/Star Lake

unit			#C20	d Use Plan							264											_	
	Year Rank:	Project Title:	Contact Name:	Project description:	Statement of Need:	Project Location:	Secured and Potential Funding Budget	Funding Type	State of New Mexico	Other	Federal	Navajo Nation	Navajo Nation	State of New Mexico	Federal	Navajo Chapter	State of New Mexico	Other	Proposed Budget	Land	Planning / No Predesign	Architecture / No Engineering	Construction
	2020 - 2	New	Wally	Plan, plann Chapt Servic resour The st	The pi	Near	tial Fundin	Funding	Capital Outlay	NTUA	CDBG	NN Mat	NN Fue	Capital Outlay	AML	Chapter	NM Trib	NTOA	t Completed				
	-2	New Torreon Navajo Emergency Medical Services Building	Wally Toledo	design, construct, ing. design and co ing. design and co fer has completed be Program will ide inventory, and ize type and required will own and open	The project will benefit the Torreon/Star Lake Chapter commu Services currently operates out of the Torreon Chapter House	Near the Fire Station	g Budget	Funding Source	Outlay			NN Matching CIP Funds	NN Fuel Excise Tax Funds	Outlay		Chapter General Funds	NM Tribal Infrastructure Fund		Amount	Secured			
	2020	nergency Medica	Conta	equip and furnis instruction of the land survey, and land survey, and surffy the Enginee the environment fred equipment write the building	he Torreon/Star			Potenti					un.				pur		Amount Y1	\$0	\$100,000	\$100,000	Ca
Cap	2020 - 2025	al Services Buildi	Contact Phone:	h Torreon Navajo Torreon Navajo heological clears er and Architect er and Architect all assessment a vill be determine Navajo EMS De	Lake Chapter co			Potential Funding Amount applied for:											Amount Y2	0			0000000
Capital Project Description	Pr	Bui	(2)	o Emergency Emergency N ance and envir for the design and has been of during Phase	wmunity to ac touse				\$90,000 No	S	Š	2	S	No.	N	\$18,000 No	No	Š	Amount Y3	08	80	08	000
Description	Project ID:		505) 731-2338	Medical Service Buil edical Service Buil commental assessm of the facility and pompleted. Phase I II. Phase III will on	idress the need for			Applied For?											73 Amount Y4	0\$	90	08	9
	NTN		Cont	Plan, design, construct, equip and furnish Torreon Navajo Emergency Medical Services in Torreo/Star Lake Chapter, Sand planning, design and construction of the Torreon Navajo Emergency Medical Service Building and provide office space for Chapter has completed land survey, archeological clearance and environmental assessment for five(5) acres of land for thi Service Program will identify the Engineer and Architect for the design of the facility and potential funding sources. Phase I resource inventory, and the environmental assessment and has been completed. Phase II will consist of the planning and oThe size, type and required equipment will be determine during Phase II will consist of the construction of the province Nation will own and operate the building Navajo EMS Department Sandoval County will be the fiscal scent for the province.	better Emergency			Amoun											4 Amount Y5	0\$	\$0	\$0	
	NTNEMSB29401-000812		Contact Email:	Chapter, Sandor files space for a sof land for this; urces. Phase I or planning and de ction of the project for the project.	Medical Services			Amount Secured	800							\$18			Amount Y6	08	80	0\$	00
	112		torreon@n	Plan, design, construct, equip and furnish Torreon Navajo Emergency Medical Services in Torreo/Star Lake Chapter, Sandoval County. The project will include the planning, design and construction of the Torreon Navajo Emergency Medical Service Building and provide office space for a staff of 10 personnel. Torreon/Star Lake Chapter has completed land survey, archeological clearance and environmental assessment for five(5) acres of land for this project. The Navajo Emergency Medical Service Program will identify the Engineer and Architect for the design of the facility and potential funding sources. Phase I consisted of the land acquisition, cultural resource inventory, and the environmental assessment and has been completed. Phase II will consist of the planning and design for the project and will take 12 months. The Navajo Nation will own and obersite the building Navajo EMS Department. Sandoval Country will be the facial space from the project and will take 12 months. The Navajo Nation will own and obersite the building Navajo EMS Department.	The project will benefit the Torreon/Star Lake Chapter community to address the need for better Emergency Medical Services. The Torreon Navajo Emergency Medical Services out of the Torreon Chapter House			Date Received	290,000							\$18,000 Friday, January 1, 2010			6 Total Not Yet Funded	80	08	80	9
			torreon@navajochapters org	will include the forreon/Star Lak nergency Medio quisition, cultura (will take 12 months. The Navajo	Emergency Me											y 1, 2010			unded	80	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$500,000

			Capital Project Description	Description				
Other	No	90	SO	\$0	04	SO	05	80
Total		\$200,000	\$500,000	08	20	00	So	\$700,000
Annual Operati	Annual Operating Budget: (Entity Responsibility)							
	Amount Y1	Amount Y1 Amount Y2	Amount Y3	Amount Y4	Amount Y5	Amount Y4 Amount Y5 Amount Y6	Total for next 6 years	5 years
Operating / Maintenance	nance	20	08	08	05	\$0	\$0	\$0
Operating Revenues	sa a	80	0\$	08	0\$	0%	0\$	0.5
Total		20	90	05	90	\$0	20	\$0

Torreon/Star Lake

2020 - 3 2020 - 2025 Project ID NCCTSW29401-000523	2020 - 2025 Project ID NCCTSW284		1 TO		
		2020 - 3	2020 - 2025	Project ID	NCCTSW29401-000523

The water project will address the need of domestic water for community members within the Cayaditio Camp and Torreon South sites. Currently, community members had water needed from the Torreon Chapter House and Churches for domestic use. The project will provide domestic water to 30 householdes in the Torreon South Tomeon Community water system is operated by the Navajo Tribai Utility Authority (NUTA). The current will serve the Tomeon and Rincon Marquez Communities in Sandoval County and will be in three phases. Tomeon/Star Lake Chapter main water fine for the Tomeon South Area has been completed. Provide domestic water to households within the south protion of Torreon Community. Indian Health Service will provide individual septic tankforamfields systems. Project description: Statement of Need

torreon@navajoohapters org

Contact Email:

605 731-2336

Contact Phone

Wally Toledo

Area and 8 households in the Cayaditto Camp.

