LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY SHEET Tracking No. <u>0/49-22</u>-

DATE: July 14, 2022

TITLE OF RESOLUTION: AN ACTION RELATING TO THE RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND HUMAN SERVICES, LAW AND ORDER, AND THE NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE

PURPOSE: This resolution, if approved, will be the Navajo Nation's firm position in opposing any state within the United States decriminalizing the use of peyote and urges all states to limit the non-criminal use of peyote for religious, ceremonial, and cultural purposes only, as it is stated in the American Indian Religious Freedom Act Amendments of 1994, 42 U.S.C § 1996a, P.L. 103-344.

This written summary does not address recommended amendments as may be provided by the standing committee. The Office of Legislative Counsel requests each committee member to review the proposed resolution in detail.

5-DAY BILL H Website Pos		RIOD: <u>Afoliusion</u> Resources & Developmen	
Posting End		<u>08-09-22</u> Health Education & Human Service	Thence
Eligible for	ction:	<u>08-10-22</u> PROPOSED STANDING COMMITTEE RESOLUTION	Thence
2		24 th NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL – Fourth Year, 2022	er Committee
3			Thence i' Committee
4			
5		12 both	
6		(Prime Sponsor)	
7			
8		TRACKING NO	
9			
10		AN ACTION	
11	REI	LATING TO THE RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, HEALTH, EDUCATION	Ν,
12	ANI	D HUMAN SERVICES, LAW AND ORDER, AND THE NAABIK'ÍYÁT	I'
13	COI	MMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE O	F
14	PEY	YOTE	
15			
16	WH	IEREAS,	
17	А.	The Naabik'íyáti' Committee is a standing committee of the Navajo Nation Counc	zil 🛛
18		empowered to assist and coordinate all requests for information, appearances ar	ıd
19		testimony relating to proposed county, state and federal legislation impacting the Nava	jo
20		Nation. 2 N.N.C. §§ 700(A), 701(A)(6).	
21	В.	The Resources and Development Committee is a standing committee of the Nava	jo
22		Nation Council empowered to represent the Navajo Nation at local, state, and feder	al
23		levels, in cooperation and coordination with the President of the Navajo Nation and th	
24		appropriate committee of the Navajo Nation Council on proposed resolutions or action	15
25		affecting natural resources 2 N.N.C. §§ 500(A), 501(B)(5)	
26	C.	The Health, Education and Human Services Committee is a standing committee of the	
27		Navajo Nation Council empowered to represent the Navajo Nation at local, state ar	
28		federal levels, in coordination with the President of the Navajo Nation and the	
29		Naabik'íyáti' Committee on proposed legislation, funding and other actions affectir	ıg
30		environmental health. 2 N.N.C. §§ 400(A), 401(B)(7)(a).	

D. The Law and Order Committee is a standing committee of the Navajo Nation Council with its purpose to protect the rights and interests of the Navajo People by improving the quality and effectiveness of the justice system within the Navajo Nation. 2 N.N.C. § 600(C)(2).

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- E. The use of peyote for ceremonial and cultural purposes by the Native American Church members is one of the oldest religious traditions in the Western Hemisphere; a recent carbon dating of peyote at an archeological site in Texas revealed that the peyote dated back to 4,220 B.C. (approximately 6,000 years ago). James D. Muneta, *Peyote Crisis Confronting Modern Indigenous Peoples: The Declining Peyote Population and a Demand for Conservation*, Amer. Ind. Law Journal: Vol. 9 : Iss. 1, Article 6., (2020). https://digitalcommons.law.seattleu.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1228&context=ailj
- F. Tribal members whom are bonafide members of the Native American Church consume
 the sacred cactus plant (lophophora williamsii) known as peyote which contains the
 hallucinogenic drug "*mescaline*" during ceremonies. The hallucinogenic effect of
 mescaline is naturally found in the peyote cactuses (lophophora williamsii).
 - G. In the Southwest United States, including Texas, and Mexico, peyote is drastically declining due to land development, ranching, agriculture, poaching, psychedelic tourism, incorrect harvesting, and other factors such as recreational use and climate change.
 - H. Peyote is a slow-growing cactus that takes approximately ten or more years to grow from a seed to a mature plant to be consumed.
- I. The Azeé Bee Nahaghá of Diné Nation, Inc., passed a resolution, attached as Exhibit A,
 requesting the Navajo Nation to oppose decriminalization of peyote by all states across
 the United States. The Azeé Bee Nahaghá of Diné Nation, Inc., further recognized
 through their resolution that peyote should only be strictly used by bonafide members of
 the Native American Church as it is stated in the American Indian Religious Freedom
 Act Amendments of 1994, 42 U.S.C 1996a, P.L. 103-344.
- J. Azeé means medicine in Diné language. Diné Native American Church traditional
 practitioners identify Azeé to also mean peyote and is believed to spiritually heal a person
 through songs, prayers, and consumption of the Azeé (Peyote).
- 30 K. The Navajo Nation understands that peyote is classified as a Schedule I controlled substance under the Federal Controlled Substance Act. However, the Navajo Nation

government has allowed the ceremonial, cultural, and religious use of peyote since 1967 within the Navajo Nation through Resolution No. CO-65-67. Resolution No. CO-65-67 is hereby incorporated by reference only.

L. The Navajo Nation further understands that federal law, the American Indian Religious Freedom Act Amendments of 1994, 42 U.S.C. § 1996a, P.L. 103-344 provided authorization for bonafide members of the Native American Church to legally use peyote for religious purposes only.

M. It is in the best interest of the Navajo Nation to oppose decriminalizing the use of peyote as it is a cacti that could be excessively harvested and will endanger the plant (peyote) and will also substantially affect the religious, ceremonial and cultural practices of Indigenous People across the Western Hemisphere including members of the Navajo Nation who have a sincere religious belief and a strong connection to the use of peyote for ceremonial and cultural purposes.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED THAT,

The Navajo Nation firmly opposes any state within the United States decriminalizing the use of peyote and urges all states to limit the non-criminal use of peyote for religious, ceremonial, and cultural purposes only, as it is stated in the American Indian Religious Freedom Act Amendments of 1994, 42 U.S.C § 1996a, P.L. 103-344.



	EXHIBIT
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Willie Tracey Jr., President Alburt Johnson, Vice President

Victoria Woody, Treasurer Roxyamie Harvey, Secretary

RESOLUTION OF THE AZEE' BEE NAHAGHA OF DINE NATION, Inc.

Respectfully Approving and Recommending the Navajo Nation Council to Oppose the National Peyote Decriminalization

WHEREAS:

1. Azee Bee Nahagha of Dine Nation, Inc. (ABNDN Inc.) is governed by Board of Directors as provided for in its Articles of Incorporation, Constitution and Bylaws; and

2. The Native American Church of Navajoland, Inc. (NACNI, Inc.), now known as ABNDN Inc. was established on June 11, 1966 as a non-profit organization, was incorporated within the State of New Mexico on May 15, 1972 and in December 1989, the Advisory Committee of the Navajo Tribal Council granted a Revocable Land Use Permit (Mission Site) for NACNI, comprising of ten (10) acres of Navajo Nation Trust land at Chinle, Arizona; and

 ABNDN, Inc. is vested with the authority to review all matters affecting it's membership while making appropriate delicate decisions as deem necessary and to make recommendation to various agencies while seeking resources; and

 ABNDN recognizes the Azeé (Peyote) plant to be sacred among the Navajo people; and

 ABNDN recognizes Azeé (Peyote) has been consumed by Navajo people for religious, cultural, and ceremonial purposes since time in immemorial; and

6. ABNDN recognizes certain lands in the Southwest part of Texas and in Northern Mexico are cultural places of significant importance where Azeć (Peyote) plant grows in its aboriginal habitat; and

7. ABNDN recognizes the number of Azeé (Peyote) plants has decreased in recent years, threatening the long-term sustainability of the Azeé (Peyote) aboriginal habitats or populations, and depleting the number of Azeć (Peyote) that could be available for future generations; and

8. ABNDN recognizes the personal and corporate cultivation of the Azeć (Peyote) plant threatens the historical, cultural, and biological integrity of the plant by potentially exposing the population to hybridization, genetic modification, and sterilization, all of which is in violation of Public Law 103-344 American Indian Religious Freedom Act of 1994 (AIRFA of 1994); and

 ABNDN recognizes the movement to decriminalize Azeé (Peyote) use directly threatens the availability of Azeé (Peyote) and integrity of the ceremonial use of Azeé (Peyote) for Navajo people, including other Indigenous peoples, and would be contrary to the doctrine of federal preemption, whereby federal law supersedes state law in this area (under Public Law 103-344 AIRFA of 1994).

ABNDN recognizes the decriminalization of Azeé (Peyote) consumption beyond 10. the already hundreds of thousands of federally recognized tribes and other Indigenous peoples, including Navajo people, will create a demand and market for Azee (Peyote) that further threatens the existing aboriginal inhabitants.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED THAT:

ABNDN opposes the decriminalization of Azeé (Peyote). Usage should be only 1. "by a federally enrolled tribal citizen who uses Azeć (Peyote) in a hona fide traditional ceremony.

ABNDN opposes the extraction and synthesis of mescaline, and any cultivation, 2. tincture, or manufacturing for scientific purposes (research), or for any reasons outside of a traditional bone-fide ceremonial setting and purposes.

ABNDN hereby requests to protect and preserve Azeć (Peyote) strictly used for 3. religious, cultural, and coromonial purposes by the Navajo people, as protected under federal law,

ABNDN hereby requests Navajo leadership to protect and preserve the Peyote Way 4 of Life and the lands in which they reside within its natural aboriginal habitant.

CERTIFICATION

We hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was duly considered by the ABNDN, Inc. Executive Officials and Board of Directors at a duly called meeting at Chinle, Navajo Nation, Arfzona, at which a quorum was present and that same was passed by a vote of in favor, <u>60</u> opposed and <u>01</u> abstained, this <u>16th</u> day of <u>April</u>, 2022. 11

MOTION usun Dale SECOND: Richard Monroe Willie Trace Hourt Johnson. Vice President Protemp Secretary

Woody, Treasurer

Office of Legislative Counsel Telephone: (928) 871-7166 Fax # (928) 871-7576

FROM:



Honorable Seth Damon Speaker 24th Navajo Nation Council

MEMORANDUM

TO: Chairwoman, Eugenia Charles-Newton, Sponsor Law and Order Committee 24th Navajo Nation Council

> Vice-Chairman Thomas Walker, Jr., Co-Sponsor Resources and Development Committee 24th Navajo Nation Council

Chad Abeyta, Attorney Office of Legislative Counsel

DATE: July 14, 2022

SUBJECT: AN ACTION RELATING TO THE RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND HUMAN SERVICES, LAW AND ORDER, AND THE NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE

I have prepared the above-referenced proposed resolution and associated legislative summary sheet pursuant to your request for legislative drafting. Based on existing law and review of documents submitted, the resolution as drafted is legally sufficient. As with any action of government however, it can be subject to review by the courts in the event of proper challenge.

The Office of Legislative Counsel confirms the appropriate standing committee(s) based on the standing committees powers outlined in 2 N.N.C. §§300, 400, 500, 600 and 700. Nevertheless, "the Speaker of the Navajo Nation Council shall introduce [the proposed resolution] into the legislative process by assigning it to the respective oversight committee(s) of the Navajo Nation Council having authority over the matters for proper consideration." 2 N.N.C. §164(A)(5).

Please ensure that this resolution request is precisely what you want. You are encouraged to review the proposed resolution to ensure that it is drafted to your satisfaction. Ahehee!

THE NAVAJO NATION LEGISLATIVE BRANCH INTERNET PUBLIC REVIEW PUBLICATION



LEGISLATION NO: _0149-22__

SPONSOR: Eugenia Charles-Newton

<u>TITLE: An Action Relating to the Resources and Development, Health, Education, and Human Services, Law and Order, and the Naabik'íyáti' Committees; Opposing States' Decriminalization of the Use of Peyote</u>

Date posted: August 04, 2022 at 11:05AM

Digital comments may be e-mailed to <u>comments@navajo-nsn.gov</u>

Written comments may be mailed to:

Executive Director Office of Legislative Services P.O. Box 3390 Window Rock, AZ 86515 (928) 871-7586

Comments may be made in the form of chapter resolutions, letters, position papers, etc. Please include your name, position title, address for written comments; a valid e-mail address is required. Anonymous comments will not be included in the Legislation packet.

Please note: This digital copy is being provided for the benefit of the Navajo Nation chapters and public use. Any political use is prohibited. All written comments received become the property of the Navajo Nation and will be forwarded to the assigned Navajo Nation Council standing committee(s) and/or the Navajo Nation Council for review. Any tampering with public records are punishable by Navajo Nation law pursuant to 17 N.N.C. *§374 et. seq.*

THE NAVAJO NATION LEGISLATIVE BRANCH INTERNET PUBLIC REVIEW SUMMARY

LEGISLATION NO.: 0149-22

SPONSOR: Honorable Eugenia Charles-Newton

TITLE: <u>An Action Relating to the Resources and Development, Health,</u> <u>Education, and Human Services, Law and Order, and the Naabik'íyáti'</u> <u>Committees; Opposing States' Decriminalization of the Use of Peyote</u>

Posted: <u>August 04, 2022 at 11:05 PM</u>

5 DAY Comment Period Ended: <u>August 09, 2022</u>

Digital Comments received:

	1) Ronald Benally
	2) Earl Morris, Jr.
	3) ABNDN, District 17
	4) David S. Clark
	5) Richard Monroe
	6) Alburt Johnson
	7) Lula Monroe
	8) ABNDN, District 3
	9) ABNDN, District 5
	10) Brooke Clark
	11) Amber Begaye
	12) Carlos Clark
Comments Supporting	13) Tamara Talayumptewa
Comments Supporting	14) Darlene Clark
	15) Dudley Clark
	16) Geraldyn Clark
	17) Sharon Clark-Begaye
	18) Byron Clark
	19) Austin Wero
	20) Camria Clark-Robinson
	21) Darren Cling
	22) David Cling
	23) Maximus Oliver
	24) Tristen Tsosie
	25) Hershel Walker Clark
Comments Opposing	None

Abhron

Legislative Tracking Secretary Office of Legislative Services

August 10, 2022; 7:30 AM Date/Time

Peyote Decriminalization

Ronald Benally <redmesa91@gmail.com>

Tue 8/9/2022 3:01 PM

To:comments <comments@navajo-nsn.gov>;

Yaateeh Abini,

My name is Ronald Benally, I'm the Board of Director for 9-A, Tolikan ABNDN Chapter. I' writing this response in regards to Peyote Decrimination legislation that is currently in place. We the majority of the board are full support to continue with the process to move forward and looking for your full support.