South Torreon

Project Location:

Secured and	Potential Ful	Secured and Potential Funding Budget									
Funding Type	J.	Funding Source	Potenti	Potential Funding Amount applied for.		Applied For?		Amount Secured	eonred	Date Received	ved
Federal	Ī	IHS			-	No					
Federal	5	CDBG				No					
State of New Mexico		NM Tribal Infrastructure Fund	Fund		-	No					
Proposed Budget	idget										
	Completed	Amount	Amount Y1	Amount Y2	Amount Y3	it Y3 Amount Y4	nt Y4	Amount Y5	Amount Y6		Total Not Yet Funded
Land	No		08		90	08	30		08	08	80
Planning / Predesign	o _V		\$120,000	\$100.000	00	90	0\$		SO	08	\$220,000
Architecture / Engineering	o Z		0\$	\$100,000	00	05	08		SO	30	\$100,000
Construction	2		8.0		80 82.	\$2,500 000	20		08	08	\$2,500,000
Other	9		80		98	\$200 000	\$0		30	08	\$200,000
Total			\$120,000	\$200,000		\$2,700 000	20		08	30	\$3,020,000

3 30

0

Total for next 6 years

Amount Y6

Amount Y5

Amount Y4

Amount Y3

Amount Y2

Amount Y1

Annual Operating Budget: (Entity Responsibility)

0 0

0 00 00

80 08 08

8 20 00

20 000 08

8 8

Operating / Maintenance Operating Revenues

Total

80

Contact Name Project Title Year Rank:

Torreon/Star Lake

	1
•	

							2000						
					Cap	ital Proje	Capital Project Description	uo					
Year Rank:	202	2020 - 4		2020 - 2025	52		Project ID		NHSSHN	NHSS29401-000870			
Project Title	Ž	NHA Housing Subdivision (6 Sites)	vision if Sites										
Contact Name	N/VB	Welly Toledo		Contact Phone	Phone		505 731-2336	10	Contac	Contact Email:	perior	torreon@navajochapters org	
Project description:		Project involves development of aix (8). Housing sub-division within the triss community. The Narajo Housing Senotes Housing Subdivision (8 community support and Navajo Tribal Trust Land has been identified.	elopment of so Navajo Housi and Navajo Tri	c (8) Houng Services	sing sub-divi ses Housing (Land has be	Subdivision en dentifie	the Torreon C (8 sites) is pa	ommunity to rt of the To	o address the ne rreon/Star Lake (ed of adequate no Onapter Land Use	using for the if Plan documen	Project involves development of six (8) Housing sub-division within the Torreon Community to address the need of adequate housing for the increase in population of this community. The Navajo Housing Services Housing Subdivision (8 stes) is part of the Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Land Use Plan document. The Project has community support and Navajo Tribal Trust Land has been identified.	
Statement of Need:		e project will adon d employees for b	ess the need for usinesses and	or Housir 1 Torreon	ng within the Day School	Torreon/Sta will be prov	sr Lake Chapty ided through t	er bommun this project	ity due increase	n the population	Housing needs	The project will address the need for Housing within the Torreon Star Lake Chapter community due increase in the population. Housing needs for community members and employees for businesses and Torreon Day School will be provided through this project	in
Project Location:	CeT TeD	Q											
Secured and	Secured and Potential Funding Budget	ding Budget											
Funding Type	Func	Funding Source	Pc	potential F	Potential Funding Amount applied for or to be applied for	ount oplied for	Applied For?		Amount	Amount Secured	Date Received	ived	
State of New Mexico		NM Tribal Infrastructure Fund					No						
Navajo Chapter	Chap	Chapter Sales Tax Funds	spu				No						
Federal	NAN	NAHASDA					No						
Federal	HUD	0					No						
Navajo Nation	ANN	NN Matching CIP Funds	97				No						
Federal	SHI						No						
Federal	NAH	NAHASDA					No						
Proposed Budget	dget												
	Completed	Amount	Amount Y1		Amount Y2	Amount Y3		Amount Y4	Amount Y5	Amount Y6		Total Not Yet Funded	
Land	S.			\$0		90	90		\$0	\$0	90	08	
Planning / Predesign	2		09	\$18.000	\$200 000	000	05		\$0	08	08	\$218.000	
Architecture / Engineering	2			80	\$200 000	000	80		20	90	08	\$200,000	
Construction	No			\$0		30 08	\$2,000 000		\$0	0\$	80	\$2,000,000	
Other	No			\$0		90	\$300 000		20	08	20	\$300,000	
Total			69	\$18,000	\$400 000		\$2,300 000		\$0	30	08	\$2 718,000	
Annual Opera	Annual Operating Budget: (Entity Responsibility)	(Entity Respo	onsibility) Amount Y1	Amount Y2		Amount Y3		Amount Y4	Amount Y5	Amount Y6	Total fo	Total for next 6 years	
Operating / Maintenance	itenance		30		SO		90	S		\$0	90	90	

0
-
<u>a</u>
-
O
99
<u>e</u>
-
**
ď,
÷
9
ā.
_
903
=
-
(C)
9

90 08

20 S

30 30

\$0 20

20 80

20

\$ 000

Operating Revenues Total

Torreon/Star Lake

Contract Office of the Contract of the Contrac

Project Title Contact Title Co	Year Rank:	202	2020 - 5		2020 - 2026	Capital Project Description Project ID	ject Descrip Project ID	iption	CMMBC	CAM/BC29401-000203		
Statement of Need: Project Location: Secured and Potential Furnding Type Federal Navajo Chapter Navajo Nation Na	Project Title	3		usiness Cor	mplex							
Project description: Project Location: Secured and Potential Furnding Type Federal Federal Navajo Chapter Navajo Nation	Contact Name	Wei	ily Toledo		Contact Pho	aue.	(505) 731	-2338	Contac	x Email:	torreon@nevajochapters org	
Secured and Potential Funding Budget Tokeon Sale Lake Oracles community The project will address second-oracle business services ser	Project descriptio		e project will be to c of other neobessary rounding in foods. I poters are workig UI normic and ways to re portional of feasi-	to feasibility needs. The feeds laund VM Andersa get studies oldty infrastrations.	studies, infra business will dry mini suto on Business area and regional	isture studies and provide job creatives- service, and post (Studies with Profes al locations. The UI	marketing son, business office for control sandow NM Anderso	studies to built is partnership, an minulty near id courty Economy Economy Economy Economy Economy Economy III has been all built bu	muth-business con and other necessar bother necessar potential or convening more office, and visual student to work	mplex for provide y goods for the of ence squatton various office to riked with our pro	service in merol community of Toi community of Toi	9 2 3 3
Project Location: Tomeon/Sint lake Chapter Potential Funding Budget Funding Source Applied for onto be applied for	Statement of Need		e project will adone: ject will adoness ao reon/Star Lake Chy	onomic dev spter comm	and provide relopment ne- unity	business services in	suon as laun Star Lake (idry, post office Chapter commu	feed store gas and inity. The project of	station auto shop will begin to addin	ess high unempl	5 5
Secured and Potential Funding Budget Funding Type Funding Source Applied for, or to be applied for. Amount Secured Date Received Federal AVI. AVI. No.	Project Location:	Ton	reon/StarLake Cha	pter								
Funding Type Funding Source Potential Funding Amount 1 No. No. Amount Secured Date Received Potential Funding Amount 2 No. N	Secured and P	otential Fund	ing Budget									
Federal No No Federal USDA No Navajo Chapter Chapter Sales Tay Funds No Navajo Nation NAT Amount Va Except Funds No Navajo Nation NAT Amount Va Except Funds No Proposed Budget Funds Funds Amount Va Amount Va Amount Va Except Funds Amount Va	Funding Type	Fund	fing Source	LL MI	otential Fun	ding Amount r to be applied for		For?	Amount	Secured	Date Receiv	ed
Navajo Chapter Chapter Sales Tap Funds No	Federal	AML					202					
Navajo Chapter Siles Tais Funds No No Navajo Nation NA Matching CIP Funds No Amount YI	Federal	rasn	of.				2					
of New Mexico NAT Metabuling CIP Funds No	Navajo Chapter	Chap	ter Sales Tay Fund	s)			2					
Provide Funds	Navajo Nation	MAN	Istoning CIP Funds				92					
Provisite Funds Not Fuel Ecose Tax Fuel Ecose Tax Funds Not Fuel Ecose Tax Fuel Ecose Tax Fuel E	State of New Mex.		nosi Infrastructore	Fund			2					
OSEG Budget No Amount YI Amo	Other	Privat	te Funds				2					
Completed Amount Y1 Amount Y2 Amount Y3 Amount Y4 Amount Y6 Total Not Yet Secured Se	Navajo Nation	E SN	uel Exoise Tax Fur	E pu			No					
Completed Amount Y1 Amount Y2 Amount Y3 Amount Y4 Amount Y6 Total Not Vet Secured So Secured	Proposed Bud	get										
ng/ sign No \$0 <		Completed	Amount	Amount			ount Y3	Amount Y4	Amount Y5	Amount Ye		et
ng/ sign No S200,000 S0	Land	2			\$0	08	80	line-	20	0.5	08	
eering ruction No S200.000 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	Planning / Predesign	ę.		S	200,000	8	80		20	00	SO	
No	Architecture / Engineering	9		4	200,000	80	80		20	08	08	
80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 8	Construction	No			\$0	000 000', \$	80		20	05	08	\$1,000,000
S400,000 \$1,000,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 ual Operating Budget: (Entity Responsibility) Amount Y2 Amount Y3 Amount Y4 Amount Y6 Amount Y6 Total for nex	Other	No			20	08	200		\$0	05	08	
Amount Y2 Amount Y3 Amount Y4 Amount Y5	Total			o,	400.000	\$1,000,000	80		09	20	08	\$1 400,000
	Annual Opera	ting Budget: (Entity Respon	Sibility)	Amount Y			Amount Y4	Amount Y5	Amount Y6	Total for	nex