AHEE HEE

WARNING: External email. Please verify sender before opening attachments or clicking on links.

LEGISLATION NO: 0149-22

Earl Morris JR. <emjr.00@gmail.com>

Tue 8/9/2022 3:02 PM

To:comments <comments@navajo-nsn.gov>;

I am a registered member of the Azeé Bee Nahagha of Diné Nation organization and have been made aware by my local leaders of a recent legislation that proposes the decriminalization of peyote. I offer my disapproval of this legislation and encourage those with the power to oppose as well. I was raised with the peyote ceremony which to my family is a very sacred religion and the partaking of this form of medicine is also sacred to us Native people and is used in a very strict and sacred manner. To decriminalize the usage of peyote would result in unintended consequences that will destroy our way of life. Popularizing the usage of peyote to outside Native communities and allowing recreational usage of peyote would result in mass production efforts and attempts to commercialize this holy sacrament. The government has no business in trying to regulate our faith as DIné people. So again, I strongly oppose and hope it will be reconsidered to honor our religious beliefs and take account the effects these laws would have on Indigenous communities.

Thank You, Earl Morris Jr

WARNING: External email. Please verify sender before opening attachments or clicking on links.



<u>A Supporting Resolution by Azeé Bee Nahaghá of Diné Nation District 17 to the</u> 24th Navajo Nation Council to Oppose the Decriminalization of Peyote (mescaline) at the State, Local Governments, and Territories in the United States (US).

WHEREAS:

- 1. District 17 Chapters (Ganado, Wide Ruins/Klagetoh, Steamboat, Cornfields, Kinlichee, Greasewood) is a local entity of Azeé Bee Nahaghá of Diné Nation (ABNDN) recognized and certified with authority and responsibility to act in the best interest of its members on matters in pertaining to the protection and preservation of our sacred Azeé (Peyote).
- 2. The ABNDN, formerly known as the Native American Church of Navajoland (NACNL), have fought numerous legal and political battles at the tribal, state, and federal level to achieve the right to use our sacred Azeé (Peyote) within our Navajo ceremonial and cultural ways.
- 3. District 17 Chapters (Ganado, Wide Ruins/Klagetoh, Steamboat, Cornfields, Kinlichee, Greasewood) understands Public Law 103-344 (P.L 103-344) American Indian Religion Freedom Amendment Act of 1994 (AIRFA of 1994) provides authorization for Navajo people and other federally recognized tribal members to legally possess, transport, and use peyote strictly for religious, cultural, and ceremonial purposes only.
- 4. District 17 Chapters (Ganado, Wide Ruins/Klagetoh, Steamboat, Cornfields, Kinlichee, Greasewood) urges all states, local government, and territories in the US to respect and fully support the continued federal protection of our sacred peyote medicine to be strictly used by a federally recognized tribal member as recognized under P.L 103-344 AIRFA of 1994.
- 5. District 17 Chapters (Ganado, Wide Ruins/Klagetoh, Steamboat, Cornfields, Kinlichee, Greasewood) recognizes the movement to decriminalize peyote (mescaline) by the state, local governments, and territories in the US directly violates P.L 103-344 AIRFA of 1994.
- 6. District 17 Chapters (Ganado, Wide Ruins/Klagetoh, Steamboat, Cornfields, Kinlichee, Greasewood) believes it is in the best interest for the Navajo Nation to oppose the decriminalization of peyote (mescaline) efforts in the US as it will affect the ceremonial and cultural practices of Indigenous peoples across the Western Hemisphere including members of the Navajo Nation who have a strong connection to the use of peyote for ceremonial and cultural purposes.

NOW THEREFORE IT BE RESOLVED THAT:

1. District 17 Chapters (Ganado, Wide Ruins/Klagetoh, Steamboat, Cornfields, Kinlichee,

Greasewood) sstrongly opposes the decriminalization of peyote (mescaline) and urge all states, local governments, and territories in the US to adhere to P.L. 103-344 AIRFA of 1994.

- 2. District 17 Chapters (Ganado, Wide Ruins/Klagetoh, Steamboat, Cornfields, Kinlichee, Greasewood) strongly opposes the extraction and synthesis of peyote (mescaline), and any cultivation, harvest, extraction, tincture, or other product manufactured or derived therefrom, or for any reasons outside of a traditional bone-fide ceremonial setting and purposes.
- 3. District 17 Chapters (Ganado, Wide Ruins/Klagetoh, Steamboat, Cornfields, Kinlichee, Greasewood) hereby requests Navajo Nation leadership to protect and preserve the Peyote Way of Life for the Navajo people by adhering to P.L. 103-344 AIRFA of 1994.

CERTIFICATION

We hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was duly considered at a duly called meeting in Klagetoh,, Arizona, at which time a quorum was present and that the same was passed by a vote of $\underline{22}$ in favor, and $\underline{0}$ opposed, and $\underline{0}$

abstained, on this 24th day of July 2022.

Motion by: Marilyn Taliman Seconded by: Robert Begay

Trevor S. Foster, ABNDN District 17 BOD



Azeé Bee Nahaghá of Diné Nation Former President / Founder: David S. Clark

August 6, 2022

Re: Revised Recommendation to Legislation, RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, AND NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE.

To Whom it May Concern,

The passing of Public Law 103-344 American Indian Religious Freedom Act of 1994 and Title 17, Section 394 of the Navajo Nation Criminal Code Controlled Substance Law protects federally recognized tribal members, including Navajos, to use, possess, and transport peyote for religious, cultural, and ceremonial purposes only. Navajo Nation should be at the forefront in opposing the decriminalization of peyote by standing firmly by the statutory and regulatory laws.

The Navajo Nation, including other Tribal Nations, have fought numerous legal and political battles at the tribal, state, and federal level to achieve the legal right to use our sacred Azeé (Peyote) for ceremonial and cultural purposes. Other Tribal Nations a wait for Navajo leadership to move forward in a unifying effort. It takes great courage and leadership to do what is right.

We fought hard to legalize the use of our medicine. I whole heartly support the ABNDN Peyote Task Forces recommended revisions to uphold the statutory laws within the Navajo Nations proposed resolution to oppose the decriminalization of peyote. Please feel free to contact me if you have any questions at (928) Thank you for your leadership.

Sincerely,

Daullarte

David S. Clark, Former President / Founder of ABNDN



Azeé Bee Nahaghá of Diné Nation Richard Monroe, District 5 Board of Director

August 7, 2022

24th Navajo Nation Council Post Office Box 3390 Window Rock, Navajo Nation AZ 86515

Re: Revised Recommendation to Legislation, RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, AND NAABIK'IYÁTI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE.

To Whom it May Concern,

It is with great pleasure that I am writing in support for the Navajo Nation proposed resolution to oppose the decriminalization of peyote throughout the country. However, additional revised language is needed within the proposed resolution. The recommended revisions will provide much needed support in protecting the ceremonial and cultural use of our sacred Azeé (peyote).