	Capital Pr	oject Description	_		
20	08	08 08		\$0	
20	0\$	08	30	\$0	
20	80	08		30	

30

30

Operating / Maintenance Operating Revenues Total

Torreon/Star Lake

	1
	h
G.	
	٦
1	i
1	i
•	ï
	i
	Ļ
	į,
1	ì
	i
	ü
	١
•	ì
	C
	۰
	•
1	1
	å
•	î
	i
	,

						Capita	Capital Project Description	escription						
	Year Rank:	8	2020 - 8		2020 - 2025	10	Pro	Project ID		NYRC284	NYRC29401-000886			
	Project Title	N.	New Youth Recreation Center	on Center										
	Contact Name	***	Welly Toledo		Contact Phone	hone	909	505 731-2336		Contact Email:	mail:		torrecn@navajochapters org	9 C/G
	Project description:		enstruction for Bus	ding to serve	the Youth	Activities Prog	nams for the	Torreon Star Lake	Chapter	ommunity	and Survey, E.	A and A	Construction for Building to serve the Youth Activities Programs for the Toneon Star Lake Chapter Community Land Survey. EA and Arch complete for this project)ect
	Statement of Need:		The project will address within the community.	ess the need	to impleme	nt youth prog	ram activities	for the community	Torreon	Star lake Ch	apter will oocrd	onate w	The project will address the need to implement youth program activities for the community. Torreon Starlake Chapter will opcordinate with local solvici to serve the youths within the community.	he youths
	Project Location:	ਨ	Chapter Tract											
	Secured and Potential Funding Budget	Stential Fund	ding Budget											
	Funding Type	Fun	Funding Source	or we	otential Fu	Potential Funding Amount applied for		Applied For?		Amount Secured	cured	Date	Date Received	
	Navajo Nation	MN	MN Fuel Expise Tax Funds				2							
	Federal	AGSU	40				2							
	Navajo Chapter	Cha	Chapter Sales Tax Funds	pds			2							
	Navajo Nation	22	NN Matoning CIP Funds	s p			202							
V 7550	Other	Four	Foundations				2							
	Federal	Edu	Education				2							
	Navajo Chapter	Cha	Chapter Local Bovernment Improvement Funds	ment			No							
	State of New Mexico		Capital Outlay				2							
	State of New Mexico		NM Inbal Infrastructure Fund	e Fund			20							
	Proposed Budget	let												
		Completed	Amount	Amount Y1		Amount Y2	Amount Y3	3 Amount Y4		Amount Y5	Amount Y6		Total Not Yet Funded	
	Land	No			S	S	20	200	8		20	80	80	
	Planning / Predesign	2		\$	\$100,000		SO	98	8		20	8	\$100.000	
	Architecture / Engineering	No ON		5	\$100,000	40	20	90	8		30	20	\$100,000	
	Construction	No			30	\$500 000	0.	05	0%	•	80	20	\$600,000	
	Other	o Z			\$0	\$75 000	9	26	8	,	20	000	\$75,000	
	Total			34	\$200,000	\$575 000	0	08	9		08	30	\$775,000	
	Annual Operating Budget: (Entity Responsibility)	ng Budget:	(Entity Respo	Son sibility)	S surrough		2	, in the second		5	2	,		
			Š				ST THOOL		O D				ordi loi next o years	
	Operating / Maintenance	nance		05	0	08		80	30	\$0		\$0	80	

Operating Revenues Total

Torreon/Star Lake

Project Time Park Artis S. Carbs Facility Project Time Pro	New Arts & Crs Westly Tokedo Outon: Plan: cesagn an Festival events Lang: Leng: The project will to market sno a menthers on: Central Torreor Central Torreor Education NN Fuel Excise T NN Matching CIP CDBG COMPleted Amount Seoure No				Capital Proje	Capital Project Description				
New Arts & Cra Welly Toledo Plan ceagin an Festival events Lend: The project will to market and a members Central Torreor Central Torreor Bouceton No Fuel Excise T NN Fuel Excise T NN Matching CIP CDBG Secured No No No No No No No No No N	Contact Name: Contact Name: Contact Name: Project description: Statement of Need: Prair oeagur an Festival events Land: Project Location: Secured and Potential Funding Budg Funding Type Funding Budg Funding Type Funding Source Federal State of New Mexico Navajo Nation Navajo Nation Navajo Nation Proposed Budget Completed Amount Seource Land No Prair Proposed Budget Completed Amount Seource Land No Prair Anning / No Engineering Construction No Other No Other	Year Rank	2020.7	2020 - 2025		Project ID.		NACF29401-000492	***	
wally Toledo ption: Plan cestral events Lead: The project will to market and a menders on: Central Toledo Funding Budg Funding Budg Funding Source Education NN Fuel Excise T NN Matching CIP CDBG CDBG No	Project description: Project description: Project description: Statement of Need: Project Location: Central Torreor Secured and Potential Funding Budg Funding Type Funding Source Federal State of New Mexico Navajo Nation Navajo Nation Navajo Nation Proposed Budget Completed Amount Completed Seource Land No Planning / No Prachitecture / No Engineering Construction No Other Annual Operating Budget: (Entity Re Operating Revenues Total	Project Title	New Arts & Crafts Fac	lity .						
Pier cesign an Festival events Leans. The project will its market sno a members Central Torreor Enuding Budg Funding Source Education NM Thosi Urfrast NN Matching CIP NN Matching CIP CORPG CORPLET Seource No	Project description: Plant: Statement of Need: Project Location: Secured and Potential Funding Budg Funding Type Funding Type Funding Source Federal State of New Mexico NM Tribal Infrastr Navajo Nation Navaj	Contact Name	Wally Toledo	Contact Pho	one	505 731-2336	5	Contact Email:	Q	пеол
The project will benefit community members and school with a place to work on aris & crefts activities art works produced by the Tornachers are solid their products for living expenses. The Aris & Crefts attracts tours not purchase art works produced by the Tornachers Central Tornachers Potential Funding Amount Potential Funding Source Amount Secured Potential Funding Source Potential Funding Amount Potential Funding Source Potential Funding Amount Potential Funding Source Potential Funding Cip Funds Potential Funding Source Potential Funding Cip Funds Potential	Statement of Need: The project will so market and a members Project Location: Central Torreor Secured and Potential Funding Budg Funding Type Funding Source Federal Education State of New Mexico NM Thosi Infrastr Navajo Nation NN Fuel Excise Toral Completed Amount Completed Amount Completed Amount Seource Land No Planning / No Engineering No Engineering No Construction No Other No Total Annual Operating Budget: (Entitly ReOperating Revenues Operating Revenues	Project description:	si events	truction of a Arts and Cri. Torreon Star Lake Chap	off facility. Communities of a	y Members need ilso, nearby Chapi	a place to work or ter communities	Art and Crafts. The The Arts & Crafts Fac	project will ben clirty site location	eft an n is or
Funding Budget Funding Budget Funding Budget Funding Budget Funding Budget Funding Bource Amount Source Amount YI Amount YI Amount YI Amount YI Amount YI Amount YI Secured Amount YI Amount YI Amount YI Secured Secure	Project Location: Central Touriding Budget Punding Source Punding Source Punding Source Punding Source Punding Pype Punding Source Punding Source Punding Pype Punding Source Punding Pype Pundin	Statement of Need:	The project will benefit to market and self their members	communty members and products for living expe	o school with a place nses. The Arts & Cra	e to work on arts &	& orafts activities on to purchase art	The project will bene works produced by t	tht artists from the Torreon/Star	T Lake
red and Potential Funding Budget rig Type Funding Source Potential Funding Amount Applied for: or to be applied for: or	Secured and Potential Funding Budget Funding Budget Funding Source Potential Funding Amount Specified for or to be applied for or to be ap	Project Location:	Central Torreon							
Secured Funding Source Funding Source Potential Funding Amount Applied For; or to be applied for the following control for the following contr	Funding Type Funding Source Potential Funding Amount Applied For? Amount Secured Day Squied For? Amount Secured Day State of New Mexico Militarizatiouse Eax Funda Not Exclesional Funda Not Exclesiona	Secured and Pote	ential Funding Budget							
No	Federal	Funding Type	Funding Source	Potential Fun applied for, o	ding Amount r to be applied for:	Applied For?	A	nount Secured	Date Re	sceived
Nation NM Trobal britastructure Funds No	Navio Nation NM Trial Unitestructure Funds Nichael Nation Nichael Nation Nichael Nation Nichael Nation Nichael Richael Tax Funds Nichael Nation Nichael Richael Tax Funds Nichael Nation Nichael Richael Nichael Nation	Federal	Education			02				
Name of the second section of the second section of the second section of the second section of the se	Nation MAY Real Existe Tax Funds No.	State of New Mexico	NM Tribal Infrastructure	Fund		20				
Solution CDB-3	No Matton No Matching CIP Funds No	Navajo Nation	p-	5p.		No				
Secured Amount Y1 Amount Y2 Amount Y3 Amount Y4 Amount Y3 Amount Y4 Amount Y4 Amount Y4 Amount Y4 Amount Y4 Amount Y6 Amount Y6 Amount Y6 Amount Y6 Amount Y6 Amount Y7 Amount Y6 Amount Y7 Amount	Completed Amount Y1 Amount Y2 Amount Y4 Amount Y6 Amou	Navajo Nation		940		20				
Osed Budget Completed Amount Y1 Amount Y2 Amount Y3 Amount Y4 Amount Y6 Amount Y6 ng/* No \$0	Completed Secured Se	Federal	CDBG			20				
Completed Secured No. Amount Y1 Secured Secure	Completed Amount Y1 Amount Y2 Amount Y3 Amount Y3 Amount Y3 Amount Y5 Amount Y6 Y2 Y2 Y2 Y2 Y2 Y2 Y2	Proposed Budget	_							
ng/ sign No \$100.000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 sign sign No \$100.000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 ruction No \$100.000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 ruction No \$200.000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 No \$0 \$256.000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	No									Not Yet
ng/l No \$100,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 seture / exting No \$100,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 runction No \$500,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 No \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$200,000 \$500,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	ngi/sign No \$100,000 \$0		9	\$0	80	08	\$0	08	80	
ecture / No No \$100,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 runction No \$0 \$500,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 No \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 S200,000 \$256,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	ecture / No No \$100,000 \$0		No	\$100.000	08	30	90	80	30	
ruetion No \$0 \$500 000 \$0 \$0 \$0 No \$0 \$25 000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$2200,000 \$526 000 \$0 \$0 \$0	No No No S500 000 S0 S0 S0 S0 S0 S		No	\$100,000	08	30	0.6	08	08	
No \$25 000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	No S25 000 S0 S0 S0 S0 S0 S0 S0	_	No	90	\$500 000	90	20	08	90	
\$200,000 \$526,000 \$0 \$0 \$0	S200,000 S525,000 S0 S0 S0 S0 S0 S0 S0		9	\$0	\$25 000	08	20	30	08	
	ual Operating Budget: (Entity Responsibility) Amount Y2 Amount Y3 Amount Y4 Amount Y5 Amount Y6 string / Maintenance \$0	Total		\$200,000	\$525 000	0\$	20	SO	80	
	sting Revenues \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	Operating / Maintenal		20	90	80	S	\$0	2	
0\$ 0\$ 0\$ 0\$ 0\$	0\$ 0\$ 0\$ 0\$	Operating Revenues		\$0	90	08	08	Ç.	8	
08 08 08 08 08		Total		90	90	80	200	\$0	30	