In addition, this resolution, with revisions, will ensure federal protection of our Azeé (peyote) and will be in accordance with Public Law 103-344 American Indian Religious Freedom Amendment Act of 1994, which provides authorization for Navajo people and other federally recognized tribal members to legally possess, transport, and use peyote strictly for religious, cultural, and ceremonial purposes only. I am aware of the decriminalization of peyote efforts in the US. I believe it is in the best interest for the Navajo Nation to oppose the decriminalization of peyote and mescaline efforts in the US. Furthermore, this peyote initiative has created a stronger need for the Navajo Nation to advocate for the enforcement of federal regulations on peyote.

I believe the proposed resolution, with recommended revisions by the ABNDN Peyote Task Force, will further protect the rights for Navajo people to use our Azeé (peyote) in a respectful and meaningful way. I appreciate your continuous leadership during this time. I wish you the best and thank you for your time regarding this important matter for the Navajo people.

Sincerely,

R. Monse

Richard Monroe, ABNDN District 5 Board of Director



Azeé Bee Nahaghá of Diné Nation: Ceremonial Protection Committee Richard Monroe, Chairperson Al Yazzie, Vice Chairperson

August 8, 2022

Re: Revised Recommendation to Legislation, RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, AND NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE.

To Whom it May Concern,

The Azeé Bee Nahaghá of Diné (ABNDN) Ceremonial Protection Committee thanks and appreciates the Honorable Delegate Charles-Newton for acknowledging the ABNDN Peyote Task Force revised recommendations to the proposed resolution. However, additional revised language is still needed within the proposed resolution. Therefore, ABNDN Ceremonial Protection Committee respectfully requests the Navajo Council to revise the language within the proposed resolution to be in accordance with the Navajo Nation Title 17 Controlled Substance Code and the American Indian Religious Freedom Act Amendment of 1994.

ABNDN Ceremonial Protection Committee whole heartly supports the 24th Navajo Nation Council proposed resolution to oppose the decriminalization of peyote with recommended revisions. We appreciate your leadership as we continue to protect and preserve our Navajo way of life. Please feel free to contact the ABNDN Ceremonial Protection Committee Chairperson, Richard Monroe at (928) for any questions or additional information. Ahéhee. Thank you for your time.

Respectfully, R. Monce

ABNDN Ceremonial Protection Chairperson



Azeé Bee Nahaghá of Diné Nation: Peyote Task Force Committee Alburt Johnson, Chairperson Emmett Johnson, Treasurer Lenora Hatathlie, Secretary

August 7, 2022

Re: Revised Recommendation to Legislation, RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, AND NAABIK'IYATI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE.

To Whom it May Concern,

The Azeé Bee Nahaghá of Diné (ABNDN) Peyote Task Force appreciates the Honorable Delegate Charles-Newton for acknowledging ABNDN Task Forces revised recommendations to the proposed resolution. However, additional revised language is still needed within the proposed resolution. Therefore, ABNDN Peyote Task Force will respectfully work with the Navajo leadership to further strengthen the Navajo Nations position to oppose the decriminalization of peyote in the US.

ABNDN Peyote Task Force whole heartly supports the Navajo Nation proposed resolution to oppose the decriminalization of peyote with recommended revisions. We appreciate your leadership as we continue to protect and preserve our Navajo way of life. Please feel free to contact the ABNDN Peyote Task Force Chairperson, Alburt Johnson at (928) for any questions or additional information. Ahéhee. Thank you for your time.

Respectfully,

hnor

Alburt Johnson, ABNDN Peyote Task Force Chairperson



24th Navajo Nation Council Post Office Box 3390 Window Rock, Navajo Nation AZ 86515

Re: Revised Recommendation to Legislation, RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, AND NAABIK'IYÂTI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE.

To Whom it May Concern,

It is with great pleasure that I am writing in support for the Navajo Nation proposed resolution to oppose the decriminalization of peyote throughout the country. However, additional revised language is needed within the proposed resolution. The recommended revisions will provide much needed support in protecting the ceremonial and cultural use of our sacred Azeé (peyote).

In addition, this resolution, with revisions, will ensure federal protection of our Azeé (peyote) and will be in accordance with Public Law 103-344 American Indian Religious Freedom Amendment Act of 1994, which provides authorization for Navajo people and other federally recognized tribal members to legally possess, transport, and use peyote strictly for religious, cultural, and ceremonial purposes only. I am aware of the decriminalization of peyote efforts in the US. I believe it is in the best interest for the Navajo Nation to oppose the decriminalization of peyote and mescaline efforts in the US. Furthermore, this peyote initiative has created a stronger need for the Navajo Nation to advocate for the enforcement of federal regulations on peyote.

I believe the proposed resolution, with recommended revisions by the ABNDN Peyote Task Force, will further protect the rights for Navajo people to use our Azeé (peyote) in a respectful and meaningful way. I appreciate your continuous leadership during this time. I wish you the best and thank you for your time regarding this important matter for the Navajo people.

Sincerely.

Lula Monroe, District 5 Secretary Azeé Bee Nahaghá of Diné Nation

Winslow, AZ 86047 Email: monroelula56@gmail.com



<u>A Supporting Resolution by Azeé Bee Nahaghá of Diné Nation District 3 to the 24th</u> <u>Navajo Nation Council to Oppose the Decriminalization of Peyote (mescaline) at the</u> <u>State, Local Governments, and Territories in the United States (US).</u>

WHEREAS:

- 1. District 3 Chapter (Tuba City, Bodaway Gap, Cameron, and Coalmine) is a local entity of Azeé Bee Nahaghá of Diné Nation (ABNDN) recognized and certified with authority and responsibility to act in the best interest of its members on matters in pertaining to the protection and preservation of our sacred Azeé (Peyote).
- 2. The ABNDN, formerly known as the Native American Church of Navajoland (NACNL), have fought numerous legal and political battles at the tribal, state, and federal level to achieve the right to use our sacred Azeé (Peyote) within our Navajo ceremonial and cultural ways.
- 3. District 3 Chapter understands Public Law 103-344 (P.L 103-344) American Indian Religious Freedom Amendment Act of 1994 (AIRFA of 1994) provides authorization for Navajo people and other federally recognized tribal members to legally possess, transport, and use peyote strictly for religious, cultural, and ceremonial purposes only.
- 4. District 3 Chapter urges all states, local government, and territories in the US to respect and fully support the continued federal protection of our sacred peyote medicine to be strictly used by a federally recognized tribal member as recognized under P.L 103-344 AIRFA of 1994.
- 5. District 3 Chapter recognizes the movement to decriminalize peyote (mescaline) by the state, local governments, and territories in the US directly violates P.L 103-344 AIRFA of 1994.
- 6. District 3 Chapter believes it is in the best interest for the Navajo Nation to oppose the decriminalization of peyote (mescaline) efforts in the US as it will affect the ceremonial and cultural practices of Indigenous peoples across the Western Hemisphere including members of the Navajo Nation who have a strong connection to the use of peyote for ceremonial and cultural purposes.

NOW THEREFORE IT BE RESOLVED THAT:

1. District 3 Chapter (Tuba City, Bodaway Gap, Cameron, and Coalmine) strongly opposes the decriminalization of peyote (mescaline) and urge all states, local governments, and territories in the US to adhere to P.L. 103-344 AIRFA of 1994.

- 2. District 3 Chapter strongly opposes the extraction and synthesis of peyote (mescaline), and any cultivation, harvest, extraction, tincture, or other product manufactured or derived therefrom, or for any reasons outside of a traditional bone-fide ceremonial setting and purposes.
- 3. District 3 Chapter hereby requests Navajo Nation leadership to protect and preserve the Peyote Way of Life for the Navajo people by adhering to P.L. 103-344 AIRFA of 1994.

CERTIFICATION

We hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was duly considered at a duly called meeting in Tuba City, Arizona, at which time a quorum was present and that the same was passed by a vote of _29_ in favor, and _0_ opposed, and _1_ abstained, on this 20th day of July 2022.

Gene Flatrock, ABNDN District 3 Board of Director



<u>A Supporting Resolution by Azeé Bee Nahaghá of Diné Nation District 5 to</u> <u>the 24th Navajo Nation Council to Oppose the Decriminalization of Peyote at</u> <u>the State, Local Governments, and Territories in the United States (US).</u>

WHEREAS:

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District 5 Chapter (Birdsprings, Leupp, Tolani Lake) is a local entity of Azeé Bee Nahaghá of Diné Nation (ABNDN) recognized and certified with authority and responsibility to act in the best interest of its members on matters in pertaining to the protection and preservation of our sacred Azeé (Peyote).

The ABNDN, formerly known as the Native American Church of Navajoland (NACNL), have fought numerous legal and political battles at the tribal, state, and federal level to achieve the right to use our sacred Azeé (Peyote) within our Navajo ceremonial and cultural ways.

District 5 Chapter understands Public Law 103-344 (P.L 103-344) American Indian Religious Freedom Amendment Act of 1994 (AIRFA of 1994) provides authorization for Navajo people and other federally recognized tribal members to legally possess, transport, and use peyote strictly for religious, cultural, and ceremonial purposes only.

District 5 Chapter urges all states, local government, and territories in the US to respect and fully support the continued federal protection of our sacred peyote medicine to be strictly used by a federally recognized tribal member as recognized under P.L 103-344 AIRFA of 1994.

District 3 Chapter recognizes the movement to decriminalize peyote (mescaline) by the state, local governments, and territories in the US directly violates P.L 103-344 AIRFA of 1994.

District 3 Chapter believes it is in the best interest for the Navajo Nation to oppose the decriminalization of peyote (mescaline) efforts in the US as it will affect the ceremonial and cultural practices of Indigenous peoples across the Western Hemisphere including members of the Navajo Nation who have a strong connection to the use of peyote for

ceremonial and cultural purposes.

NOW THEREFORE IT BE RESOLVED THAT:

District 5 Chapters strongly opposes the decriminalization of peyote (mescaline) and urge all states, local governments, and territories in the US to adhere to P.L. 103-344 AIRFA of 1994.

District 5 Chapters strongly opposes the extraction and synthesis of peyote (mescaline), and any cultivation, harvest, extraction, tincture, or other product manufactured or derived therefrom, or for any reasons outside of a traditional bone-fide ceremonial setting and purposes.

District 5 Chapter hereby requests Navajo Nation leadership to protect and preserve the Peyote Way of Life for the Navajo people by adhering to P.L. 103-344 AIRFA of 1994.

CERTIFICATION

We hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was duly considered at a duly called meeting in Winslow, Arizona, at which time a quorum was present and that the same was passed by a vote of _10_ in favor, and _0_ opposed, and _1_ abstained, on this 5th day of August 2022.

David Turquoise, ABNDN District 5 President

August 8, 2022

Re: Revised Recommendation to Legislation, RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, AND NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE.

To Whom it May Concern,

Our Navajo way of life is our only future in which we must protect. Our tribal leaders fought hard to protect and preserve our sacred peyote medicine in the passing of the American Indian Religious Freedom Act of 1994. With a great sense of gratitude, I ask you to please pass the resolution to oppose the decriminalization of peyote. Much of the Navajo people who want better laws for protecting our Navajo way of life are with you. Thank you.

Respectfully,

Brooke CLARK Brooke Clark, ABNDN Member

Re: Revised Recommendation to Legislation, RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, AND NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE.

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Respectfully,

A-D-14 BOVE Amber Begaye, ABNDN Member

Re: Revised Recommendation to Legislation, RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, AND NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE.

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Respectfully,

Carlos CIK

Carlos Clark, ABNDN Member

August 8, 2022

Re: Revised Recommendation to Legislation, RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, AND NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE.

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Respectfully,

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Tamara Talayumptewa, ABNDN Member

Re: Revised Recommendation to Legislation, RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, AND NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE.

To Whom it May Concern,

The vote in the 24th Navajo Nation Council to pass the decriminalization of peyote resolution is the undeniable wish of the people. Several ABNDN chapters and leaders presented their own supporting documents expressing their wish for the Navajo leadership to oppose the decriminalization of peyote and mescaline in the United States. The resolution will have a tremendous affect in protecting the ceremonial and cultural practices for the Navajo people.

The Navajo Nation cannot go wrong when it acts to protect the Navajo way of life. Please pass the resolution with ABNDN Peyote Task Forces revised recommendations. We must respect the laws we fought hard to pass such as the American Indian Religious Freedom Act of 1994. Thank you for your time. May the Creator continue to bless the Navajo leadership. Ahéhee.

Sincerely,

Den Ge

Darlene Clark, ABNDN Member

Re: Revised Recommendation to Legislation, RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, AND NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE.

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Sincerely,

Duly Cl-K

Dudley Clark, ABNDN Member

Re: Revised Recommendation to Legislation, RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, AND NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEES; **OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE.**

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Sincerely,

Sciollyn Clole Geraldyn Clark, ABNDN Member

Re: Revised Recommendation to Legislation, RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, AND NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE.

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Sincerely,

Sharon Clark-Begge

Sharon Clark-Begaye, ABNDN Member

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Re: Revised Recommendation to Legislation, RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, AND NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE.

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Respectfully,

Byrm CIL Byron Clark, ABNDN Member

Re: Revised Recommendation to Legislation, RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, AND NAABIK'IYÁTI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE.

To Whom it May Concern,

I am a Navajo youth who encourages you to please pass the proposed resolution to oppose the decriminalization of peyote. I have witnessed many of my Navajo relatives who are concerned about our peyote medicine. I know this resolution will do two things: 1) Help ensure my relatives are able to pray and heal with the use of our sacred peyote medicine; and 2) Will create a healthier relationship in the use of our peyote medicine for our people, especially for our Navajo youth and future generations to come. Please, I urge you to pass the proposed resolution for the Navajo Nation. Ahéhee'!

Respectfully,

Austin Wero, ABNDN Youth

Re: Revised Recommendation to Legislation, RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, AND NAABIK'IYÁTI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE.

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retin Clork Hobison Respectfully,

Cambria Clark-Robinson, ABNDN Youth

Re: Revised Recommendation to Legislation, RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, AND NAABIK'IYATI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE.

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Respectfully,

ling min Darren Cling, ABNDN Youth

Re: Revised Recommendation to Legislation, RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, AND NAABIK'IYATI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE.

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Respectfully, David Cling, ABNDN Youth

August 6, 2022

Re: Revised Recommendation to Legislation, RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, AND NAABIK'IYATI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE.

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Respectfully, im

Maximus Oliver, ABNDN Youth

August 6, 2022

Re: Revised Recommendation to Legislation, RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, AND NAABIK'IYÁTI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE.

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Respectfully,

(risten lessie) Tristen Tsosie, ABNDN Youth



August 8, 2022

Re: Revised Recommendation to Legislation, RELATING TO HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES, RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, AND NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE.