Torreon/Star Lake

anital Project Description

THCRI29401-001705 Torreon - Horse Canyon Road Improvement Visily Toledo Contact Phone. 605-731-2336 Contact Email: torreon@nevajochapters org Pavement of Horse Canyon Road for community school buses, senior program and community members. The project will benefit the community member that attend school senior program and community members. Mokhiley County, there in no road maintenance plan or sonedule. Horse Canyon Road serves twenty (20) households.		Project ID	¥	THCR128401-001705		
Road Improvement Contact Phon on Road for community reo Head Start, Torreo e community member th into road maintenance p						
Contact Phon on Road for community reon Head Start, Torreo e community member in no road maintensince p				The second secon		
on Road for community ten Head Start. Torreo e community member th no road maintenance p	95	605-731-2336	Con	Contact Email:	torreon@ne	torreon@navajochapters org
e community member the road maintenance page Canyon Road serves	school buses, sen n Senior Center Pr	or program and con ogram and commun	mmunity members ity members.	Road improvement m	volves pavement of	main road use by
	ist attend school siden or schedule. Hitherity (20) house	enior program and o brse Canyon Road i holds.	commute daily for e is a dirt road, ouring	mployment Currently rains and shows the	Horse Canyon Ros	sd located in ssable and not
Potential Fundi	ng Amount o be applied for:	Applied For?	Amon	nt Secured	Date Received	
NM Tribal Infrastructure Fund		02				
		No				
		No				
Amount Y1 Amou				5 Amount Y6	Total Not Yet Funded	papur
\$2,500	80	08	20	80	SO	\$2,500
\$3.500	\$150 000	90	09	80		\$153.500
00	\$150.000	08	0.8	90		\$150,000
\$0	08	\$750 000	0\$	\$0		\$750,000
Og.	30	08	9	08	08	8.0
\$6.000	\$300 000	\$750 000	0\$	05		\$1 056 000
Annual Operating Budget: (Entity Responsibility) Amount Y2	Amount Y3		4 Amount Y5	Amount Y6	Total for next 6 years	6 years
05	90	S	30	\$0	90	\$0
0\$	05	80	08	30	\$0	80
OS.	30	98	80	0\$	\$0	0.6
면 보 보 보 보 보 보 보 보 보 보 보 보 보 보 보 보 보 보 보	2, 0, 0, 0,	Potential Funding Amount applied for: or to be applied for: or to	Potential Funding Amount Applied F applied for: No	Potential Funding Amount for; or to be applied for: No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No	Potential Funding Amount 1 Agolited for: or to be applied for: a forted applied for: a	Potential Funding Amount 40c; or to be applied for; or to be app

Torreon/Star Lake

		Capital	Capital Project Description		
Year Rank:	2020 - 8	2020 - 2025	Project ID	TSCCC29401-001706	
Project Title	Torreon Senior Citizen Center - Construction	nter - Construction			
Contact Name	Wally Toledo	Contact Phone	505-731-2338	Contact Email:	torrecn@navajochapters org
Project description:	Legislative Language: To	pian design construct equip furni	sh Torreon Senior Citizen Building.	Language: To plan design construct, equip furnish Tomeon Senior Crizzer Building. Tomeon Chapter, Sandoval County	

Descriptory Scope of Work. This project will incude the construction of a frame 4.059 SF Torrach Serior Critican Center. The project will have parking lot but it has not been design. Construct is currently under way. No equipment purchase but will include HVAC table, chairs, and commercial kitchen appliances. The building project funding shortfall in the amount \$500,000 will be to complete the building project wastewater system and parking lot/entrance to the facility. Project is ongoing 80% complete the owner will be the hisvajo hadon and the Chapter Navajo Area Agency on Aging will operate center under a MOU

Torreon Senior Citizer Center building project funding shortfall in the amount \$500 000 to complete the building project. Statement of Need:

Project Location: Chapter Tract

	Amount Secured Date Received				
	t Applied For? ed for:	No	92	92	
	Potential Funding Amount Applied For? applied for, or to be applied for.				
al Funding Budget	Funding Source	Capital Outlay	NN CIP General Funds	Chapter Land Claims	
Secured and Potential Funding Budget	Funding Type	State of New Mexico	Navajo Nation	Navajo Chapter	

Proposed Budget	get									
	Completed	Amount	Amount Y1	Amount Y2	Amount Y3	Amount Y4	Amount Y5	Amount Y6	Amount Y1 Amount Y2 Amount Y3 Amount Y4 Amount Y5 Amount Y6 Total Not Yet Funded	papun
Land	No		S	20	8	08	98	08	08	8.0
Planning / Predesign	No		80		30	80	20	90	30	0\$
Architecture / Engineering	No		30		08	08	\$0	80	80	00
Construction	No		\$500.000	120	30	80	30	80	06	\$500 000
Other	No		\$0	22	90	05	\$0	90	90	80
Total			\$600,000	-	30	08	09	SO	08	\$600,000

	(esponsibility)			100 CARDES		2000		9
	Amount Y1	Amount Y2	Amount Y3	Amount Y4	Amount Y5	Amount Y6	Total for next 6 year	6 years
Operating / Maintenance	69	SO	90	\$0 80		30	90	
Operating Revenues	9	50 51	1 000	000 \$1 000	01	\$ 000'11	,000	\$6,000
Total	63	51	51 000 \$1			\$	1.000	\$6.000