To Whom it May Concern,

It is with great pleasure that I am writing in support for the Navajo Nation resolution to oppose the decriminalization of peyote in the United States. However, additional revised language is still needed within the proposed resolution. Therefore, I respectfully request revisions to the proposed resolution to be in accordance with Title 17, Section 394 of the Navajo Nation Criminal Code Controlled Substance Law, and American Indian Religious Freedom Act Amendment of 1994.

Recommended revisions by the ABNDN Peyote Task Force will further strengthen Navajo Nations position to oppose the decriminalization of peyote efforts in the US. It is in the best interest for the Navajo Nation to establish a strong legal stance by adhering to the federal and tribal regulations that protect our sacred Azeé (peyote) for generations to come.

In closing, I support the Navajo Nation proposed resolution with recommended revisions by the ABNDN Peyote Task Force. I appreciate your continuous efforts to protect our Navajo way of life. If there is anything more that I can do to support this important peyote initiative, please let me know. I wish you the best and thank you for your time regarding this important concern for the Navajo people.

Sincerely,

Hershel W. Clark

Hershel Walker Clark, ABNDN Public Health Advisor

Legislation # 0149-22 Comments

DLBedonie <dlbedonie@gmail.com>

Tue 8/9/2022 6:29 PM

To:comments <comments@navajo-nsn.gov>;

Subjected amendments on page 2 of 3:

Page 2 of 3: line 5 – add "s" to "American",

Page 2 of 3: Line 6 - delete "church members".

Line 12 – insert "Many Federally recognized" – before Tribal members.

Line 16 - Insert - part of after the word "southwest", delete "United States, including".

Lorenzo Bedonie ABNDN Board of Director, District 4

RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE 24th NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL

FOURTH YEAR 2022

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker,

The **RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE** to whom has been assigned:

LEGISLATION #0149-22: AN ACTION RELATING TO THE RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND HUMAN SERVICES, LAW AND ORDER, AND THE NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE. Sponsor: Honorable Eugenia Charles-Newton

Has had it under consideration and reports a DO PASS with no amendments.

And thereafter the legislation was referred to Health, Education, & Human Services Committee.

Respectfully submitted,

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Mark A. Freeland, *Pro Tem Chairperson* Resources and Development Committee of the 24th Navajo Nation Council

Date: Location: August 10, 2022 – Regular Meeting (Teleconference) Resources and Development Committee also called in via teleconference from their location within the boundary of the Navajo Nation.

Main Motion:

M: Wilson C. Stewart, Jr. S: Thomas Walker, Jr. V: 4-0-1 (CNV) In Favor: Thomas Walker, Jr.; Kee Allen Begay, Jr.; Herman M. Daniels; Wilson C. Stewart, Jr. Opposition: None Excused: Rickie Nez, *Chairperson* Not Voting: Mark A. Freeland, *Pro Tem Chairperson*

(NOTE: VOTE TALLY attached hereto)

RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE 24th NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL

FOURTH YEAR 2022

ROLL CALL VOTE TALLY SHEET

LEGISLATION #0149-22: AN ACTION RELATING TO THE RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND HUMAN SERVICES, LAW AND ORDER, AND THE NAABIK'ÍYÁTI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE. Sponsor: Honorable Eugenia Charles-Newton

Date: August 10, 2022 – Regular Meeting (Teleconference) Location: Resources and Development Committee also called in via teleconference from their location within the boundary of the Navajo Nation.

Main Motion:

M: Wilson C. Stewart, Jr. S: Thomas Walker, Jr. V: 4-0-1 (CNV) In Favor: Thomas Walker, Jr.; Kee Allen Begay, Jr.; Herman M. Daniels; Wilson C. Stewart, Jr. **Opposition:** None Excused: Rickie Nez, Chairperson Not Voting: Mark A. Freeland, Pro Tem Chairperson

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Honorable Mark A. Freeland, Pro Tem Chairperson **Resources and Development Committee**

Thedney L. Take Rodney L. Pahe, Legislative Advisor Office of Legislative Services

HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE 24TH NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL FOURTH YEAR 2022

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker,

The **HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE** to whom has been assigned:

Legislation No. 0149-22: An Action Relating to the Resources and Development, Health, Education, and Human Services, Law and Order, and the Naabik'íyáti' Committees; Opposing States' Decriminalization of the Use of Peyote

Sponsor: Council Delegate Eugenia Charles Newton

Has had it under consideration and reports the same with the recommendation that it **DO PASS with no amendment** and is thence referred to the Law and Order Committee.

Respectfully submitted,

Carl R. Slater, Vice-Chairperson Health, Education and Human Services Committee 24th Navajo Nation Council

Date: August 17, 2022

Main Motion:Motion:Honorable Pernell HalonaSecond:Honorable Edison J. WaunekaVote:5-0-0

HEALTH, EDUCATION AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE Regular Meeting August 17, 2022

Legislation No. 0149-22: An Action Relating to the Resources and Development, Health, Education, and Human Services, Law and Order, and the Naabik'íyáti' Committees; Opposing States' Decriminalization of the Use of Peyote

Sponsor: Council Delegate Eugenia Charles Newton

VOTE TALLY SHEET:

Main Motion:	
Motion:	Honorable Pernell Halona
Second:	Honorable Edison J. Wauneka

Yea: Paul Begay Jr.; Pernell Halona; Charlaine Tso; Daniel E. Tso; Edison J. Wauneka

Nay: Not Voting: Carl R. Slater (Presiding Vice-Chair) Excused: Absent: Vote: 5-0-0

Carl R. Slater, Vice-Chairperson Health, Education and Human Services Committee 24th Navajo Nation Council

Angelita Benally, Legislative Advisor Health, Education and Human Services Committee Office of Legislative Services

LAW AND ORDER COMMITTEE 24TH NAVAJO NATION COUNCIL

FOURTH YEAR 2022

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker,

The LAW AND ORDER COMMITTEE to whom has been assigned:

Legislation No. 0149-22: An Action Relating to the Resources and Development, Health, Education and Human Services, Law and Order, and the Naabik'iyati Committees, Opposing States' Decriminalization of the Use of Peyote – *Sponsor: Honorable Eugenia Charles-Newton*

Has had it under consideration and reports a DO PASS with no amendments.

And thereafter the legislation was referred to Naabik'iyati Committee.

Respectfully submitted,

Otto Tso, Chair Pro Tem Law and Order Committee 24th Navajo Nation Council

Date: August 22, 2022

Main Motion:

Motion	:	Honorable Vince James
Second	:	Honorable Eugene Tso
Vote	:	4-0-1

LAW AND ORDER COMMITTEE Regular Meeting August 22, 2022

Legislation No. 0149-22: An Action Relating to the Resources and Development, Health, Education and Human Services, Law and Order, and the Naabik'iyati Committees, Opposing States' Decriminalization of the Use of Peyote – *Sponsor: Honorable Eugenia Charles-Newton*

VOTE TALLY SHEET:

Main Motion:

Motion: Honorable Vince James Second: Honorable Eugene Tso Vote: 4-0-1

Yea: Honorable Eugenia Charles-Newton/Honorable Vince James/Honorable Eugene Tso/ Honorable Edmund Yazzie Nay: None Not Voting: Honorable Otto Tso Excused: None Absent: None

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Otto Tso, Chair Pro Tem Law and Order Committee 24th Navajo Nation Council

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Laureen Spencer, Legislative Advisor Office of Legislative Services

THE NAVAJO NATION LEGISLATIVE BRANCH INTERNET PUBLIC REVIEW SUMMARY

LEGISLATION NO.: 0149-22

SPONSOR: Honorable Eugenia Charles-Newton

TITLE: <u>An Action Relating to the Resources and Development, Health,</u> <u>Education, and Human Services, Law and Order, and the Naabik'íyáti'</u> <u>Committees; Opposing States' Decriminalization of the Use of Peyote</u>

Posted: August 04, 2022 at 11:05 PM

5 DAY Comment Period Ended: August 09, 2022

Digital Comments received:

Comments Supporting	 Ruby Tallsalt Dr. David J. Tsosie Delbert & Natalie Tsinnijinnie Louise Claw-Nockideneh 	
Comments Opposing	None	
Comments/Recommendations	 Tracie & Therill Tso Hershel W. Clark 	

Legislative Tracking Secretary Office of Legislative Services

<u>August 23, 2022; 10:30 AM</u> Date/Time

Legislation # 0149-22

Ruby Tallsalt <rutallsalt@yahoo.com>

Tue 8/9/2022 9:14 PM

To:comments < comments@navajo-nsn.gov>;

Ya'aat'eeh shinaat'aanii,

Legislation # 0149-22 Opposing Decrimilization on Peyote

My husband Paul and I, Ruby Tallsalt live in Coppermine, Az. We have been members of Native American Church of Navajoland for quite a long time. As NAC of Navajoland transitioned to Azee Bee Nahagha of Dine' Nation, we too, made the transition as well.

While growing up in the Western part of the Navajo Nation, my parents the late Kee and Alice Tsinnijinnie conducted many ceremonies for our relatives, praying with nihima Azee, peyote to help our ailing relatives to get better, so that they may live long productive lives. They provided prayers and ceremonies at all hours of the night, sometimes for several nights in a row. I have seen and witnessed many healings with the help of nihima azee. The fireplace and nahalahi has been passed onto my brothers, to this day they continue to pray for our relatives.

Our young people are developing confidence with prayers, so that they may continue their education at university levels, trade schools and/or job force. Many times, we prayed with azee for a good life and that has been bestowed upon us. Some have started businesses with prayers, as a result their businesses are thriving.

Relatives that have sought help and healing from the nihima azee are now going out of their way to ensure the medicine is being used as it was meant to be. Our way of praying and singing in ceremonial settings is now being affected by Senate Bills that are surfacing, which would enable any non-native persons to have access to this medicine. If we allow this to continue, we will find ourselves without our healing azee. At this date and time, azee is already scarce and hard to find. It is our duty to protect, preserve and foster our azee, so that our grandchildren, great grandchildren will have azee to turn to when they need guidance, healing and building confidence. If we allow our azee to be available to non-natives, we will not have any left for generations to come.

We implore your approval for this legislation, shinaat'aanii, so that we can continue to use our ceremonial ways without having to worry about one day, losing it to non-native people. Your YES vote would be greatly appreciated. Axe'hee and have a beautiful day.

Ruby Tallsalt

P.O. Box

Tuba City, Az 86045

rutallsalt@yahoo.com

We as indigenous people have historically been subject to encroachment on and abrogation of our way of life since the arrival of the Western Europeans. We have seen this in the land that has been taken from us and ending in our removal to reservations; the forced placement of our children in boarding schools to be part of the acculturation policy; and finally, the attempt to disconnect us from our sacred sites and spiritual practices/ways. I firmly believe the current attempt to decriminalize the use of peyote is a continuous effort of the latter practice upon indigenous people.

I was the President of the Azee Bee Nahahga of Dine Nation (ABNDN) from 2008 to 2012 and during my administration I became aware of the plight of the Navajo people regarding the legalization of peyote on the Navajo reservation over a period of over 25 years. Also, the concerted efforts of the members of Native American Church of Navajoland to affect the passage of the American Indian Religious Freedom Act Amendment of 1994 (P.L. 102-344). The main emphasis of the membership of ABNDN was the legislative support of P.L. 103-344 which was "the use, possession, or transportation of peyote by an Indian for bona fide traditional ceremonial purposes in connection with the practice of a traditional Indian religion is lawful, and shall not be prohibited by the United States or an State."

The main position expressed by the ABNDN members, directly or indirectly, was that the use of peyote should be for federally recognized Indian Tribes to be used in conjunction with bona fide traditional ceremonies originating from the cultures of the Indian people. The movement to decriminalize peyote undermines the legislative mandate of AIRFA of 1995. It also opens an avenue for public excess to the already limited availability of peyote. This is not to mention the likelihood of the pharmaceutical companies having excess to peyote for researching for medicinal purposes. This is a desecration of our sacred spiritual way of life. I plead with the Honorable Navajo Nation Council to support the resolution opposing the States' decriminalization of peyote.

Dr. David J. Tsosie

RE: Legislation 0149-22

States Opposing the Decriminalization of the Use of Peyote

Delbert Tsinnijinnie, Board of Director of ABNDN Natalie Tsinnijinnie, Secretary, Coppermine Chapter ABNDN Address: PO Box Cameron, Arizona 86020 Email: <u>ntsinnij@gmail.com</u>

Statement/Position:

As members of the Azee Be Nahagha Dine' Nation for many years, we have the full support of backing the Opposition of Decriminalization of the Use of Peyote. I, Delbert have been a lifetime user of peyote, and I, Natalie being a user of peyote of nearly 50 years, we both grew up and around the holy sacrament peyote. Our parents raised us in this way of life; therefore, we have a very strong belief in this medicine. Our testimony being how it shaped our lives, and we greatly benefited from providing and establishing a good homestead for our children. To this day, we are happy with our marriage, and as medicine people (Roadman/woman), we continue to share and carry on our traditional values and teachings to others who seek advice and prayers. Whether it be marriage, education, job or health, we stand for our people with peyote as our holy sacrament. We partake the medicine that humble us to be reverent, as we lead a life without abusing alcohol or drugs.

With this said, we do not enjoy other people interrupting our way of life. We have always stood by protecting our medicine, Azee (peyote). Our prayers with the peyote in our system, we feel the essence of sacredness that heals and protect us every day. Peyote does not compare to any other element in this world that works holistically, as a healing matter. Therefore, we are against the decriminalization of peyote. We want the peyote to remain in its current state, without anyone tempering with it. We are afraid that if peyote is decriminalized, our way of life will tarnish.

Please understand our stance, let us continue to use our medicine as we have for many years. We do not believe in or support anyone who wishes to benefit financially from our powerful healing medicine.

Yours sincerely,

Delbert & Natalie Tsinnijinnie

Opposing States' Decriminalization of the Use of Peyote-LEGISLATION NO: _0149-22__

LC Nockideneh <lnockideneh@gmail.com>

Tue 8/16/2022 10:11 AM

To:comments < comments@navajo-nsn.gov>;

Ya'at'eeh,

As a member of recognized Organization/Incorporation for many years, I am supporting to continue with the process to move forward with Legislation No.0149-22.

Sacred has been the catalyst thus far...the pursuit of protecting and preserving what is sacred that was passed to us today from yesterday that we need to protect and preserve for those coming tomorrow. It is a task in and of itself that has been well taken and addressed for us by various relatives and officials. Some who are no longer with us today, I think of our spiritual advisors and mentors that have laid out a wonderful way of this peyote way, now it is up to us to safeguard.