Torreon/Star Lake

Description
Capital

				Ü	Capital Project Description	escription				
Year Rank:	200	2021 - 10	202	2020 - 2026	Pro	Project ID.	NPS264	NPS28401-000687		
Project Title	2	New Police Substation								
Contact Name	We	Welly Toledo	Col	Contact Phone	505	505 731-2336	Contact Email:	Email:	10mecn@ns	torreon@ns√ajochapters org
Project description:		The Project myolwes construction of a Police Sub-Station to provide adequate Public Safety Service for the Tomeon Community. Navigo National Enforcement. Sandoval County, Sheriff Department and New Mexico Department will opporting and provide service five eastern Navia alcohol related motor vahicle collisions involving property damage and the loss of life on all highways within the area. To have three Law Enfo place where communications between each agency brings about implementing Community Orienting Politicis programs within each Chapter	onstruction of a al County Sherif renicle collisions cations between	Police Sub-Stat f Department an a involving prope each agency bi	ion to provide adel d New Mexico Pol erry damage and thrings about implem	quate Public Safety toe Department with the loss of life on all tenting Community	Service for the Toral accordinate and pro highways within the Orienting Policing	vide service five e sares. To have the Programs within e	The Project myolwes construction of a Police Sub-Station to provide adequate Public Safety Service for the Torrech Community. Navajo Nation Department of Law Enforcement. Sandoval County, Sheriff Department and New Mexico Department will coordinate and provide service five eastern Navajo Chapters. To deter alcohol related motor vahicle collisions involving property damage and the loss of life on all highways within the area. To nave three Law Enforcement agencies in place where communications between each agency brings about implementing Community Orienting Politioning Programs within each Chapter.	tment of Law lers. To deter regences in a
Statement of Need:	d gray	The Navajo Nation Department of Law E present crime effect within the jurisdiction of the Department.	partment of Law event cnme etk if the Departme	v Enforcement - act and apprehent.	Torreon Chapter and violaters of the	is well as any other is an and ensure or	r police agency the ampliance with all F.	general enforcem scenal State and	The Navajo Nation Department of Law Enforcement - Torreon Chapter as well as any other police agency the general antocement is to protect life and property preserve the peace prevent come efect and apprahend violaters of the law and ensure compliance with all Federal State and India laws and ordinances coming within the jurisdiction of the Department.	nd property ances coming
Project Location:	5	Chapter Tract								
Secured and Potential Funding Budget	tential Fund	ing Budget								
Funding Type	Func	Funding Source	Poter	Potential Funding Amount applied for:		Applied For?	Amount Secured	panne	Date Received	
Federal	e e				2					
Navajo Chapter	Chap	Chapter Sales Tax Funds	s		No					
State of New Mexico	County	rty			20					
Navajo Nation	22	NN CIP General Funds			92					
Federal	AML				No					
Navajo Nation	2 2	NN Matching CIP Funds			2					
State of New Mexico		NM Inbel Infrestructure Fund	Fund		o Z					
Proposed Budget	et									
	Completed	Amount	Amount Y1	Amount Y2	Amount Y3	3 Amount Y4	Amount Y5	Amount Y6	Total Not Yet Funded	nded
Land	No			\$0	06	0\$	20	08	os	08
Planning / Predesign	8		\$100.000	000	08	8	05	30	08	\$100.000
Architecture / Engineering	No.		\$100,000	000	90	08	20	90	\$0	\$100,000
Construction	No			30 \$50	\$500 000	0\$	20	08	00	\$500,000
Other	No			30	90	98	20	90	80	80
Total			\$200,000		\$500 000	05	0\$	08	08	\$700,000
Annual Operating Budget: (Entity	ng Budget: (Resp		Amount Y2	Amount Y3	Amount Y4	Amount Y5	Amount Y6	Total for next 6 years	years
Operating / Maintenance	ance		\$6 000	\$6 000	000 9\$	900 \$6.000	95,000		0\$	\$25,000

FY	
Z	
T PLAN	
N	
Z	
Σ	
OVE	
30	
IMPRC	
2	
AL	
APITAL	
A	
C	
IRE	
E	
2	
R	
STR	
RASTR	

	30	\$5,000
_	80	
Project Descript	08 08	\$6,000
Capital	80	\$6,000
	08	\$6,000

\$25,000

000

Operating Revenues Total

Torreon/Star Lake

mital Project Description

Renovate Presbyterian Macial Service Cilinio me. Wally Toledo GSC Contact Phone Corption: Legalistice Lenguage. Plan Design construct equip and funds his person and design of the renovation of the bullands. Phase it is service to the Torreon-Star Lake Chapter community members. May be the pen and design of the renovation of the bullands. The epidemia consider an adoldron to the adding building. The equipment The bullands and considered may be the Navio Nation PMS will continue by the Plancian Design of the renovation of the Professional Considered may adold to the renovation of the Profession Chapter House. The nearest indian Headon. Torreon Community and considered not adequate for to provice effective head autom. Torreon Community and considered not adequate for to provice effective head autom. Foundament Funding Budget Foundament Render Professional Profes	Year Rank:	2021 - 11		2020 - 2028		Capital Project Description Project ID:	cription 1D	RPM	RPMSC29401-001474		
at Title ct Name. It description: red and Potential FungType chapter consider of New Mexico No al A al					î						
ect Name. It description: It Location: red and Potential Fund Type Chapter Completed No No No No No No No No No N	Project Title	Renovate Prei	Soyterian Medial S	enice Clinic							
nent of Need: t. Location: red and Potential Fung Type b. Chapter c. Completed osed Budget Completed completed ng/ No sign ng/ No ruction No No ng/ No	Contact Name	Wally Toledo	CSC	Contact Pr	one	505 73	1-2336	Cont	ect Email:	Iorreon®	navajoch aptera org
nent of Need: rt Location: red and Potential Fund Type chapter	Project description		iguage. Plan Des	sign construc	of equip and fur	mish Presbyter	ian Medical Ser	Nice Clinic in Ton	eon Sandovsi Cou	nty	
red and Potential Fund Type b Chapter c Nation of New Mexico No of New Mexico No of New Mexico No of New Mexico No rad osed Budget Completed Completed No ruction No ng/ No sign No ng/ No ruction No ng/ No ruction No ng/ No ruction No ng/ No ruction No ng/ No ruction No ng/ ng/ No ruction No No ng/ ng/ No ruction No No ng/ No		Description/Sc Lis the plan an service to the operate consid The building w fiscal agent	cope of Work. This no design of the re- Torreon-Star Lake fer an addition to to the own by the control of the c	project will in novation of the Chapter com- ne existing by ne Navajo Na	notide the Pian he building. Pha nmunity membe uilding. The equition PMS will of	ning, design an ise it is the rend in Major rendy upment for the portinue to prov	d renovation of ovation of the bill ovation to the exit project will included services unit	the Presbyterian viloring PMS Cinnustrial Strong clinic to edde vide wide x-rey machine der a contract with	Medical Service Cili courrently contract and the dental clinic is dental chairs lig in IHS to community	inio for Torreon Sta s with indian Heatt (28 x 56) ft to give (At and dental exam members. The Na	r Lake Chapter Phase a Service to provide a more room to unston equipment vajo haston will be the
1	Statement of Need		Il benefit the Torre f the Torreon Chap diconsidered not a	on Star Lake pter House. T dequate for t	Chapter comm The nearest indition to provide effect	unity to addressian Health Servive health care	s the need for b noe facility is loc service for this	petter health care pated in Crownpo community.	services The Preso nt. NM which is 76	yterian Medical Se mies from the Torr	vices currently eon-Star Lake Chapter
Funding Budget Funding Budget Funding Budget Funding Budget Funding Source Spitied for, or to be applied for. Funding Source F	Project Location:	Torreon Comn	nunity								
Chaptes Funding Source Punding Source Punding Amount Applied for, or to be applied for at to be ap	Secured and P.	otential Funding Budg	jet								
Page	Funding Type	Funding Source		Potential Fu	nding Amount or to be applie		1 For?	Amoun	Secured	Date Received	
No Matering CIP Funds No	Navajo Chapter	Chapter CIP Fur	Sp.			No					
No Matching CIP Funds No Matching CIP Funds No No No No No No No N	Other	Foundstons				<u>o</u> 2					
All All All All Amount Yi Amou	Navajo Nation	NN Matching Cit	P Funds			o Z					
AML AML Amount Y1 Amount Y2 Amount Y3 Amount Y3 Amount Y4 Amount Y6 Amou	State of New Mexic		tructure Fund			o _N					
Completed Amount Variation Secured S	Federal	AML				2					
Completed Amount Y1 Amount Y2 Amount Y2 Amount Y3 Amount Y4 Amount Y6 Amount Y7 Amou	Proposed Bud	get									
ng/ sign No \$100.000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$100.000 sign sign No \$100.000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$100.000 scture/ ruction No \$100.000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$100.000 ruction No \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$100.000 nuction No \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$100.000 nuction No \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$100.000 sign \$0<					nount Y2	Amount Y3	Amount Y4	Amount Y5		Total Not Yet	Funded
ng/ sign No \$100,000 \$0	Land	No		30	06	ø	9	0%	0\$	90	80
ecture / No \$100,000 \$0	Planning / Predesign	No.		\$100,000	30	S	9	20	08	90	\$100.000
No S00 S0 S0 S0 S0 S0 S0	Architecture / Engineering	No		\$100.000	08	is.	Q	20	0.5	90	\$100,000
No	Construction	No		0\$	\$500 000	Ø ·	9	20	80	05	\$600,000
S200,000 \$676,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$775 S775 S775 S776 S9 S9 S9 S9 S9 S775 S775 S775 S775 S775	Other	No		\$0	\$76 000		0	93	\$0	05	\$76.000
Amount Y2 Amount Y3 Amount Y4 Amount Y5 Amount Y6 Total for next 6 year \$0 80 80	Total			\$200,000	\$576 000	Ø	9	20	20	00	\$776 000
Amount 12 Amount 13 Amount 14 Amount 15 Amount 16 Iotal for next b year	Annual Operati	ing Budget: (Entity Re	sponsibility)			5					
08 08 08 08			Amount	Amount		ount 13	Amount 14	Amount 13	Amount 16	otal for nex	I b years
	Operating / Mainter	nance		30	80	80		9	\$0	09	80