I appreciated the continuous leadership during this time. I wish you the best and thank you for your time regarding this important matter for the Navajo People.

Louise Claw-Nockideneh ABNDN Tonalea Chapter ABNDN District 01

0149-22 legislation number

Tracie Yellowman Tso <tracieyellowmantso@gmail.com>

Wed 8/17/2022 8:15 AM

To:comments <comments@navajo-nsn.gov>;

Tracie Tso and Therill Tso Diné Aneth Chapter

Council Delegate Charlaine Tso

Are in support of Eugenia Charles Newton requested legislation 0149-22 please help us to pass this for protection of our Azéé Peyote.

Thank you for all you do and representing our community.

ABNDN Peyote Task Force Recommended Revisions

Hershel Clark <hclark@bhcaih.org>

Wed 8/10/2022 11:11 AM

To:comments <comments@navajo-nsn.gov>;

Cc:Alanthony Johnson <alanthony4456@yahoo.com>; leojohnson185@gmail.com <leojohnson185@gmail.com>; Vjohnson8083@yahoo.com <Vjohnson8083@yahoo.com>; Emmett Johnson <emmettabndn@yahoo.com>; Lenora Hatathlie <lhatathlie@gmail.com>; Monroerichard9@gmail.com <monroerichard9@gmail.com>; Thomas Walker Jr. <thomaswalkerjr@navajo-nsn.gov>; dave.fred23@yahoo.com <dave.fred23@yahoo.com>; Ferlin Clark <ferlinclark@yahoo.com>; Frank.dayish@gmail.com <frank.dayish@gmail.com>; Alfred Yazzie <alfred.yazzie54@gmail.com>; Al Yazzie <al_yazz@yahoo.com>;

1 attachments (21 KB)

ABNDN Task Force_ Recommended edits to NNC Decriminalization of Peyote Legislation_8 9 2022.docx;

Ya'ahteeh,

On behalf of the Azeé Bee Nahaghá of Diné Nation Peyote Task Force Committee, I am submitting revised recommendations for NNC resolution titled, "*An Action Relating to the Resources and Development, Health, Education, and Human Services, Law and Order, and the Naabik'iyati' Committees; Opposing States' Decriminalization of the Use of Peyote", Resolution No. 0149-22* (see attachment). We appreciate the continuous efforts to protect the use of our sacred peyote medicine for the Navajo people. Ahe'hee! Thank you!

Respectfully,

Hershel W. Clark, MPH ABNDN Public Health Advisor

ABNDN Peyote Task Force: Opposing Decriminalizing of Peyote Resolution Recommended Revisions

Task Force Meeting: Sunday August 7, 2022 Revised recommendation by the ABNDN Peyote Task Force Committee.

Resolution: Tracking No. 0149-22: RELATING TO THE RESOURCES AND DEVELOPMENT, HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND HUMAN SERVICES, LAW AND ORDER, AND THE NAABIK'IYATI' COMMITTEES; OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE

Amendment 1:

Page 1 of 3 lines 13 and 14 delete language, OPPOSING STATES' DECRIMINALIZATION OF THE USE OF PEYOTE. Insert language, OPPOSING THE DECRIMINALIZATION USE OF PEYOTE AND MESCALINE AT THE STATES, LOCAL GOVERNMENTS, AND TERRITORIES IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Page 2 of 3 lines 5 and 6 delete language, the Native American Church members and insert language Indigenous tribes.

Page 2 of 3, line 5, insert language, <u>The Navajo Nation has a government – to – government relationship</u> with the United States of America, Treaty of 1868, August 12, 1868, 15 Stat. 667.

Page 2, line 12 delete language Tribal members whom are bonafide members of the Native American Church and insert language Federally recognize tribal members and other Indigenous tribes.

Page 2, line 14 insert language after ceremonies, and for cultural purposes.

Page 2, line 16 delete In the Southwest United States, including Texas, and in Mexico. Insert language, In the southwest part of Texas and parts of Mexico.

Page 2, line 18 delete, recreational-use.

Page 2, line 24 and 25 delete language, by bonafide members of the Native American Church. Insert language used for bona-fide traditional ceremonial purposes in connection with the practice of a traditional Indian religion by a federally recognized tribal member.

Page 2 of 3, line 27 delete language, Dine' Native American Church. Insert language, Diné traditional practitioners.

Page 2 of 3, line 30 insert language, and mescaline, after peyote.

Page 2 of 3, in line 30 delete language, Federal Controlled Substance Act. Insert language, Federal Public Law 91-513 Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970.

Page 3 of 3, line 6 delete language, Native American Church. Insert language, federally recognized tribal members in the United States.

Page 3 of 3, line 7, delete language religious. Insert language ceremonial, religious, and cultural.

Additional Recommendations to add under WHEREAS section:

The Navajo Nation understands the American Indian Religious Freedom Act of 1978 provides federal recognition for federally recognized tribal members, including Navajos, as stated, "protects the rights of Native Americans to exercise their traditional religions by ensuring access to sites, use, and possession of sacred objects, and the freedom to worship through ceremonies and traditional rites" (42 U.S.C 1996.).

The Navajo Nation understands Navajo people, including other American Indians, were historically persecuted and prosecuted for their ceremonial use of peyote for more than a century and had to fight numerous legal and political battles at the tribal, state, and federal level to achieve the right to use peyote within their respected traditional ceremonial and cultural practices.

In 1967, the Navajo Nation government legalized peyote by passing Resolution No. CO-65-67, first amendment to the Navajo Bill of Rights, Declaring the Freedom of Religion as a Basic Human Right, which made an exception to the Navajo criminal code to allow Azeé (Peyote) to be used for religious purposes in the Navajo Nation.

Furthermore, in 2005, the Navajo Nation government revised Title 17, Section 394 of the Navajo Nation Criminal Code Controlled Substance Law which states, "the listing of peyote in Subsection A does not apply to the use of Azeé by an enrolled member of an Indian tribe for bona fide ceremonial purposes in connection with Nahaghá. Individuals who use, possess, or transport Azeé for use in Nahaghá are exempt from this prohibition. Azeé is lawful on the Navajo Nation." This recognized the use of peyote to be strictly used in a bone fide traditional ceremonial purpose or in connection with the practice of a traditional Indian religion by a federally recognized tribal member within the jurisdiction of the Navajo Nation, as in accordance with the American Indian Religious Freedom Act Amendments of 1994, 42 U.S.C 1996a, P.L. 103-344.

Page 3 of 3, lines 16 through 19 delete language, The Navajo Nation firmly opposes any state within the United States decriminalizing the use of peyote and urges all states to limit the non-criminal use of peyote for religious, ceremonial, and cultural purposes only, as it is stated in the American Indian Religious Freedom Act Amendments of 1994, 42 U.S.C 1996a, P.L. 103-344.

Page 3 of 3, insert language after line 19, <u>The Navajo Nation hereby affirms its position to protect and</u> <u>preserve our sacred Azeé (peyote) by strongly opposing the decriminalization of peyote and mescaline in</u> <u>the United States of America.</u>

Page 3 of 3, insert language after line 19, <u>The Navajo Nation hereby urges all states</u>, local governments, and territories in the United States to respectfully adhere to American Indian Religious Freedom Act Amendments of 1994, 42 U.S.C 1996a, P.L. 103-344.