\$0

\$0

\$0 \$0

20 %

00

S

Capital Project Description

INFRASTRUCTURE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN FY

8 8

08

Operating Revenues Total

A	
13	
_	
~	
7	
_	
_	
1	
~	
-	
•	
_	
_	
_	
23	
-	
-	
-	
_	
_	
_	

				Offerin Star Lake					
			Capital P	Capital Project Description	ou				
Year Rank:	2021 - 12	2020 - 2025	025	Project ID		NTSPP29401-000813	-000813		
Project Title	New Torreon Sost	Scattered Powerline Project							
Contact Name	Welly Toledo	Contact Phone	Phone	605 731-2336	ED.	Contact Email:	-	torrecn@navajochapters org	6JO
Project description:		to the Torreon Star Lake profity client listing within Jemez Mountains Elect useholds operate by soil	Chapter Community in the Torreon Star Life Cooperative Inc. Experience in systems, these his	y to improve the fix lake Chapter commiss the sole source ouseholoes will be	ing standards for munity. Torreon/3 provider of electr upgraded to elec	toommunity mema star Lake Chapter no service for the stric service broug	oers Torreon 9 nas matching 1 Torreon Star L h this project	Provide electricity to the Torreon Star Lake Chapter Community to improve the living standards for community members. Torreon Scattered Power Line Froject has 40 nouseholds on the profity olent isting within the Torreon Star Lake Chapter community. Torreon Star Lake Chapter has matching funds for the housewing of homes needing electricity. Jemes Mountains Electric Cooperative find is the sole source provider of electric service for the Torreon Star Lake Chapter community. Currently, twenty-five (26) households operate by solar systems, these householdes will be upgraced to electric service through this project.	mes ntly.
Statement of Need		The project will adoress to need to provide electic serve to community members currently not being served and will improve the living standards. To currently operating on solar systems will be upgraded to electric service. A total of forty (40) households are priority for this project, per offent fishing	electic serve to com upgraded to electri	imunity members (c service. A total o	ourrently not bein if forty (40) house	g served and will i	mprove the livi for this project	The project will address to need to provide electric serve to community members currently not being served and will improve the living standards. Twenty-five households currently operating on soler systems will be upgraded to electric service. A total of forty (40) households are priority for this project, per offent listing.	sehoids
Project Location:	Scattered Locations	9							
Secured and P	Secured and Potential Funding Budget								
Funding Type	Funding Source	Potential applied fo	Potential Funding Amount applied for	Applied For?	٥.	Amount Secured	p	Date Received	
Navajo Chapter	Chapter Sales Tax F	Tax Funds		No					
Navajo Nation	NN Fuel Excise Tax	Tax Funds		No					
Federal	CDBG			No					
Navajo Nation	NN Matching CIP Funds	spu		No					
Proposed Budget	get								
	Completed Amount Secured	Amount Y1	Amount Y2 A	Amount Y3 An	Amount Y4 A	Amount Y5 A	Amount Y6	Total Not Yet Funded	
Land	No.	\$0	90	08	90	08	90	0\$	
Planning / Predesign	ON	\$50,000	\$150 000	08	80	08	80	\$200,000	
Architecture / Engineering	No	\$50,000	08	08	80	08	80	\$50.000	
Construction	No	0\$	80	\$200 000	\$200 000	\$2,000,000	08	\$2,400,000	
Other	No	0\$	90	200	S	08	08	80	
Total		\$100.000	\$150.000	\$200 000	\$200,000	\$2 000 000	80	\$2.850.000	
Annual Operat	Annual Operating Budget: (Entity Resp	esponsibility)							
		Amount Y1 Amount Y2	rt Y2 Amount Y3		Amount Y4 Amo	Amount Y5 Am	Amount Y6	Total for next 6 years	
Operating / Maintenance	nance	90	80	08	80	\$0		08	
Operating Revenues	sei	90	90	08	8	\$0	67	80	
Total		30	90	80	90	30	•	08	

Infrastructure Capital Improvement Plan FY 2020-2024

				Project Summary	mmary							
										lotal	Amount	
Project	5			Funded						Project	101 101	
≘	Year Rank	ank Project Litte	Category	to date	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	f out	Funded Phases	hance
26174		2020-001 New Torriero Navajo Posergenes Medical Service Bidg	Facilities Health Related Cap Infrastructure	9.74	2.04.000	3 000 000	D	0		3.286.250	3.200.000 Av.	2
14,500	2020-002	15560 2020-802 New Mrs I've Administrative Complex	Facilities Administrates Facilities	10 6	200.000	424.000		5	۰		234.0	25,000 3.0
35004		2020-003. Wastewater Teatment Nestern	Water Wastewater	0	100,000	200.000	1.200,000			900 905 7	800 005 1	1.0
22477		2929-994 New Man Multi-Bosmers Complex	bacilities, Other	10.477	000 007	2,000,000	0			2 418 5""	2 400 000	0 1.0
3		2020-005 for result for set anyon Road Improvement	Fransportation Highways Reads B endges	٠	A. 0900	900 300	240,000	2		1 958 peop	1.058,000	0 1
12713	2020-006	New Youth Recention Cit Multi- Purpose Building	Facilities Administrative Facilities	9,5 81	200.000	474,000				36.6.58	874	A 600 10
31.0	2629.00	2020-00" Kenotah Predoderian Medial Service Chine	Facilities Administrative Facilities	86.476	200 0000	4.4,000				No.0 476	1,4	11.5 000 Yes
80 10		2020-008 New Arts & Conflict action	Facilities Arts rother than maxeums	9, 4, 101	2.049.0490	424,888	۰	a	۰	2.4.4.5	134 gens	0 10
101.63	2020-089	jaja 609 New NRA Housang Subdivision	Facilities Housing Related Cap Infrastructure	۰	18,900	196 068	7 700 000	8	0	2 18,000	1.18.000 Am	0
19266	7020-010		Other Unities (publicly award)	865 ,	1 00,000	140.000	200,000	206.900	2,000,000	2.65" 500	1.6.50.000	1.1
14469		1920-811 New Police Substation 1920-812 Cavadate Camp Torreon Sch Harbreone Additi	Facilities - Other Facilities Housing Related Cap Infrastructure	10.4% 12.800	200.900	290,900	1. '00.000			10.5% 5.09 [980	34.24.888	53
11317	2920-913	2020-013 New Regional Coverament Complex Radding	Facilities Administrativa Facilities	1° 0000	265,000				0	271.000	26.5.000	2
(,ran	letol b	Grand Total for Torreon Star Lake Chapter	13 projects	136,208	2.211.000	8.950,000	000.041	290.000	2.999.999	20,741,208	20,511,000	

NOTICE: ICIP LISTING IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

Special Thanks To:

Navajo Division of Community Development Navajo Land Department

McKinley County

Sandoval County

Capital Projects Management Project Department

Navajo Tribal Utility Authority

Bureau of Indian Affairs

Bureau of Land Management (BLM)

Jemez Electric Co-op

University of New Mexico-RGIS

McKinley County (GIS)

Tri-Chapter (Torreon, Ojo Encino, and Counselor)

Navajo Department of Transportation

New Mexico Department of Transportation

Na'neel'zhiin ji' olta' Inc.

Tse'yi gei High school

Torreon Fire Department

Torreon Emergency Medical Services

Navajo Housing Authority

Torreon/Star Lake Community Land Use Planning Committee (CLUPC)

Torreon/Star Lake Veteran's

National Indian Council On Aging (NICOA)

Indian Health Services (IHS)

Torreon/ Star Lake Community Library

New Mexico Indian Education Division

John Hopkins University

Southwestern Indian Polytechnic Institute UNM-IDPI

Souder Miller & Associate's (SMA)
Southwestern Indian Polytechnic Institute (SIPI)- GIT Department
U.S. Department of the Interior
Navajo Nation Addressing Authority (NNAA)
United States Geological Survey (USGS)
Mc Cune Charitable Foundation
New Mexico Women's Foundation
New Mexico State Library

Honorable Daniel Tso- Council Delegate

Marlene Hoskie- Department of Community Development
Scott Andreasen-SMA
Andrew Robertson-SMA
Crispin Kinney-SMA
Myrtis Begay-NDCD
Alan Trujillo- Torreon Fire Dept.
Mervin Martinez- Torreon EMS



Torreon/Star Lake Chapter

P.O. Box 1024 * Cuba, New Mexico 87013 *(505)731-2336

Torreon@navalochapters.org-Fax# 505-731-1514



David Rico President

Vice President

Sherry Begaye Secretary/Treasurer

Land board

Alex Sandoval Wally Toledo

Cecelia Toledo Acets. Maintenance Specialist, Office Specialist

Carlandra Toledo

EXHIBIT

RESOLUTION OF THE TORREON/STAR LAKE CHAPTER

TSL- 091209- 48-

APPROVING AND ADOPTING THE RECERTIFICATION OF THE TORREON/STAR LAKE CHAPTER'S

COMMUNITY LAND USE PLAN MANUAL AND COMMITTEE.

WHEREAS:

- 1. The Torreon/Star Lake Chapter is a duly certified chapter under the Navajo Nation Government pursuant to the 26 NNC, Section 33 and is recognized as one of the 110 Navajo Nation Chapters certified and enumerated in 11 NNC section 10; and
- 2. Pursuant to the Navajo Nation Code, Section 1 (B) the Torreon/Star Lake Chapter is delegated, the governmental authority to make decisions over local matter with Navajo Law, Customs, and Traditions;
- 3. The Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Community Land Use Planning Committee (CLUPC) was re-established in January of 2018 by Resolution TSL-1/2018-059-05; and
- 4. Pursuant to Resolution No. CAP-34-98, the Navajo Nation adopted the Navajo Nation Local Governance Act "LGA", Title 26 of the Navajo Nation Code; and
- 5. To accommodate the short and long-term basic needs of the Chapter relating to community, economic, and infrastructure development and to preserve grazing and culturally significant areas, the Torreon/Star Lake Chapter determined that in the best interest of the community the recertification of the CLUPC manual is necessary to continue the planning process of Torreon/Star Lake Chapter.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED THAT:

- 1. The Torreon/Star Lake Chapter's Administration, Chapter Officials' and its membership approve and adopt the recertification of the Community Land Use Planning Committee and its Manual.
- 2. Torreon/Star Lake Chapter's CLUPC is comprised of eight local individuals that advocate for economic and infrastructure development as well the preservation of the Community's cultural area, Land Use, and grazing comprised of the following.

1.Leo Charley-CLUPC President	5.Daniel E. Tso-Council Delegate
2. Willis Castillo-CLUPC Vice Pres.	6.David Rico-Chapter President
3.Richelle Montoya-CLUPC Sec.	7.Richard Montoya SrChapter Vice Pres.
4.Jeremy Charley- CLUPC Planner	8.Sherry W. Begaye- Chapter Sec./Treasurer

Certification

We Hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was duly considered by the Torreon/Star Lake Chapter at a duly called meeting in Torreon, New Mexico at which a quorum was present and that the same was assed by a vote of Lyin favor, O opposed, and abstained, the day of September 2019. passed by a vote of

President(TSLC)

W. Begaye, Secretary/Treasurer(TSLC)

resident(TSLC)

Second: Veuno Castillo

Alex Sandoval, Land Board Member(TSLC)

RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE 24th Navajo Nation Council

ROLL CALL VOTE TALLY SHEET:

Legislation # 0020-20: An Action Relating to Resources and Development; Certifying Torreon/Star Lake Chapter Governance Community-Based Land Use Plan Which Has Reevaluated and Readjusted Torreon/Star Lake Chapter's Previous Community-Based Land Use Plan. Sponsor: Honorable Daniel Tso; Co-Sponsor: Honorable Mark Freeland

Date: March 25, 2020 - Regular Meeting (Teleconference)

Meeting Location: Budget and Finance Conference Room - OLS Building # 4

Window Rock, Arizona

Main Motion:

Motion: Mark A. Freeland S: Kee Allen Begay, Jr. Vote: 5-0-1 (CNV)

In Favor: Wilson C. Stewart, Jr., Mark A. Freeland, Kee Allen Begay, Jr., Thomas Walker,

Jr., and Herman M. Daniels

Oppose: None Excuse: None.

Not Voting: Chairperson Rickie Nez

Honorable Rickie Nez, Chairperson

Resources and Development Committee

Shammie Begay, Legislative Advisor

Alemme Berry

Office of Legislative Services